The Charlotte Observer.

CHAS. R. JONES, Editor and Prop'tor.

[ENTERED AT THE POST-OFFICE AT CHARLOTTE, N. C., AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER.]

FRIDAY, AUGUST 11, 1882.

COALITION NOMINEES.

FOR CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE.
OLIVER H. DOCKERY, of Richmond.

FOR JUDGE SUPREME COURT.
GEORGE N. FOLK, of Caldwell.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.
1st District—*CHARLES C. POOL, of Pasquotank.*
2d " —*JOHN A. MOORE, of Halifax.*
3d " —*FRANK H. DARBY, of New Hanover.*
4th " —*WM. A. GUTHRIE, of Cumberland.*
6th " —*L. F. CHURCHILL, of Rutherford.*

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

Election November 7th, 1882.

FOR CONGRESSMAN AT LARGE:
RISDEN TYLER BENNETT, of Anson.

FOR JUDGE SUPREME COURT:
THOMAS RUFFIN, of Orange.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES:
1st District—*JAS. E. SHEPHERD, of Washington.*
2d " —*FRED. PHILIPS, of Edgecombe.*
3d " —*ALLMAND A. McKOY, of Sampson.*
4th " —*JAMES C. MacRAE, of Cumberland.*
5th " —*JOHN A. GILMER, of Guilford.*
6th " —*WM. M. SHIPP, of Mecklenburg.*

FOR SOLICITORS:
1st District—*JOHN H. BLOUNT, of Perquimans.*
2d " —*WM. C. BOWEN, of Northampton.*
3d " —*SWIFT GALLOWAY, of Greene.*
4th " —*JAMES D. McIVER, of Moore.*
5th " —*FRED. N. STRUDWICK, of Orange,*
6th " —*F. I. OSBORNE, of Mecklenburg.*

Up to the present time this year over 400,000 pounds of fruit have been shipped from Greensboro.

It is said that Ben Butler is laying the wires to secure the Democratic nomination for Governor of Massachusetts.

It is said that the Philadelphia land leagues are sending money to Arabi Pasha to help him in his fight with the British.

Prominent distillers say that less whiskey is drunk in this country than formerly, beer taking the place of it as a beverage.

Hon. A. M. Scales was re-nominated by acclamation for Congress Wednesday, by the Congressional convention at Greensboro.

Speaker Keifer thanked Congress for courtesy, support, &c., in the discharge of his duties, but no one said anything about thanks to Keifer. This was a cruel oversight by his party friends.

Alaska remains with no Territorial government and with really no civil government at all. The two bills providing for government failed of passage, and chaos must reign in the big Territory until the next session of Congress.

Mr. Kelly, of Pennsylvania, chairman of the House committee on Ways and Means, thinks that the revenue this year will amount to $400,000,000, and and that there will be a surplus of $160,000,000.

Mr. John Bright argues that all the wars in which England has been engaged since the time of William the Third might have been avoided on principles which do not require the absolute condemnation of war.

While Samuel Hutchinson, of Chicago, was slating a roof he slipped off and fell seventy-two feet to the sidewalk Spectators were surprised to see him get up and walk into a contiguous drug store, whence he issued orders for a bottle of arnica and a hack to take him home.

Here is an item from the Philadelphia Record which will interest the denizens of Morehead City: "In Morehead City, N. C., there is not a wagon nor horse to be found. Most of the business of the town is done in boats. Funeral processions are composed exclusively of boats, and all doctors' calls are made in the same manner.

General G K Warner is dead of a broken heart, consequent upon his failure to secure relief from the odium of his removal by General Sheridan at Five Forks, in the very face of the enemy. The soldiers of the Fifth Army corps, at least, will always believe that this accomplished soldier was cruelly wronged by Sheridan.

Thus far four of the present Democratic representatives in Congress from this State have been renominated, Cox, Vance, Latham and Scales. Col Wharton J Green, of the 3rd district, carried away the prize from Shackleford, the present member. In the 2d district O'Hara, colored Republican, claims the nomination over Hubbs, who also claims it, and both insist on running.

THOSE SPECIAL TAX BONDS.

It will be remembered that the Legislature of 1868 and '69 passed bills appropriating about $20,000,000 ostensibly for various railroads, but which were really stolen from the State by Littlefield & Co. These bonds are known as the special tax bonds, and they have never been recognized as the legitimate debt of the State. They have been treated with contempt by every Legislature which has assembled in the State since 1870, and were not considered in the recent scaling and settlement of the State debt. In 1875 the constitutional convention submitted an amendment to the people of the State forever repudiating these bonds, which was ratified by the voters of the State by an overwhelming majority, thus forever settling the question so far as we are concerned.

There has never been any legal machinery by which a State could be required to pay a debt which she voluntarily repudiated, as North Carolina has done in regard to these bonds, and its injection into the present campaign by incorporating the subject into the Democratic State platform has been done for mere party effect. All that can be done now is to defend the matter in the courts, and any individual who thinks otherwise is a fit subject for Dr. Grissom's institution at Raleigh.

The First Confederate Killed.

Savannah News.

A gentleman in this city, who has personal knowledge of the matter, tells us that the first Confederate soldier who lost his life during the war was a man named Weeks, a member of Capt. Merriwether's company, from Edgefield S. C. Weeks was killed on the 8th day of January, 1861, the day the Star of the West was fired upon, by falling through a trap door in the Charleston arsenal. George Delaughter, another member of Capt. Merriwether's company, was killed by falling from the top of a car while going from Charleston to Hamburg, in April, 1861. Weeks was undoubtedly the first Confederate killed.

MACHINE DOMINATION.

Of late years the machine has become almost omnipotent in American politics, so much so that a handful of men can control States and say who shall and who shall not fill political positions. These men are the bosses who put their heads together, write up the slates, and fix the wires for the control of the conventions where nominations are made, and where, as a rule, good care is taken that parties in sympathy with the bosses receive the majority of votes. They have their co-workers in every county and district, and make their power felt throughout the length and breadth of the State. They confine not their operations to the narrow boundaries of a State but reach out and control the nation through the grand central ring of which they are part and parcel. Conventions national, State, district and county, are but their mouth-pieces, which echo their resolves and register their decrees, and pronounce in favor of the candidates selected in advance and placed on the slate by them. It sometimes happens, though rarely, that they meet with a set-back, through some unexpected turn of events, or some unanticipated uprising of the people who demand to be heard, and insist on breaking the slate. We say this sometimes happens, but not often, for the reason that they plan cunningly and work systematically.

Less, perhaps, than a dozen of men arrange the preliminaries, set the wires, that control conventions, and say who shall be the candidates for the Presidency of the United States. These things are managed with deliberation, with skill, and the people are told that the so-called convention has happily voiced the popular will, when in fact it has simply registered the decree of the shrewd manipulators who sit behind the curtain and say what is to be done. And so in the States, where the machine managers cut and dry the business and then go through the formality of having their work adopted by a convention. Conventions may sometimes give expression to the popular will when particular emergences present themselves and the people become aroused, but as a rule the people stay in the background and the machine runners occupy the front seats.

The people are beginning to get tired of it, are growing restive under this machine domination, and in some States are in open revolt against it. In Pennsylvania, where the Camerons have ruled the Republican party for years with despotic sway, the revolt has assumed such proportions as to threaten to wrest the State from the imperious bosses, while the Democracy of New York, tired of Tammany dictation, has surrendered the State rather than be driven by John Kelly and his associates, and in several of the Western States which have been under Republican rule the lines are broken, and the bosses are in trouble. In Kentucky, Tennessee, Georgia, North Carolina and Virginia, the anti-machine voter is making his presence felt, while in South Carolina they went into the convention, had a clean deal and smashed the slate all to pieces.

The day when men can be driven to the support of any set of candidates and any set of principles which a few self-seeking political managers may see fit to name and proclaim is passing away, North and South. The managers are making a desperate fight against it, and will make a desperate fight against it, for they have everything at stake. It means the loss of power, patronage and pelf to them, and they will fight hard before they will surrender these. But when it becomes a contest between the people and the machine the machine will soon become a played-out concern and they who run it played-out individuals. They may bluster and bully, misrepresent and slander, turn their dogs loose to bark and howl for them, but all that won't save them from the fate that awaits those who fancy they can continue forever to drive the masses of people, as drovers drive cattle. That day is passing away and the sooner the better for the people of these boss-ruled States.

AS OTHERS VIEW IT.

We clip the following article from the Winston Republican, for the consideration of the proscriptionists who would drive everybody else into their way of thinking. As far as THE OBSERVER is concerned it is perfectly indifferent as to what mode of warfare such people may see fit to choose, and shall pursue the even tenor of its way perfectly careless as to whether they approve or disapprove of its course on any one or any number of questions:

Two weeks ago the Charlotte OBSERSER, according to Capt. Ashe, had become an "assistant Republican paper," and the captain was threatening its editor with the establishment of an opposition daily, advising Democrats to withdraw their patronage and support. That this advice was heeded there can be no doubt as Col. Jones has himself since announced that parties have been in Charlotte arranging for the establishment of *another* Democratic daily paper.

Now the consideration that gave us comfort and encouragement in this matter was not so much the particular views of Col. Clark or colonel anybody else, or the position of the Charlotte OBSERVER, the Newbern Journal or any other journal, as that they represent popular sentiment. The people, in North Carolina, is the power behind the throne. The point we made was that the position of prominent politicians—Democrats—and the position of influential Democratic journals indicate "a wide spread dissatisfaction among the rank and file of the Democratic party." We are constrained to believe Capt. Ashe "apprehends" the truth of this more fully than he is at liberty to admit.

Col. Jones and his paper were all right until he announced himself an Independent Democrat. At least, he was clever enough to be permitted, by honest labor, to earn a living for himself and family.

But so soon as he announced his beliefs and line of policy in regard to certain political issues, as opposed to the policy of the Democratic party—he became an out-law. Not only worthy of political death but deserving to be physically perished—starved. Democrats withdraw your patronage! We will persecute him. He shall be a Democrat or retire. We will bankrupt him in business. And this in free, Republican North Carolina, one of the original thirteen and the 107th anniversary of American Independence! Now, we don't know of what sort of grit Col. Jones is made. He may succumb. We hope for the cause of manhood and journalism he will not. We can tell him it costs a man something, even at this day, to oppose Democracy. We have been traveling that road for years—we went through the campaign of 1876. He has our sympathy. But we do rejoice and feel encouraged to believe the dark days of proscription for political opinions' sake are past. The people are tired of Democratic Bossism, many of whom will not vote for a man who has even the taint of it clinging to his political record and with its death dies also this base element.

AUGUST CROP REPORT.

Cotton, Wheat, Corn, &c.---A Satisfactory Condition.

WASHINGTON, August 10.—The August crop returns to the department of agriculture, the work of about six thousand correspondents, give estimates covering the entire producing area of over fifteen hundred of the principal agricultural counties of the United States, upon the condition of most of the crops now growing. The condition of cotton has improved during the past month. The general average has advanced from 92 to 94. This is higher by three points than in August, 1879, and lower by eight than in the August average of 1880. It is also two points lower than at this date in 1875, and one lower than in 1878, but is higher than in five other years since 1872. The average condition of each State is as follows:

Virginia 84, North Carolina 84, South Carolina 98, Georgia 94, Florida 87, Alabama 89, Mississippi 91, Louisiana 93, Texas 100, Arkansas 96, Tennessee 86.

Only North Carolina, Florida and Louisiana show a decline. Virginia has gained 4, Georgia 2, Alabama 6, Mississippi 4, Texas 3, Arkansas 6, Tennessee 8. South Carolina has the same average as in July.

There is no injury from drought except in a slight degree in a few districts in Texas. In the northern and eastern divisions of that State there has been an excess of rain, causing a too vigorous growth of stalk, delay in fruiting and some times shedding of bolls.

In the entire cotton belt there is a reported excess of moisture, injurious in proportion to the retentiveness of soil. This cause accounts for the comparative low condition in North Carolina, where it is now deemed too late for recuperation. Rust begins to appear in districts where the rains have been in excess, but without damage as yet.

The caterpillar has made its appearance in all the States of the Gulf coast and though no injury has resulted, many apprehensions of future loss are expressed. The boll worm is also mentioned in several States.

A large number of returns are re highly favorable, prophesying a crop as large as the land can produce, or better than for many years.

The wheat returns of August relate to the spring variety. Its condition is higher than for several years. It was 88 in 1880 and 81 in 1879 and 1881. It is now 97 against 100 last month. It is somewhat late but was nearly ready for the harvest at the date of the returns. There are some indications of rust and blight in a part of Minnesota. In northern Iowa the crop is held to be the best since 1879. The returns from Dakotah and Nebraska are extremely favorable. The general average of the principal States is as follows: Wisconsin, 99; Minnesota, 98; Iowa, 93; Dakotah, 99; Nebraska, 108; Colorado, 96

It is quite probable that the product of winter wheat and spring wheat, without loss by sprouting, will slightly exceed 500,000,000 bushels, but the extravagant estimates which assume 15 to 20 per cent more are wild assumptions, needlessly tending to reduce the price of wheat in the hands of farmers.

Special agent Moffatt, of the department of agriculture, cables from London to day that wheat in England promises an average crop of good quality. In France, a medium crop, slightly damaged by rain in the blooming period. In Germany the recent heavy rains have deteriorated the quality of a fairly abundant product. In Russia and Austria an average crop, and in Hungary 15 per cont above the average The European outlook is favorable for a medium product, with some reduction in quality. The condition of the corn crop is represented by eighty-three as against 77 last year. At this date in 1881 the effect of the drought was seen in the reduction of thirteen points in the general condition during July, followed by greater deterioration in August. At the present time circumstances are favorable for further improvement in most of the States. The averages of Southern States are nearly all above 100.

The surplus producing States average as follows: Ohio 77, Michigan 78, Indiana 78, Illinois 79, Iowa 70, Missouri 91, Kansas 106, Nebraska 98, New England ranges from 87 in Massachusetts to 96 in Connecticut, New York 85, Pennsylvania 90, New Jersey 93.

The general averages of the condition of other crops are as follows: Oats 102, spring rye 100, barley 95, buckwheat 97, potatoes 101, tobacco 87.

The Grand Chapter R. A. M. of Virginia---Officers Elect.

LYCHBURG, VA., August 10.—The Grand Chapter of the Royal Arch Masons, of Virginia, now in session, have elected the following officers for the ensuing term:

Grand High Priest—H. W. Murray, of Louisa Court House.

Grand King—W. H. H. Lynn, of Staunton.

Grand Scribe—F. H. Hill, of Madison court house.

Grand Treasurer—O. M. Marshall, of Richmond.

Grand Secretary—W. B. Isaacs, of Richmond.

Grand Captain of Host—R. T. Craighill, of Lynchburg.

Grand Principal Sojourner—Philo Brady, of Harrisburg.

Grand R. Captain—R H Duesberry, of Richmond.

Grand Master Third Veil—E. E. Guy, of Norfolk.

Frand Master Second Veil—S. J. Quinn, of Fredericksburg.

Grand Master First Veil—W. H. Pleasants, of Salem.

Grand Chaplain—G. W. Dame, of Danville.

The officers elect were duly installed by the Grand High Priest.

Weather.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—Indications, Middle Atlantic States fair weather, northwest to southwest winds, higher barometer, stationary or slight fall in temperature.

South Atlantic States slightly cooler, partly cloudy weather, light rains, southwest winds, shifting to northerly, higher barometer.

Gulf States light rain, partly cloudy weather, northeast to southeast winds, nearly stationary temperature, higher barometer in the eastern portion.

A Ravisher Noosed.

ATLANTA, GA., Aug. 10.—A negro from Campbell county who was accused of outraging a 15 year old white girl was taken out of jail last night, at Newman, Ga., where he was carried for safe keeping, and hung by a party of 75 men. He was tried by the crowd and confessed that he and anohter man did the deed.

A Construction Train Ditched.

AUGUSTA, GA., August 10.—A construction train on the South Carolina Railroad was ditched near Branchville this morning. The accident was caused by running over a cow. Engineer Armstrong was killed, and several railroad employees slightly wounded.

Increasing the Light Batteries.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—Orders will be issued from the war department tomorrow increasing the number of light batteries to 2 for each regiment of artillery, making 10 batteries in all.

St. John Re-Nominated.

TOPEKA, Kan., August 10.—The Republican State convention to-day nominated Governor St. John for re-election.

MOCKING BIRD

FOOD and Canary Seed in pound packages, fresh. Also, red gravel for bird cages,
R. H. JORDAN & CO.,
jul8 Tryon street.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

AUGUST 10, 1882

PRODUCE.

CHARLESTON—Spirits Turpentine quiet, sales at 42½c. Rosin steady, strained and good strained $1.40@$1.45.

WILMINGTON—Spirits Turpentine firm, at 42c. Rosin quiet, $1.32½ for strained; $1.50 for good strained. Tar firm, at $1.85. Crude Turpentine firm, at $1.75 for hard; $2.75 for yellow dip; $2.75 for virgin. Corn—steady; prime white $1.08; mixed 97.

BALTIMORE—NOON—Flour and quiet unchanged; Howard street and Western super $3.00@$3.75; extra $4.00@$5.00; family $5.25@$6.25; City Mills, super $3.00@$3.75; extra $4.00@$6.75; Rio brands $6 00@$6.50. Wheat—Southern quiet and steady; Western lower, inactive and weak; Southern red $1.11@$1.14; amber $1.15@$1.17; No. 1 Maryland $1.15 asked; No 2 Western winter red spot, and August $1.13¼@$1.13½. Corn—Southern quiet and steady; Western higher and quiet; Southern white 95; Southern yellow nominally at 91.

BALTIMORE—NIGHT—Oats, higher and firm; new Southern 66@71; Western white 68@70; mixed 66@67; Pennsylvania 65@68. Provisions—firm, mess pork, $22 25@$23.25. Bulk meats—shoulders and clear rib sides, packed 11@13¾. Bacon—shoulders 12; clear rib sides 15¼; hams 15½@16¼. Lard—refined 14. Coffee—firm; Rio cargoes—ordinary to fair 8½@9¾. Sugar—steady; A soft 9½. Whiskey—steady, at $1.18. Freights to Liverpool, unchanged.

CINCINNATI—Flour, quiet; family $4.75@$4.85; fancy $5.75@$6.75. Wheat—firm; No. 2 red winter, $1.02@$1.03 for spot $1.02@$1.05⅞ for August. Corn—strong and higher; No. 2 mixed, 80 for spot; 79½ for August; 80¼ for September. Oats—strong and higher; No. 2 mixed, 55 for spot; 44¾ for August. Pork—strong, at $22 00. Lard—stronger, at $12 85. Bulk meats—quiet and firm; shoulders $9 75; clear rib $13.25. Whiskey—higher, at $1.16; combination sales of finished goods 500 barrels, on a basis of $1.16. Sugar—quiet and unchanged; hards 9⅞@10⅝; New Orleans 7¾@8¾. Hogs—firm; common and light $6 50@$8.25; packing and butchers $7.75@$8.80.

CHICAGO—Flour dull and drooping. Wheat—quiet, weak and generally lower; Regular $1.01¼ for August; 98½@98⅝ for September; No. 2 red winter $1.02¾ for cash; $1.02½ for August; $1.01@$1.01½ for September; No. 2 Chicago spring dull and nominal Corn—strong and higher, at 78½ for cash; 78½ for August; 77⅝@77¾ for September. Oats—unsettled and generally lower, at 51 for cash; 43½ for August; 37 for September. Pork—fairly active and a shade higher, at $21.40@$21.45 for cash; $21.42½@$21.45 for September. Lard—fairly active and a shade higher, at $12.42½ for cash; $12.45@$12.47½ for September. Bulk meats—steady and unchanged; shoulders $9.60; short ribs $10.35; short clear $13 85. Whiskey—steady and unchanged, at $1.17.

COTTON.

GALVESTON—Easy; middling 12¼c; low middling 11⅞c; good ordinary 11½c; net receipts 14; gross 61; sales 100; stock 721; exports coastwise 29; to Great Britain ——; to continent ——; to France ——; to channel ——.

NORFOLK—Steady, middling 12½c; net receipts —; gross —; stock 1,492; exports coastwise 201; sales 211; exports to Great Britain —; to continent —.

BALTIMORE—Steady; middling 13c, low middling 12⅝c; good ordinary 11⅞c; net receipts —; gross —; sales 25, stock 3,964, exports coastwise 75; spinners —; exports to Great Britain —, to continent —.

BOSTON—Steady middling 13⅛c; low middling 12⅝c; good ordinary 12c; net receipts 128; gross 183; sales —; stock 5,105; exports to [illegible] —; to France —.

WILMINGTON—Quiet; middling 12¼c; low middling [illegible]; good ordinary 10 15 16c, receipts 12; gross 12; sales ——; stock 335; exports coastwise —; to Great Britain ——; to continent — —

PHILADELPHIA—Quiet; middling 13¼c low middling 12⅞; good ordinary 11⅞c; receipts —; gross 76 sales ——; stock 5,445; exports Great Britain —; to continent —.

SAVANNAH—Steady, middling 12c; low middling 11½c; good ordinary 10¾c; net receipts 112; gross 112; sales 25; stock 1,570; exports coastwise 130, to Great Britain ——; to France —, to continent —.

NEW ORLEANS Quiet; middling 12⅝c; low middling 12¼c. good ordinary 11⅝c; net receipts 26; gross 38; sales 875; stock 19,474; exports to Great Britain ——; to France ——; coastwise 592; to continent ——; to channel — —.

MOBILE—Quiet; middling 12⅝c, low middling 12¼c good ordinary 11⅝c; net receipts 1; gross 1; sales 150, stock 829, exports coast 340; France ——; to Great Britain ——; to continent ——.

MEMPHIS—Steady, middling 12½c; low middling 12¼c; good ordinary 11c. net receipts 40; gross —; shipments —; sales —; stock 3,140.

AUGUSTA—Quiet; middling 12c; low middling 11⅝c; good ordinary 11¼c; receipts 11; shipments —; sales 21.

CHARLESTON—Steady; middling 12½; low middling 12c. good ordinary 11¼c; net receipts 22; gross 22. sales 8; stock 420; exports coastwise —; to Great Britain ——; to continent —; to France ——; to channel ——.

NEW YORK—Easier; sales 467; middling uplands 13c; middling orleans 13 5-16c; consolidated net receipts 329; exports to Great Britain 574; to France 71; to continent 29; to channel ——.

LIVERPOOL—Noon—Firm; middling uplands 7 1-16d; middling orleans 7 5-16d; sales 14,000; speculation and exports 3,000, receipts 6 950; American 6,500. Uplands low middling clause: August delivery 7 2-64d; August and September 7 2-64d; September and October 6 58-64d@6 57 64d; October and November 6 45-64d; November and December ——; December and January 6 40-64d; January and February 6 41-64d February and March ——; March and April 6 44-64d; April and May ——; May and June 6 49-64d. Futures easier.

LIVERPOOL—5 P. M.—Sales of American cotton 10,000. Uplands low middling clause: August delivery ——; August and September ——; September and October 6 59-64d; October and November ——; November and December ——; December and January ——; January and February ——; February and March ——; March and April ——; May and June 6 48-64d. Futures closed barely steady.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK—Net receipts 14; gross 631. Futures closed quiet and firm; sales 55,000 bales.

August	12 85@.86
September	12.52@.53
October	11 89@.90
November	11 69@.70
December	70@.71
January	11 79@.80
February	11 99@.00
March	12 04@.06
April	12.16@.18
May	12.30@.33
June	
July	

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK.

Exchange	4.85¼
Governments—weak	
New 5's	1.01
Four and a half per cents	1.14⅜
Four per cents	1.19⅝
Money	3@4
State bonds—without feature	
Sub-treasury balances—Gold	$79 841
" " —Currency	6 367

NEW YORK—11 A. M.—The stock market opened strong at an advance from the closing quotations of yesterday of ⅛@1½ per cent, the latter for the Richmond & West Point. In early trade, after a fractional decline, the Richmond & Danville sold up 1½ per cent, and the general list then declined ¼@⅜ per cent in which the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Lake Shore and Delaware, Lackawana & Western were most prominent. At 11 o'clock prices recovered ⅛@½ per cent.

STOCKS—Opened strong and closed weak:

Alabama—Class A, 2 to 5	80½
Alabama—Class A, small	80
Alabama—Class B, 5's	1.03
Alabama—Class C, 4's	82½
Chicago and Northwestern	1.43
Chicago and Northwestern preferred,	1 65
Erie	40¼
East Tennessee	11⅜
Georgia	1.40
Illinois Central	1.41¼
Lake Shore	1.15¾
Louisville and Nashville	74
Memphis and Charleston	60
Nashville and Chattanooga	68½
New York Central	1 35⅝
Pittsburg	1.88
Richmond and Allegheny	24
Richmond and Danville	1 22½
Rock Island	1 88
South Carolina Brown Consols,	1 03⅛
West Point Terminal	65
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific	37½
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific preferr'd	67⅞
Western Union	89½

CITY COTTON MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
CHARLOTTE, August 11, 1882.

The market yesterday closed steady at the following quotations:

Good Middling	12½
Middling	12¼
Strict low middling	12⅛
Low middling	12
Storms and Tinges	8@11½

Sales yesterday 29 bales.

DOBBINS' STARCH POLISH.

An important discovery, by which every family may give their linen that beautiful finish peculiar to fine laundry work.
Ask your Grocer.

J. B. DOBBINS, Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE BY J. S. SPENCER & CO. and FIELDS BROS., Charlotte, N. C.

WE INVITE ATTENTION WE INVITE ATTENTION

—TO OUR STOCK OF—

BOOTS AND SHOES

FOR THE SPRING AND SUMMER TRADE,

Which is now full and complete. We keep the best Goods made, will sell them at the lowest possible prices and guarantee satisfaction to all purchasers Our stock Embraces a full line of Goods of all grades, and of various styles and prices, being well adapted to the wants of both the city and country trade We invite all to give us a call and satisfy themselves of the truth of our assertions.

A. E. RANKIN & BRO.

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IN a country noted for beauty and health. Course of study, 10 branches, unequaled in extent, surpassed in thouroughness by no academy in the South. Medical and Law courses preparatory to the University of Va. Board, tuition, medical attendance (half session) $95. No extras. Address Maj. A. G. SMITH, Bethel Academy P. O., Fauquier county, Va.

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VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE
LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA.

THIS well known State Institution has been in successful operation since 1839, and having been reorganized by the act of March 3rd, 1882, with a new Board of Visitors, and the re-election of the old Faculty, is now prepared to supply, upon the best terms, the distinctive advantages of a general Scientific and Military School, upon the basis of the U. S. Military Academy at West Point, and upon the same system so successfully pursued before the war.

The Faculty which once included GEN. STONEWALL JACKSON, GEN. R. E. RODES, and COM. M. F. MAURY, now consists of the following superintendent and Professors:

Gen. FRANCIS H. SMITH, LL. D., Superintendent and Professor Math. and Moral Philosophy.
Gen. T. H. WILLIAMSON, Prof Practical Eng., etc.
Col. S. SHIP, Com Cadets and Prof. Tactics.
Col J. M. BROOKE, Prof. Physics.
Col. M. R. HARDIN, Prof. General and Applied Chemistry, etc
Col. T. M. SEMMES, Prof Modern Languages, etc.
Col J. W. LYELL, Prof. Math. and Logic
Col J. H MORRISON, adjunct Prof. Chemistry, etc.
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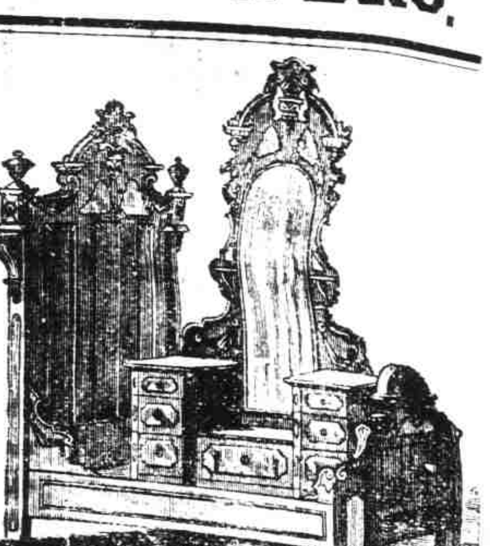

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