The Charlotte Observer.

CHAS. R. JONES, Editor & Proprietor

[ENTERED AT THE POST-OFFICE AT CHARLOTTE, N. C., AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER.]

SATURDAY, FEB. 18, 1882.

Gold is nineteen times heavier than water and considerably scarcer.

Thomas Arthur, a St Louis horse trrder and cousin of the President, has just died of apoplexy.

Guano dealers in Greenville, S. C., are dissatisfied at the license imposed by the council of the town.

During the days of Secor Robeson $100,000,000 was expended on the outfit of our navy, "und vere ish dot nafy now?"

The industrial exposition now in progress in Charleston is a success. The attendance is good and is daily increasing.

Mrs. Garfield heartily denies the report that she had written a letter to the President, asking him to reprieve Guiteau.

It is stated that more small grain has and will be sown in Southwestern Georgia the present season than in any former period.

Since January 1, the shipment of specie from this country aggregate $5,752,020, of which $2,227,340 was gold, and the remainder ($1,524,680) silver.

A Raleigh telegram states that the North Carolina State Life Insurance Company has determined to wind up its affairs and go out of business. It is solvent.

According to a calculation made by M. Auguste Felsch, a theatre or concert hall lasts on an average only 22 years, and is then destroyed by fire.

A seedy looking man has been tramping about Belleville, Ill., for the past few days, declaring that he is the brother of Stonewall Jackson, the distinguished Southern soldier. Of course he is a fraud.

The State debt of Georgia is $9,726,600, which is being rapidly paid off. As an offset to this she owns the State road, worth from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000, and considerable other property.

Ashton Dwight Billings, aged 37, an actor of fair reputation, a native of Charleston, committed suicide by taking laudanum in New York last Monday, in a fit of melancholy, occasioned by the death of his wife and child.

The National Republican, of Washington, quotes General Leach as saying that he was an Old-line Henry Clay Whig, although he has been affiliating with the Democrats since the war, and that the liberal movement in the South is bound to succeed.

Ex-Postmaster James recently said: "The happiest moment of the last ten months was when I had resigned from the Cabinet and sat in the car bound for New York." And the happiest moment for the other fellow was when he got on the cars to take his place.

During the year just passed 322,934 tons of coal were mined in the State of Alabama. A few years ago the output could have been expressed in ciphers. This industry has progressed more rapidly than any other within the borders of the State.

Frank Conger, the business manager of the Republican, who ran away and left Clarence Barton to contend alone with two desperate men, is the son of Senator Conger, of Michigan. Senator's sons must "pan out" better than this or the stock will not be worth the breeding.

A grand ball, organized with the object of showing the variety and perfection to which the art of calico printing has arrived in Great Britain, was given a few nights ago in the Manchester Town Hall. There were about 1,200 guests, and all the ladies' dresses were made of British printed cotton.

Lynchburg Va. News: The local optionists have no friend in Mr. Riddleberger. He antagonizes all their measures and even opposes bills to prevent the sale of liquor near academies and colleges. They will have him to fight all the time, and they had as well make a note of it. He wants no temperance in his readjustment.

Senator Pendleton's house is said to be the most beautiful in Washington. It is wholly American in material, all the wood being pine, maple and poplar, polished and oiled so as to show the beautiful grains. There is not a marble mantle, nothing heavier than wood, simply carved in light, graceful designs.

During the year 1880 Sweeden exported 19,000,000 pounds avoirdupoise of matches. One firm employs 872 persons, of whom 339 are women. The match factories are so carefully protected against fire that they are insured for comparatively low premiums. The boxes to contain the matches are made by the prisoners in the jails at Stockholm.

Louisville Courier-Journal: Oscar Wilde was disappointed in the Atlantic ocean and Niagara Falls; but when he comes to Louisville and beholds Beargrass creek—its waters incarnadined by the slaughter houses and rendered spirituelle by the slops from the numerous distilleries—the intense yearning of his utterly æsthetic soul will be satisfied.

Ella Shore, who two years ago, in Summerset county, Maryland, at the age of 12 married her step-father, aged 65, was divorced from him on the 5th inst., and married a young man named Whyte, aged 17. She only lived four days with the old man, when her friends took her away and had the old chap arrested for misdemeanor. He was fined $500 and sent to jail, not being able to pay, but made his escape and left for parts unknown.

THE NEWS AND OBSERVER ON THE RAMPAGE.

The Raleigh News and Observer is ferociously indignant because the OBSERVER reproduced an article from the Statesville American in reply to charges against Dr. Mott, and indulges in a good deal of nonsense that hardly becomes a journal which regards itself as a sort of a model for the press of the State. We published the article, as we had the previous articles from the News and Observer which called forth the defense, and in the same paper published the comments of the News and Observer, that the two articles might go together. The article of the News and Observer had no head and we gave it one, on which the News and Observer places just the contrary construction to what was intended, and on this misconception it flies into a rage. Our meaning was that the article on which the News and Observer was commenting was not a "satisfactory" answer and never supposed that any other construction would be placed upon it. If it was our intention to enter into the discussion we should not have expressed our opinion in a head line simply. As to the "abuse" in the article of the American we attached very little importance to it, and didn't consider it worth while to rewrite it to eliminate the expletives etc., of the American; as far as having any sinister motive, which seems to be supposed, that never occurred to us. We have no desire to hurt the News and Observer, there is room enough in the world for it and the OBSERVER, and if we had we should not go to Statesville to borrow weapons to attack it.

This much we have written to relieve the News and Observer from its false impressions, and acquit the OBSERVER from the suspicion of desiring to injure it.

We will remark in conclusion that the editor of the News and Observer should not fly off at a tangent and let his choler get away with his sense, nor the accustomed dignity which he prides himself on wearing, and which as a rule characterizes his journalistic demeanor. It is the easiest thing in the world to write sharp words which might pass for sarcastic words, which might be regarded by some people as crushers, but it is not profitable. It is a waste of genius and shows bad taste, if not a small mind. It is too small a business for as great a mind as that which presides over the columns of the News and Observer, a mind distinguished for its eminent ability and marvelous vigor throughout the length and breadth of this commonwealth and perhaps the States adjacent thereto.

LIMITING THE TERM OF COLLECTORS.

The bill introduced Thursday in Congress limiting the term of collectors of internal revenue to four years has merit in it. In addition to other points in its favor it would have a tendency to prevent abuses and dishonesty in the administration of the office if the incumbent knew that at the end of four years he must step out and some one else would step in. It would be a decided check on the dishonestly disposed. When the office extends for an indefinite number of years, term after term with the same incumbent, there is ample time to cover up much of the devilment that is not forgotten. Men who remain in office a long time are apt to become lax if they are not absolutely corrupt. The four year limitation is a good move.

Randall in the Augusta Chronicle: Congressmen complain that the raid upon them for garden seed having about spent the first fury of its violence, they are passing through another stage of the nuisance in a wild appeal for vaccine points. They say that even this might be endurable if it were not supplemented with requests for spectacles, stomach supporters and almost everything known to man. It is something of a purgatorial bore, but when nominating time comes around what herculean efforts are made by the sufferers to prolong their agony! Perhaps it is common to all humanity. We curse or bewail our lot, but stick to it as long as it pays or as long as we are permitted, taking the floating spoils as Jack Pevy did the two biscuits instead of the corn cake, because he "liked 'em as well as any man in the world and got 'em as sildom." This is one of our Representative's famous illustrations, and I have used it for lack of a better.

The friends of Captain Howgate, the signal service embezzler, claim that a forthcoming itemized account will implicate many others in various degrees of criminality. Names are withheld for the present. This is how, remarks the St. Louis News, that radical reformers, when they are found out, always try to intimidate the prosecuting officers and witnesses. This is why the star-route prosecutions are delayed and all inquiries into the rascalities of Hayes' administration are defeated.

Oscar Wilde was disappointed with the Atlantic ocean. Sorry to hear this. We thought the Atlantic was a success. When some more oceans are built we'll have one constructed after Oscar's notion, if he will tell us just how he would like to have it done. May be he will like our other ocean, the Pacific, better.

The man who expects to adjust the rope around Guiteau's neck is named Robert Strong. He has had enough practice to make him proficient. He says that, though Guiteau seems brave now, he expects to see him die like a cur.

Weather.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Middle Atlantic, much cooler and fair weather, higher pressure.

South Atlantic, fair weather, winds shifting to north-easterly, lower temperature and higher pressure.

Gulf, fair weather, southerly winds becoming variable, stationary or lower temperature, stationary pressure.

Cautious Buyers and Sellers.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The Manchester Guardian in its commercial article this Morning says the market remains unchanged, buyers and sellers acting cautiously.

IN CONGRESS.

The Senate is Asked for Various Appropriations and again Dodges the Pension Arrears Bill.

The House after Long, Discordant and Excited Discussion Passes the Apportionment Bill, on a Basis of 325.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—SENATE—Coke reported favorably from the committee on commerce, a bill introduced by him on the previous day appropriating one hundred thousand dollars to improve the harbor of Galveston, Texas, and urged its immediate consideration.

Ingalls insisted upon the regular order, but later in the morning, Coke reiterated his appeal, and the bill was considered and passed.

Jones, of Florida, reported from the committee on public buildings a bill to authorize the secretary of the treasury to erect a public building in Key West, Fla.

The bill authorizing the payment of assignees of claims of the census bureau employees out of the recent deficiency appropriation was passed.

Bills were introduced by Kellogg providing for the following appropriations: For the improvement of the river front of New Orleans, $300,000; Onachita river, $50,000; Red river, above Shreveport, $50,000; Baya La Fourche, $75,000; Bayou Teche, $50,000; Calcasieu river, $50,000; deepening the channel at Chafalaya river, $30,000; building lock at the mouth of Bayou Playnsmine, $25,000; building postoffice and court house at Shreveport, $25,000; building court house and postoffice at Opelousas, $25,000; custom house and postoffice at Morgan City, $15,000.

The calendar was then proceeded with.

Two bills for the relief of individuals were passed, when, at 1:40, the doors closed for executive business.

At 4:30, the doors re-opened when the pension arrears resolution was taken up and laid over as unfinished business, and the Senate adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE.—Owing to the great confusion which existed at the close of yesterday's session there were several corrections made of the Congressional Record after which the speaker announced the regular order of business to be a motion to lay on the table the motion submitted at the close of yesterday's session, by Springer, of Illinois, to reconsider the vote by which the House rejected the amendment offered to the apportionment bill by Colerick, (Ind.) providing that in case the legislature of any State whose representation is changed shall fail to re-district the State before the time fixed for the election of representatives the Governor shall be authorized to call a special election.

The motion to table the motion to reconsider was carried—yeas 130, nays 114.

The question then recurred on the substitute for the whole bill, submitted by Colerick, of Indiana, and which fixes the representation at 316.

Cox demanded the yeas and nays, and the tellers for the yeas and nays having been ordered, the Speaker appointed Cox and Prescott as such tellers, but Cox declined to serve in that capacity with his colleague. The substitute was rejected—yeas 94, nays 154.

A substitute offered by Joyce, of Vermont, providing for a House of 365, was rejected without a division.

The question then recurred on the substitute offered by Page, of California, providing that the House shall be composed of 3 9 members. This Page desired to withdraw, but it was the number favored by the Democrats. Objection was made. It was, however, rejected. Yeas 99, nays 148.

The previous question was ordered on the final passage of the bill and it passed without division. The text of the bill is as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That after the third of March, 1883, the House of Representatives shall be composed of 325 members, to be apportioned among the several States as follows:

Alabama	8	Mississippi	7
Arkansas	5	Missouri	14
California	6	Nebraska	3
Colorado	1	Nevada	1
Connecticut	4	New Hampshire	2
Delaware	1	New Jersey	7
Florida	2	New York	34
Georgia	10	North Carolina	9
Illinois	20	Ohio	21
Indiana	13	Oregon	1
Iowa	11	Pennsylvania	28
Kansas	7	Rhode Island	2
Kentucky	11	South Carolina	7
Louisiana	6	Tennessee	10
Maine	4	Texas	11
Maryland	6	Vermont	2
Massachusetts	12	Virginia	10
Michigan	11	West Virginia	4
Minnesota	5	Wisconsin	9

Section 2. That whenever a new State is admitted into the Union the representative or representatives assigned to it shall be in addition to the number three hundred and twenty five.

Section 3. That in each State entitled under this apportionment the number to which such State may be entitled in the forty-eighth and each subsequent congress shall be elected by districts composed of continguous territory and containing as nearly as practicable an equal number of inhabitants and equal number of representatives to which such State may be entitled in Congress, no one district electing more than one representative, provided that unless the legislature of such State shall otherwise provide before the election of such representatives shall take place as provided by law, where no change shall be hereby made in the representation of a State, the representatives thereof to the Forty-eighth Congress shall be elected therein as now provided by law. If the number as hereby provided for shall be larger than it was before this change then the additional representative or representatives allowed to said State under this apportionment may be elected by the State at large and other representatives to which the States is entitled by districts as now prescribed by law in said State, and if the number hereby provided for shall in any State be less than it was before the change hereby made, then the whole number to such State hereby provided for shall be elected at large unless the Legislatures of said States have provided or shall otherwise provide before the time fixed by law for the next election of representatives therein. All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

The morning hour having been dispensed with, the House at 3.30 went into committee of the whole with Horr, of Michigan, in the chair, upon the private calendar.

The first bill on the calendar was one authorizing the restoration of Thomas Little to the army with the rank of Captain. The report shows that Little was courtmartialed on a charge of conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman and on this ground McCook, of New York, protested against his restoration to the army. The House had last Friday passed a bill restoring Capt. Kirby to the army, and he wanted to raise his voice against the policy which was then pursued.

Upton of Texas supported the bill. The charge upon which Captain Little had been dismissed was ridicuious and frivolous, and nothing more than the offspring of prejudice against volunteer officers. The charge against him was that he had been seen on the public street with a common woman. While he, Upton, did not desire to lower the high standard of morality in the army, he would like to have some one point out a person who could cast the first stone. There was no other charge against the officer, though he bore scars received in the service of his country before dismissal from the army.

McCook read extracts from the review of Judge Advocate General McKee Dunn of the case of Thos. Little, commenting severely upon the conduct of that officer, and recommending that the finding of the court-martial be confirmed.

He then sent to the clerk's desk to have read, an affidavit of Thomas Little, relative to the charge made against him and which was taken from the files of the War Department. The language of the affidavit was so gross that many ladies left the galleries and the reading was stopped by objections from Springer, of Illinois, and Moore, of Tennessee, on the ground that it was obscene and it was stricken from the record. The affidavit, however, had its effect and by an overwhelming vote the enacting clause of the bill was stricken out, thus defeating the measure.

The next next bill was one authorizing the President to place Wm. P. Chambliss, late Major of the 4th Cavalry, upon the retired list. On this bill the Democrats refrained from voting, thus leaving the committee without a quorum, whereupon the committee arose.

The recommendation of the committee as to the bill relative to Thomas Little was agreed to by the House and the enacting clause was stricken out.

Valentine, chairman of the committee on agriculture, reported the agricultural appropriation bill. Referred to committee of the whole. It appropriates $392,480, being $66,770 less than asked for and $119,980 more than the appropriation for the current year.

The Speaker laid before the House a message from the President in further compliance with the House resolution calling for the correspondence respecting the war on the Pacific, transmitting a report of the Secretary of State and accompanying documents. Referred. Also a letter from the Secretary of War transmitting the progress report of the Mississippi River Commission. Referred.

The House then, after several roll calls, at 5:30 adjourned.

Sad Affair in Alamance.

Durham Plant.

A friend furnishes some details of the following, to which we add a few particulars learned elsewhere.

On the first of December last a party of friends assembled at the residence of Mrs. Robinson, in the Cedar Cliff section, to witness the marriage of her daughter, Miss Dora Robinson to Mr. John Bivens.

The table was spread, the bride attired, and ready with her attendants, but the groom tarried! And not until next day was an explanation received; a note stated that he was not ready for entering into matrimony.

Negotiations ensued, and on the 26th of January, the wedding came off at the same place and everything went merry as wedding bells should. Both bride and groom were popular in the neighborhood, and the old people thought well of them. They made their home with Mr. Bivens's father, and apparently were as happy as young married folks should be.

On Sunday morning, before daybreak, Feb. 5th, ten days after the wedding, the husband slipped out of bed, and creeping down stairs got a sum of money, pulled off his stockings, and put on his boots, and going to the stable, took his horse and galloped two miles to the house of a friend. Leaving his horse in the yard, he walked to Newlin's mill dam and started into the water; but presently came out, and walked up the bank to a spot where the water is 15 feet deep. The river was much swollen at the time.

Biven's was missed at daybreak, and easily tracked to the water's edge. The search was carried on by several hundred citizens of the vicinity; and the mill dam repeatedly dragged. The affair is deemed a specially sad one by those who know the parties.—Farmer and Mechanic.

The body of Mr. Bivens has not been found in Newlin's pond, and probably never will be. The story of the drowning appears to be all a hoax, and the supposed victim has doubtless fled to parts unknown. He will likely turn up in some distant State.

Lewis Makes his Little Casting Vote Tell.

RICHMOND, Feb. 17.—In the Senate to-day Winyard, of Hanover (a dissatisfied Republican) who has heretofore voted with the Democrats voted with the Readjusters, making a tie of 18 on several votes. Lieut. Gov. Lewis was in the chair and by his casting vote decided everything in favor of the Readjusters.

Eleven Dead and Sixty or More Injured.

CHESTER, Feb. 17.—Eleven are the total deaths from the explosion at the fire here; 60 or more are injured, 25 or 30 seriously.

IT SEEMS IMPOSSIBLE

that a remedy made of such common, simple plants as Hops, Buchu, Mandrake, Dandelion, &c., should make so many and such great cures as Hop Bitters do; but when old and young, rich and poor, pastor and doctor, lawyer and editor, all testify to having been cured by them, you must believe and try them yourself, and doubt them no longer.

HOW TO GET WELL.

Thousands of persons are constantly troubled with a combination of diseases. Diseased kidneys and costive bowels are their tormentors. They should know that Kidney-Wort acts on these organs at the same time, causing them to throw off the poisons that have clogged them, and so renewing the whole man. Hundreds testify to this.—Pittsburgh Post.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretion of youth, nervous weakness, early decay oss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE of CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

The leading Scientists of To-day agree that most diseases are caused by disordered Kidneys or Liver. If, therefore, the Kidneys and Liver are kept in perfect order, perfect health will be the result. This truth has only been known a short time and for years people suffered great agony without being able to find relief. The discovery of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure marks a new era in the treatment of these troubles. Made from a simple tropical leaf of rare value, it contains just the elements necessary to nourish and invigorate both of these great organs, and safely restore and keep them in order. It is a POSITIVE REMEDY for all the diseases that cause pains in the lower part of the body—for Torpid Liver—Headaches—Jaundice—Dizziness—Gravel—Fever, Ague—Malarial Fever, and all difficulties of the Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs.

It is an excellent and safe remedy for females during Pregnancy. It will control Menstruation and is invaluable for Leucorrhœa or Falling of the Womb.

As a Blood Purifier it is unequalled, for it cures the organs that MAKE the blood.

This Remedy, which has done such wonders, is put up in the LARGEST SIZED BOTTLE of any medicine upon the market, and is sold by druggists and all dealers at $1.25 per bottle. For Diabetes, enquire for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. It is a POSITIVE Remedy.

H. H. WARNER & CO., Rochester, N. Y.

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Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys and Children

CANNOT FAIL TO BE SUITED IN

OUR STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES

FOR THE FALL AND WINTER TRADE.

WE guarantee that every pair of SHOES we sell shall be found just as represented, and shall allow no house to give you better goods than we do for the money. Our stock has been carefully selected with a view to the wants of all classes of customers, and comprises a full line of beautiful and seasonable goods, of the very best quality and all grades, from the finest French Kid Button Boot to the Heaviest Brogan. If you wish to get your boots and shoes to suit you and at the lowest possible prices, you cannot do better than at our store. Give us a call.

A. E. RANKIN & BRO.,

Central Hotel Block, Trade Street.

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Declined the Services of Ministers.

INDIANA, Penn., Feb. 17.—James Allison was hanged in the jail yard here to-day. He refused the services of all ministers and on the gallows avowed himself innocent of the crime for which he was about to be hanged. The drop fell at 11:02, and at 11:19 he was pronounced dead. His neck was broken and he died without a struggle.

Another Coal Mine Explosion---Forty Bodies Taken Out, and Forty More Locked Up in the Earth.

LONDON, Feb. 17th.—Forty bodies have been recovered from a colliery at Trindon Grange, near Durham, where an explosion occurred yesterday. It is feared that the forty men still remaining in the pit are dead.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

FEBRUARY 17, 1882.

PRODUCE.

BALTIMORE—Noon—Flour quiet and dull, except for city mills; Howard street and Western super $3.75@$4.75; extra $5.00@$5.85; family $6.20@$7.25; city mills, super $4.00@$5.00; extra $5.00@$6.00; Rio brands $6.75; Patapsco family $8.00. Wheat—Southern nominal; Western easier and fairly active; Southern red $1.30@$1.32; amber $1.33@$1.35; No. 1 Maryland $1.34; No. 2 Western winter red spot, February ——; March $1.31⅛@$1.31½; April $1.34¼@$1.34½; May $1.35⅝@$1.35¾; June $1.34½@$1.35; July $1.20½@$1.21¼. Corn—Southern easier; Western inactive and steady; Southern white 73@74; Southern yellow 67@67½.

BALTIMORE—Night—Oats dull; Southern 47@50; Western white 48@50; mixed 46@47; Pennsylvania 48@50. Provisions—steady and quiet; mess pork $18.50@$18.75. Bulk meats—shoulders and clear rib sides, packed 7¾@10½. Bacon—shoulders 8¾; clear rib sides 11¼; hams 13¼@14. Lard—refined 12½. Coffee—strong; Rio cargoes—ordinary to fair 8½@9¾. Sugar—stronger; A soft 9⅜. Whiskey—dull, at $1.19@$1 20. Freights firm.

NEW YORK—Southern flour, steady and fairly active; common to fair extra $5.30@$6.80; good to choice extra $6.90@$8.00. Wheat—opened ¼@1½c better, but subsequently lost the advance and declined ¾@1c, and closing firm with the decline fully recovered; ungraded spring $1.33@$1.39; ungraded red $1.20@$1.35½; No. 2 red, February $1.34¼@$1.35; March $1.35@$1.35⅜. Corn—cash lots higher and strong, options lower and closing stronger; ungraded 63@69; Southern yellow 68; No. 2, February 67; March 67¾@68⅛. Oats—higher and active; No. 3, 48¼@48½. Hops—unchanged and quiet; Yearlings 12@22. Coffee—unchanged and demand light; Rio 8½@11⅛. Sugar—dull and unchanged; fair to good refining quoted at 7⅛; refined quiet and firm; Standard A 8¾. Molasses—quiet and steady. Rice—firm and in fair demand. Rosin—unchanged, at $2 27½@$2.35. Turpentine—dull and weak, at 52. Wool—quiet and steady; Domestic fleece 36@48; Texas 14@31. Pork—held a shade higher and the trade only moderate, at $16.75@$17.00. Middles—quiet and unsettled and prices unchanged; long clear 9⅝; short ——. Lard—opened lower, but subsequently recovered and closed a shade stronger and less doing, at $11.00. Freights to Liverpool market quiet and firm.

COTTON.

GALVESTON—Nominal; middling 11¼c; low middling 10¼c; good ordinary 10¼c; net receipts 396; gross 396; sales 100; stock 74,208; exports coastwise ——; to Great Britain ——; to continent ——; to France ——; to channel ——.

Weekly—net rec'pts 5,466; gross 5,516; sales 1,610; exports coastwise 439; to Great Britain 8,252; to continent ——; France ——; to channel 2,931.

NORFOLK—Steady, middling 11⅜c; net receipts 6,114; gross ——; stock 52,374, exports coastwise ——; sales ——, exports to Great Britain ——; to continent ——.

Weekly—net rec'ts 12,299; gross ——; sales 2,883; coastwise 6,843; Great Britain 12,268; channel ——; continent ——; France ——.

BALTIMORE—Steady, middling 11½c, low middling 11; good ordinary 10⅛; net receipts ——; gross 100, sales 360, stock 38,038; exports coastwise ——; spinners ——; exports to Great Britain ——; to continent ——.

Weekly—net receipts 302; gross 2,662; sales 632; spinners 317; exports Great Britain ——; coastwise ——; continent 100.

BOSTON—Dull middling 11⅝c; low middling 11c; good ordinary 10¼c; net receipts 1,038; gross 2,064, sales ——; stock 9,827, exports to Great Britain ——; to France ——.

Weekly net rec'ts 4,025; gross 11,928; sales ——; exports to Great Britain 2,138.

WILMINGTON—Quiet, middling 11¼c; low middling 10 13-16c, good ord's 9 15 16c; rec'pts 81; gross ——; sales ——; stock 6,648; exports coastwise ——; to Great Britain ——; to continent ——.

Weekly—net receipts 1,400; gross ——; exports coastwise 1,710; to Great Britain 2,414; to continent ——.

PHILADELPHIA—Firm; middling 11⅜c, low middling 11⅛c; good ordinary 10¼c; net receipts 15 gross ——; sales ——; spinners ——; stock ——; exports Great Britain ——; to continent ——.

Weekly—net receipts 253; gross 375; sales 100; spinners 51; coastwise ——; continent ——; to Great Britain 510; stock 18,156.

SAVANNAH—Quiet; middling 11⅛c; low middling 10⅝c; good ordinary 9⅞c; net receipts 1,068; gross ——; sales 1,600; stock 83,611; exports coastwise ——; to Great Britain ——; to France ——; to continent ——.

Weekly—net receipts 8,836; gross 8,858; sales 10,000; exports to Great Britain ——; France ——; coastwise 10,800; continent ——.

NEW ORLEANS—Steady; middling 11⅜c; low middling 11c; good ordinary 10⅜c; net receipts 3,571; gross 4,566; sales 7,500; stock 368,956; exports to Great Britain ——; to France ——; coastwise ——; to continent ——.

Weekly—net receipts 21,244; gross 26,716; sales 30,250; exports Great Britain 22,175; channel ——; coastwise 3,537; France ——; continent 2,987.

MOBILE—Steadier; middling 11¼c; low middling 10⅞c; good ordinary 10¼c; net receipts 211; gross ——; sales 500; stock 39,439; exports coast ——; France ——; to Great Britain ——; to continent ——.

Weekly—net receipts 3,465; gross 3,504; sales 2,650; exports to Great Britain ——; coastwise 4,901; France ——.

MEMPHIS—Steady; middling 11¼c; low middling 10⅞c; good ordinary 10¼c; net receipts 817; gross ——; shipments 768; sales 1,950; stock 90,812.

Weekly—net receipts 3,633; gross 3,865; shipments 5,145; sales 5,050.

AUGUSTA—Dull; middling 10¾c; low middling 10¼c; good ordinary 10c; receipts 386; shipments 2,211; sales 368.

Weekly—net rec'ts 2,068; shipm't 2,206; sales 1,724; spinners ——; stock ——.

CHARLESTON—Firm; middling 11½c; low middling 11⅛c; good ordinary 10¼c; net receipts 1,131; gross ——; sales 2,000; stock 61,237; exports coastwise ——; to Great Britain ——; to continent ——; to France ——; to channel ——.

Weekly—net receipts 6,219; gross ——; sales 5,200; coastwise 3,331; continent 3,198; Great Britain 3,170; to France ——.

NEW YORK—Firm; sales ——; middling uplands 11⅝c; middling orleans 11⅞c; consolidated net receipts ——; exports to Great Britain ——; to France ——; to continent ——; to channel ——.

Weekly—net rec'ts 3,317; gross 24,071; exp'ts to Great Britain 2,942; France 556; continent 2,082; sales 6,502; stock 348,557.

MONTGOMERY—Steady; middling 10⅞c; low middling 10⅜c; good ordinary 9¾c; receipts 389; shipments 489; stock, present year, 7,624; stock, last year, 11,283; sales 489.

MACON—Dull; middling 10¾c; low middling 10⅜c; good ordinary 9½c; receipts 221; sales 534; stock, present year, 8,875; stock, last year, 9,296; shipments 1,018.

COLUMBUS—Dull; middling 10¾c; low middling 10⅜c; good ordinary 9½c; receipts 758; shipments 10,980; sales 619; spinners 200; stock 19,140; ex. Great Britain ——; coastwise ——.

NASHVILLE—Steady; middling 10⅞c; low middling 10⅜c; good middling 9½c; net receipts 634; shipments 288; sales 580; spinners ——; stock, present year, 10,744; stock, last year, 18,088.

PORT ROYAL, S. C.—Weekly—net receipts 130; stock 512; exports to Great Britain ——; coastwise 765; sales ——.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Weekly—net receipts 274; stock 600; sales 1,200.

SELMA, ALA.—Dull; middling 11c. Weekly—receipts 402; shipments 939; stock, present year, 7,290.

ROME, GA.—Dull; middling 10¾c; low middling 10¼c; good ordinary 9c. Weekly receipts 896; shipments 172; stock 5,888.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.

Net receipts at all United States ports during week	71,295
Same week last year	144,747
Total receipts to this date	3,011,420
Same date last year	4,336,267
Exports for the week	66,652
Same week last year	110,332
Total exports to this date	2,142,959
Same date last year	2,765,333
Stock at all United States ports	1,112,709
Same time last year	805,049
Stock at all interior towns	183,116
Same time last year	157,884
Stock at Liverpool	700,000
Same time last year	718,000
Stock of American afloat for Great Britain	222,000
Same time last year	308,000

LIVERPOOL—Noon—Steady; middling uplands 6 7-16d; middling orleans 6⅝d; sales 10,000; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 10,600; American 7,300. Uplands low middling clause: February delivery 6 7-16d; February and March 6 7-16d; March and April 6 7-16d@6 15-32d; April and May 6½d@6 17-32d; May and June 6 9 16d@6 19 32d; June and July 6⅝d@6 21 32d; July and August 6 11-16d@6 23-32d; August and September ——. Futures steady.

LIVERPOOL—5 P. M.—Sales of American cotton 7,300 bales. Uplands low middling clause: February delivery ——; February and March 6 15-32d; March and April ——; April and May ——; May and June ——; June and July ——; July and August 6¾d; August and September 6 13-16d@6 25-32d. Futures closed barely steady.

Sales for the week	58,000
American	46,500
Speculation	1,520
Export	3,500
Actual exports	5,700
Forwarded from ships' sides	
Imports	114,000
American	75,000
Stock	700,000
American	497,000
Afloat	382,000
American	222,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON CIRCULAR.

This week's circular of the Liverpool Cotton Brokers' Association, says: "Cot on was unsettled and irregular, with a limited demand. Quotations are generally reduced. American was unsettled and after declining ¼d closed 1-16d below last week, except for all ordinary and middling fair Texas and orleans, which are unchanged. Futures were depressed and declined fully ½d. They have since been steadier and partially recovered, closing 1-16d lower.

The Liverpool Cotton Brokers' Association have resolved to henceforth officially recognize transactions in futures in 1 actions of sixty-fourths.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK—Net receipts 1,045; gross 4,065. Futures closed firm; sales 122,000 bales.

February	11.56@.58
March	11.62@.63
April	11.79@.00
May	11.94@.95
June	12.10@.11
July	12.24@.00
August	12.34@.35
September	11.88@.90
October	11.36@.37
November	11.24@.25
December	11.26@.28
January	

The Evening Post's Cotton Market Report says: Future deliveries at the first call advanced 2 to 3 points, and afterwards gained another 5 to 6 points, then the market sold down and prices declined 6 to 7 points. The third call displayed a good demand and a slight advance; 11.58 was refused for February. March brought 11.60; April 11.77; May 11.92 and .91; June 12.08; July 12.21 and .22; September 11.89; October 11.34 and .35; December 11.26.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK.

Exchange	4.84
Government—strong	
New 5's	1.01⅞
Four and a half per cents	1.14½
Four per cents	1.17⅞
Money	5@3
State bonds—dull, but a fraction higher	
Sub-treasury balances—Gold	$81,478,954
" " —Currency	4,669,338

STOCKS.—11 A. M.—The market opened firm, and ¼@1½ per cent higher than yesterday's closing quotations, the latter for the Richmond & Allegheny, while the Hannibal & St. Joseph preferred was 4¼, common 4 and Memphis & Charleston 2¼ per cent higher. In early dealings the market recorded a general advance of ¼@1¼ per cent, the latter for the Nashville & Chattanooga, while Hannibal & St. Joseph preferred advanced 4 per cent, to 1,02. Subsequently a decline of ¼@2 per cent took place, the Louisville & Nashville, Denver & Rio Grande and Wabash preferred being prominent in the decline, while the Hannibal & St. Joseph preferred fell off 5 per cent, to 97. At 11 o'clock there was a fractional improvement.

STOCKS—Irregular and closing firm:

Alabama—Class A, 2 to 5	80
Alabama—Class A, small	80
Alabama—Class B, 5's	99½
Alabama—Class C, 4's	84
Chicago and Northwestern	1.33⅞
Chicago and Northwestern preferred	1.42
Erie	39⅛
East Tennessee	13¼
Georgia	1.67
Illinois Central	1.34⅝
Lake Shore	1.11
Louisville and Nashville	86⅛
Memphis and Charleston	68
Nashville and Chattanooga	75½
New York Central	1.30⅝
Pittsburg	1.81
Richmond and Allegheny	27
Richmond and Danville	2.23½
Rock Island	1.37¾
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific	23
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific preferr'd	50¾
Western Union	79¾

CITY COTTON MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, CHARLOTTE, February 18, 1882.

The market yesterday closed quiet at the following quotations:

Good Middling	11¼
Strictly middling	11⅛
Middling	11
Strict low middling	10⅞
Low middling	10⅝
Tinges	9¼@9⅝
Storm cotton	5⅞@8⅞

RECEIPTS FOR THE WEEK ENDED FRIDAY, 17th.

Saturday	44 bales
Monday	41 "
Tuesday	78 "
Wednesday	32 "
Thursday	30 "
Friday	118 "
Total bales	343

BURGESS NICHOLS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

ALL KINDS OF

FURNITURE,

BEDDING, &C.

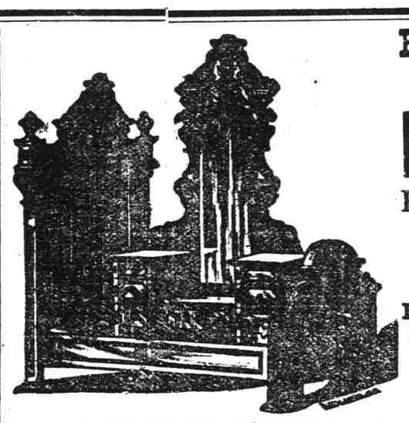
A FULL LINE OF

Cheap Bedsteads,

AND LOUNGES,

Parlor & Chamber Suits.

COFFINS OF ALL KINDS ON HAND.



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W. T. BLACKWELL & CO.

Durham, N. C.

Manufacturers of the Original and Only Genuine

TRADE MARK.

DURHAM TOBACCO

Our claim for merit is based upon the fact that a chemical analysis proves that the tobacco grown in our section is better adapted to make a GOOD, PURE, satisfactory smoke than ANY OTHER tobacco grown in the world; and being situated in the HEART of this fine tobacco section, WE have the PICK of the offerings. The public appreciate this; hence our sales EXCEED the products of ALL the leading manufactories combined. ☞ None genuine unless it bears the trade-mark of the Bull.

Mar 22 1y

Miscellaneous.

WE S.S.S. MARK

Cures SYPHILIS in any stage. CATARRH, ECZEMA, OLD SORES, PIMPLES, BOILS, or ANY SKIN DISEASE.

TRADE S.S.S.

CURES SCROFULA AND RHEUMATISM, MERCURIAL or SYPHILITIC.

CURES WHEN ALL OTHER REMEDIES FAIL!!!

If you doubt, come to see us, and we will CURE YOU.

or charge nothing!!!

Write for particulars, and a copy of the little