# The Chariotte Observer.

GHAS, B. JONES, Editor & Proprietor a at the Printing our own be der ENTERED AT THE TON OFFICE OF CREMEATTE. N. C., AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER Ablion Fode is day

## WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9, 1681. T TRACTICE OF A COMPLEX OF

WASTED OIL OF THE NATION.

"James, put out those lamps; it's no use wasting the oil when it is doing no The President-elect and the good." party which accompanied him to Washington were on their way to the capital. In the hurry and bustle incident to such a trip, the porter of the car in which they were riding, had forgotten to put out the lamps and they burned at full head long after daylight. It was then that the mother of Garfield made the remark quoted above. We are not told whether or not the son acted upon the suggestion-half suggestive and half command. But what a blessing it would be to him and to the country if he would carry into office with him the principle which is here encunced by the aged lady, the result of the thrift and economy instilled with her earlier lessons. How many lamps are burning by authority of the government which are giving no light, and how much oil is wasted! An example is furnished elswhere in this paper, wherein it is shown that two hundred and eighty-four storekeepers and gaugers are employed in this collection district to watch over the government's interest in the whiskey and tobacco that is manufactured, to say nothing of deputy marshals, district deputies, deputy collectors, &c., scarcely any one of whom-certainly not less than the majority of whom-receive under four dollars a day for their work. Similar examples can no doubt be found all over the United States, and in every department of the government. There are not only too many lamps, but they burn oil when no light is needed. We do not desire to assume the part of the "iron jawed retrencher" when it comes to the matter of paying public servants; to get good men, the pay must be good. But no business man will pretend to deny that the pay of the employes of the government is out of all sort of proportion to salaries received in any business where intelligence, faithfulness and integrity are the requirements. Any man who can "read, write and cipher," can fill the position of storekeeper and gauger; he is not employed a fourth of his time, has little responsebility, and gives a small bond. And yet he receives as much as the most skilled accountants, the most experienced salesmen, or those filling positions of greatest responsibilities in the leading commercial marts of the State. Here is where the oil can be kept from wasting. President Garfield has declared himself in favor of economy and of improved civil service. Here is where he can begin to put out the lights which are burning to no purpose, and are wasting the people's substance. Congress will no doubt second any efforts in this direction, if made with the earnestness and eloquence which is characteristic of the man; a Democratic Congress would have certainly done so. Let him make it the subject of a special message, and let it be headed, "The MOTT'S MACHINE.

Few people have any conception of the extent of the revenue service in the 6th collection district, embracing thirty-four counties in Western North Carolina. It is an immense machine, centering at Statesville, and extending its rods and wheels in every direction. From The Internal Revenue Guide, a semi-bficial paper published in Statesville by a clerk in Collector Mott's office, "for the purpose of disseminating official information and instruction through some channel more rapid and general than could be hoped for by a simple. mere letter correspondence," some facts are gathered which will be somewhat startling. In the first place a list of storekeepers and gaugers is published embracing 284 names. Then there are under the head of "divisions of general storekcepers and gaugers assigned to 14 names; rectifiers, 3 names; special gaugers. 4. These lists do not include

the special force of "raiders", employed at different times to ride over the country in search of illicit distilleries and "moonshiners," nor the clerks in the collector's office of whom there are eight.

Thus, from official sources, it will be seen that the one man at Statesville, Dr. J. J. Mott, sits in his office and draws the reins and cracks the whip over a regiment of men varying in number from 300 to 856, distributed all over the Western part of the State, all dependent upon him for their position. and therefore more or less under his ocrats would move to organize the control, for their pay is somewhere about four dollars per day. When the extent of this service is known, the size and character of this machine is comprehended, it is not difficult to see what power is placed in the collector's hand, or rather, perhaps, it should be said that this power and influence cannot be estimated. They move largely as one body and must be regarded as such Indeed in one part of the district there is 'The United States Storekeepers and Gauger's Association, of Yadkin county, N. C.," with a full set of officers including a "marshal," though the object of this organization is not given in the Guide which furnishes the facts and figures here published.

These things will serve to explain in a measure at least somethings which were inexplicable to many people shortly after the November election.

# THE REVISED BIBLE.

Important Notice from Hev. P. Schaff' NEW YORK, March 7.-In answer to many questions and to correct the mis-orderstandings on the part of the public, I beg leave in behalf of the Bible revision committee to make the following statement: First-The revised New Testament

will be published by the English university press in May next in different sizes and styles of binding at corresponding prices. Second-The American committee

give their sanction to the university ediions as containing the text pure and

Third-The committee have no connection with any of the proposed reprints.

Fourth-The publication of the revision will be precisely on the same footing as the present authorized revision that is protected by copyright in England and free in this country.

Fifth-The American committee will general duty,"7 names. Following this present to every old and new contribu-is a list of deputy collectors, containing for of not less than \$10 towards the exense of their work a memorial copy of the best university edition in royal octavo handsomely bound and inscribed. This offer holds good till next May, and copies will be forwarded free of expense as soon as received.

PHILIP SCHAFF, President of the Committee.

THE SENATE'S THIRD DAY.

No Movement for Organization-Mes-

sage from the President. WASHINGTON, March 8.-The Senate convened at 12 m., Vice-President Arthur in the chair. The galleries were well filled with spectators and a large number of members of the House occupied seats upon the floor of the Senate, the impression being that the Demcommittees.

Communications were laid before the Senate from ex-Senators Kirkwood, of Iowa, and Blaine, of Maine, announcing that they had forwarded to the Governors of their respective States their resignations as members of the Senate. Upon motion of the Senator from Massachusetts, the communications were ordered to be placed upon the files of the Senate.

At 12:20 p. m., a message from the President was announced, and, upon motion of Senator Bayard, of Delaware, the Senate went into executive session, and when the doors were re-opened, the Senate, at 12:40, adjourned till tomorrow.

TELEGRAPHIC SPARKS.

Dispatches report that another earth quake occurred at Casamacciola, Monlay. Eleven more bodies have been found. The latest reports show 120 per-

sons have been killed and 179 injured. The Kentucky State commissioner of griculture reports the late sown wheat

# MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

MARCH 8, 1881. PRODUCE -54

WILMINGTON, N. C .- Spirits turpentine firmer at Rosin firm; strained \$1.40, good strained 1/2. Tar firm at \$1.65. Crude turpentine 11c. \$1.4215. Tar firm at \$1.65. Crude turpentine firm; hard \$1.65, yellow dip and virgin \$2.65.

BALTIMORE-Oats higher: Southern -, Wes-tern white 44243, do mixed 42243, Pennsyl-vania -. Provisions quiet: mess pork 15.00; vania -. Provisions quiet: mess po bulk meats-loose shoulders -. clear ril sides –, ditte parted Cash; bacon shoulders 614, clear sides 934, hams 11a12. Lard-re-fined therces 1044. Coffee steady: Rip cargoes 10a12. Sugar steady: A soft 914. Whiskey 10a12. Sugar steady: A s firm at 1.13. Freights firmer.

mars

GAR-

Rye.

CHRESE.

BACON-

Make of Mus

Music

und

I will give y

ight Ni

B

jan23

ght Bo

82

ā

BRANDY-

White

VHISKEY-

CHICAGO-Flour quiet. Wheat higher; No. 2 red winter -, No. 2 Chicago spring 08% cash. -March. 9978a1.00 April. 1.04%a1/2 May. Corn steady at 37% cash. - March. 3816a1/4 April. 421/4a 42% May. - June. Oats steady at 29 cash. - March 2988a1/2 April. - 83%a3/4 May. Pork active at 14.85814.871/2. Lard higher at 10.121/4a.15. Bulk meats strong shoulders 4.85, short ribs 7.90, short clear 8 10. Whates steady at 1.09. slear 8.10. Whiskey steady at 1.09.

CINCINNATI-Flour easler: family 4.75a5.00; fancy 5.25a5.75. Wheat stronger:No. 2 fed winter 1.06, No. 2 amber -. Corn firm; No 2 mixed 431/2, new -. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 37. Pork firmer at \$15.00. Lard higher at 10.10. Bulk means firm: shoulders 5. clear ribs 7.80. Bacon meats firm; shoulders 5; clear ribs 7.80; bacon stronger; shoulders 578, r.bs 8.60, clear 9. Whiskey lower at 1.08. Sugar steady; hards 978a 10%, New Orleans 7a8. Hogs higher; common 4.35a 5.25. light 5.30a5.70, packing 5.35a5.75, butch-ers 5.85a6.25.

NEW YORK-Southern flour quiet; common to fair extra 4.75a5.20, good to choice 5.25a6.75. Wheat closed heavy, moderate export; ungra-ded red \$1.17a1.1844. Corn closed active: ungrad-ed 5da5849. Oats closed easier at 4844 for No.8 ed 50a5842 Oats closed easier at 4344 for No. 8 Hops steady. Coffee steady: Blo cargoes 10a18. Sugar firm; molasses sugar 642, fair to good retining 714a714, prime 7748; refined firm; standard A 834. Molasses quiet: Porto Bico -, New Orleans 30a55. Bice firm; Carolina and Louislana 5a714, Bangoon -, Rosin at 1.75a 1.80. Turpentine heavy at 451/2a40. Wool quiet; domestic fiece 38a50, pulled 21a45, unwashed 14a36, Texas 14a35 Pork stronger; old mcss on 15.121/2a.25, new do 16.121/2; middles higher; long clear 8.35, short clear 8.70, long and short 8.50. Lard closed strong at 10.571/2. Freights firmer.

firmer.

COTTON.

GALVESTON-Irregular; midd'g 10%; low middl'g 9%c: good ordinary 8%c; net rec'ts 2,603; gross 2,703;sales 1850; stock 100.291; exp'ts coastwise -: to Great Britain 3.891; continent --France 1,952.

NORPOLE-Quiet, midd'g 10 18-16c; net receipts 2.736; gross —; stock 23.146; exports coastwis 283; sales 161; exports to Great Britain 5,816.

BALTIMORE-Quiet: middling 1114; low middl'g 10%c; good ordin'y 9%c; net receipts 586; gross —; sales —; stock 10,389; exports coastwise —; spinners 50; exports to Great Britain 2,469;

Boston-Bull; middling 11%; low middling; 10%sc; good ord'y 9%4c; net receipts 1,108; gross 3,227; sales —: stock 8,555; exports to Great Britain 1,922; to France.

WILMINGTON-Dull; middling 10%c; low dling 10 8-16c; good ordinary 8c; receipts 218; gross —, sales —; stock 4,104; exports coast-wise —; to Great Britain —; channel.

PHILADELPHIA-Dull; middling 111/2c.; middling 107ec; good ordinary 97gc; net receipte 806; gross 1,177; sales ; spinners 171; stock 16,844; exports to Great Britain -; coast.

SAVARNAB-Quiet; middling 10%c; low middling 10%c; good ordinary 9%c; net receipts 2,878; gross \_\_\_\_\_; sales 2.500; stock 80,594; exp. coastgross wise 1,591; to Great Britain -; France.

NEW ORLEANS- Easier; midd'g 1055c; low mid NEW ORLEANS- Easier; midd'g 1055c; low mid ding 9%; good ord'y 8%; net receipts 8,610; gross 9,971; sales 5,750; stock 322,057; exports to Great Britain 2,500; coastwise-, continent 1,060



way often to serious danger. It is quite as necessary to remove impure accumu-lations from the bowels as it is eat or

sleep, and no health can be expected

where a costive habit of body prevails.

SICK HEADACHE!

This distressing affliction occurs most frequent-

Wasted Oil of the Nation."

"It may be interesting to persons of a curious turn of mind to know why the 4th of March has been selected as the day on which to inaugurate our Presidents. March being a particularly blustery, disagreeable month, uncertain in behavior and rather addicted to little outbursts of temper on special occasions. Indeed it has been noted that few inaugurations have been attended by good weather. Some might suppose this month was chosen by our warlike fathers as most congenial to their tempers, rude and, little given to repose. This theory, however, finds no the executive session for the 4th of support in fact; in truth, the selection of that day was decided by accidental circumstances. Mr. Lee introduced a resolution in Congress, in 1787, that "whereas, longer delay in executing

arrangements necessary to put into operation the federal government may produce national injury, resolved, that the 1st Wednesday of January following be the time for appointing electors in the different States, the 1st Wednesday of February following the day on which electors assemble to vote for a President, and that the first Wednesday of March following, the day upon which the President be inaugurated." This resolution being adopted, and the first inauguration falling upon the 4th, this day has ever since remained agrand fete day with the American people. The time for appointing electors has been changed, as also the day on which the electors assemble to vote for President, but for some reason this has been allowed to remain as it was-possibly the chief objection to a change being that it would give one President advantage over others by lengthening his term, or put him at a disadvantage by curtailment.

When a man is too poor to improve his own property and help his tenants to a livelihood and to an increased proisn't it the part of wisdom to

The only element of the party not conciliated by the cabinet appointments was the colored element, the only reward they have received being an elaborate personal mention in the inaugu-

Senator Bruce and Fred Douglas are left to contemplate a cabinet position from a far off-four years, it may be, and it may be forever.

ral address.

### A Blaine Administration. M. P. Handy in Philadelphia Press.

The one thing settled, in my humble opinion, is that we are going to have a Blaine administration. The Blaine influence was conspicuously illustrated in the matter of the call for an extra session of the Senate. The idea of staving off that session in order to make sure of a Republican organization at the very start, was put into the head of Hayes by friends of Senator Mahone. Hayes entertained it so far as to agree to leave the matter to Garfield, and on the latter's arrival in Washington it was taken up at once. Blaine was called into consultation, and to him Mahone's representatives, Brady and Popham both Virginia Republicans, explained their chief's intentions. Blaine heard them through, and then deliber- studied ceremonial that will be apt to ately and positively, not only declared himself opposed to a postponement of the call for an executive session of the steps, Conkling was, as usual, conspicu-Senate, but pronounced judgment ous, and was noted making sarcastic against any coalition between the Republicans and the Readjusters for the capture of the offices and committees of the Senate, or for any other purpose

### The Great Eastern as a Meat Ship.

March

A London paper of a recent date says: "The Great Eastern has been chartered for ten years to carry meat to the United Kingdom from the American seaboard or the Piver Plata. It is calculated that from Texas or the Argentine provinces beef of prime quality can be laid down in England at 3d per pound. The promoters of this bold scheme intend to slaughter the cattle on board the great ship as received from day to day, and for this purpose they have secured the services of trained butchers from the slaughter houses of Chicago. The dressed meat will be stored in refrigerators, and it is estimated that 10,000 to 15,000 carcasses of beef, all hung-equal to 3,000 or 4,000 tons of meat-will be shipped each vovage. The result of this enterprise, if successful. will have a far wider bearing than appears at first sight. It will be watched with much intesest by the | are suspected. public, no doubt, for, notwithstanding the large imports of firesh meat we are receiving, retail prices still rule very high. But it will also break down that 'ring' which, while reaping immense profits, keeps almost at famine prices one of the first food requisites of the people."

The President's First Appointees. WASHINGTON, March 8 .- The Presidentisent the following nominations to

the Senate to-day: Nathan Goff, Jr., to be United States attorney for West Virginia; Lewis

in a deplorable condition; earlier sown

is doing fairly well. Charles T. Wortham, of the old and well-known firm of Charles T. Wartham & Co., of Richmond, Va., is dead in the 98th year of his age. The deceased had been a prominent business man since many years before the late war, and by strict integrity had won the admiration and esteem of the mer-

cantile community. A fire on Sunday night at Bolivar. Tenn., destroyed ten buildings. The loss is about \$25,900; insurance, \$11,-000. Moore & Hardy, L. Owens, Japp & Bailey, J. P. Campbell, T. J. Joiner, Benj. Oppenheimer, John Austin, E. P

McNeil and Gen. S. P. Neely occupied and owned the buildings burned. Nelson Foster, colored, indicted for the murder of Ben Lumpkins, colored, who was killed in Danville, Va., in January, was tried in the corporation court here to-day and acquitted. He proved an alibi. The jury in the Derance murder case

in New Orleans, returned a verdict of manslaughter against each of the three Derance brothers-Fernand, Armand and Henri, and all are strongly recommended to the mercy of the court.

> ... Kissing His Mother.

Philadelphia Times. Gen. Garfield favored the spectators of his inaugural with one bit of unwin him feminine hearts. On finishing his address to the throng on the capitol comments, according to one veracious scribe, in the ear of Judge Davis while the new President was speaking, while on the other hand Senator Bayard stood related to national politics. The result reflectively nodding his head in assent was that Garfield asked Hayes to call whenever he agreed with the Presi-dent's utterances. When the address was finished and the oath had been administered Gen. Garfield, before accept ting the testimonials of his enthusiastic friends, walked over to his mother and in presence of the multitude kissed the enraptured old face. The sentiments of mether and son are not difficult to imagine. There was at least one unselfish joy in the supreme moment of the politician's ambition.

## Murder in Arkansas.

NEW ORLEANS, March 8 .- A dispatch to the Democrat reports a horrible murder at Jonesboro, Craighead county, Ark. Mattie Ismael, 18 years of age, was left alone in the house, while her father went to mill. On his return he found his daughter lying on the floor in a pool of blood, she having been murdered, the object being robbery. Her father being wealthy it was supposed that a large amount of money was in the house. It was ransacked but none found. A number of negroes

### A Chance for Military Companies.

NASHVILLE, TENN., March 8 .- At a meeting of the board of Exposition managers to-night it was decided to give an aggregate of \$3,500 in premiums for competitive drills to be held on the 24th, 25th and 26th of May. The largest prizes are \$1,000 for the best drilled infantry company, and \$500 for the second best. Drills will include artillery, target and military rifle practice.

The Accident Man.

MOBILE-Easier; middling 10%sc; low middling 958c; good ordinary 8%c; net receipts 2,851; gross ; sales 1,000; stock 51,838; exp. coast 508; Great Britain

MEMPHIS-Easy; middling 10%; receipt 1,629; shipments 1,700; sales 800; stock 84,554 receipts AUGUSTA-Easy; middling 101/2:.; low mid ling 10c., good ordinary 834c; receipts 605.

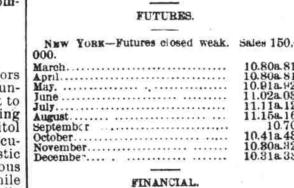
dling 10c., good ordina shipments -; sales 767.

for \$3 McSM CHARLESTON-Easy: middling 1146c.; low mid-dling 10%c; good ordinary 1044c.; net receipts 2,031; gross -; sales 500; stock 55,663; exports coastwise -; Great Britain -. NEW YORE-Cotton easy; sales 1,333; midd'g uplands 11 3-16; orleans 11 7-16c; net receipts 801; gross 1,754; consolidated net rec'ts 24,435; worth

exports to Great Britain 15,598; continent 8,151; France 1,952; channel -. LIVERPOOL-Noon-Lotton market tending down

middling uplands 614d mid. orleans 6 5-16d; sales 7,000, speculation and export 500; re-ceipts 32,000, American 25,000. Uplands low mid. dling clause: March delivery 6 7 32d. March and April 6 7 32d, April and May 6 9-32d, May and June 6 11-32, 5-16a11-32d, June and July 8 13 32a48d, July and August 6 7-16d, August and September 6 15 32d, September and October 6 5-16d, October and November -. Futures dull.

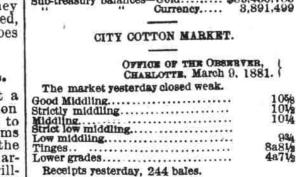
LIVERPOOL .- 5.15-Sales of American cotton 5,950 bales. Upland low middling clause: March and April delivery -, April and May 6 9-32d, May and Jane 6 1 1-32d, June and July 6 7-16a13 32d Futures closed dull. OLE HON.



NEW YORK-Money 1.03a6. Exchange 4.7842. Governments irregular: new 5's 1.01. Four and a half per cents 1.1128 Four per cents 1.1329. State bonds dull and nominal: Louisiana consols were weak and declined to 601/2; Tennessee, new, fel off to 60.

tregular, but was generally weak, and in early dealings a decline of 14 to 2 per cent was recorded -the latter in Northern Pacific preferred. Subsequently speculation became somewhat firmer and prices avanced 14 to 214 per cent., Denver and Rio Grande, Northern Pacific and coal stocks being most prominent in the upward move Later.-Stocks closed irrregular. New York Central.....

Pittsburg.... Chicago and Northwestern.... preferred.... Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific.... Do preferred...... Memphis and Charleston Bock Island Western Union Alabama-Class A. 2 to 5 Class A. small Class B, 5's.... Class C, 2 to 5

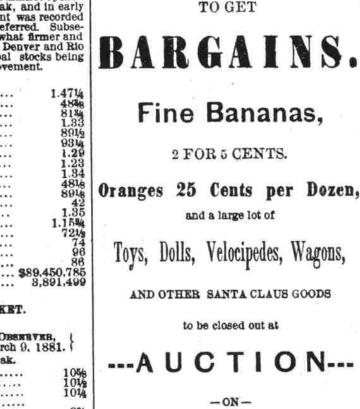


-----

Charlotte Produce Market.

MARCH 8, 1881.





SATURDAY

O'CLOCK AT NIGHT.

Lagies specially invited to attend the day sale

ly. The disturbance of the stomach, arising from the imperfectly digested contents, causes a severe pain in the head, accompanied with disagreeable nausea, and this constitutes what is popularly 10 known as Sick Headache. Pali None other is genuine Witte' 2 McS COMIN M mith N.V. HIG G O GR 3 MIN M usic RBIN MI e U. TRE House Q U) S H Q TO GET

200 Bbls. Weleome Flour, CAUTION.—As there are a number of imitations offered to the public, we would caution the com-munity to buy no Simmons' Liver Regulator or 100 Bbls. Our Best Pat. Process. Medicine unless our engraved wrapper, with "Red Z" trade mark, stamp and signature unbroken. 100 Pkgs. Mackerel, all grades 200 Boxes Tobacco, all grades, J. H. ZEILIN & CO. 30,000 Cigars, best assr't in the city. PHILADELPHIA, FA Price \$1. Sold by All Druggists. 200 Bolls Bagging, sept 19-dlawdcwlvr 500 Bunches Ties, Watches and Lewelry. 75 Boxes Crack We also have a full stock of Pepper. Spice. Teas, Snuff, Rifle Powder, Shot. Soap, Starch, Can-Fine Watch Repairing! dles, Lye, Soda, Axle Grease, Matches, Candy, Oysters, Sardines, Tomatoes, Corn, Peaches, Pineapplss, Grass Seeds of all kinds. Sheeting, Yarns, &c., &c., All We Ask is a Trial. **SPRINGS & BURWELL** FINE WATCH REPAIRING. jan13 Lottertes. ALLEN & TRUSLOW beg leave to remind the people of SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FUF TUNE-FOURTH GRAND DISTRIBUTION. CLASS D. AT NEW ORLEANS. CHARLOTTE AND COUNTRY Tuesday, April 12th. 1881-131st Monthly Drawing LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY again that this important branch of their business receives their most careful attention. This Institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable purposes in 1868, FOR THE TERM OF twenty-rive reasons to which contract the inviola-ble faith of the State is pledged, which pledge has been renewed by an overwhelming popular vote, securing its franchise in the new constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879, with a capital THEY ARE PREPARED TO DO THE MOST DIFFICULT WORK of \$1,000,000, to which it has since added a Be-serve Fund of over \$350,000. Its GRAND SINGLE NUMBER Distribution will take place monthly on the second Tuesday. It never scales or postpones. Look at the follow And Warrant Every Job. ing distribution CAPITAL PRIZE, \$30,000. 100,000 Tickets at Two Dollars each. Half-Tickets, One Dollar. LIST OF PRIZES If your watches want repairing or regulating call and see them \$30.000 Capital Prize..... 10.000 5.000 Capital Capital f \$2.500 **GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES** Prizes of 1,000 10.000 Prizes ( 100 Prizes of 0.000 200 Prizes of 500 Prizes of JUST RECEIVED, 000.1 Prizes of APPROXIMATION PRIZES. which they will sell very low. Fine Jewelry, Clocks, Spectacles and Eye-Glasses always in stock. \$110.400 CALL, AND THEY WILL SERVE YOU WELL. 857 Prizes, amounting to ..... Responsible corresponding agents wanted at all points, to whom a liberal compensation will be GO TO For further information, write clearly, giving full address. Send orders by express or hegis tered Letter, or Money Order by mail. Address ed only to M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, Louisiana, or M. A. DAUPHIN, at No. 319 Broadway, New York. All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision and management of Generals G. T. Beauregard and Jubal A. Early. mar8-ddw5w New Orleans, Louisians. John T. Butler's  $\equiv$  30th  $\equiv$ POPULAR MONTHLY DRAWING OF THE FROM 12 to 3 O'CLOCK IN THE DAY AND 7 Commonwealth Distribution Company, AND LOOK AT HIS

10<sup>Tic. Hams,</sup>

500 Bbls. Honest Flour,

50 Boxes Cheese,

800 Bush. Oats,

600 Bush. Corn.

400 Bush Meal

5 000

0.000

0.000

