The Charlotte Observer.

CHAS, R. JONES, Editor & Proprietor [ENTERED AT THE POST-OFFICE AT CHARLOTTE, N. C., AS SBOOND-CLASS MATTER.]

TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 1880. FOR CONGRESS: CLEMENT DOWD. OF MRUKLENBURG GARFIELD'S GUILT-HIS AND COL-FAX'S CONNECTION WITH THE CREDIT MÖBILIER.

The New York Sun, which has charged Gen. Garfield with connection with the Credit Mobilier, and with an at tempt to subborn paying, hunts up evidence against him and presents it in connection with the charges brought at the same time against-Schuyler, Colfax, and the testimony against both of them. That the facts in the case may be known we give below the evidence of the Sun:

"Writting to Col. McComb in 1868 in regard to Credit Mobilier stock set apart for the purpose of currupting legislators. Oakes Ames had said, "I have used this where it will produce most good for us, I think." Pencilled on the back of the same letter was Oakes Ames's memorandum list of Senators and Congressmen bribed. There were thirteen names in all. Here are two of them:

S. Colfax, Speaker.....2,000 "Most of the persons affected by this

preliminary revelation hastened to deny their guilt. The denials of Schuy- sir. ler Colfax and James A. Garfield were alike explicit and impressive. Colfax went from his desk in the Senate chamber before a committee of the House of Representatives, and, having sworn in the name of God to tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, made this statement:

"I state, explicitly, that no one ever gave or offered to give me any shares of nor any dividends or profits arising stock in the Credit Mobilier or the Un-ion Pacific Railroad. I had never re- And after Garfield h ceived, nor had tendered to me, any dividends in cash, stock or bonds accruing upon any stock in either of said organizations. I never received a dollar in bonds, stocks or dividends.

In the Senate chamber, again, Colfax its Chairman, branded him forever as a tional board of health. shed tears while protesting his inno- bribe taker and a perjurer in these cence, and appealed to the Eternal blasting words: Tribunal of Justice to establish the truth of his words

tween you, was borrowing \$300. A.-No sir; he did not claim that with "Q.-State how he does claim it with you; what was said? State all that oc-cured in conversation, between you A.-I cannot remember half of it. I washington, June 14.-Hous have had two or three interviews with Mr. Garfield. He wants to put it on the

basis of a loan. "Q.—What did you say to him in re-ference to that state of the case? A.— I stated to him that he never asked me to lend him any money; that I never knew he wanted to borrdw any. I did not know he was short. I made a state-ment to bim showing the transaction and what there was due on it, that de-ducting the bond dividend and the cash dividend there was \$329 due him, for which I had given him a check; that he had never asked me to loan him any money, and I never loaned him

Q.—After you made that statement, what did he state in reply? A.-He wanted to have it go as a loan.

"Q.-Did he claim that it was in fact loan? A.-No sir; I do not think he did. No, he did not.

"O.—State all you know in reference to it. A.—I told him he know very well it was a dividend. I made out a statement and showed it to him at the time. In one conversation he admitted it and said as near as I can remember, there was \$2,400 due in stock and bonds. He made a little memorandum of \$1,000 and, \$1,400, and, as I recollect, said there was \$1,000 of Union Pacific stock, \$1,000 of Credit Mobilier stock, and \$300 of stock or bonds, I dol not recollect

"Q .- Have you the memorandum that Mr. Garfield made? A .-- I have the figures that he made.'

what

Paper in Mr. Garfield's handwriting was shown to the committee, containing figures as follows:

\$1.000 1,400 \$2,400 "Q.-You say that these figures were ade by Mr. Garfield? A.-Yes, A.-Yes. made

"Q .- That was his idea of what coming to him? A .- Yes Was

All this, be it remembered, occurred after the investigation had begun-after James A. Garfield hadⁱ sworn that he "never owned, received, or agreed to receive any stock of the Credit. Mobilier or of the Union Pacific Railroad,

And after Garfield had sworn to this falsehood, a Republican committee of the House of Representatives, made up of his own political and personal friends, and with Judge Poland of Vermont as the increased appropriation for the na-



The House met at 9:30 in continuation of Saturday's session, and the Speaker announced the pending question to be on seconding the demand for the previous question on the electoral count

resolutions. The Republican tering tactics, and after several roll calls the House adjourned, and at 11 cellock the session of Monday began with a cellock of States, and the morning cour having been dispensed with, Herbert, of Alabama, submitted a conference report on the House bill relating to public lands.

The bill agreed to by the conference committee provides that when any lands of the United States shall have been entered and the government price paid therefor in full, no criminal suit by and in the name of the United States shall thereafter be had or further

maintained for any trespass upon, or on account of material taken from said lands and that no civil suit shall be maintained for any trespass or material taken from said lands in the ordinary clearing of lands, in working mining claims or for agricultural or domestic purposes; in maintaining improvements on the lands of bona fide settlers, or on account of any material taken by any person without knowledge of trespass, or without fraud or collusion, or any person who in good faith has paid the officers of the United States for the same; provided, that the provisions of this section shall apply only to trespasses committed prior to March 14, 1879; and provided further, that the de-

fendants in such suits shall exhibit to the proper officers evidence of such en-try and pay all accrued costs. After some debate the report was

agreed to, yeas 133, nays 42. Bicknell, of Indiana, demanded the previous question on the electoral count resolution, and the Republicans, resum-ing their fillbustering tactics, left the House without a quorum. Bicknell finally withdrew his demand, and on motion the resolution was made special

order for the first Monday in December. The joint resolution to enforce the 8 hour law, was, after some debate, passed-yeas 130, nays 57. McLane, of Maryland, then moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill known as Carlisle's sugar bill.

The opponents of the bill refused to ote, and the House was left without a quorum, and it therefore adjourned.

SENATE,-Beck reported that the conference committee on the Senate amendments to the sundry civil appropriation bill had been unable to agree, the principal point of difference being

Harris, chairman of the committee

A Speck of Wan-Spanish Cruisers on the Cuban Coast-The American Fing Fired Upon, PHILADELPHIA, June 11.-Watchful Spanish cruisers, who patrol the Cuban coast, have once again, given a bold ilustration of their mistaken belief that Spain rules the seas, and as usual have taken an American vessel for the subject of outrage.- A few weeks ago there was a story sent abroad that the fruit-steamer Topic, sailing between this city and West Indian ports, had taken out a

lot of arms and ammunition for Cuban insurgents. The story seems to have aroused suspicions in the minds of the Spaniards, for the American schooner Ethel A. Merritt, sailing in the same line, which arrived here this evening, reports being hailed, stopped, and illegally searched by a Spanish man-of-man. The schooner, which is one of a line in the service of large importing firm in this city, is commanded by Captain Rand, a Down-Easter. She left Port Antonio, on the Island of Jamaica, May 30th, with a cargo of 23,000 cocoanuts and 23,000 bunches of bananas.

mar25]

"The next afternoon about 4 o'clock,' said Capt. Rand to-night, "I espied a vessel running directly for us. I thought nothing strange of this until I made her out to be a man-of-war. A flag was flying at the mizzen peak, which I soon made out to be a Spanish flag. The schooner was then in longitude 75 degrees, latitude 19 deg. 46 sec. Thinking him a bad neighbor, and that he might possibly overhaul and delay us. I tacked ship and stood away from him. As soon as he found out the manœuvre he fired blank shot, being then fully two miles away on the port quarter. All hands were very much excited, but I ordered the American flag run up, and stood on my course. The steamer ran closer, and when on our port beam fired another shot-a solid shot-which evidently meant , business. It struck short, but glanced and whistled through the rigging in a very unpleasant manner, though without doing any damage. I then ordered the vessel to lay to. He sent a small boat on board with three men. The leader I should judge to be a lieuten-ant. He was armed, with pistols, in his belts, and his followers were similarly equipped. He could not speak a word of English nor I word of Spanish. He made no attempt to enter the cabin, nor did he ask for the ship's papers, but he went down in the hold and rummaged among the cocoanuts and bananas, after which he came on deck apparently satisfied, jumped into his boat and returned to his vessel. Soon after he left us he gave chase to the schooner Eunice P. Newcomb, of Boston, which left Port Antonio with a cargo of fruit on the same day with us, but she was too far away for us to ascertain whether he fired into her or not.'

The owners of the line will acquaint the authorities at Washington of the affair at once.

Boy Murderer Hung by a Mob Near

now alleged that great indignation was

aroused at the time, it being claimed

by the friends of Matheny that the

shooting was an unprovoked murder.

Since then there has been a steady

growth of an intensely hostile sentiment

to Capen, and toward the close of last

week the plan was formed to summari-

ed him numbered seventy-five men,

who surrounded the house where Capen

was shortly after dark. The boy was

surprised and overpowered before he

had an opportunity to prepare for his defence. He was led to a convenient

tree, and, though begging piteously for

cleared the ground, left him to die.

his life, his merciless captors roughly

book, and made creditable progress.

At the end of the session the two sep-

arated, Mr. Jordan entering the office

of a prominent lawyer of Spartanburg,

and the young man going elsewhere to

seek his fortunes. Some years after-

ward, Mr. Jordan, who had immigrated

to Arkansas, became a prominent law-

ver of our State and was elected to the

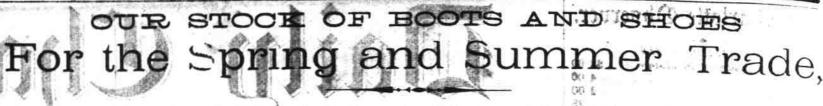
position of attorney-general, and about the same time that gawky boy, whose name was Joseph E. Brown, was elect-

Southern War claims.

The bill passed by the Senate for pay-

ed Governor of Georgia.

y dispose of him. The band that lynch-



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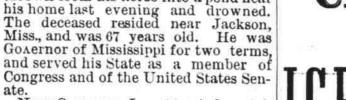
CHAMBERS & BROWN, Louisville, Ky. mar9deod6m-wew6m.

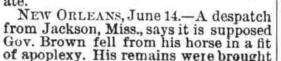
STRAWBERRIES,

BOUQUET CIGARS

-AT-

Sad Fate of an Ex-Governor. MEMPHIS, June 13.-Ex-Governer Albert G. Brown, of Missisippi, was thrown from his horse into a pond near









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the name of God to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth; and having taken that solemn oath, he

"Mr. Ames never gave nor offered to give me any stock or other valuable thing as a gift. I once asked and obtained from him, and afterward repaid to him, a loan of \$300; that amount is the only valuable thing I ever received from or delivered to him. I never owned, received, or agreed to receive any those of stock of the Credit Mobilier or of the Garfield. Union Pacific Railroad, nor any dividends or profits arising from either of them.

"Q-Were any dividends ever tendered to you on the stock of the Credit Mobilier upon the supposition that you were to be a subscriber? A.-No, sir.

"Q.-The loan you have repaid, if I understand you correctly? A.-Yes,

Both Colfax's and Garfield's sworn denials were made under the pressure of the emergency, and before it was known or supposed that Oakes Ames would ever be a witness to the truth. Circumstances which it is not now necessary to recall, brought Oakes Ames to the stand, with his memorandum book. By the record of his transactions with Colfax the account stood:

"Colfax, twenty shares Credit Mobilier, eost, \$2,000; interest for seven months and ten days, \$86.72, making a total of \$2,086.72, less 80 per cent. bond dividend at 97, \$1,552-\$534.72."

The same book showed that a sixty per cent. cash dividend of \$1,200 was paid by him to Colfax. Gen. Garfield's account in the same memorandum book was as follows:

"Garfield, ten shares in the Credit Mobilier, \$1,000; seven months and ten days' interest, \$13.36-\$1,043.36; 80 per cent. bond dividend at 97, 8776-\$267.36, interest, June 20. \$3.64; balance, \$271. Ten shares Credit Mobiller stock, ten shares Union Pacific stock."

In another place a general statement; J. A. G. 1868.-To ten shares Credit Mobilier of A. \$1,000

47 329 \$1.376

By dividend bonds, Union Pacific railroad. \$1,000, at 80 per cent., June 17.-By dividend collected for your 877

600

\$1.876 Schuyler Colfax swore that he had never received the \$1,200 which Ames claimed to have paid him as cash dividend. Oakes Ames swore that he had paid it by check on the Sergeant-at-Arms. Sergeant-at-Arms Ordway produced the cancelled check:

sentatives:

"OAKES AMES."

"He [Garfield] agreed with Mr. Ames to take the ten shares of Credit Mobilier Gen. James A Garfield also swore in stock, but did not pay for the same. Mr. necessary to enable it to perform its Ames received the eighty per cent. dividend in bonds, and sold them for ninety-seven per cent. and also received the sixty per cent, cash dividend, which, to- for further conference. gether with the price of the stock and

interest, left a balance of \$329. This sum was paid over to Mr. Garfield by a check on the Sergeant-at-arms."

ed a good many reputations; but it left | dar. no characters worse damaged than those of Schuyler Colfax and James A.

Schuyler Colfax, unnoticed, is livingout the last years of a dishonored life; while by a curious turn of a memorable struggle in anominating Convention. James A. Garfield, his fellow criminal, is the Republican party's candidate for President of the United States!



THE OBSERVER, which hever hides ts light under a bushel, has had its say in regard to the possible nomination of Gen, Scales, and having gotten into the inner court of the matter; we desire now to say that the true friends of Gen." Scales will not press his nomination further. Gov. Jarvis has been good enough for us from the beginning, and we only advocated a compromise candidate because of the bitterness of the campaign between the friends of Gov. Jarvis and Judge Fowle. At the election in 1876 we voted for both of these gentlemen; the one as a candidate for Lieutenant-Governor and the other as the Tilden elector for the State at large. Neither has done anything since that time to forfeit the good will of the | formally laid aside to allow Windom to party, and either will make an acceptable candidate for Governor.

In the event of Grant's nomination to the general deficiency bill, and a at Chicago, North Carolina would have thereon. been a doubtful State from the jump, and it would have been necessary to put up a man for Governor against whom

no charge could be brought. Both Gov. Jarvis and Judge Fowle will be put on the defensive, and the Republican party will offer the records of Democratic newspapers in evidence. We do not admit that either of these gentlemen

have done, anything wrong, but in a close canpaign, it is bad to be on the defensive.

Garfield's nomination, and the fact that our State election takes place at the same time that the presidential to Turkey. election does, makes a walk over the

that it would be better to abolish the the Mouth of the Big Sandy River. board rather than cripple it by with-

holding this appropriation, which was Register from Charleston, West Virginia, says: The report of a lynching functions. which occurred near the mouth of the On motion of Beck, the Senate in-Big Sandy River, in Logan county, has sisted on the amendments and asked just been received. The victim was

Lamar, from the committee on railroads, reported favorably on the Senate bill to aid the Mississippi Valley & Ship

Island Railroad Company to construct The Credit Mobilier exposure shatter- | a line of railroad in Mississippi. Calen-Jonas, from the same committee, reported favorably on the Senate bill to aid in the construction of the Military,

Commercial & Postal Railway, from the military headquarters at San An-tonio to the Rio Grande river at or near Loredo, with an amendment in the nature of a substitute, the committee adopting the bill introduced in the House by Representative Upson. Calendar. The House bill making an appropria-tion for the erection of a naval wharf

at Key West passed. On motion of Garland, the Senate

concurred in the House amendment to the bill regulating the pay and appointment of deputy marshals. The bill now goes to the President. The Senate proceeded to consider th

calendar. On motion of Beck in view of the late stage of the session, on House bills favorably reported by Senate commit-

Little Rock (Ark.) Gazette, June 9.

tees were considered. The House bill amending section 3244 revised statutes was passed. It adds a provision that dealers in leaf tobacco to an amount less 25,000 pounds in any story of Mr. Brown. Mr. Jordan was at one special tax year, which they receive directly from the planters, shall only be required to pay a special tax of \$5 instead of \$25, as required from dealers of leaf tobacco.

The House bill confirming to John II. Epsing and others, a title to certain lands in Texas, was passed. At the expiration of the morning

hour the Mexican pensions bill was inspeak on the exodus committee report. At the conclusion of his remarks the Senators insisted on the amendments

committee of conference was appointed The bill removing the political disa bilities of John S. Maury, was passed. Mr. Lamar then spoke at considerable length in reply to the speech of Win-

dom upon the report of the exodus committee. Hampton, from the committee on military affairs, reported favorably to the House to loan tents to the Gate City Guards, of Atlanta. Placed on the calendar.

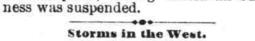
Adjourned. AL 194 - 211 CONFIRMATION.

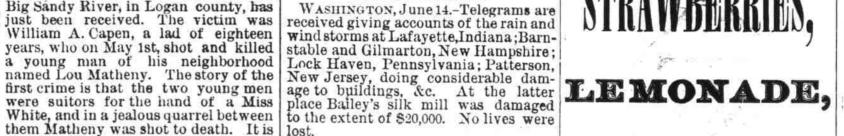
The Senate to-day confirmed by the decissive vote of 39 to 3, the nomina-tion of Jas. Longstreet, of Georgia, as minister resident of the United States

to Jackson and laid in state in the capitol until this morning, when the fune-A special dispatch to the Wheeling ral took place, during which all busi-

TRABE

REGISTERED.





Leadville Under Martial Law. DENVER, COL., June 14 .- The excitement at Leadville continues. Saturday

afternoon the strikers were dispersed by a discharge of the citizen calvary, without bloodshed, and quiet restored. The Governor has declared martial law, with Maj. Gen. D. G. McCook in command.

.... The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich. Will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay. nov. 15-17.

Who is Mrs. Winslow ?

tied a rope about his neck, and, hauling him up hand over hand until his feet As this question is frequently asked, we will sim-ply say that she is a lady who for upwards of thirty years, has untiringly devoted her time and tal-ents as a Female Physician and nurse, principally among children, she has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, Senator Joseph E. Brown, of Georgia. and, as a result of this effort, and practical knowl-edge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and The late Pleasant Jordan, of this city, edge, obtained in a uterime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It operates like magic— giving rest and health, and is moreover, sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this ar-ticle, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; children certainly do who was at one time attorney-general of the State, used to tell a characteristic one time in his early years, a country in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrap school teacher in South Carolina, earning means to prosecute his purpose of are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow has immertalized her name by this instudying law. One day there came to valuable article, and we sincerely believe thous-ands of children have been saved from an early his school house a lean, gaunt, ungainly youth, in possession of a pair of young grave by its timely use, and that millions yet un-born will share its benefits, and unite in calling steers, representing the sum total of his worldly stores. He informed Mr. Jorher blessed. No mother has discharged her duty to her suffering little one, in our opinion, until she has given it the benefit of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing

> and other affections of the Kidneys and Bladder re sometimes brought on and often aggravated by the neglect of the symptoms, which, if taken in time, would no doubt in a majority of cases yield to treatment. No medicine is so well suited for this as Rankin's Compound Extract Buchu and Juniper. It is a reliable healing tonic to the parts,

allays irritation, and restores healthy action. Prepared only by Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, Drug-gists, Atlanta, Ga., and for sale by T. C. Smith and L. R. Wriston & Co. FORSYTH, GA., Dec. 1, 1877. I have sold Rankin's Buchu and Juniper for 10

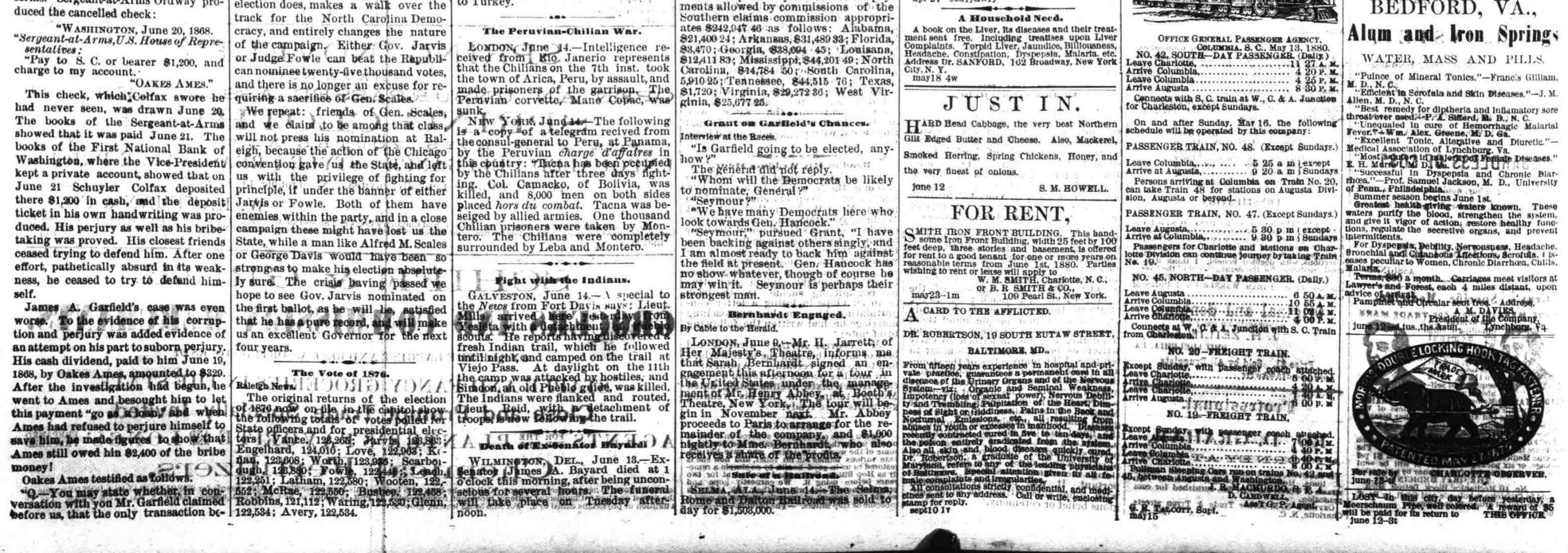
years, and it has always given satisfaction. prev-ing the most valuable preparation of the kind on the market. F. O. MAYS, Druggist.

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To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early de-cay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, New York City. apr 27-eodiy&wiy

City, N. may18 4w





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lan that he wanted to enter his school, but had no money or other property except the two steers, which he had driven in from a considerable distance.

With the aid of Mr. Jordan, the young man succeeded in disposing of the steers for money enough to pay for his tuition for one session, while a kind-hearted planter in the neighborhood volunteered to board him gratis. He started from the rudiments of the spelling.