

The Charlotte Observer.

CHAS. R. JONES, Editor and Proprietor.

TUESDAY, APRIL 4, 1882.

There are 57 lawyers in the U. S. Senate and 195 in the House.

Forty lashes is the amount prescribed for wife beaters in Maryland.

It is said that Secretary Hunt will get the mission to Russia when relieved of the naval portfolio.

Fulton county, Ga., of which Atlanta is the chief burg, made a gain of 15 per cent. on her working capital last year, and expects to double it this year.

Mr. Richard Pearson, of Asheville, was married last Wednesday in Richmond, Va., to Miss Gabrielle Thomas, youngest daughter of Mr. Jas. Thomas.

Last year the gambling houses of New Orleans paid to the city licenses to the aggregate of \$300,000 which is devoted by the city to public charities.

Ex-Gov. Moses, of South Carolina, has climbed the ladder of fame backwards. His portrait is now suspended among other celebrities in the rogue's gallery in New York.

The Banker's Magazine estimates that the cotton crop of 1881 was sold through speculative purchases one hundred and seventy-two times, wheat crop ten times, and corn four times.

The Mobile Register remarks: "This is the fifth time Hon. A. H. Stephens has formally retired from public life. It is thought that he might be urged to stand once more." He might, perhaps, be persuaded to go into the U. S. Senate.

Dr. Canedo, who was negotiating for the purchase of the State's interest in the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley railroad, has written the Governor asking for an extension of time for thirty days on the payment of \$100,000 which was to have been made on last Saturday.

The latest thing in the way of a bicycle is one to run on water. It consists of two narrow boats connected with iron braces, with an elevated seat and with pedals similar to the road machine. They glide over the water nicely.

Atlanta Post-Appel: A fifteen-year-old colored girl stepped into a store in Rome, the other day, purchased a quarter's worth of something, laid down a Confederate five dollar bill, received the change in silver and skipped. She was overhauled the next day and forced to square up.

The exploit of the man who sometime ago attempted to deface the Maj. Andre monument at Tappan, N. Y., was supplemented a few nights ago by an attempt to blow it up with dynamite. They succeeded in knocking a portion of the base to finders, but the monument still stands.

According to the judicial opinion of the court, before which the revenue men who killed Hicks, the illicit distiller, it is manslaughter in the third or fourth degree for a revenue man to kill a distiller in that State. It strikes us from this distance that the man-killing laws of Georgia need fixing up.

An eccentric doctor in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, has attracted a good deal of attention by wearing a pair of shoes made out of the skin of a negro, which he had tanned for that purpose. If that occurred in the South it would be denounced as an evidence of Southern barbarism.

The burning of the Golden City at Memphis has called attention to the inflammable material of which the Mississippi river boats are constructed, generally speaking, of pine, making them in case of fire mere tinder boxes. This boat was wrapped in a sheet of flame in four or five minutes; hence the loss of life.

If Mr. Cooper should be confirmed collector of this district he will earn all the honors and emoluments connected with that position. A man ought to be well rewarded for sitting on the ragged edge which he has been straddling for some time back. And then if he shouldn't be, where is the balm for the ragged edge?

Macon Telegraph: The ruin of Blaine, the hanging of Guiteau and the pardoning of Mason, are the living issues between the stalwarts and half-breeds. Another legislature (Illinois), has passed resolutions demanding Mason's release, and it now turns out that when Mason is loose he amuses himself by beating "Betty and the baby."

Some intelligent Michigander writes a moralizing letter from Columbia, S. C., to the Detroit Post. His conclusion looks to a "more perfect Union" in this way: "Were it possible to retain the enterprise and vim of our Western civilization, and engraft upon the root and stock the suave and deferential social bearing of the South, it would be a most desirable achievement."

The editor of the Spirit of the South, who was recently in Charlotte, quotes Colonel Johnston as saying that while he was not a candidate for any office in the gift of the people he still proposed to canvass the State in the interest of the Liberal party. If the Colonel would get the "liberal party" into some room he could address them all at once and save travelling.

There is a bushel of sense in the following, from the Augusta Chronicle: "If the Southern people will feed themselves to a great degree, manufacture much of their necessary fertilizers, establish small as well as great industries and avoid speculation for the benefit of New York brokers and millionaires, they will, in a brief period, become the richest community, per capita, in all the world. Nature has given the South every condition of wealth and happiness; but these noble gifts have been squandered."

THEY RESOLVE.

The colored convention which met at Goldsboro last week seems to have been somewhat of a stormy affair and it took a good deal of chin music and remonstrance from the engineers of it to get the brethren down to business. But they finally subsided into something approximating order and the orators orated. Some of them went for Senator Jones for the obnoxious expressions he gave utterance to in the discussion of the Chinese question, on the status of the colored man, while another dilated on the civil and political proscription to which the colored man is subjected in North Carolina. Jim Harris figured conspicuously as speech-maker and defined his hearers to contend for their "rights." They resolved also, and by resolution tendered active and cordial co-operation with any and all men of liberal proclivities irrespective of former political affiliations who would come in and strike hands with them in putting North Carolina on the progressive plane where they thought she ought to stand, while at the same time they protested their unchanged and unchangeable devotion to Republican principles, and entire confidence in Mr. Arthur's administration. They threw this in as a qualifying condition to the cordial invitation to co-operation extended the liberally disposed gentleman who might walk in and jine 'em. It will be seen that they do not propose to go over to the liberals, but will kindly take the liberals in, provided the aforesaid liberals will not put on too many airs and will take a back seat and subscribe to the faith as they profess it.

It seems to us that there has been a standing invitation of this kind to those without the fold ever since the Republican party showed signs of life in this part of the vineyard. The door was always open to the anxious who desired to come in and subscribe, work for the party and vote the ticket, in which case no unnecessary questions would be asked. The colored convention did not resolve anything original in that spider and fly resolution. But, they resolved, and that's what they went to Goldsboro to do. We hope they feel better and are happier now.

A Raleigh dispatch of last night informs us that Ex-Gov. Holden was stricken with paralysis at Raleigh last Sunday, and that while his condition was not alarming it was dreaded that other attacks might follow. We trust that these apprehensions may not be realized.

That was a singular freak of a man named Wm. M. Hanes, on the Ohio and Mississippi railroad, between Sharpville and Midora, Indiana, last Wednesday. Crazy from drink, without provocation, he leveled his revolver and liberally shot Mr. Alexander C. Wingate, of Lexington, Ky., then jumped from the train, which was running at the rate of forty miles an hour, walked half a mile to a creek, dived himself of his clothing, jumped in and was drowned. In his pockets were \$90 in money, a gold watch, an express receipt for \$500 sent him from Texas, and a quart bottle partially filled with whiskey.

North Carolina Republicans Getting Ready for work.

NEW YORK, April 3.—A Times special from Raleigh, N. C., says the Republican State Committee has been called to meet in this city on the 18th inst. The committee will issue a call for a convention to meet early in May, and a candidate for Supreme Court judge and Congressman at large will be nominated. It has been determined to make a vigorous and systematic fight to carry the majority of the popular vote and to elect members of the legislature. Immediate steps will be taken to establish a Republican newspaper at the capital of the State.

NEW ORLEANS, April 3.—The rise continues at Franklin and Morgan City. At the latter place the current from the swamps in rear of the city runs at the rate of 8 miles per hour.

NEW IBERIA, April 3.—There was a rise in the waters of 12 inches during the 24 hours ending at midnight yesterday, and the previous estimates of the probable rise will probably be exceeded by several feet. The situation is becoming most alarming.

Sale of the Halifax Water Power Not Confirmed.

PETERSBURG, Va., April 2.—In consequence of an advance of ten per cent. on the original sum the Halifax (N. C.) county court on Saturday refused to confirm the sale of the Weldon, N. C., water power, made some time ago to Mr. P. B. Peebles, of Northampton, for \$17,000. The property will be resold on the first of next month. A number of Northern capitalists are negotiating for the purchase of the property, which is the most valuable of its kind in the South.

Big Strike of Iron.

CHATTANOOGA, April 3.—The Cranberry iron company have discovered on their property in Mitchell county, N. C., two veins of the finest magnetic ore, one of 18 feet and the other 24 feet. They have tunneled through the veins in building a railroad. There is much rejoicing among iron men as it insures to Chattanooga a mineral district with an abundance of steel-making ore.

Nominations and Rejections.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The president-to-day nominated to be postmaster: Richard H. Wray, Reidsville, N. C.; De Witt E. Mangum, Durham, N. C.

In the Senate executive session to-day the following nominations were rejected: Samuel Seaburg, as naval constructor, and pay director; James G. Wattermouth, assistant paymaster-general of the navy.

Sergeant Mason's Case.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The Supreme Court of the United States granted this afternoon the prayer of James M. Lyddy, of New York, for leave to file a petition for writs of habeas corpus and martial case, and awarded rule to show cause returnable on the 17th of April, when the court will hear arguments as to its jurisdiction.

Ex-Gov. Holden Attacked with Paralysis.

RALEIGH, N. C., April 3.—Ex-Governor W. W. Holden, was on Sunday morning attacked with paralysis. The attack is thought to be slight and he is much improved to-day, but other attacks are feared.

IN CONGRESS.

THE RIGHT OF WAY THROUGH INDIAN LANDS DISCUSSED IN THE SENATE.

A Large Number of Bills Introduced and Passed in the House—A Lively Little Debate Between the Friends and Foes of the National Bank—The Internal Revenue Question Comes to the Front.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—SENATE.—Voorhees, from the joint select committee on library reported a joint resolution appropriating \$10,000 for a monument over the grave of Thomas Jefferson at Monticello, Va.

Bills were introduced by Morgan to define the rights of citizens of the United States when residing in foreign countries, and Voorhees submitted and had read by the secretary a resolution declaring that the conduct of the State department in relation to the arrest and imprisonment of Daniel McSwaney and other American citizens by the British anti-slavery agitator, was in violation of American law, inconsistent with the value of American citizenship and derogatory to the honor of the United States. Temporarily tabled at Voorhees's request, subject to his call.

The Senate bill ratifying the act of the general council of the Choctaw nation of Indians granting to settlers and to the San Francisco railroad company the right of way for the railroad and land line through that nation, was considered. Brown, of the committee which reported the bill, stated the proposed route to be from Fort Smith, Ark., through the Choctaw territory in the direction of Paris, Texas, and that the bill would give the right of way to the Choctaws \$2,500 per annum, and to the Chickasaws \$3,000 per annum, the money to be added to the school funds of the tribe. He maintained the right of Congress, by the virtue of its sovereignty over the Territories to take the lands of Indians upon making compensation therefor in the same way that lands of citizens may be taken.

Maxey, in advocacy of the bill, discussed the constitutional question and cited authorities to the effect that the fee simple to lands of Indians remains in the government and that possession reverted to the United States upon abandonment of the right of the Indians being simply that of occupancy. He referred to the geographical and physical location of the Indian territory between the State of Texas and the States to the north and northeast, and contended that the question was not really whether this territory should be constituted a base to the communication between the States, or Congress should exercise its constitutional prerogative to regulate commerce among the States and with the Indian Territory.

Maxey then detailed the history of the legislative assent of the Choctaws to the proposed legislation to show its validity, and without concluding yielded to an executive session.

A message was received from the Secretary of the Interior setting forth the necessity for a provision for the payment of commissioners and assistant officers, to be appointed under the anti-polygamy law. The President adds a suggestion that in view of important and responsibilities devolved on the commissioners their compensation should be increased from \$5,000 per annum to \$7,500 per annum, as this would, in his opinion, secure a higher order of ability in persons selected, and thereby tend more effectually to carry out the objects of the law. Referred.

HOUSE.—In the House a large number of bills were introduced and passed among them one by Robertson, Louisiana, appropriating \$150,000 for a statistical report on the destruction of property in the Mississippi valley by the flood of 1882.

By Moore, of Tennessee, to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi river at Memphis, Tennessee.

King, of Louisiana, offered a resolution instructing the committee on the Mississippi levees to investigate and report the extent of the present overflow of the Mississippi river and destruction to human life, and detriment to the property of private and public, caused by the same. Referred.

Crapo, of Mass., moved to suspend the rules and adopt the resolution making the bill to extend the corporate existence of National banking association a continuing special order for April 15th. This started a lively debate between the friends of the national banking bill on one side and greenbackers, silver men and those who gave preference to other measures on the other. Finally a vote was taken and the motion to suspend the rules was lost; says 122, ayes 77—not necessary two thirds in affirmative.

Dunnell, of Minn., moved to suspend the rules and pass a bill to amend the laws relating to internal revenue. Agreed to, 123 for and 29 against. This is a bill which was some weeks ago reported from the committee on ways and means, a synopsis of which was published in this paper. It adds to the bond time for retention in the warehouse of distilled spirits and distilled spirits on the same footing as snuff, tobacco and fermented spirits.

Under a provision for erection of public buildings at Louisville, Kentucky, and Rochester, N. Y.

An attempt was made to secure the passage of a similar bill for Columbus, Ohio.

Camp, of N. Y., protested against members voting away the public money and said there were 128 similar bills before the House and committees calling for appropriations aggregating \$17,300,000, and that in some cases public buildings were proposed in cities where no courts had ever been held. The bill was finally passed.

A Senate bill was also passed for the erection of a public building at Minneapolis, Minn.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

APRIL 3, 1882. PRODUCE.

WILMINGTON, N. C.—Spirits purest steady, at \$1.97 1/2; brandy, \$1.97 1/2; good extracted, \$1.97 1/2. Sugar firm, at \$17 1/2. Coffee steady, at \$22 1/2. Corn—unchanged, at \$2.90 for virgin (interior); Corn—unchanged, prime white 90; mixed 82 1/2.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—Flour quiet and firm; Howard's extra No. 1, \$2.00; Western extra No. 1, \$2.00; Family No. 1, \$1.95; City Mills, \$1.90; \$1.85; extra No. 1, \$1.85; No. 2, \$1.80; No. 3, \$1.75; No. 4, \$1.70; No. 5, \$1.65; No. 6, \$1.60; No. 7, \$1.55; No. 8, \$1.50; No. 9, \$1.45; No. 10, \$1.40; No. 11, \$1.35; No. 12, \$1.30; No. 13, \$1.25; No. 14, \$1.20; No. 15, \$1.15; No. 16, \$1.10; No. 17, \$1.05; No. 18, \$1.00; No. 19, \$0.95; No. 20, \$0.90; No. 21, \$0.85; No. 22, \$0.80; No. 23, \$0.75; No. 24, \$0.70; No. 25, \$0.65; No. 26, \$0.60; No. 27, \$0.55; No. 28, \$0.50; No. 29, \$0.45; No. 30, \$0.40; No. 31, \$0.35; No. 32, \$0.30; No. 33, \$0.25; No. 34, \$0.20; No. 35, \$0.15; No. 36, \$0.10; No. 37, \$0.05; No. 38, \$0.00; No. 39, \$0.00; No. 40, \$0.00; No. 41, \$0.00; No. 42, \$0.00; No. 43, \$0.00; No. 44, \$0.00; No. 45, \$0.00; No. 46, \$0.00; No. 47, \$0.00; No. 48, \$0.00; No. 49, \$0.00; No. 50, \$0.00; No. 51, \$0.00; No. 52, \$0.00; No. 53, \$0.00; No. 54, \$0.00; 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No. 471, \$0.00; No. 472, \$0.00; No. 473, \$0.00; No. 474, \$0.00; No. 475, \$0.00; No. 476, \$0.00; No. 477, \$0.00; No. 478, \$0.00; No. 479, \$0.00; No. 480, \$0.00; No. 481, \$0.00; No. 482, \$0.00; No. 483, \$0.00; No. 484, \$0.00; No. 485, \$0.00; No. 486, \$0.00; No. 487, \$0.00; No. 488, \$0.00; No. 489, \$0.00; No. 490, \$0.00; No. 491, \$0.00; No. 492, \$0.00; No. 493, \$0.00; No. 494, \$0.00; No. 495, \$0.00; No. 496, \$0.00; No. 497, \$0.00; No. 498, \$0.00; No. 499, \$0.00; No. 500, \$0.00; No. 501, \$0.00; No. 502, \$0.00; No. 503, \$0.00; No. 504, \$0.00; No. 505, \$0.00; No. 506, \$0.00; No. 507, \$0.00; No. 508, \$0.00; No. 509