

The Charlotte Observer. CHAS. R. JONES, Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 27, 1882.

It is said that Engineer Melville's wife was a confirmed inebriate.

There are fifteen Bessemer steel works in this country which turn out annually 2,000,000 tons of steel.

Butterworth is going to disinfect himself and take the stump in Ohio.

Every American citizen ought to run for office once at least to find out how many mean things he has done in his life.

Hon. D. F. Caldwell, one of the trustees of North Carolina's sons, has taken the stump for the Democracy in Guilford county.

The Democratic candidate for Governor of New York, Mr. Cleveland, and the candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, Mr. Hill, are both unmarried men.

It is said that out of the 100,000 persons in the employ of the government only 5,000 have responded to the call of Assessment Collector Hubbel.

If it was true, as said, that Sims had cheated 300 negroes out of their votes, he was the very man they wanted, so that he might cheat for the negro a while.

A newspaper correspondent says that many American women are tattooed like South Sea Islanders.

Cleveland, the Democratic nominee for Governor of New York, does not belong to the skeleton brigade.

He started out by saying that he had come there to beat the Democratic party and the best way to do that was to be harmonious and endorse the Liberal ticket.

As Jay Gould was one of Folger's backers for the Republican gubernatorial nomination they are counting largely on Jay Gould's money to elect him.

"Tis better to bear those ills we have, than fly to others we know not of," is a good maxim in politics as in other matters.

At first he was opposed to coalition, but after mature reflection and a careful consideration of the situation, he had changed his mind.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

LAST WORDS OF DISTINGUISHED COALITIONISTS. Col. I. J. Young: "To pull this thing through, boys, we'll have to lie like a-- and stick it to it."

Dr. Mott: "After all my herculean labors has it come to this?"

T. N. Cooper: "I'm devilish glad I got in before this bubble busted."

Jim Harris (colored): "There's no use talking about it boys, you've got to recognize us."

O'Hara: "Tan Hubbs' white skin; this is a black man's district."

Col. Cocke: "I'd like to go to Congress, but with such slim chances I'm not going to wear myself out in a canvass against Vance."

Tom Devereaux: "So would I, but I ain't gaffed to fight Democratic Cox."

D. Tyre York: "I'm getting awful tired butting up against Robbins. For an independent Democrat my attitude is not altogether pleasant."

O. H. Dockery: "The people don't seem to take to this thing well, as I have discovered in my peregrinations."

W. S. Ball: "Paregorically speaking, I believe it is a bust. As a moralist I would it, but as a politician I had to sponoff it."

Gen. Leach: "My God, fellow-citizens, I was only acting with the concern."

Col. Johnston: "No, no; I don't want to go to Congress, and moreover I don't think I can."

Gen. Clingman: "I am of opinion that I shall let the boys fight it out."

Capt. Price: "If I live about a thousand years and this thing continues to grow perhaps there may be a chance for me; but it's a long time to wait."

A COLORED ORGAN'S TICKET. The Enterprise is the name of a paper published at Goldsboro in this State, by a colored man, as an organ of colored men.

For Congressman at Large: The Honorable Gentleman who will not ignore the 105,000 colored voters in North Carolina.

For the Judge of the Supreme Court: His Honor—He who believes that the Negro has equitable rights as other men.

For Superior Court Judges: The Honorable Gentleman who will not recognize the Negro only as a voting machine, but will accord to him the rights of an American citizen.

For Congressman of 1st, 2d, 3d, and other Districts: The Gentlemen who are in sympathy with and defend the Negro, not in words, but in acts and deeds.

The above nominees are our choice, and we shall support to the end—and don't you forget it. Selah!

From which we take it for granted that the Enterprise will be found supporting the Democratic ticket.

At first he was opposed to coalition, but after mature reflection and a careful consideration of the situation, he had changed his mind.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

Resolved, that the thanks of this convention are tendered Dr. J. J. Mott and Col. T. N. Cooper for their earnest, active and untiring efforts in aiding in bringing about a union and coalition.

There is, however, a dividing line between liberalism and injustice, and in the name of Republicanism I protest against degrading the veterans who have fought the battles and borne the burden and heat of the day.

THE TARIFF COMMISSION. It Holds a Session at Charleston, and Hears what the Charlestonians Have to Say.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 26.—Four of the tariff commissioners, Messrs Hayes, Boteler, Garland and Oliver arrived here last night from Savannah, and today they resumed their work.

They held a session to-day in the rooms of the chamber of commerce. After some remarks from Mr. Hayes as to the object of the commission, a short address was made by S. Y. Tupper, president of the chamber of commerce.

He was aware, he said, that the country must have tariff for revenue, there was no such thing as free trade in a commercial country. Free trade was an absurdity and a deception.

He ventured to express the sentiments of the chamber and the commercial community of Charleston by saying that while they were in favor of a tariff for revenue they desired that it should be a tariff of American industries to that extent.

The shipping interests of the country should also be protected, even by reasonable subsidies to ship builders and ship owners.

He said that the protection of the South was incidental to the protection of its growing manufactures and to its agricultural interests.

Rice culture was a very important matter in South Carolina and most of the farmers and planters along the seaboard derived their support from rice culture; it gave support to 50,000 operatives in fact, nearly all of whom were colored.

Tupper had no specific recommendation to make as to the tariff.

Theo. D. Jervey, commission merchant, made an argument in favor of the maintenance of the duty on rice. He did not desire any increase but thought that the present rate would increase the area planted in rice.

As a merchant he expressed the opinion that the consumer would be benefited by a reduction of the duty.

W. L. Trenholm, a merchant, expressed views similar to those of Mr. Jervey. He said he was a free trader but so long as the present policy of protection in rice was maintained he was satisfied with the present duties.

A. B. Rose, president of the agricultural society of South Carolina, said that the farmers of the State would be glad to have their rice free of duty.

Mr. Oliver: Suppose that manufacturers of locomotives should make that same statement as to rice?

Mr. Rose: I suppose they would be right in saying so.

Mr. G. M. Pollitzer made an argument in favor of a reduction of duties on salt.

W. S. Hastie, stockbroker, declared that the people of South Carolina did not desire any change in the tariff.

This was the first time in the history of the State when they felt interested in a tariff. Many cotton factories were being established, and much capital invested in them.

The interest of the State of South Carolina were now identified with those of Massachusetts. They were prepared to take the tariff as it was, and could succeed with it as well as any other State in the union; but they wanted permanency.

The commission left here this evening for Wilmington, N. C.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Announcements by the Controller of the Treasury—Interesting Rice Statistics.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—The Controller of the currency has announced that he has declared a final dividend of 9 per cent in favor of the creditors of First National Bank of New Orleans, making in all dividends of 79 per cent.

The aggregate amount of the dividends of 1882 is \$1,155,625.50 and the amount of the present dividend is \$100,499.92 which is to be distributed among about five hundred claimants and is payable at the treasury department.

The controller has also announced that he has received certificates of holders of receivers certificates or when properly assigned, the acting secretary of the treasury, New, has ordered the assistant treasurer at New York to make out a receipt for the interest on Wednesday on each week until further notice, the bonds embraced in the one hundred and sixteenth and one hundred seventeenth calls to an amount not exceeding \$5,000,000 in each week.

The acreage of Georgia was 34,972, which is about one-fifth of the total area in rice. South Carolina had 75,348 acres and produced 52,077,515 pounds of rice in 1881.

The number of persons interested in the cultivation of rice in the United States in 1881 was 20,000 less than in 1880 he puts the present acreage of Georgia was 34,972, which is about one-fifth of the total area in rice.

A Circus Train Without Brakes. LOUISVILLE, Sept. 26.—The inquest on the bodies of the men killed at the wrecking of Sell's circus train, developed the facts that on the train of 21 cars there were no brakes, and the train was coming down a grade of 72 feet to the mile the train became unmanageable and ran with such speed that the track either spread or something broke and the cars were derailed.

Burned to Death in the Presence of his Family. CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—In the town of Lake yesterday, the barn and match factory owned by Anton Krieger, caught fire. Krieger, his wife and two children were either killed by the fire or overcame by smoke and was burned to death. His death struggles were witnessed by his wife and family of six children.

Route of Dr. Norment and Col. Johnston. Dr. Norment and Col. Wm. Johnston have mapped out a route for the campaign and will address the people of Liberalism at the following places and dates:

Fur's Store, Cabarrus county, Thursday, 28th.

Mount Pleasant, Cabarrus county, Friday, 29th.

Concord, Cabarrus county, Saturday, 30th.

Weather. WASHINGTON, Sept. 26.—Middle Atlantic—partly cloudy, or cloudy weather.

North Atlantic—partly cloudy weather, with local rain.

South Atlantic—partly cloudy weather, with local rain.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH. SEPTEMBER 26, 1882. PRODUCE.

CHARLESTON—Spirits Turpentine firm and small sales as usual; but higher; high grades \$1.45-1.50.

Wilmington—Spirits Turpentine firm at 42c. Rosin firm \$1.25 for strained; \$1.42 for for yellow dip.

Baltimore—Wheat—unchanged; Howard street and Western super \$2.00-2.05; extra \$2.75-2.80; family \$4.75-5.00; city mills \$4.00-4.25.

Wheat—Southern lower and quiet; Western active, weak and lower; Southern red \$1.05-1.10; do. amber \$1.05-1.10; No. 1 Maryland \$1.07-1.08; No. 2 Western winter red spot, \$1.02-1.03; Corn—Southern steady; Western steady; Southern white 70; Southern yellow 82.

Baltimore—Wheat—unchanged; Howard street and Western super \$2.00-2.05; extra \$2.75-2.80; family \$4.75-5.00; city mills \$4.00-4.25.

Wheat—Southern lower and quiet; Western active, weak and lower; Southern red \$1.05-1.10; do. amber \$1.05-1.10; No. 1 Maryland \$1.07-1.08; No. 2 Western winter red spot, \$1.02-1.03; Corn—Southern steady; Western steady; Southern white 70; Southern yellow 82.

CHICAGO—Wheat, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—dull; No. 2 red winter \$1.08 for spot; 97 1/2 for September. Corn—dull and lower; 25 for spot; 23 bid for September. Pork—firm, at \$22 1/2 for spot; \$21.50 for September.

Butter—quiet; common to choice, packed \$1.00-1.10; cream—shoulders \$1.10; ribs \$1.00; clear \$1.10-1.15. Sugar—strong; common to choice, packed \$1.10-1.15. Coffee—dull; Rio export—ordinary to fair 70-75; St. Paul—steady; a soft 6 1/2. Whiskey—steady, at \$1.30-1.32.

NEW YORK—Wheat, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—dull; No. 2 red winter \$1.08 for spot; 97 1/2 for September. Corn—dull and lower; 25 for spot; 23 bid for September.

Butter—quiet; common to choice, packed \$1.00-1.10; cream—shoulders \$1.10; ribs \$1.00; clear \$1.10-1.15. Sugar—strong; common to choice, packed \$1.10-1.15. Coffee—dull; Rio export—ordinary to fair 70-75; St. Paul—steady; a soft 6 1/2. Whiskey—steady, at \$1.30-1.32.

NEW YORK—Wheat, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—dull; No. 2 red winter \$1.08 for spot; 97 1/2 for September. Corn—dull and lower; 25 for spot; 23 bid for September.

Butter—quiet; common to choice, packed \$1.00-1.10; cream—shoulders \$1.10; ribs \$1.00; clear \$1.10-1.15. Sugar—strong; common to choice, packed \$1.10-1.15. Coffee—dull; Rio export—ordinary to fair 70-75; St. Paul—steady; a soft 6 1/2. Whiskey—steady, at \$1.30-1.32.

NEW YORK—Wheat, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—dull; No. 2 red winter \$1.08 for spot; 97 1/2 for September. Corn—dull and lower; 25 for spot; 23 bid for September.

Butter—quiet; common to choice, packed \$1.00-1.10; cream—shoulders \$1.10; ribs \$1.00; clear \$1.10-1.15. Sugar—strong; common to choice, packed \$1.10-1.15. Coffee—dull; Rio export—ordinary to fair 70-75; St. Paul—steady; a soft 6 1/2. Whiskey—steady, at \$1.30-1.32.

NEW YORK—Wheat, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—dull; No. 2 red winter \$1.08 for spot; 97 1/2 for September. Corn—dull and lower; 25 for spot; 23 bid for September.

Butter—quiet; common to choice, packed \$1.00-1.10; cream—shoulders \$1.10; ribs \$1.00; clear \$1.10-1.15. Sugar—strong; common to choice, packed \$1.10-1.15. Coffee—dull; Rio export—ordinary to fair 70-75; St. Paul—steady; a soft 6 1/2. Whiskey—steady, at \$1.30-1.32.

NEW YORK—Wheat, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—dull; No. 2 red winter \$1.08 for spot; 97 1/2 for September. Corn—dull and lower; 25 for spot; 23 bid for September.

Butter—quiet; common to choice, packed \$1.00-1.10; cream—shoulders \$1.10; ribs \$1.00; clear \$1.10-1.15. Sugar—strong; common to choice, packed \$1.10-1.15. Coffee—dull; Rio export—ordinary to fair 70-75; St. Paul—steady; a soft 6 1/2. Whiskey—steady, at \$1.30-1.32.

NEW YORK—Wheat, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—dull; No. 2 red winter \$1.08 for spot; 97 1/2 for September. Corn—dull and lower; 25 for spot; 23 bid for September.

Butter—quiet; common to choice, packed \$1.00-1.10; cream—shoulders \$1.10; ribs \$1.00; clear \$1.10-1.15. Sugar—strong; common to choice, packed \$1.10-1.15. Coffee—dull; Rio export—ordinary to fair 70-75; St. Paul—steady; a soft 6 1/2. Whiskey—steady, at \$1.30-1.32.

NEW YORK—Wheat, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—dull; No. 2 red winter \$1.08 for spot; 97 1/2 for September. Corn—dull and lower; 25 for spot; 23 bid for September.

Butter—quiet; common to choice, packed \$1.00-1.10; cream—shoulders \$1.10; ribs \$1.00; clear \$1.10-1.15. Sugar—strong; common to choice, packed \$1.10-1.15. Coffee—dull; Rio export—ordinary to fair 70-75; St. Paul—steady; a soft 6 1/2. Whiskey—steady, at \$1.30-1.32.

NEW YORK—Wheat, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—dull; No. 2 red winter \$1.08 for spot; 97 1/2 for September. Corn—dull and lower; 25 for spot; 23 bid for September.

Butter—quiet; common to choice, packed \$1.00-1.10; cream—shoulders \$1.10; ribs \$1.00; clear \$1.10-1.15. Sugar—strong; common to choice, packed \$1.10-1.15. Coffee—dull; Rio export—ordinary to fair 70-75; St. Paul—steady; a soft 6 1/2. Whiskey—steady, at \$1.30-1.32.

NEW YORK—Wheat, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—dull; No. 2 red winter \$1.08 for spot; 97 1/2 for September. Corn—dull and lower; 25 for spot; 23 bid for September.

Butter—quiet; common to choice, packed \$1.00-1.10; cream—shoulders \$1.10; ribs \$1.00; clear \$1.10-1.15. Sugar—strong; common to choice, packed \$1.10-1.15. Coffee—dull; Rio export—ordinary to fair 70-75; St. Paul—steady; a soft 6 1/2. Whiskey—steady, at \$1.30-1.32.

NEW YORK—Wheat, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—dull; No. 2 red winter \$1.08 for spot; 97 1/2 for September. Corn—dull and lower; 25 for spot; 23 bid for September.

Butter—quiet; common to choice, packed \$1.00-1.10; cream—shoulders \$1.10; ribs \$1.00; clear \$1.10-1.15. Sugar—strong; common to choice, packed \$1.10-1.15. Coffee—dull; Rio export—ordinary to fair 70-75; St. Paul—steady; a soft 6 1/2. Whiskey—steady, at \$1.30-1.32.

NEW YORK—Wheat, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—dull; No. 2 red winter \$1.08 for spot; 97 1/2 for September. Corn—dull and lower; 25 for spot; 23 bid for September.

Butter—quiet; common to choice, packed \$1.00-1.10; cream—shoulders \$1.10; ribs \$1.00; clear \$1.10-1.15. Sugar—strong; common to choice, packed \$1.10-1.15. Coffee—dull; Rio export—ordinary to fair 70-75; St. Paul—steady; a soft 6 1/2. Whiskey—steady, at \$1.30-1.32.

NEW YORK—Wheat, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—dull; No. 2 red winter \$1.08 for spot; 97 1/2 for September. Corn—dull and lower; 25 for spot; 23 bid for September.

Butter—quiet; common to choice, packed \$1.00-1.10; cream—shoulders \$1.10; ribs \$1.00; clear \$1.10-1.15. Sugar—strong; common to choice, packed \$1.10-1.15. Coffee—dull; Rio export—ordinary to fair 70-75; St. Paul—steady; a soft 6 1/2. Whiskey—steady, at \$1.30-1.32.

NEW YORK—Wheat, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—dull; No. 2 red winter \$1.08 for spot; 97 1/2 for September. Corn—dull and lower; 25 for spot; 23 bid for September.

Butter—quiet; common to choice, packed \$1.00-1.10; cream—shoulders \$1.10; ribs \$1.00; clear \$1.10-1.15. Sugar—strong; common to choice, packed \$1.10-1.15. Coffee—dull; Rio export—ordinary to fair 70-75; St. Paul—steady; a soft 6 1/2. Whiskey—steady, at \$1.30-1.32.

NEW YORK—Wheat, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—dull; No. 2 red winter \$1.08 for spot; 97 1/2 for September. Corn—dull and lower; 25 for spot; 23 bid for September.

THE TWO TICKETS. Election Tuesday, November 7th, 1882. The vote will be cast in six ballot boxes, as follows:

1. The Representatives in Congress at Large will be voted for on one ballot.

2. The District Representatives in Congress will be voted for on one ballot.

3. The Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, the six Judges of the Superior Court and the Solicitors of the District will be voted for on one ballot.

4. The members of the Board of Supervisors, the Board of Health, the Board of Public Works, the Board of Fire Commissioners, the Board of Police Commissioners, the Board of Prison Commissioners, the Board of Jail Commissioners, the Board of Street Commissioners, the Board of Water Commissioners, the Board of Sewer Commissioners, the Board of Gas Commissioners, the Board of Light Commissioners, the Board of Fire Commissioners, the Board of Police Commissioners, the Board of Prison Commissioners, the Board of Jail Commissioners, the Board of Street Commissioners, the Board of Water Commissioners, the Board of Sewer Commissioners, the Board of Gas Commissioners, the Board of Light Commissioners.

5. The Clerk of the Superior Court, the Treasurer of the County, the Register of Deeds, the Surveyor, Coroner and Sheriff will be voted for on one ballot.

6. The Constable in each township will be voted for on one ballot.

DEMOCRATIC. FOR REPRESENTATIVE AT LARGE: Riden Tyler Bennett, of Anson.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE 6TH DISTRICT: C. Dodd, of Mecklenburg.

FOR SUPREME COURT JUDGE: Thomas Duffin, of Orange.

FOR JUDGE: 1st Dist.—J. S. Shepherd, of Washington.

FOR JUDGE: 2d Dist.—John A. Moore, of Edgecombe.

FOR JUDGE: 3d Dist.—A. M. Key, of Sampson.

FOR JUDGE: 4th Dist.—J. C. MacRae, of Cumberland.

</