

The Charlotte Observer.

CHAS. R. JONES, Editor and Proprietor.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 21, 1882.

Diphtheria is raging in Elbert county, Ga.

Gen. Mahone thinks he can carry Virginia with \$200,000.

The vote in Maine at the recent election was 10,000 less than two years ago.

It is not generally known that the Dominion of Canada is larger than the United States, but it is.

Notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Tilden is reported verging upon the edge of the grave he is about finishing a \$500,000 house.

Gen. N. Y., has 1207 marriageable girls, and only 65 young men. When the young men go out they take dogs along.

The Wilmington Review alludes to Col Staples, of Greensboro, as an unmarried man. This will be news to Mrs. Staples.

It is said that Gen. Bob Toombs, of Georgia, is about to join the church. If he should how will Bob manage to emphasize his remarks?

The Democracy of New Hanover county will have a grand mass meeting at Point Caswell 26th inst. Gov Vance and a number of other distinguished speakers have been invited.

Col. J. R. Winston, Greenback candidate for Congress in the 6th district has been promoted. Some of the Northern papers call him General—a general without a corporal's guard of followers.

The Greenback candidate for Governor of Arkansas was a brother of Senator Garland. He got just 1142 votes in the entire State, which will give some idea of the strength of the Greenbackers in that part of the vineyard.

He started out by saying that he had come there to beat the Democratic party and the best way to do that was to be harmonious and endorse the Liberal ticket.—A. W. Catlin, colored, at the Republican convention last Saturday.

General Wolsley is said to be a total abstainer from the use of intoxicating drinks. The New York Sun suggests that thousands of lives would have been saved in our war if the generals had all been as sober as Wolsley is said to be.

This is an independent opinion from the Atlanta Herald: There is too much personal politics—too much talk about leaders and too little about measures. What the Democratic party needs most is the burial of men and the resurrection of principles.

If it was true, as said, that Sims had cheated 300 negroes out of their votes, he was the very man they wanted, so that he might cheat for the negro a while.—Prince Broom, colored, at the recent Republican convention.

Coupling the names of Wolsley and Wellington is a compliment to the former at the expense of the latter. Wolsley has waged his wars against naked African savages, and half-armed, de generate Egyptians, poorly armed and equipped for a successful war with any nation. Wellington fought and conquered one of the greatest soldiers the world ever saw, leading the grandest nation of soldiers up to that time in the modern world.

At first he was opposed to coalition, but after mature reflection and a careful consideration of the situation, he had changed his mind, because he thought the Liberal movement meant success for the Republican party.—J. W. Gordon, the colored mail agent in his speech at the late Republican convention. See it Democrat?

And now Mr. John Bigelow, who is said to be a close friend of Mr. Tilden, comes to the front and assures us that the old gentleman is out of politics sure enough. If Mr. Tilden and his friends would go into court and make solemn affidavit to this effect it would break the monotony of the oft repeated and as oft denied report.

The closing of the Egyptian war and the opening to commerce of the Suez Canal, again gives to Europe, Egypt and India as a source of supplies for grain and cotton, and will consequently have some effect on the American market upon which she was compelled to depend while these other sources were cut off.

Philadelphia Record: The way in which party lines are breaking down and party spirit abating is shown by the fact that the New York Times and the New York evening Post earnestly advocate the election to Congress of Mr. Frank Hurd, the regular Democratic candidate in the Toledo, Ohio, district. Mr. Hurd is a supporter of a revenue tariff, while his Republican opponent is a protectionist, and on this ground these two influential Republican newspapers prefer the election of a Democrat.

These Liberal Independent Democrats were the very men to lead the Republican party to victory and he intended to follow them.—J. W. Gordon, at the late Republican convention.—Democrat of Mecklenburg, there is no longer any disguise.

Philadelphia Record: The Temperance question has been added to the debt issue in the Tennessee political campaign. Hawkins, the Republican candidate is a temperance man. Fussell, the State-Credit candidate, is a prohibitionist. Bate, the Democratic candidate, is opposed to regulating a man's appetite by summary laws. Mr. Bate might utilize to benefit the doggerel that once contributed so materially to the success of Horatio Seymour's gubernatorial campaign in New York: "Seymour is the man for you and I; 'So says when he is hungry, and he drinks when he's dry."

CHOOSE BETWEEN THEM.

We will not assert that the Democratic party has in every respect met the expectations of the people, but we do assert that the Democratic party has done so much for North Carolina, that under its administration her condition has been so much improved that there is in reality no comparison between the two parties. If the one has failed in two particulars to meet the popular demands upon it, the other has failed entirely, and has done nothing to commend it to popular esteem nor popular support. If it be asserted that King Caucus has too much influence in shaping events and in the choice of candidates it has not been so and is it not so now, also, in the Republican party? Do not the bosses in that party hold their caucuses, arrange the wires, dictate the policy and say who shall and who shall not be put forward as candidates? There never was a more unyielding ring despotism in existence in any party than that which has controlled and still controls the Republican party of this State. A clique of United States revenue officials get together, issue their decrees, and with an imperiousness that brooks no opposition insists upon those decrees being obeyed to the letter. We be to the subordinate who dares to question or rebel; off goes his head with as little parley and as little ceremony as a cook would decapitate a pullet. Of all the dependents on government patronage under these bosses not one in a hundred dares call his soul his own, or dares to whisper a sentence in disapproval of the schemes of the bosses, who own them, politically, and exercise the ownership as despotically as master ever did over helot.

What has the Republican party ever done for North Carolina to entitle it to support now? Has it done ought since hurled from power to obliterate the infamous record it made in the days of its ascendancy? Have its leaders shown any signal virtues, any broad statesmanship, any evidences of special patriotism or devotion to the welfare of North Carolina to give them a claim to popular confidence now? A brief negative answers all these questions, and answers them truthfully. There is not one man of the entire number of its leaders, who has given one day's disinterested service to the State, for which they hypocritically profess so much love.

No. Neither in the past nor in the present can they point to one single act to entitle them to the support of the people, nor as a plea for the votes of citizens who have heretofore voted with the Democratic party. Compare the condition of North Carolina under Democratic rule and her condition under Republican rule from the days of reconstruction until that party was hurled from power. Then, not to speak of official plundering, which was the order of the day, everything was in turmoil, confusion and uncertainty. Business languished, enterprises stood still, because no one would venture where they knew not what the future would bring; our trees stood unpruned in the forest, our streams rolled idly to the sea, the ores lay undug in our mines, the railroad builders sought not to construct new avenues of commerce, capitalists held back and none dared to venture where that protection was not afforded which business and capital always demand and must have.

What do we see since? Peace and good feeling throughout our borders; the colored people, who were then constantly kept in a state of political excitement by incendiary demagogues (all of whom have departed yet, however,) devoting their time more to earning their daily bread and taking care of their families than to attending political meetings; workshops, factories, and various enterprises springing up on all sides, new towns springing up and growing everywhere, school houses going up, normal schools being established and well supported in many counties, new railroads built, our mines opened, our fields cultivated as they never were cultivated before, and our people prosperous, hopeful and cheerful as year follows year. To-day the people of North Carolina look to a future as promising as that which lays before any people under the sun, not all due to the Democratic party, for Providence has looked kindly upon us, but as far as human agency goes in a very great measure due to the just, economical, honest and wise administration of that party. Although there may be differences of opinion as to certain questions of party policy that have arisen, the people will remember all this when they are asked to overthrow the Democratic party and place the Republican party in power. When asked to do this as Liberals or under any other new-named name, they will put in a pretty large sized negative.

JOY AND GRIEF.

How closely joy and grief are sometimes linked in this world is forcibly illustrated in the case of Lieutenant Melville, who returned but a few days ago from that ill-fated expedition where so many of his companions found graves under arctic snows. Awaiting his return was his wife who through the years of his wanderings looked longingly, hopefully, amid all the conflicting reports concerning his fate. At last he came, filled with glad anticipations of the meeting with wife and children. At New York he was greeted with an enthusiastic welcome by the people of that city, and at Philadelphia also. Hastening home, but a few miles from the latter city, he found the wife who had waited for him, unable to withstand the excitement, in a state of nervous prostration and insane. The meeting that was looked to as one of joy was turned to one of grief, and the long lost, now returned husband and father stood with three children clinging to him, gazing upon wife and mother-in-law of reason. Instead of a joyful greeting, reproaches met him, and he stood listening to the upraising of a disordered brain. For quiet and to escape the tongue of gossip and scandal, he left his home, and the return to which he had looked to with fond anticipations.

Last Monday, accompanied by a few friends and his children, he carried her to the insane asylum at Northtown, where the parting with her children was most affecting. His wanderings in the frozen wastes of the arctic regions were an ordeal that many of his comrades succumbed under, but they were nothing he compared with this trial and chapter in the story of his trials.

NOT TO-DAY, BUT SOME OTHER DAY.

Several of the ex-Democrats who have gone upon the stump in the interest of the Republican-Liberal coalition, make it a point to impress upon their hearers in the speeches they make that they are not candidates for office. Their purpose in doing this is to convince those to whom they talk that they are sincere in their change of front, are actuated by patriotic and not selfish motives.

They may not be candidates now, but should the coalition programme pan out according to their hopes how long would they be willing to remain modestly in the back ground and let others enjoy the spoils? From our knowledge of the men, and we know them pretty well as far as their public records go, not one of them has established any reputation as being averse to holding office. The most distinguished of them have never been known to refuse any office of sufficient importance to be worth their holding, but on the contrary have been known to hanker after much which they never got. And when they give their time, talents, tongue and distinguished presence in canvassing the State to crush the Democratic party, which has honored them in the past, but not in proportion to their own ideas of their signal services and importance and ability, the presumption naturally arises that they have something in their eye besides the good of the dear people. Time will develop all this.

PROHIBITION IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The prohibition question which has been and now is agitating a number of the Western States, seems to be making some headway in Pennsylvania, as will be seen by the following from the Philadelphia Press:

"To-day's gathering of Prohibitionists at Association Hall has an interest for Republicans, and ought to have a wholesome effect on the Republican nomination in the Legislature. This is not a convention of the State Prohibition party, but a meeting of citizens who want a prohibition amendment submitted to the people. This sentiment is being carried over the State, and when it is brought to bear directly on candidates for the Legislature it is a force not to be ignored. The Prohibition vote will be drawn mainly from the Republican ranks, so that whether it be large or small, it will for the most part represent a Republican loss. The point for the Republican conventions to bear in mind is the necessity of choosing nominees who will make the largest possible score. If some votes are drawn off by the Prohibition movement and more driven off by the objectionable nominees of the Republican party, the chance for a Republican majority will be whittled down to a very fine point. We do not understand that the aim of Republican conventions is to carry grief to the Democratic mill. The Republican party is rapidly falling into the Prohibition lines, and ere long will be squarely on that platform.

MASSACHUSETTS REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Hoar Elected President and Makes Some Remarks on Virginia—Bishop Nominated for Governor.

WORCESTER, MASS., Sept. 20.—The Republican State convention met here to-day. The committee on permanent organization unanimously reported the name of Senator G. F. Hoar for president, with the usual list of officers. On the second day of the convention there was considerable applause and some person in the rear of the hall shouted, "He voted for the River and Harbor bill" and there followed a scene of confusion and excitement. In the course of his speech upon taking the chair, which was quite a lengthy review of the progress of the Republican party, Hoar said that there are still some things in the State which are not fairly and fairly treated. To provide education at public cost for all their people and to obliterate race distinctions from politics, has broken it. It is a heavy burden to carry on the South. There are some things in the attitude of the party now dominant in Virginia that I wish were otherwise, but under the influence of new associations and the demands of an enlightened self interest this will be changed. The face of Virginia turned toward the morning. The emancipation of the greatest of the States of the South from the fetters of Bourbon rule is in my judgment the noblest act of the political event which has taken place in this country since the adoption of the 15th amendment.

On an informal ballot Robert R. Bishop was nominated for Governor, and Charles P. Ladd, Attorney-General.

The Collapse of Abdella. LONDON, Sept. 20.—The Times in its second edition of the following: CAIRO, Sept. 20.—The following account of the collapse of Abdella Pasha's resistance has been received. Abdella summoned his black regiment and said he expected them to fight till the last. He declared that Arabi had turned traitor and fled, but that Kafir El Dwar was making a heroic resistance. The soldiers asked why they should risk their lives for Arabi and Abdella. The latter replied that they were not fighting for him but for their religion, their country and the Caliph. They should be ready to die, and the soldiers replied, "then die," and shot him through the stomach.

Connecticut Republican Convention. NEW HAVEN, Sept. 20.—The Republican State convention in session to-day after the nomination of Governor completed its work by the selection of the following ticket for the remaining State officers: Jno D Candler, lieutenant-governor; S T Stanton, Secretary of State; Julius Converse, treasurer, and Frank D Short, comptroller. All by acclamation. The platform declares in favor of revision and reduction of tariff not only for the benefit of the people, but also for the protection of American labor against labor of the Old World.

New York Republican Convention. SARBATOGA, Sept. 20.—The Republican convention met here to-day. The first test of strength was on the selection of temporary chairman and resulted in the choice of ex-State Senator E L Madden, a Fowler man, by a vote of 251 to 245. The second test was on the question of a recess was taken until 3 o'clock.

Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows. BALTIMORE, Sept. 20.—The Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows to-day after some business of a formal character went into secret session and so remained until adjournment.

The Spaniards. Carry their tooth-picks in their back hair, and they use them then after eating anything. They take care of their teeth, and the teeth take care of their mouths. Use tooth-picks freely, clean with BROWN'S, and bad teeth and breaths will be scarce.

TIRED OF PARTY SLAVERY.

How the Colored Voters of the North are Talking. New York Evening Post, Sep. 11.

For some time the newspaper organs of the colored men have been hinting that they are rather tired of working for nothing. This is to say, they have been voting Republican tickets and asking no questions, solely in consideration of past services rendered them by the party in the matter of freedom and equal rights, and accepting emancipation and the suffrage as a perpetual mortgage, the interest on which must be paid promptly every election day. Now, however, there is a disposition to inquire into the validity of this lien. The colored men are beginning to think that the old score is about wiped out; that the debt incurred before, during and shortly after the war, has been fully paid by steadfast and straight voting, and that for further political services they should receive some equivalent in the form of a fair division of the fruits of their labors, along enough without wages, under a system which has substituted a sort of party slavery in place of that kind from which they have escaped. Henceforth they propose to work on shares. This is the substance of the movement which was begun in this city last night by the organization of a colored Republican central committee. Resolutions were adopted to the effect that the party has failed to recognize the worth of the colored people as voters, and that hereafter "due recognition" must be given "in the Government services"—that is, in the distribution of offices. The colored voters intend henceforth to examine the color of a ticket before voting it. This demand is not surprising, and under the existing party system of rewards for party services, it is not unreasonable.

New York Democracy—John Kelly Leading His Clan.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Delegations from the New York Democracy are in this city left for Syracuse this morning to attend the State convention. The county delegation numbered about four hundred and Tammany Hall about five hundred men, the latter with John Kelly at their head.

Returns From Vermont.

MONTPELIER, Sept. 20.—Official returns of the vote at the recent election in Vermont have been received for Governor at 10.89. The House stands 185 Republicans, 40 Democrats, one Greenbacker and one Independent. Senate 28 Republicans, 2 Democrats.

Weather.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Middle Atlantic States, partly cloudy weather and local rains, winds shifting to colder north westerly, and light barometer. South Atlantic States, fair weather, followed by local rains in the northern portion, south westerly winds shifting to north easterly on the North Carolina coast, variable barometer, stationary or higher temperature.

Death of a Pioneer Cotton Manufacturer.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 20.—Harvey Clark, one of the pioneers among cotton manufacturers in Rhode Island, died at Valley Falls, this morning, aged 82 years.

Not Home Up.

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 20.—The British steamer Commodore, having on board Lord Lorne and Princess Louise, arrived here last night safe, notwithstanding the threats that she would be blown up at sea.

I Would Pay Ten Dollars per Bottle for It.

Brunswick county, Va., Nov. 5, 1881. I have been entirely cured of a most fearful looking and painful sore on my ankle, by the use of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. I had more than twelve months ago, very much like a ring worm. I painted it with tincture iodine. It became more and more painful, and I commenced to try everything I could think of, but it did not seem to do any good. Then I went to the best doctor in the whole country for advice, who told me to use Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. I ordered half pints from her, and took the first dose on the 17th of September, using the Wash also, and now I am cured, and the sore is entirely cured, and I can walk as far, dance as much as I please, and I feel as well as ever. I would give ten dollars for it if I could get it for any less. I think more of it than any medicine I have ever used. It is the best remedy in the world to purify the blood, but I believe it will cure all skin and blood diseases, and will certainly cure a sore of any kind. It gives me pleasure to furnish this report for publication, as I know there are many sufferers who would be benefited by the use of it, and obtain Mrs. Joe Person's remedy. Very truly and respectfully, JOS. B. MASON, JR., South Gaston, North Carolina.

Sores Breaking Out Over the Face and Neck.

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 27th, 1881. Dear Madam: In reply to your letter asking what I think of your remedy, I would say that the sores have been very fair, and so far as I can see, the cure is complete. I have had a very bad case of sores breaking out over the face and neck, having the appearance of a nettle rash, and it was very painful. I used your Cream Baking Powder, and up to this time she has had no return of them, her skin looking as fair and clear as any I have seen. I trust that you may receive the success which your remedy seems to merit. I am Very respectfully, W. H. SIMPSON, Druggist.

Send for circular of remarkable cures in the treatment of Rheumatism, and not an unfavorable report. For sale by druggists generally and by the proprietor, W. H. SIMPSON, N. C.

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L.S.L. Louisiana State Lottery Company. Look at the following scheme, under the exclusive supervision and management of GEN. G. T. BEAUREGARD of Louisiana, and GEN. JUBAL A. EARLE of Virginia, who manage all the drawings of this lottery, both ordinary and semi-annual, and attest the correctness of the published Official Lists.

48th. COMMONWEALTH DISTRIBUTION CO. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1882. These drawings occur monthly (Sundays excepted) under provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER. While other Baking Powders are largely adulterated with Alum and other hurtful drugs.

THE CONTRAST! While other Baking Powders are largely adulterated with Alum and other hurtful drugs.

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Miscellaneous. WESTERN N. C. RAILROAD. OFFICE GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT. Salisbury, N. C., June 14th, 1882.

Spring Styles. WE ARE NOW OPENING OUR NEW Spring and Summer Styles. MILLINERY. Including all the latest novel styles in the MILLINERY LINE.

WANTED. HIGHEST cash price paid for COTTON and WOOLLEN RAGS, BONES, STRAP LEAD, SHEWAX, BRASS COPPER, FEWTER LEAD, ZINC, OLD BOOKS, RUBBER, ROPE, & C.