

The Charlotte Observer.

CHAS. H. JONES, Editor & Proprietor. (Published at the Post-Office at Charlotte, N. C., as Second-Class Matter.)

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 9, 1881.

Gen. Grant carries \$100,000 insurance on his life.

The city of New Orleans is building up a large trade with Mexico.

Alexander H. Stephens has promised to deliver a lecture before the Savannah, Ga., Irish Land League.

The attendance at the Atlanta exposition last week was forty per cent. greater than any week previous.

The Confederate bond business was on the decline in Charleston Monday, with no indications of a revival.

There were twenty-five applications for divorce granted at the last term of the Supreme Court in Portland, Maine.

Henry Waterson denies the report that he is going to New York to edit the World. He prefers bluegrassdom to all the rest of the world.

Mr. Louis H. Haywood, son of Col. Ed. Graham Haywood, of Raleigh, has adopted the stage as a profession and is now playing at Ford's Opera House, Baltimore.

Oscar L. Baldwin, the Newark bank cashier, who got away with \$2,000,000 was a Republican in good standing, and contributed freely to campaign expenses.

Fast trains now make the distance from New York to Chicago in about twenty-five hours. Previously thirty-six hours was the time.

The Jeannette has been out in the Arctic regions two years; she was provisioned for a three years' trip, and it is hoped she may yet come up all right.

A wealthy farmer in St. Clair county Michigan, insane, cut his three-year-old boy's throat last Sunday, from ear to ear, and later in the day cut his own.

Wendell Phillips declines an invitation to go over to Ireland and speak for "no rent." He says he has a "chronic objection to sea voyages."

Yorktown was only the beginning of the frolic for the French and German guests. They are having a royal time in all the cities they visit.

The elections yesterday may result in surprises. The indications are that New York comes back to her Democratic first-love, while Virginia is in doubt.

The product of gold and silver, in the States and Territories, as reported by the director of the mint for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1880: Gold, \$36,000,000; silver, \$30,000,000.

Rev. Geo. M. Spargrave, an aged Presbyterian minister of Murrsville, Pa., laboring under mental aberration, committed suicide by strangling himself with a bed cord last week.

Mr. Sartoris and wife, daughter of General Grant, arrived at New York from England, Saturday. They brought two children and left the third and youngest at their home in England.

A Cincinnati prophet, named Swormstedt, predicts that the world will come to an end the twelfth day of this month. That's next Saturday. Fearful short notice.

Mrs. Garfield has taken up her residence in Cleveland. Her brother, Mr. Rudolph, has been appointed administrator of her deceased husband's estate.

The National Republican, noting the increase of chaplains in our navy, concludes that the country, having neither ships nor guns, is about to fall back on the efficacy of prayer.

Massachusetts Republicans say the Ninth Regiment which disgraced itself in Blohmend, is composed mainly of Democrats, and are consoling themselves with that reflection.

The report of the government examination of the condition of the accounts of the Newark Mechanics' National Bank, made on Saturday, shows the assets to be \$2,035,252.98, and the liabilities \$4,446,253.43.

In the lower House of the Washington Territory Legislature on Saturday a bill giving the right of suffrage to women was passed by a vote of 18 to 11. A similar bill was defeated in the upper House on the 25th ult. by a vote of 7 to 5, but it will come up in another shape, and it is believed will pass.

The press and public men of Texas deny the report that public sentiment there favors a division of the State, and the creation of three additional States out of her territory. The papers declare that no man could be elected to office who was suspected of favoring division of the State, so strong is public opinion against it.

It is not altogether certain whether the New Orleans fruit dealer sent over to Italy as the brigand, Esposito, is Esposito or somebody else. It is said he has been identified over there, but on the other hand his friends say there is a big mistake in the question of identity. The probabilities are that this government, which surrendered him rather soon and in a somewhat mysterious way will have some correspondence with the Italian government about his case.

It is stated that Mr. Edwin Booth has been notified by his wife's physician to be ready at any moment to receive the announcement of Mrs. Booth's death. She is entirely conscious of her condition, has received many of her friends, and has given a number of keepers to them. Her parents have been told how near she is to the end, and acceded to a suggestion that she should see her husband, but she had so many conditions concerning the interview that her husband has not yet availed himself of the permission. Mr. Booth is extremely solicitous and nervous.

A GREAT FACTORY.

The following description of the Sibley Cotton Factory, at Augusta, will give some idea of the magnificent proportions this industry is attaining in some portions of the South: The buildings of the Sibley Cotton Manufacturing Company at Augusta, Ga., will be completed in a few weeks and ready for the machinery. The main building is claimed to be one of the finest in the country. It has four stories and is 230 feet long and 73 feet wide. These dimensions afford a floor or space of about 155,000 feet, and will easily accommodate 1,000 looms and 30,000 spindles. It is proposed, however, to begin manufacturing with only 700 looms and 20,000 spindles, to avoid a further increase of stock, or issuance of bonds or other indebtedness—the policy of the directors being to pay as they go. The prospective opportunities for expansion are all that could be desired, for by adding a wing to each end of the building, half the size of the building itself, there would be room for 2,000 looms and 60,000 spindles all around the main building without the expense of further work upon the water supply. The company, which has a capital stock of \$1,000,000, will begin manufacturing in January, not a dollar later than the date extensions and growth will follow gradually and without interfering with the dividends, serving as a safe and profitable investment for the surplus earnings.

This is only one, however, of a number of colossal establishments which have been erected within a recent period. Every year will add to them, both in point of number and in magnitude. Georgia is rapidly coming to the front as a cotton manufacturing State, and ere long will rival the great manufacturing States of the East. Other Southern States are making rapid progress in this respect also, a progress as gratifying as it is astonishing to some people, who had been taught to believe that the South was simply an agricultural section without a turn for other pursuits. It is true that there is much northern capital invested in these new enterprises now in operation and in process of construction, and there will be still more, for the capitalists of the north have not been slow to learn the superior advantages this section presents for investment. Among the agencies that are potent in disseminating intelligence of this kind the Atlanta Exposition is doing much, for there, gathered in miniature, if we may so speak, is an array of the products of the South never before presented to the public gaze, and one that astonishes not only the uninformed, but even men who have been familiar with the South for years. Heretofore there had never been any concert of action to bring her products or her capacities permanently before the world, and all the efforts made in that direction were simply spasmodic ones, made by individuals or in some instances we believe by States, at their local or State fairs. At the Philadelphia Centennial, for instance, there were a few exhibits from this section, made by individuals, creditable in their way, but too limited to amount to anything. At Atlanta, however, the visitor gets a reasonably fair idea of the South's productive capacity, and marvels at its variety and superiority. It has had a marked effect on visitors from the North, and especially from the manufacturing sections of the East, who look on with an interested eye and mentally ask themselves the question, how long it will be before this section, so recently prostrated under the tread of contending armies, stripped of everything, and as poor as poverty, now rallied from her prostration and bounding with life and energy, will be successful competitors with themselves in the manufacturing industries which gave them prominence and wealth. They realize and acknowledge the fact that the day is not far distant when the prestige and power will pass away from New England to her Southern competitor, and as keen business men that they are, many of them are accepting the situation and shaping their course accordingly. Instead of trying to block the wheels of progress, which they know they cannot block if they would, they are aiding in the good work and are helping it along with the suggestions and counsels derived from experience, and with their capital, which has been largely invested in many localities.

The old order is changing, and the day is not far off when cotton will cease to be shipped in bulk hundreds of miles to be spun and woven and then re-shipped to the purchaser and wearer. That will all stop, and near the fields, where it is grown, will be spun and woven, the South thus realizing, not only the profits of its culture, but also saving the cost of transportation both ways, which alone would make a handsome profit to the manufacturer. The improvements in machinery are such that planters who may desire by combining and investing a small capital may have little mills of their own, and thus work their crops into goods instead of selling in bulk. There are some who do this already and do it successfully. The fact is the cotton industry is undergoing a revolution from the old methods, a revolution in which the south-land is figuring with a gratifying and marvelous energy.

What Tom Cooper Will Do.

William Star. If I don't bust up the Democratic party in North Carolina by that address of congratulation just sent out to the sovereign then I shall call a temporary prayer-meeting in my big still-house and brother Ike Young shall lead the meeting.—Tom Cooper, Chairman.

Blood at the Polls in Mississippi.

Negroes Fire on the Whites, Kill Four and Wound Two.

MERIDIAN, Miss., Nov. 8.—Four white men were killed and two severely wounded by negroes to-day at Marion Station in this county. The negroes opened fire on the whites at the polls while the election was going on. The whites had no arms to defend themselves with, and consequently none of the negroes suffered. One of the men killed was A. F. Harvey, Democratic candidate for county assessor. The sheriff, with a posse from this place, found about a hundred negroes barricaded in a dwelling house of their leader, Ed. Vance. The posse was fired upon by the negroes as they approached the house. Another body of armed men have gone from here to the scene of the disturbance to assist the sheriff. With this exception the election in this county has been quiet and orderly.

AIR AS A MOTOR.

For some time the managers of elevated railroads in New York have been seeking some way of propelling their cars to escape the coal smoke and dust which at times are exceedingly disagreeable, not only to the passengers but also to the occupants of the houses near which the trains run. Ingenious men have been working on it and seem to be making some progress as the following extract will show: "A novelty in street motors has made its appearance in New York, promising wonderful things in the way of radical improvement in local travel. It works by means of compressed air, which for such purposes gives all needed power without noise or smoke or dirt which a steam engine causes. It is found to do its work as efficiently as the steam engine and quite as economically. Should the permanent use of such a motor result in the success which has attended the use of compressed air in the elevated railroads will be altogether a different affair from what it has been. In New York the presence of the elevated structures in the streets has long ceased to be a matter of course. It is not only criticism made on elevated rapid transit is in connection with the smoke and dirt of the steam engines. If these are now to be overcome transit on the lofty rails will be shorn nearly of all the objections which can be made against it. The air engines run evenly and without unpleasant noise. Possibly we may see them some of these days on our surface roads."

The National Cotton Planter's Association.

ATLANTA, Nov. 7.—The following statement is furnished the press by Messrs. Atkinson and Garsened in behalf of the National Cotton Manufacturers' Association: First, the committee of New England cotton manufacturers and their friends have separated, most of them going home. They concur in this opinion of the National Cotton Planter's Association to be held on December 6th, from three to six hundred in number, should be met by an equal number of manufacturers from the North. They affirm that if this can be brought about it will be a great benefit to the cotton industry. They have found that the tools and machines for planting and preparing cotton for spinners are of utmost interest and importance to both groups, and an exhibition of cotton machinery such as has never before been brought together in this country or elsewhere. They have found in the annex buildings evidences of the natural resources of the South in the way of agriculture, in commerce, in minerals and in timber, which could not be equalled from any other equal area of the earth's surface, and in the uses which these resources will shortly be applied. They find the cotton planter a far greater number of customers for their own mills than they expect to find competitors in Southern mills. They have met the Southern manufacturers with hearty good will and earnest wishes for their success.

Shipwrecked People Picked up at Sea.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—Another boat containing twenty-seven persons from the Dutch steamer Koning der Nederlanden, which foundered while on a voyage from Batavia to Amsterdam, have been picked up and the survivors landed at Donrahed. There are four boats with one hundred and twenty-nine persons still missing. They have now been a month on the Indian ocean and their provisions must be exhausted.

FROM TEXAS.

The Flipper Case—Republicans elect a Mayor in Austin.

GALVESTON, Nov. 8.—A Texas special from Fort Davis says the entire day yesterday was consumed by the defense in court-martial of Lieut. Flipper, endeavoring to show from cross examination of Colonel Shafter, that the latter was prompted by a spirit of ill-will in his treatment of the prisoner while in confinement. Colonel Shafter stated that before relieving Flipper from the commissary department, he thought him perfectly honest and of good habits, and if money had been stolen it had been taken by some one else. He further stated that previous to the investigation, Flipper's administration had given entire satisfaction. The length of a gung Flipper had been seen in town with a horse and saddle bags. Flipper was ordered back immediately and directed to turn over his funds on hand, and within two or three minutes after entering his quarters some two thousand dollars were found on his desk ready for delivery. He could not say whether it was in the saddle bags when he was seen in town or not. He had always examined his saddle bags, and they were always found empty. The Texas Austin special says the Republicans elected Mr. Taylor Mayor to-day over Judge James Wimuth, by a majority of 150.

Is Dakota Fit for a New State?

New York Herald. The business of taking up the map of the United States, carving out a geographical fragment, and calling it a Territory, and then a State, is a matter of men, women and cattle who there reside, and asking for representation as a State should be carefully looked into before we go any further. It is now proposed to divide the Territory of Dakota into two States, Nebraska and Dakota. And yet Dakota a few years ago was simply a vast expanse of rich territory—rich in the sense of minerals and agriculture—tenanted by Indians, buffalo and the beasts and birds of the forest. There are not as many men in Dakota to-day as in some of the wards of New York. In a few years—in a generation perhaps—Dakota may approximate to the position of Kansas or Nebraska, and would it not be better to wait until this Territory has really a population undeniably capable of supporting a State government than to rush into an experiment which will entail new burdens upon the people? Some of our recent States, like Nebraska, California and Oregon, have justified the wisdom of Congress in erecting them into sovereign commonwealths. Others have not done so. Nebraska, a poor, barren, silver-decked region, skirting the sides of bleak mountains; a country of mining camps whose inhabitants are nomadic prospectors for silver and gold, regards State organization as so much of a burden that there is a strong public opinion in favor of its being annexed to California or Utah. The only Territory which clearly possesses at present the resources of State sovereignty is Utah. But Utah is under an ban because of its toleration of the crime of polygamy.

New Blood.

New Blood. I wish to say to you that I have been suffering for the last few years with a severe itching ailment. I have used all of the doctors and have tried all of the medicines, but I have not been able to get more good than all the doctors and medicines I have used. I have been told that I should try your medicine, and I have done so, and I have had fifteen cures at once. I have been cured of my ailment, and I am now in good health. I have been cured of my ailment, and I am now in good health. I have been cured of my ailment, and I am now in good health.

ELECTIONS YESTERDAY.

THE RESULT SOMEWHAT MIXED.

A Large Vote in Virginia and a Warm Contest.

Democrats Carry New York—Both Sides Claim Virginia.

But Few Figures to Form Definite Calculations Upon.

Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 8.—The election in this city is progressing finely. A heavy vote is being polled—nearly 6,000 ballots having been cast up to 2:30 p. m. The colored vote here is almost solid for the Readjuster or coalition ticket.

Only meagre reports have been received from other points in the State.

In the cities of Petersburg, Cameron's home; Lynchburg, Daniel's home, and Fredericksburg, and the counties of Caroline, Chesterfield and Hanover, a large number of negroes are reported to have voted the Democratic ticket.

No reliable returns, however, can be obtained until after the vote is counted.

The leading men on both sides in Richmond express confidence in the success of their respective tickets.

FREDERICKSBURG, Va., Nov. 8.—Election to-day was closely contested and full vote polled. About one-third of the colored vote was cast for the Democratic ticket, but the re-adjusters have made equal gains of whites in counties of Louisa, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and King George. It is probable the re-adjusters have gained a senator, electing also three delegates out of four.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., Nov. 8.—Daniels carried the city by 314 majority, and Stuart (Dem.) for House of Delegates has 337 majority.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 8.—Up to 9:30 p. m. sixteen voting precincts in the city heard from, including fifteen from Richmond, giving John W. Daniel, (Democrat) for Governor, 10,480; Wm. E. Cameron, (Readjuster) for Governor, 8,726. Daniel's majority, 1,754. Gains and losses will be estimated in these dispatches upon the Presidential vote of last year. Combining the Readjuster and Republican vote against the Democratic vote in last November election. This comparison shows a very small gain for the Democrats. In precincts heard from Democrats will have to overcome 19,000 in the state to elect the state ticket. The city of Norfolk gives Cameron 453 majority. Re-adjusters gain of 290. Daniels gives Cameron for two majority. Re-adjuster gain of 254. In Stanton Daniels majority is 368, Democratic gain of 62. Fredericksburg gives Daniel a majority of 522, Democratic gain. Manchester gives Cameron a majority of 754. Re-adjusters gain of 388. Lynchburg, Daniel's home, gives him 684 majority, Democratic gain of 493.

New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The total vote in the city is about 150,000. It is estimated that the majority for Purcell, Democrat, for secretary of state, will be 35,000 in the city. Husted, republican, for state treasurer, will be beaten by at least 45,000 in the city. Seventy-five election districts give Maxwell, Democrat, 10,907. Husted, republican, 5,024. 145 election districts give Purcell, Democrat, 19,232. Carr, republican, 11,232.

NEW YORK, 9:45 P. M.—Reports received here from all parts of the State up to this hour indicate the success of the Republican candidates. Re-adjusters lost 15,000 majority. 365 districts in this city give Purcell, (Democrat), 49,401. Carr, (Republican), 29,336.

In Onondaga county a well known republican, T. G. Alvord, admits his defeat for re-election to the Assembly.

ALBANY, Nov. 8.—The best authorities estimate that the Republicans will have a majority in the State outside of New York City of twenty-four thousand.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—To-day is observed as a close holiday. All the banks, exchanges and down town offices being closed. The custom house was only open an hour. The election is proceeding quietly. In Brooklyn there is a very animated contest, but good order reigns at all polling precincts so far. The interest in the election centered in the mayoralty contest, and the signs at noon are that there will not be fifteen hundred majority either way. Low, the Republican candidate, is polling a big vote in the more aristocratic wards, but in the strong holds of the Democratic wards Howell is reported to be holding his own. The Germans are favoring Howell, and if he pulls through we will have to thank him for it.

NEW YORK, November 8.—Sixty-five towns and wards outside of New York and Kings county give a Republican majority of 3,337, and a Democratic gain of 4,500.

Returns from Brooklyn indicate the election of Seth J. Low, Republican, for mayor by a small majority.

Gen. Grant and Combing Fremont are Astor's District.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Ex-President Grant and ex-Senator Conkling walked to-day through the 9th Congressional district presumably in the interest of W. W. Astor, Republican candidate for Congress.

President Arthur remained in his house during the day attending to private correspondence. He received but few callers. The President failed to cast his vote to-day as he did not arrive in the city in time to register.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 8.—The indications are that the vote has been very light all over the State. It rained during the forenoon at intervals and the roads are in a bad condition.

NATCHEZ, Nov. 8.—The election passed off quietly. The utmost good feeling prevailed. It is most impossible to determine the result, but it is believed that Lowery, Democrat, for governor, and the Democratic State ticket have carried this county by a small majority. The county ticket is very long and there is much scratching. It will probably be several days before the official count can be given.

Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Nov. 8.—The election in this State has been unusually light, reports from all points indicating but little general interest in the election. As an indication of the sparsity among the voters the returns from 85 towns which gave Long last year 18,400, and Thompson, Democrat, 9,711, now show but 9,748 votes for Long and 4,369 for Thompson.

The Traveler says that the vote of Boston, with three precincts to hear from, is Long, Republican, 15,870; Thompson, Democrat, 12,471. The same authority estimates that Gov. Long will be elected by from 25,000 to 30,000 majority.

WORKING FOR DEATH.—Since my return from the army I have suffered with severe pains in my lower limbs, which at times totally unfitted me for any kind of business; and at other times the pain was so severe that I was forced to retire to my bed. I have tried all the doctors and medicines I could get, but I have not been able to get more good than all the doctors and medicines I have used. I have been told that I should try your medicine, and I have done so, and I have had fifteen cures at once. I have been cured of my ailment, and I am now in good health. I have been cured of my ailment, and I am now in good health.

Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys and Children

OUR STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES FOR THE FALL AND WINTER TRADE.

WE guarantee that every pair of SHOES we sell shall be found just as represented, and shall allow no house to give you better goods than we do for the money. Our stock has been carefully selected with a view to the wants of all classes of customers, and comprises a full line of beautiful and seasonable goods, of the very best quality and all grades, from the finest French Kid Button Boot to the Heaviest Brogan. If you wish to get your boots and shoes to suit you and at the lowest possible price, you cannot do better than at our store. Give us a call.

A. E. RANKIN & BRO., Central Hotel Block, Trade Street.

Seed Oats! CORN! CORN! CORN! FLOUR! BAGGING AND TIES

THE WATT PLOW Will sell it LOWER than you can buy on another good plow. Full assortment always on hand. Call and see us before purchasing.

MAYER & ROSS. Guano! Guano!! All Notes and Mortgages

GUANO, ARE NOW DUE, (NOVEMBER 1ST, 1881.) Please call and arrange the same.

R. M. Miller & Sons. OPERA HOUSE. GRAND FASHIONABLE EVENT Thursday Evening, Nov. 10th, '81.

THOS. W. KEENE, Supported by a specially selected Company, under the management of Wm. R. HAYDEN, Presenting Bulwer's Beautiful Play in 5 Acts, of RICHELIEU, OR THE CONSPIRACY.

RO. D. GRAHAM, ATTORNEY AT LAW. IN THE State and United States Courts, Collector of Customs, and Foreign, and in all the courts of this State, Surveys, &c., furnished for some years.

STARTLING DISCOVERY! LOST MANHOOD RESTORED! A young man of brilliant talents, who had been suffering from a severe case of gonorrhea, had lost his manhood, and was unable to perform his duty as a husband and father. He had tried all the doctors and medicines, but he had not been able to get any good. He had been told that he should try your medicine, and he had done so, and he had had fifteen cures at once. He had been cured of his ailment, and he was now in good health.

BURGESS NICHOLS, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE, BEDDING, & C. A FULL LINE OF Cheap Bedsteads, AND LIVING, Parlor & Chamber Suits. COFFINS OF ALL KINDS ON HAND.

W. T. BLACKWELL & CO., Durham, N. C. Manufacturers of the Original and Only Genuine DURHAM TOBACCO. Our claim for merit is based upon the fact that a chemical analysis proves that the tobacco grown in our section is better adapted to make a GOOD, PURE, satisfactory smoke than ANY OTHER tobacco grown in the world; and being situated in the HEART of this fine tobacco section, WE have in PICK of the offerings. The public appreciate this; hence our sales EXCEED the products of ALL the leading manufacturers combined. E. W. YOUNG, Sole Agent for the South.

Miscellaneous. A. J. Beall & Co., GENERAL FEED DEALERS. WE HAVE NOW ON HAND: 1 CAR LOAD BRAN, 1 CAR LOAD CORN AND PEA MEAL MIXED, 1 CAR LOAD YELLOW CORN, 1 CAR LOAD WHITE CORN, 1 CAR LOAD PATENT PATENT PROCESS FLOUR, 2 CAR LOADS TIMOTHY HAY.

Miscellaneous. DR. C. W. BENSON, of Baltimore, Md. Inventor and proprietor of the celebrated Celery and Chamomile Pills. These pills are prepared expressly to cure Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Nerveless, Paralysis, sleeplessness and Dyspepsia, and will cure any case, no matter how obstinate, if properly used. They are not a cure-all, but only for those special diseases. They contain no opium, morphine or quinine, and are not a purgative, but regulate the bowels and cure constipation by curing or removing the cause of it. They have a charming effect upon the skin, and a lovely quieting effect upon the nervous system, simply by feeding the ten thousand hungry, in some cases, starving absorbents. They make or create nerve matter and give power, force and buoyancy to the nerves, and in that way increase mental power, endurance and brilliancy of mind. Nobody that has a nervous system should neglect to take them two or three months in each year, as a nerve food, if for no other purpose.

DR. C. W. BENSON'S SKIN CURE. Is Warranted to Cure ECZEMA, TETTERS, HUMORS, INFLAMMATION, MILK CRUST, ALL ROUGH SCALY ERUPTIONS, DISEASES OF HAIR AND SCALP, SORFUL ULCERS, PIMPLES, AND ITCHING. It is a simple, safe, and effective remedy for all these ailments. It is a simple, safe, and effective remedy for all these ailments. It is a simple, safe, and effective remedy for all these ailments.

EDDIN'S BOOK STORE: ONE THOUSAND SEASIDES. MUSIC, MUSIC, which will be sold At 10c per copy, or fifteen copies for one dollar.

THE ATTENTION. Of the Trade generally, and also the consumer, is called to our special brands of reliable and staple Smoking Tobaccoes—Sitting Bull, Durham Long Cut and Royal Durham—to which we are now adding a full line of the latest styles of the most staple grades of Plug and Twist Tobaccoes. We can, in a few weeks, offer to the trade in the United States that no other manufacturer can equal. Our salesmen will make regular trips to Charlotte, and the trade of all good merchants is respectfully solicited. R. H. FOGUE, Durham, N. C.

LAND SALE. BY Virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Rockingham county, in the case of the North Carolina Railroad Company against R. N. Grimes, I will sell to the highest bidder, on Monday, December 12, 1881, a lot of land lying on the east side of the North Carolina Railroad, in the town of Rockingham, N. C., containing about 58 acres, more or less, and bounded on the north by said road 58 feet and extending along the whole front of the lots owned by R. N. Grimes. JNO. B. ERWIN, Commissioner.

PEOPLE'S B. & L. A. STOCK can be bought in the People's Building and Loan Association, without paying premium, until 15th November, by order of the board of directors. See and Treat.