

Gov. Blackburn, of Kentucky, and Congressman Blackburn are brothers.

St. Louis reports a case of a horse with the small pox, seriously vouchered for.

The Sherman, three per cent. bond bill passed the Senate yesterday with sundry amendments.

It is announced that John Kelly proposes to organize a personal party in New York. John has had that kind of a party for several years past.

Things are not altogether lovely between the Democratic-Readjusters and their Republican allies in the Old Dominion. The Mahonites want to do the whipping in and the Rejs don't like the whipping.

Oscar Wilde is not quite as large an ass as some writers represent him. He is drawing big houses at his lectures and making lots of money, which is probably the main business which brought him to this country.

The Critic thinks that Wm. H. Vanderbilt believes that "the laborer is worthy of his hire." The late Thomas L. James increased the pay for carrying the mail on railways and Vanderbilt provided him with a place at \$15,000 a year.

The Chester (S. C.) Bulletin notes the arrival in that county of a party of twenty odd immigrants from the vicinity of Shelby, Cleveland county, in this State. They were brought there and located upon the lands of Dr. I. Harrill, who was formerly of Shelby.

Speaking of railroad monopoly and consolidation, the Louisville Courier-Journal rejoices that neither Jay Gould nor any other railroad magnate can own the Mississippi or its affluents. No, but they can own the boats, barges, etc., enough on it to give them a monopoly of the carrying trade, which gives them practically as much control of the river as is they owned it.

"If anybody doubts that the republican-independent coalition is not to be thoroughly organized, he is making a mistake. An "advisory" caucus may not make as much racket as a convention, but it is quite as effective. The organized liberal democrats will have to meet an organized coalition of republicans and independents at the polls," says the Atlanta Constitution.

The Salisbury Examiner, in accounting for the North State's editorial comments on Col. Johnston, attributes the lack of appreciation on the part of that paper to the alleged fact that it was "crazy with the prohibition fire." This is a mistake. The North State was entirely mum on that question and perched high up on the fence.

Mr. E. M. Boynton, an inventor of Brooklyn, has invented what he terms a bicycle railroad, to solve the problem of rapid transit, by means of an elevated tunnel, with latticed sides, supported by a row of posts or pillars. With wheels fifteen feet in diameter he calculates to effect a speed of 150 miles an hour.

Whitelaw Reid, editor of the New York Tribune has been for some time looking after the homeless boys of New York, and from time to time has sent numbers of them to the west where homes have been provided for them. Last Thursday he sent a party of twenty-three to Culpeper, Va., where places had been secured for them.

What a disgusting proposition that is to preserve Guiteau's dead body after he is hanged and exhibit it around the country for money. And even more disgusting is the announcement that Scoville, his sister's husband, regards the proposition favorably and will advise its acceptance. That's getting down in the notches pretty far for dollars and cents. We trust that no such disreputable bargain and exhibition will take place.

Philadelphia Record: There is plenty of wheat in this country. During 1881 we did not manage to export the excess held over from the crop of 1880. There is no excuse for dear bread that may not be brought directly home to the door of speculators. There was no course sent upon the hard-hearted Egyptians that was dreadful enough to punish them as the original inventors of the art of getting up corners in bread-stuffs.

The Salisbury Examiner which devotes much of its editorial space in the last issue to the OBSERVER and its correspondent on Col. Johnston and Mr. Price is entirely mistaken in supposing that the correspondent is inspired by anybody to write anything about Col. Johnston or anybody else. He writes the news as he finds it, and has no other interest in this matter. The Examiner should not jump so rashly at its conclusions.

It is not true that the National Republican asserted editorially, as is charged by the CHARLOTTE OBSERVER, that Col. Johnston and Price had gone over to the Radical camp. The assertion was made by a correspondent of that paper, and at the instance, as is believed, of office-holders in Washington city, fearing to lose their places and \$5,000 salaries.—Salisbury Examiner.

The National Republican did assert in its editorial columns that Col. Johnston and Mr. Price had announced their withdrawal from the Democratic party and their affiliation with the Republican party, while the correspondent of THE OBSERVER made no charge, about their going over to the Republican camp. What he said is that in their interview with the President they announced themselves as independents and desired federal co-operation in the fight they proposed to make on the Democratic party which they desired to see defeated. It is a distinction without a difference, we admit, but it is about as well as not to be accurate in these matters.

TOO MANY PEOPLE IN THE WORLD.

The Mobile Register is apprehensive that bye and bye there will be too many people in the world, and that the then denizens of this mundane sphere will have a tough time of it. It declares thus:

"In former ages when people did not know so much as now about sanitary matters, and when wars were hand to hand, of constant occurrence and prolonged, the increase of population was slow. Famine, pestilence and war kept down the numbers. But now population is growing so fast that we are called upon to consider the appalling question, what are we to do when this world is full? Here in the United States we have fifty millions. During the current year we will have received one million foreign immigrants. At this rate, in the year 1911, thirty years from now, the United States will contain 160,000,000 of people. Happily the cost of living is decreasing and the comforts of life are increasing. Otherwise we would be uncomfortably crowded. In another thirty years thereafter we will number about 400,000,000, and the election of a ruler will be attended with alarming difficulties and dangers.

"It is not alone in this country that population is increasing. Thirty years ago Europe contained 200,000,000 of people, now she contains 300,000,000. England doubles her population every fifty years. The increase in Scotland is fifty per cent. When Europe is filled and the United States can contain no more, which will be before the 20th century is concluded, there may be a safety valve opening into Africa and South America, but in the course of time those continents will be filled up, and then what is to become of us?

Pestilence has been conquered and civilization has stopped wars, and the increase of population goes on in geometrical progression, doubling itself every twenty-five or thirty years. The planet is too small for the human race and we must make some arrangements to enlarge its capacity."

We don't think our respected contemporary has grasped the more serious difficulties that present themselves in this prospective increase of population. As far as providing the necessities of life are concerned the outlook is not so bad, for Dr. Tanner, and several others since him, have demonstrated the possibility of living and doing reasonably well on one good square meal in forty days, so that in the provision line there need be no serious difficulty. And then the Chinese have shown how the rat comes to the front as a jam-up stew, fry or bake, and while he possesses the power of multiplying himself as indefinitely as he does now, there need be no apprehension of a scarcity of meat, amongst those who view the subject from a rational standpoint.

The eating part need not alarm us, but this election business, there is the really alarming feature. Imagine for instance the din that will be made by the stump speakers, and the glare of the torchlight processions, when the aforesaid stumppers are haranguing 200,000,000, or 400,000,000, or 600,000,000, or 1,000,000,000 of free born sovereigns whose liberties will be destroyed if the candidates on the other side be elected. And then imagine the wool-pulling there will be among the aspirants for office thus multiplied on the basis of this increased population. Gracious! think of a Congress on the proposed apportionment representing 400,000,000. It would take the average Congressman about sixteen years to get the floor and about forty years to get a bill through. What a place for high and aesthetic tumbling. What a host of honorable gentlemen the legislators will furnish, and what a demand for peanuts! Peanuts; yes. Think of the peanuts it will require to keep occupied the host of legislators that will then assemble at the respective capitols. This is indeed the point. Not in an over-crowded population but in the vast output of aspiring politicians that will spring from so many people. Even with our present population we scarcely know what to do with them, and how will it be when the number is increased indefinitely? This is what should alarm the Register and what must concern every one who takes any interest in the future of our country or our race.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Middle Atlantic, fair weather and warm, south-west veering to easterly winds, stationary or lower temperature, followed by falling barometer.

South Atlantic, rain, northeast veering to southeast winds, stationary or lower temperature and pressure.

If the gentleman whose lips pressed the lady's snowy brow and thus caught a severe cold had but used Dr. Bull's cough syrup, no doctor's bill would have been necessary.

REMOVED ALUM AND IRON SPRINGS WATER AND MASS.—The great tonic and alternative contains iron as much iron and fifty per cent. more iron than any other "alum and iron mass" known. Just the thing for the "stomach weakness" now so general. Sold by all druggists at 50c a bottle. Price reduced one-half.

FOR AN IRRITATED THROAT, COUGH OR COLD "Brown's Bronchial Trochocoe" are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy. They maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired.

BRAIN AND NERVE. Wells' Health Renewer, greatest remedy on earth for impotency, leprosy, sexual debility, &c. \$1. at druggists. Depot: J. H. McAden, Charlotte.

IN CONGRESS.

THE SENATE HEARS COMMITTEE REPORTS AND PROCEEDS TO THE DISCUSSION OF THE SHERMAN BILL, WHICH IS PASSED.

A Number of Bills, Chiefly of a Private Nature, Introduced and the House Kills the Bill to Repeal the Reading Railroad of a Certain Character.

WASHINGTON.—House.—February 3.—The House proceeded on Friday to the call of the committees for reports of a private character.

Richard of Massachusetts, from the committee on foreign affairs reported a bill for the relief of the captain, owners, officers and crews and their heirs and assigns, of the privateer, General Armstrong.

SENATE.—Mahone, from the committee on agriculture, reported with an amendment the House bill appropriating five thousand dollars for packing, transporting and arranging agricultural and mechanical specimens presented to the agricultural department by exhibitors at the Atlanta exposition.

The amendment includes also the expenses voluntarily incurred by the exhibitors in transporting the articles to Washington. After explanations by Mr. Mahone, the bill was passed.

After all the committees had been called the House went into Committee of the Whole on the private calendar, the bill of Mr. Mahone, in the chair, that bill being one reported by Kelley, of Pennsylvania, from the committee on Ways and Means, relieving the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company from its liability for taxes on wages and salaries heretofore issued by the company.

The bill gave rise to considerable debate which was opened by Hammond, of Georgia, in support of the bill. The amount involved was \$4,837,000 and tax \$483,700. By a vote of 107 to 45, the bill was laid aside to be reported unfavorable. The committee then rose.

The bill was reported back unfavorable and was laid on the table—that is defeated.

A motion to adjourn till Monday was rejected, yeas 104, nays 105, and then at 5 o'clock the House adjourned till tomorrow.

Teller, from the committee on pensions reported an original bill as a substitute for one on the subject of granting to Lucretia R. Garfield, Sarah Childress Polk and Julia Gardner Tyler, widows of ex-presidents, the National Debt of \$5,000 each from September 10, 1881, that of Mrs. Tyler to be in lieu of pensions heretofore granted her. Placed on the calendar.

Hoar reported from the committee on privileges and elections the bill for fixing the time for the meeting of electors of President and Vice President, providing for and regulating the counting of votes for President and Vice President, and the decision of questions arising thereon. He said the bill was identical with one reported by Edmunds from the judiciary committee and passed by the Senate in 1878. The report now made was a unanimous one except as to a single member of the committee who was not present when the bill was considered.

Hale asked for the printing of the bill at length in the Record. So ordered. On motion of Logan, the Senate bill for the distribution of the National Board of Health of pure vaccine virus to the people, was taken up by unanimous consent. The committee amendments were adopted and the bill passed.

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Pending the amendment of Hawley, limiting the withdrawals of bank circulation under the fourth section of the act of 1863 to five millions per month, and requiring 30 days previous notice thereof was then adopted.

No further amendments being offered the vote was taken upon the final passage of the bill, and it was passed, yeas 114, nays 87, as follows: Yeas—Aldrich, Anthony, Beck, Blair, Call, Camden, Cameron, of Wisconsin, Cockrell, Coke, Conger, Davis, of Illinois, Davis, of West Virginia, Dawes, Farley, Ferry, George, Gorham, Hale, Harrison, Hill, of Colorado, Hoar, Jackson, Jones, of Florida, Lamar, McMillan, Mahone, Maxey, Miller, of California, Mitchell, Morrill, Pendleton, Plumb, Parsons, Rollins, Salisbury, Sawyer, Snyder, of New York, Tamm, Nays—Bayard, Fair, Garland, Johnson, Hampton, Hawley, Ingalls, Groome, Lapham, Morgan, Platt, Pugh, Slater, Vest, Voorhees, Walker, Williams and Windom—18.

On motion of Harrison and Vanwyck in favor of the bill, were paired with Brown, Teller, Grover, Butler, Frye, Jones and Vance against the bill, were paired with Cameron, of Pennsylvania, Hill, of Ga., McMillan, Kellogg, and respectively Cockrell, against the bill were also paired.

On motion of Ingalls his resolution declaring that the pension arrear law ought not to be repealed, was taken up and the bill was passed by yeas 114, nays 87, as follows: Yeas—Aldrich, Anthony, Beck, Blair, Call, Camden, Cameron, of Wisconsin, Cockrell, Coke, Conger, Davis, of Illinois, Davis, of West Virginia, Dawes, Farley, Ferry, George, Gorham, Hale, Harrison, Hill, of Colorado, Hoar, Jackson, Jones, of Florida, Lamar, McMillan, Mahone, Maxey, Miller, of California, Mitchell, Morrill, Pendleton, Plumb, Parsons, Rollins, Salisbury, Sawyer, Snyder, of New York, Tamm, Nays—Bayard, Fair, Garland, Johnson, Hampton, Hawley, Ingalls, Groome, Lapham, Morgan, Platt, Pugh, Slater, Vest, Voorhees, Walker, Williams and Windom—18.

pose of the body that way. Unless it was cremated or sunk deep into the sea you could not keep it from the body-snatchers. It would be taken just as Stewart's body was taken, and probably some quick would exhibit it strung on a pole, and would just as soon have my body preserved as he has. I have exhibited as to have it eaten by worms. I know Guiteau's relatives would rather have the body in the hands of some one who would care for it than have it abandoned to the body-snatchers. I am told this firm, by their patent process, preserve meats and vegetables so that at the end of two years they appear as fresh as when new. Now, I propose, if there are any persons from this, to devote them to paying Guiteau's debt. If there is any left—say there was \$100,000—I will devote it to the amelioration of the condition of the insane, or to establish a fund to promote the mental punishment of criminals. When I told these parties that in case of his death there would have to be a post-mortem examination of his brain."

Mr. Scoville says he has received a few responses to his published appeal and some small contributions. It is the general opinion, however, that he will abandon the case if his motion is denied by Judge Cox on Friday.

BEFORE THE COURT. SCOVILLE PROCEEDS WITH HIS ARGUMENT FOR A NEW TRIAL.

Corkhill Denounces the Signatures as Forgeries, the Work of a Forger and a Thief.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—When Guiteau was brought into court to-day he requested permission to sit at his counsel's table, and Col. Corkhill, not objecting the court allowed him to do so. He commenced to address the court but was stopped by Judge Cox.

Scoville asked for more time, stating that a prominent member of the bar had promised to assist him next week. He also desired to make a new motion relative to additional grounds that he had discovered for asking a new trial. These grounds were unauthorized conversations with the jury by outside parties; and second subsequent admissions of an expert that he thought Guiteau insane, but did not say so for fear that it would injure him in his business and in public estimation. Scoville read affidavits sworn and subscribed to by himself, setting forth in detail the grounds stated. He had not prepared a formal motion, but presumed it would be sufficient if he should do so during the day.

Corkhill said the time for filing such motions and affidavits had expired. The matter was postponed until the motion before the court was disposed of. Scoville then read affidavits and other papers filed by him with his motion for a new trial.

Corkhill said he would prove the signatures base forgeries and read affidavits of members of the jury denying that they had bought a suit of clothing or any other paper during the trial. He also read affidavits to show Snyder a forger and thief, and unworthy of belief. He submitted the affidavits without argument.

The court said it would render a decision to-morrow and would now hear the argument.

Scoville then proceeded to argue in support of his motion for a new trial.

Query? Can curing a cough with Dr. Bull's cough syrup be called, bullying a cough?

THE LEADING SCIENTISTS OF TO-DAY agree that most diseases are caused by disordered kidneys or liver. If, therefore, the kidneys and liver are kept in perfect order, perfect health will be the result. This truth has long been known, and for years people suffered great agony without being able to find relief. The discovery of Warner's Kidney and Liver Cure made a new era in the treatment of these troubles. Made from a simple tropical leaf of rare value, it contains the elements necessary to nourish and invigorate both of these great organs, and safely cleanses the system. It is a POSITIVE REMEDY for all the diseases that originate in the lower part of the body—for Torpid Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Ague—Malarial Fever, and all difficulties of the Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs. It is an excellent and safe remedy for females during Pregnancy, it will control Menstruation and is invaluable for Leucorrhoea or Falling of the Womb. As a Blood Purifier it is unequalled, for it cures the itching humors of the blood. This Remedy, which has done such wonders, is put up in the LARGEST SIZED BOTTLE of any medicine, and is sold at 25c per bottle. For Diabetes, requiring the use of Insulin, it is a POSITIVE REMEDY. It is a POSITIVE REMEDY. H. H. WARNER & CO., Rochester, N. Y.

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STATEMENT OF THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK. F. S. WINSTON, President.

Table with columns: ASSETS, ANNUITY ACCOUNT, INSURANCE ACCOUNT, BALANCE SHEET.

NOTE.—If the New York Standard of four and a half per cent interest be used, the Surplus is over \$1,000,000.

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FOR SALE. BY Virtue of an order of the Superior Court of the State of New York, in the case of AINS KING and others against W. J. and A. Murray and others, I will offer for sale at the court house in Greenboro, N. C., at public auction, for cash, on Monday, the 14th day of February, 1882, at 12 o'clock M., eight (8) bonds of the county of Carter issued February 20th, 1860, each of \$500 due on February 20th, 1880, to each of which bonds coupons are attached for interest at 6 per cent from February 20th, 1875. Parties desiring further information an address my attorney, James R. Boyd, Esq., Greensboro, N. C. J. A. McCULLY, Receiver.

FOR SALE. A STOCK of first-class Drugs, that can be seen and examined at the store of W. F. Marvin, near the court house, on Trade street. Stock and fixtures will involve near Two Thousand Dollars. W. F. MARVIN, N. C. Lock Box 12, Charlotte, N. C.