

The Memphis authorities are enforcing the law against carrying deadly weapons.

New Orleans is discussing the subject of having schools for nurses similar to those in New York.

President Arthur has nominated the notorious mulatto Pinchback as collector of customs at New Orleans.

The nomination of Conkling is giving the Republicans trouble in Ohio, the Garfield men construing it as affront.

Dr. Gross, of Philadelphia, under whose treatment Senator Hill, of Georgia, has been said, that the Senator is entirely cured.

The Chinese minister at Washington enjoys society much, while his wife remains at home shut up in her room and busies herself tacking up the intricacies of the Median language.

The Atlanta Post-Appeal publishes the statement on what it calls reliable authority that Hon. A. H. Stephens will retire from public life at the close of his present term in Congress.

A prominent citizen of Salt Lake asserts that Brigham Young is still alive, and that his pretended death was a trick to impose upon the faithful, it being the intention to raise Brigham from the dead when the anticipated crisis arrives among the brethren.

Senator Brown, of Georgia, don't believe Chinamen ought to be deprived of the privilege of coming to this country by the thousand or million. Perhaps if Mr. Brown represented one of the Pacific States he might hold different views.

NO ABATEMENT.

ANOTHER BREAK INUNDATES MORE LAND.

Railroad Travel Stopped and Hundreds of Families Living on Rafts—Watching the Levees at New Orleans.

Bayou Saylor, La., March 10.—Point Coupee levee has not affected the stand of water here yet, although there is a fearful mass of water coming from the river at this point. The levee is still giving way rapidly as it is all of green earth and crumbles as fast as the water pushes against it. The gap is now about 1,000 feet wide, and the water, as it goes through, is about ten feet deep, but is rapidly digging deeper and spreading far and wide over the country and will overflow a part of this parish and all of West Baton Rouge and portions of Assumption, Iberville, St. Mary, Iberia and Terrebonne, the richest district in Louisiana. The False River and Gross Tete country will be soon inundated and the loss of property and suffering of the people will be terrible. Maj. H. C. Brown, State engineer, says it is useless to attempt to stop the crevasse. The people of Bayou Saylor are making a noble fight against the flood. All the stores are closed and every man is at work upon the levees which protect the place, while the draining machine is working about a few feet pressure.

Passengers from below report a break in the levee eleven and a half miles above Friars Point, Miss. The break occurred yesterday, and although Friars Point will be overflowed from the break it will not suffer by the river rushing through as at Austin.

New Orleans, March 10.—The New Orleans, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad is again submerged and it is impassable in the neighborhood of Water Valley, La. The overflow has assumed alarming proportions, inundating all that section of the country. The trains are unable to proceed further north than Coffeyville station, this side of Water Valley, and the boats, which were just arrived from Red River, report 250 families below Alexandria living on rafts and in a deplorable condition. He thinks the State should send them rations at once, or that some private provision could be made to relieve their great misery.

The levees along the New Orleans city front are inspected daily, well guarded, weak points strengthened and every precaution taken to prevent a break. The same precautions are taken all along the line from Baton Rouge to the Gulf.

Favoring a Reduction of \$70,000,000.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 10.—It is understood that the sub-committee of the House committee on ways and means have virtually agreed upon a bill reducing the internal revenue tax on whisky and cigars, and removing the tax entirely from a number of articles embraced in schedule "A."

The total amount of the reduction in internal revenue to be effected by the bill is estimated at about seventy million dollars.

The bill will probably be reported to the full committee next Tuesday.

Secretary Folger contemplates issuing Friday next a call for bonds, continuing for the amount of \$15,000,000 payable in three payments of about \$5,000,000 each on the 8th, 10th and 17th of May next.

A Georgia Railroad Decision.

ATLANTA, March 10.—The Attorney General's decision as to the validity of the Western & Atlantic lease bonds is based on the fact that the Railroad companies signing had no right to enter into their charters except by the unanimous consent of the stockholders. President Wadley, of the Central Railroad holds that his road is not bound by the signatures, and protests have been made by stockholders of each road. The shares in the lease are held by various parties and the total amount of value one million dollars. About \$600,000 of income bonds based on earnings of the lease are yet outstanding. The lessees will contest the Attorney General's decision in the courts.

Weather.

Middle States—slightly colder, fair weather, higher barometer and north-westerly winds.

South Atlantic—winds shifting to northerly with rising barometer, slight fall in temperature, and fair weather.

Gulf—northeast to southeast winds and partly cloudy weather, local rains on the coast, rising followed by falling barometer, and slight changes in temperature.

Senate Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The Senate today confirmed the following nominations: Rufus Ingalls, to be Quartermaster General; Walter H. Johnson, Chief of Internal Revenue, second district of Georgia.

Meeting of Oklahoma Spinners.

OLDHAM, March 10.—At yesterday's meeting of the Master Spinners' association it was stated that it was likely that the short time movement in East Lancashire would be abandoned. The repeal of the India Import duties will have an influence on production.

IN CONGRESS.

THE SENATE CHIEFLY OCCUPIED IN DISCUSSING THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC COMMISSION BILL, WHICH IS PASSED.

The House takes up the Private Calendar, Passes the Senate Bill for the use of Government Vessels to Distribute Rations on the Flood, and, at last, hears a Report about the Arrest of American Citizens in Mexico.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—SENATE.—Brown, of Georgia, presented a memorial from the merchants, bankers and other prominent citizens of Atlanta for an adequate appropriation for improvement of the harbor at Savannah. He subsequently introduced a bill appropriating \$50,000 for this purpose.

He briefly argued the commercial importance of that port and its natural advantage as an outlet for the products of the south and West. He gave notice of a bill appropriating the amount asked for this year to continue improvement of the harbor.

Morgan, from the committee on foreign relations, reported a concurrent resolution requesting the President to bring to the attention of the government a Nicaraguan claim, arising from a settlement of all unadjusted claims existing between the government of the United States and the government of Nicaragua and claims of citizens of the United States against the government of Nicaragua.

The resolution was adopted after an explanation by Morgan in reply to Morill that the amount of claims in favor of citizens of the United States, ranged from \$3,000,000 to \$5,000,000, and the resolution did not cover counter claims of the citizens of Nicaragua.

Vest offered a resolution directing the Secretary of War to use steamers and other vessels belonging to or now employed by the government on the Mississippi and its tributaries in the transportation and distribution of rations and supplies furnished to sufferers by the recent overflow, and providing for the necessary expense thereof. Vest explained that there was a necessity of getting supplies to points in the interior remote from Memphis and points on the Mississippi, and that small boats were required for this purpose. Hundreds of sufferers were on the point of starvation and the people of the West and South were really depending for their relief. The object now was to render certain boats under control of the government, engineer corps available.

Coolwell had read a telegram from the Merchants' Exchange of St. Louis, urging that the assistance of the government be continued in view of the discouraging reports received from the inundated districts. The resolution passed.

Davis reported back the fortifications appropriation bill without amendment.

Bills were introduced by Brown, appropriating \$350,000 for the improvement of the Mississippi and other rivers. Jones, of Louisiana, offered a resolution calling for an estimate of the expense of permanently closing what are known as Albans, Hervey's, Sale, Murphy's and Koutz's canals, being outlets of the False River above Shreveport, La. Adopted.

The bill for a commission on the alcoholic liquor traffic which again came up on the calendar was discussed upon pending amendments.

Bayard said the suppression of pure alcohol, which would increase the use of opiates and drugs, that such had been the experience of the medical profession. He moved an amendment to include an inquiry on this point among others to be assigned to the commission.

The bill was then reported to the Senate by the committee of the whole and Jones, of Florida, argued against the power of Congress to regulate or interfere with the liquor traffic of the States.

Sherman replied that the bill did not propose any interference with the license or sale in States, but merely instituted an inquiry as to the best mode of dealing with the evils growing out of the traffic in alcoholic liquors.

Maxey corroborated and elaborated the views of Sherman.

The number of the commission was fixed at 7 in order that diverse sentiments on the temperance issue might be sufficiently represented, and the time within which the commission shall report was fixed at 18 months.

After some further discussion the bill was passed, yeas 24, nays 10.

The following is the vote, yeas: Aldrich, Allison, Blair, Coke, Conger, Davis, (of Ill.) Dawes, Edmunds, Ferry, Fry, Garland, George, Groome, Hale, Harrison, Hawley, Hill, (of Colorado) Hoar, Lapham, McMillan, McMillan, Mahone, Maxey, Miller, (of California) Mitchell, Morrill, Platt, Plumb, Rollins, Sawyer, Sewell, Sherman, Teller and Walker—34.

Yeas—34. Nays—10. Absent—10. Present—44.

At 4:25 the Senate went into executive session and soon after adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE.—Hiscock, of New York, chairman of the appropriation committee, reported a bill making appropriation of \$10,000 to be immediately available to enable the light house board to meet extraordinary expenses consequent on the flood in the Mississippi river. Passed.

The House 13:55 went into committee of the whole. Davis, of Illinois, in the chair.

On private calendar.—Pending the discussion of a relief bill the committee formally reported to the House passed the joint resolution and directed the Secretary of War to use government vessels for transportation and distribution of rations furnished by the United States to sufferers by the Mississippi overflow. The committee then resumed its session.

The Speaker laid before the House a message from the President transmitting a report from the Secretary of State touching the imprisonment in Mexico of the American citizens. The report states that the resolutions of the House calling for information relative thereto was transmitted to Minister Morgan, whom it was alleged by Shields, took no steps to procure the release of the American citizens. The report was received in reply: "The statement of Shields with regard to me is false. Hearing they were arrested I brought the matter to the notice of the Secretary of State for foreign affairs. They were released and were re-arrested a few days since for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. Particulars by next mail."

The House then, at 4:30, took a recess until 7:30.

The evening session is to be for the consideration of pension bills only.

FOUR LIVES SAVED.

Dr. Bull's cough syrup relieved four of my children of the alarming attack of Whooping Cough, from which their throats and necks became so swollen as to prevent them from swallowing. Nothing would do them any good until this syrup was tried. One bottle, in one night, saved their lives. I verily believe, G. W. BARNARD, Captain of Police, Baltimore, Md.

TERRIBLE LOSS OF LIFE.

Millions of rats, mice, cats, bed bugs, roaches, lose their lives by collision with "Bough on Bats." Sold by druggists, 15c.

CATABRIS OF THE BLADDER.

Singing, straining, irritation of urinary passages, and other troubles, relieved by Buchu, Prunella, Depot J. H. Molander, Charlotte.

It is the height of folly to wait until you are in bed with disease, you may not get over for months. Buy and use Hop Bitters, and they cured me in a short time.—A distinguished lawyer of Wayne county, N. C.

I had severe attacks of gravel and kidney trouble, and was unable to get on my feet. I used Hop Bitters, and they cured me in a short time.—A distinguished lawyer of Wayne county, N. C.

WARRANTS FOR THE ARREST OF THE LEADING SCIENTISTS OF THE DAY agree that most diseases are caused by disordered action of the Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, and that the best method of curing them is by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

It is a common mistake to suppose that the best method of curing these diseases is by the use of opium and other narcotics. The best method is by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

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Ladies, Gentlemen, Misses, Boys and Children

OUR STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES FOR THE FALL AND WINTER TRADE.

We guarantee that every pair of SHOES we sell shall be found just as represented, and shall allow no house to give you better goods than we do for the money. Our stock has been carefully selected with a view to the wants of all classes of customers, and comprises a full line of beautiful and reasonable goods, of the very best quality and all grades, from the finest French Kid Button Boot to the Heaviest Hoggan. If you wish to get your boots and shoes to suit you and at the lowest possible prices, you cannot do better than at our store. Give us a call.

A. E. RANKIN & BRO., Central Hotel Block, Trade Street.

Weekly—net receipts 4,568; gross 5,028; sales 6,156; exports 2,806; to Great Britain 1,063; to France 1,063; to channel 8,216.

WOLFRUM—Firm; middling 11 1/2; net receipts 1,042; gross 1,111; exports 5,769; exports coastwise 1,042; to France 1,042; to channel 8,216.

Weekly—net receipts 10,059; gross 11,111; sales 8,216; exports 3,897; to Great Britain 5,444; channel 8,216.

BALTIMORE—Firm; middling 11 1/2; net receipts 1,111; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 611; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

Weekly—net receipts 750; gross 8,113; sales 1,125; exports 3,071; to Great Britain 3,227.

Boston—Quot; middling 12; low middling 11 1/2; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 570; gross 1,523; sales 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

Weekly—net receipts 3,779; gross 6,450; sales 1,125; exports 3,071; to Great Britain 3,227.

WILMINGTON—Firm; middling 11 1/2; net receipts 1,111; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 234; gross 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

Weekly—net receipts 4,928; gross 5,428; exports 4,087; to Great Britain 2,826; to channel 8,216.

PHILADELPHIA—Firm; middling 12 1/2; net receipts 1,111; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

Weekly—net receipts 2,944; gross 1,548; sales 1,125; exports 3,071; to Great Britain 3,227.

SAVANNAH—Firm; middling 11 1/2; net receipts 1,111; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

Weekly—net receipts 8,808; gross 8,752; sales 10,400; exports 4,571; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

NEW YORK—Firm; middling 11 1/2; net receipts 1,111; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

Weekly—net receipts 9,890; gross 8,892; sales 5,000; exports to Great Britain 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

MEMPHIS—Hardening; middling 11 1/2; net receipts 1,111; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

Weekly—net receipts 2,424; gross 1,700; shipments 8,888; sales 9,225.

ADVERTISE—Firm; middling 11 1/2; net receipts 1,111; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

Weekly—net receipts 1,582; shipment 2,230; sales 2,955; spinners 1,111; to channel 8,216.

CHARLOTTE—Firm; middling 11 1/2; net receipts 1,111; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

Weekly—net receipts 6,428; gross 1,111; sales 8,000; exports to Great Britain 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

NEW YORK—Firm; sales 1,428; middling 11 1/2; net receipts 1,111; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

Weekly—net receipts 9,024; gross 17,128; exports to Great Britain 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

MONTEVIDEO—Firm; in good demand; middling 11 1/2; net receipts 1,111; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

MAON—Firm; middling 10 1/2; net receipts 1,111; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

COLUMBUS—Quot; middling 10 1/2; net receipts 1,111; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

NASHVILLE—Steady; middling 11 1/2; net receipts 1,111; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

PORT ROYAL, S. C.—Weekly—net receipts 622; stock 4,381; exports to Great Britain 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Weekly—net receipts 390; stock 6,000; sales 1,111.

SARASOTA, Fla.—Dull; middling 11 1/2; net receipts 1,111; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

ROME, GA.—Steady; middling 11 1/2; net receipts 1,111; good ordinary 10 1/2; net receipts 1,111; to France 1,111; to channel 8,216.

NEW ORLEANS—H. C. Parker, secretary, yesterday made his report to the National Cotton Exchange, which was as follows: Last year