

The Charlotte Observer

CHAS. R. JONES, Editor and Proprietor

(PUBLISHED AT THE OBSERVER OFFICE AT CHARLOTTE, N. C., AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER.)

TUESDAY, JULY 18, 1882.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

Election November 7, 1882.

FOR CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE.

RICHARD TYLER DENNETT, of Anson.

FOR JUDGE SUPREME COURT.

THOMAS KUFFIN, of Orange.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

1st District—JAS. E. SHEPHERD, of Washington.

2d " — FRED. PHILLIPS, of Charlotte.

3d " — ALLEN A. MCKAY, of Beaufort.

4th " — JAMES C. MCKEE, of Cumberland.

5th " — JOHN A. GIBSON, of Johnston.

6th " — WM. M. SHIFF, of Mecklenburg.

FOR SOLICITORS.

1st District—JOHN H. BLOUNT, of Perquimans.

2d " — WM. C. BOWEN, of Johnston.

3d " — SWIFT W. LEE, of Greene.

4th " — JAMES D. McIVER, of Moore.

5th " — JERRY W. GIBSON, of Orange.

6th " — F. I. OSBORNE, of Mecklenburg.

THE "ORGAN" ON COUNTY GOVERNMENT.

As indicated by an article published elsewhere we are glad to see that the Raleigh News and Observer of the 15th inst., recognizes the necessity of saying a word in behalf of the people, and is bold enough to read a lecture—and a severe one at that—to certain county commissioners for the exercise of "arbitrary" and "despotic" power.

Referring to the present attitude of some of these commissioners especially to the county commissioners of Mecklenburg county, it says: "The policy of the law is to permit licenses to be issued, with a discretion in the board to refuse them to improper persons. That we say," says the Raleigh organ, "is the policy of the law." Then it goes on to say that the people voted that they did not want licenses to be denied.

The News and Observer goes a little farther and accuses some commissioners of defying the law and the wishes of our people by declining to issue licenses at all. Such conduct, the editor pronounces as "very arbitrary and despotic. We (the News and Observer) have no sympathy with it. These headstrong commissioners bring their office into disrepute, and show that they set themselves up above the people. Such arbitrary conduct cannot be sanctioned by any sane thinking man," &c., &c. This argument shows the right spirit, and indicates an independence for which we give the Raleigh organ credit. It calls the commissioners al-luded to "arbitrary," "despotic" and "tyrannical," because they do not obey the law or respect the wishes of the people. It says, "we have no sympathy with it."

This is certainly a very great cheer in the opinions of the organ. Before we had obtained permission to say the same thing we said it and the "organ" read us of the party.

The "organ" is right. The will of the people of North Carolina should be obeyed, and no one man, no matter what position he may happen to hold, should be allowed to set himself up as a supreme dictator. If a Democratic official who "tries to play the despot cannot receive the countenance of Democrats" then why should a private citizen be censured for saying so?

We believe that there is a chance for reformation and the people will see that it is done. But if arbitrary men who happen to be in temporary power politically wish to sit in judgment upon the men who are bold enough and honest enough to point out abuses and recommend remedies to be applied to effect the needed reformation, let them not assume to themselves the power only delegated to despots, for even despots fall.

CORRECT AT LAST.

Editor Ashe, of the Raleigh News and Observer is getting to be all right gradually. We always believed,

"While the lamp holds out to burn, The wisest diadem may return."

Hear him. The time approaches when the justices are to elect new boards of county commissioners for the several counties. There is one suggestion that we have to make, and we can do it the more freely because we have always considered and held that the prohibition question was non-partisan, and that neither the Democratic party nor the Republican party is responsible for the measure or committed to its support. The policy of the law is to permit licenses to be issued, with a discretion in the board to refuse them to improper persons. That we say, is the policy of the law. In addition to that the question was practically submitted to the people as to whether they wanted licenses to be denied or not, and the people said that they did not want licenses to be denied. That is the effect and substance of the voting on prohibition. So we have the policy of the law on the statute book, and the will of the people as expressed at the polls, both concurring in a requirement that the commissioners shall not refuse to issue licenses to suitable persons according to the customs and habits of our people. And yet some commissioners, in defiance of these things, decline and refuse to grant licenses at all. Such conduct is very arbitrary and despotic. We have no sympathy with it. These headstrong commissioners bring their office into disrepute, and show that they set themselves up above the people. Such arbitrary conduct cannot be sanctioned by any right thinking man. It is a matter full of interest to the Democratic party, for the Democratic justices are responsible for the actions of these tyrannical commissioners. The will of the people must be obeyed in this matter. The Democratic justices owe it to the party to remedy the evil. They should be careful to see that no such despotism is continued in their counties. At their next meeting we trust that this wrong will be entirely remedied. An officer who tries to play the despot cannot receive the countenance of Democrats.

This extract is from the "organ" on the 15th July. It shows that a correct position has been reached by our contemporary at last, and if THE CHARLOTTE OBSERVER never publishes another issue it should have the credit of bringing the "organ" to its knees. We will soon be together again if editor Ashe continues to advance back towards us, and then we will call in the political high priest—the people—and have absolution for his sins declared.

But won't it be joyous, be joyous, be joyous, But won't it be joyous, in the street here and there.

A man in Denver, Colorado, has just died, he never did anything remarkable with that remarkable brain.

If the Democrats carry Pennsylvania this fall it will bring some Pennsylvania prominently to the front in the presidential contest.

Not a drink, not a solid in her room, but a certain medicine, use SOZODONT, and in all seasons, is Brown's Iron Bitters.

Editor Ashe denies that he supported Judge Merrimon in 1872, when he bolted from the Democratic nomination, and was elected to the United States Senate by Republican votes, and we give him the benefit of the denial. But, say, have you not long since condoned the judge's political sin, invited him to a front seat and ordered the band to play? Didn't you vote for that unambiguous resolution of thanks tendered him by the State convention, when the same honor was denied Gov. Jarvis? We don't seek to put our sins on any body else's shoulders, but we do want to see fair play.

Editor Ashe says: "Col. Jones is now making the greatest effort of his life." Editor Ashe is constantly making great efforts. He made one of his greatest efforts when he choked down his indignation when Mr. Merrimon ran as an independent against Gov. Vance for the Senate, and another when he consented to support Judge Ruffin, another independent, for the Supreme Court. The greatest effort of his life is now in sitting as guardian over the Democratic party, but some of these days he will let loose, and make the very grandest effort of his life when we shall duly chronicle the fact.

NATIONAL LAW MAKERS.

THE SENATE TACKLES THE INTERNAL REVENUE BILL.

More Resolutions of Enquiry by Cox and Robinson in the House, and an Interchange of Personal Remarks between Hewitt, of New York, and Robeson, of New Jersey.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—SENATE.—The committee on conference on the legislative, judicial and executive appropriation bill reported being unable to agree.

Allison stated that the conference had agreed upon nearly every item in the bill, the main point of difference being as to the rate of compensation to be paid to the House and Senate employees, their compensation and the number necessary to transact business.

After a long discussion the conference report was agreed to and a conference committee consisting of Allison, Dawes, and Davis, of West Va., was appointed.

After a statement by Hale that he would call up the naval appropriation bill to-morrow, the Senate resumed the internal revenue bill, Morrill giving notice that he would autogonize the naval and every other bill until that measure was disposed of.

Cox advocated the adoption of an amendment which he proposed to offer repealing the duty on machinery for use on agricultural implements, and goods on cotton ties. Passing on to a review of the bill he said that it seemed to have been expressly framed in the interests of capital and against the interest of the poor.

The presiding officer stated that the pending amendment was that offered by Beck, reducing the tax on manufactured tobacco to ten cents per pound. Beck supported the proposition as being one of substantial relief. Johnston advocated the proposed amendment, reducing the tax on tobacco to eight cents per pound.

The subject went over. Executive session. Adjourned.

The day in the House was principally consumed in the presentation of resolutions by Cox and Robinson in relation to American citizens under arrest and confined in British jails, and of inquiry as to what steps had been taken for their release. This was followed by Hewitt, of New York, taking the floor on a question of personal privilege, charging Robinson, of New Jersey with incorporating improper language into his speech as published in the Record, not spoken in debate, which called for a rebuff from Robinson and led to a bitter interchange of opinion between these gentlemen, similar to those which occurred on several previous occasions during the present session characterized by the proceedings of the House.

Hewitt's parting salute to Robinson was that "the man who would put himself to be characterized by a fellow member as a liar, perjurer and thief, was unworthy of notice."

Nothing of importance followed this dignified wrangle.

AFTER THE BOMBARDMENT.

ADMIRAL SEYMOUR IN POSSESSION OF THE CITY.

Fighting the Fire—The Americans and English Blowing up Buildings—France Unites With England in Prohibiting the Canal—Arabi Pasha on a General Tour.

ALEXANDRIA, July 17.—ADMIRAL Seymour has issued a manifesto announcing that he has undertaken, with the consent of the Egyptian government, the restoration of order. Nobody is allowed to leave the town after sunset.

LONDON, July 17.—The Times Paris correspondent reports that the Cabinet Council has resolved to accept the invitation to protect the Suez canal jointly with England.

The Daily News' dispatch from Marselles says that six French transports have been ordered to get ready to embark troops.

A correspondent of the Daily Telegraph sends the following: Alexandria, 10th 4 p. m.—I visited the American Consulate to-day, and found it occupied by six American Marines and twenty Sailors, with a small gun. The houses around being on fire the Americans were preparing to blow them up, in order to save the consulate. How the Americans managed to get gun powder into the square is a mystery, as the air is literally full of sparks, however they succeeded and brought down the houses in the vicinity of the consulate and the palace of justice. So bad was the condition of the streets that the American marines insisted on guarding us to our landing place, many cut-throats being abroad. The English occupy the palace of justice as their consulate, and the French have taken the hotel Abbott for a similar purpose. The Americans are sending out parties to bury the dead. The English are pumping water on the burning houses.

ALEXANDRIA, 8:30 a. m.—The Americans are sending nearly all their marines back to the ships. Arabi Pasha's force consists of two regiments only, which are looting the entire country. The road to Cairo is blocked. The Khedive believes the people of Cairo will not permit Arabi to loot that city. Last night a strong band of Arabs entered Alexandria and killed a number of loyal Egyptian soldiers.

One result of the shops being broken into is the demoralization of the soldiers and sailors. One of the American sailors was cut down to-day by his officer, Lieut. Graham, for bad behavior. Refugees continue to be found. Large numbers of the dead were buried to-day.

Many houses were blown up by the English and Americans in order to stop the fire.

Tartar Are bargained on the coast; at first creamy, then crusty, then removable only by the dentist. It loosens the teeth, and makes the gums tender. Don't permit to touch your SOZODONT, and keep the mouth clean and the teeth healthy.

Every Day for Three Years.

Abington, Va., Oct. 4, 1881.

H. H. Warner & Co. Sir:—I have to certify that I was cured from structure of the urethra. Your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure is the only thing to give me relief.

Yours truly, W. F. GRAHAM.

MRS. JOE PERSON'S REMEDY WILL CURE SCROFULA.

And is unequalled as a TONIC. It will cure Rheumatism, Cancer in its early stages, Heart Disease, Chronic Bilious Colic, Eruptions, skin and Blood Diseases.

Gov. Holden's Opinion. Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 24, 1880.

Take pleasure in stating that a member of my family has used Mrs. Joe Person's Tonic for Scrofula with good results. I believe her remedy to be the best for the purposes for which it is intended.

Judge Strong's Opinion. Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 1st, 1880.

Mrs. Joe Person—Madam—Some months ago I was in bad health, suffering from debility, indigestion and loss of appetite, when a friend who had experienced great benefit from Mrs. Joe Person's Tonic, induced me to try it as a tonic. I did so with the most happy results. I take great pleasure in recommending your valuable and efficient Vegetable Tonic, and wish you much success.

Very respectfully, GEO. W. STROMG.

Debitury. Newbern, September 4th, 1881.

I have used Mrs. Joe Person's Tonic for general debility consequent upon living in a low country, and found great benefit. I am now in good health, and owe the same to the same.

MARY BAYARD CLARKE.

After Other Means had Failed. Oxford, N. C., February 24, 1880.

Mrs. Joe Person—Dear Madam:—I have used your Tonic for Scrofula in the eyes, after all other available means had failed, and I am now in good health.

I am prepared to PROVE that I have discovered the vegetable antidote for Scrofula, and have never before sold out of my hands. I have secured for myself an unfavorable report. Infatigable for Scrofula and Eruptions. Sold and endorsed by the Druggists of the North and South. Send for circular containing testimonials of remarkable cures. These testimonials are in the possession of the author of your own State. Ask your druggist for a copy. Price \$1.00 per bottle; \$5 per half dozen. For further information, address

JOE PERSON, Franklinton, N. C. For Sale by Dr. T. C. Smith, Charlotte, N. C.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

JULY 17, 1882

PRODUCE.

WILKINSON—Spirits Turpentine firm, at 42 1/2 cts. Rosin quiet, \$1.50 for strained; \$1.60 for good strained. Tar firm, at \$1.75 for 100 lbs. for August; \$1.80 for 100 lbs. for September; \$1.85 for 100 lbs. for October; \$1.90 for 100 lbs. for November; \$1.95 for 100 lbs. for December.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—Flour lower for best grades: Howard street and Western super \$3.25-\$3.40; City Mills super \$3.25-\$3.40; Wheat—Southern \$1.00-\$1.05; Western \$1.00-\$1.05; No. 1 Maryland \$1.00-\$1.05; No. 2 Western winter red spot \$1.25-\$1.30; No. 3 Western winter red spot \$1.20-\$1.25; No. 4 Western winter red spot \$1.15-\$1.20; No. 5 Western winter red spot \$1.10-\$1.15; No. 6 Western winter red spot \$1.05-\$1.10; No. 7 Western winter red spot \$1.00-\$1.05; No. 8 Western winter red spot \$0.95-\$1.00; No. 9 Western winter red spot \$0.90-\$0.95; No. 10 Western winter red spot \$0.85-\$0.90; No. 11 Western winter red spot \$0.80-\$0.85; No. 12 Western winter red spot \$0.75-\$0.80; No. 13 Western winter red spot \$0.70-\$0.75; No. 14 Western winter red spot \$0.65-\$0.70; No. 15 Western winter red spot \$0.60-\$0.65; No. 16 Western winter red spot \$0.55-\$0.60; No. 17 Western winter red spot \$0.50-\$0.55; No. 18 Western winter red spot \$0.45-\$0.50; No. 19 Western winter red spot \$0.40-\$0.45; No. 20 Western winter red spot \$0.35-\$0.40; No. 21 Western winter red spot \$0.30-\$0.35; No. 22 Western winter red spot \$0.25-\$0.30; No. 23 Western winter red spot \$0.20-\$0.25; No. 24 Western winter red spot \$0.15-\$0.20; No. 25 Western winter red spot \$0.10-\$0.15; No. 26 Western winter red spot \$0.05-\$0.10; No. 27 Western winter red spot \$0.00-\$0.05; No. 28 Western winter red spot \$0.00-\$0.05; No. 29 Western winter red spot \$0.00-\$0.05; No. 30 Western winter red spot \$0.00-\$0.05.

CHICAGO—Flour dull and weak. Wheat—No. 1 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$1.04 1/2-\$1.05 1/2; No. 2 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$1.03 1/2-\$1.04 1/2; No. 3 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$1.02 1/2-\$1.03 1/2; No. 4 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$1.01 1/2-\$1.02 1/2; No. 5 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$1.00 1/2-\$1.01 1/2; No. 6 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.99 1/2-\$1.00 1/2; No. 7 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.98 1/2-\$0.99 1/2; No. 8 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.97 1/2-\$0.98 1/2; No. 9 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.96 1/2-\$0.97 1/2; No. 10 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.95 1/2-\$0.96 1/2; No. 11 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.94 1/2-\$0.95 1/2; No. 12 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.93 1/2-\$0.94 1/2; No. 13 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.92 1/2-\$0.93 1/2; No. 14 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.91 1/2-\$0.92 1/2; No. 15 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.90 1/2-\$0.91 1/2; No. 16 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.89 1/2-\$0.90 1/2; No. 17 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.88 1/2-\$0.89 1/2; No. 18 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.87 1/2-\$0.88 1/2; No. 19 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.86 1/2-\$0.87 1/2; No. 20 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.85 1/2-\$0.86 1/2; No. 21 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.84 1/2-\$0.85 1/2; No. 22 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.83 1/2-\$0.84 1/2; No. 23 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.82 1/2-\$0.83 1/2; No. 24 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.81 1/2-\$0.82 1/2; No. 25 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.80 1/2-\$0.81 1/2; No. 26 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.79 1/2-\$0.80 1/2; No. 27 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.78 1/2-\$0.79 1/2; No. 28 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.77 1/2-\$0.78 1/2; No. 29 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.76 1/2-\$0.77 1/2; No. 30 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.75 1/2-\$0.76 1/2; No. 31 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.74 1/2-\$0.75 1/2; No. 32 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.73 1/2-\$0.74 1/2; No. 33 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.72 1/2-\$0.73 1/2; No. 34 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.71 1/2-\$0.72 1/2; No. 35 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.70 1/2-\$0.71 1/2; No. 36 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.69 1/2-\$0.70 1/2; No. 37 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.68 1/2-\$0.69 1/2; No. 38 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.67 1/2-\$0.68 1/2; No. 39 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.66 1/2-\$0.67 1/2; No. 40 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.65 1/2-\$0.66 1/2; No. 41 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.64 1/2-\$0.65 1/2; No. 42 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.63 1/2-\$0.64 1/2; No. 43 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.62 1/2-\$0.63 1/2; No. 44 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.61 1/2-\$0.62 1/2; No. 45 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.60 1/2-\$0.61 1/2; No. 46 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.59 1/2-\$0.60 1/2; No. 47 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.58 1/2-\$0.59 1/2; No. 48 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.57 1/2-\$0.58 1/2; No. 49 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.56 1/2-\$0.57 1/2; No. 50 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.55 1/2-\$0.56 1/2; No. 51 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.54 1/2-\$0.55 1/2; No. 52 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.53 1/2-\$0.54 1/2; No. 53 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.52 1/2-\$0.53 1/2; No. 54 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.51 1/2-\$0.52 1/2; No. 55 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.50 1/2-\$0.51 1/2; No. 56 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.49 1/2-\$0.50 1/2; No. 57 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.48 1/2-\$0.49 1/2; No. 58 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.47 1/2-\$0.48 1/2; No. 59 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.46 1/2-\$0.47 1/2; No. 60 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.45 1/2-\$0.46 1/2; No. 61 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.44 1/2-\$0.45 1/2; No. 62 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.43 1/2-\$0.44 1/2; No. 63 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.42 1/2-\$0.43 1/2; No. 64 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.41 1/2-\$0.42 1/2; No. 65 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.40 1/2-\$0.41 1/2; No. 66 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.39 1/2-\$0.40 1/2; No. 67 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.38 1/2-\$0.39 1/2; No. 68 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.37 1/2-\$0.38 1/2; No. 69 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.36 1/2-\$0.37 1/2; No. 70 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.35 1/2-\$0.36 1/2; No. 71 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.34 1/2-\$0.35 1/2; No. 72 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.33 1/2-\$0.34 1/2; No. 73 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.32 1/2-\$0.33 1/2; No. 74 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.31 1/2-\$0.32 1/2; No. 75 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.30 1/2-\$0.31 1/2; No. 76 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.29 1/2-\$0.30 1/2; No. 77 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.28 1/2-\$0.29 1/2; No. 78 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.27 1/2-\$0.28 1/2; No. 79 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.26 1/2-\$0.27 1/2; No. 80 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.25 1/2-\$0.26 1/2; No. 81 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.24 1/2-\$0.25 1/2; No. 82 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.23 1/2-\$0.24 1/2; No. 83 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.22 1/2-\$0.23 1/2; No. 84 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.21 1/2-\$0.22 1/2; No. 85 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.20 1/2-\$0.21 1/2; No. 86 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.19 1/2-\$0.20 1/2; No. 87 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.18 1/2-\$0.19 1/2; No. 88 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.17 1/2-\$0.18 1/2; No. 89 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.16 1/2-\$0.17 1/2; No. 90 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.15 1/2-\$0.16 1/2; No. 91 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.14 1/2-\$0.15 1/2; No. 92 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.13 1/2-\$0.14 1/2; No. 93 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.12 1/2-\$0.13 1/2; No. 94 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.11 1/2-\$0.12 1/2; No. 95 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.10 1/2-\$0.11 1/2; No. 96 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.09 1/2-\$0.10 1/2; No. 97 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.08 1/2-\$0.09 1/2; No. 98 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.07 1/2-\$0.08 1/2; No. 99 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.06 1/2-\$0.07 1/2; No. 100 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.05 1/2-\$0.06 1/2; No. 101 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.04 1/2-\$0.05 1/2; No. 102 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.03 1/2-\$0.04 1/2; No. 103 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.02 1/2-\$0.03 1/2; No. 104 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.01 1/2-\$0.02 1/2; No. 105 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 106 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 107 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 108 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 109 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 110 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 111 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 112 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 113 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 114 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 115 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 116 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 117 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 118 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 119 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 120 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 121 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 122 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 123 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 124 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 125 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 126 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 127 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 128 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 129 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 130 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 131 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 132 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 133 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 134 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 135 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 136 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 137 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 138 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 139 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 140 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 141 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 142 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 143 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 144 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 145 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 146 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 147 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 148 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 149 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 150 red winter, in fair demand and quiet, at \$0.00 1/2-\$0.01 1/2; No. 1