The Charlotte Observer.

CHAS. R. JONES, Editor and Prop'tor.

[ENTERED AT THE POST-OFFICE AT CHARLOTTE, N. C., AS SECOND CLASS MATTER]

"Democracy is a sentiment not to be appalled, corrupted compromised It knows no baseness it cowers to no danger; it oppresses no weakness; it is destructive of despotism; it is the sole conservator of liberty, labor and property; it is the sentiment of equal rights, of equal obligations, the very laws of Nature self pervading the land."

"I know no safe depository of the ultimate powers of society but the people themselves; and if we think them not enlightened enough to exercise their control with a wholesome discretion, the remedy is, not to take it from them, but to inform their discretion by education."—THOMAS JEFFERSON.

THURSDAY, NOV. 23, 1882.

An old Washington physician says he never in his life saw such a crop of boy babies in that burg as this year shows.

Lord Haughton, an Englishman, has purchased 60,000 acres of land in Florida, and will invest $1,000,000 in the culture of sugar.

Reports from Europe state that the relations between Germany and Russia have become so strained that war seems inevitable.

The North Carolina Legislature will stand, Senate—Democrats, 34; Radicals, 15; Liberal, 1. House—Democrats, 74; Radicals 46.

The Augusta Chronicle very properly asks: Is the counting out of Chalmers the beginning of a series of blunders that will end in another Republican victory in 1884?

Henry Grady says an English company have bought up a large slice of North Georgia for $5,000,000 and intend to mine for gold on an extensive scale.

P. T. Barnum says that "whiskey will kill the best circus ever organized." It will kill the best anything ever organized except a distillery, and it will kill that if the bosses fool with it too much.

Gov. Ben Butler is reported to be a firm believer in the efficacy of prayer. Ben may have changed his style somewhat, but judging from his method of emphasizing in former days, it is to be presumed he did his praying by proxy.

Labouchere, editor of the London Truth, has introduced the American style of paragraphing, and it takes so well in preference to the long editorials customary in English papers, that it is thought he will revolutionize English journalism.

Augusta Chronicle: Gen. Leach, of North Carolina, says $10,000 of Jay Hubbell's money secured two Republican Congressmen in that State. How much would it have taken to buy the whole commonwealth at that rate? Said we not that some of the North Carolinians sold out "disreputably cheap." See here; if you don't quit this we'll go down and throw a brick at you.

Congressman Bisbee, of Florida, says he owes his election over Finley to the fact that he advocated protective tariff, while his opponent advocated "a tariff for revenue only." The chief industrial interests of the district are growing of oranges, lemons, and other tropical fruits, the manufacture of lumber, and to a considerable extent the growing of rice and sugar, and it appears these interests respond to Col. Bisbee's appeals in behalf of protection to American industries.

American Register: Any citizen of the United States can vote in Texas after a residence there of 12 months. By the way, Texas is the country for a poor fellow overwhelmed with debt. He can put $5,000 into a homestead, and then on this homestead erect $500,000 of improvements, and the whole is exempt from execution sale for debt. He need only deem it his home and act accordingly. This homestead law operates practically as a repeal of laws for the collection of debt, and people in Texas trade "upon honor."

This, from the Philadelphia Press, Republican, is brief, but to the point: The collection of the internal tax costs the government over $5,000,000 annually, and employs more than 4,000 people. The presence of this army is a constant source of irritation in the South. It promotes a feeling of hostility to the general government in large sections of country, and as it is no longer necessary it is sound policy to abolish it and remove such a constant source of irritation and a too frequent cause of actual bloodshed.

At the Cincinnati Industrial Exposition a large number of men and women were weighed, with a view to determine the average weight. The number of men weighed was 7,467; the average weight was 154.02 pounds. The number of women weighed was 14,688; average. 130.87 pounds. The average weight of Ohio men was 157.38 pounds; of Ohio women, 133.26; Indiana and Illinois men, 158.52 pounds; women, 133.55; Kentucky men, 158.43 pounds; women, 133.76. Haswell states that the average weight of 20,000 men and women weighed at Boston in 1864 was: Men, 141½ pounds; women, 124½. From these statistics it would appear that corn, as an article of diet, is a superior flesh producer to the bean.

COUNTING OUT.

As one of the great Democratic party, who believes in honest methods and fair play, we trust that the blunder by which J. R. Chalmers, of Mississippi, has been declared defeated, and the certificate of election given to his competitor, Gen. Manning, will be corrected, and the seat be given to Chalmers. He was evidently elected, as the tickets voted for him show, and under the circumstances we do not see how Gen. Manning, whom we take to be a man of correct principles, can be willing to avail himself of a mere blunder, when the majority is, evidently, against him. The canvassing board, no doubt, kept within the letter of the law in acting as they did, but that is a matter for the canvassing board, and should not govern Gen. Manning. It is no justification to say that the Republicans have done the same thing, or worse, and would repeat it if they had the opportunity. This is all so. But we are now in a position to set the Republicans a good example in honesty, and we should do it. We have demanded fair play and honest methods, and let us not eat our words, nor show that they were mere

THE LEADING QUESTION.

There is no longer a question that the Internal Revenue and Tariff problems are to be the leading ones, for some time at least, for our national legislators. The sentiment in favor of a partial or total abolition of internal revenue, and a revision and reduction of tariff has become universal, and neither party in Congress, even if so disposed, would dare to give no heed to it. That something will be done is generally conceded, but precisely what is the question that remains for solution.

There are those who are in favor of a total abolition of internal revenue, among them Republicans as prominent as Judge Kelley, and prominent Democrats as Mr. Randall, both recognized leaders in their respective parties, and both commanding a strong following. There are others, again, who favor a partial abolition, abolishing the tax on all taxed articles save spirits and tobacco, which are classed as luxuries and which, they hold, could stand a reasonable amount of taxation without imposing any very heavy burdens upon the people. Among the opponents of total abolition and in favor of retaining the tax on spirits and tobacco are the large distillers and manufacturers who have a large amount of capital invested and to whom the tax imposed is an advantage rather than an injury because it keeps men of small means out of the business and gives them practically a monopoly. Among the advocates of total abolition are the friends of a protective tariff because they believe that if the income to the government be done away with an increase in the tariff duties will necessarily follow, and that will help them and give them the protection which they seek. So we see that there are different interests involved in this knotty question, and interests that will insist upon making themselves heard when the matter comes before Congress for action. But whatever the interests they are all in favor of doing something, and that something will result in wiping out some of the present odious features of taxation.

A VOICE FROM THE PEOPLE.

We publish to day a letter from a prominent citizen and Democrat of Salisbury, which has some points in it which it would be well for Democrats, who desire the future success of the party and the triumph of true Democratic principles, to reflect upon. The writer is no politician in the office seeking sense of the word, but a sterling Democrat who believes in a Democracy which is in full sympathy with the people and desires to see that kind of Democracy triumphant.

To the intelligent observer of passing events it must be manifest that there is not that lively interest among the masses of the people in the Democratic party as an organization which has heretofore existed, and which must exist to ensure its predominance in the future. Were it not for this waning interest it would have been utterly impossible for our opponents in the late election to have won the partial success they did and come so near wresting the State from us in the popular vote. It was not so much the defection of Democrats from the party as the apathy, and dissatisfaction that prevailed that caused this result, thousands of Democrats remaining away from the polls that heretofore have voted the straight ticket every time. When the people get an idea that a few men aspire to run the party in their own interests, if they do not rise in open revolt, they do the next thing to it, and let these few men and their following do the voting, and the result is defeat, or majorities that the party managers ought to be ashamed of. That this belief has spread in North Carolina within the past few years cannot be denied, and it has spread to such an extent that it has become a very serious matter, as recent events, and our reduced majorities show. We will not discuss this subject further, but simply remark that our correspondent is not alone in his way of thinking, and it behooves our leaders, or would be leaders, to get the fences in order, correct the abuses complained of, and put the party in more compact and better shape to meet the enemy in coming contests.

FIXING UP ANOTHER STEAL.

It is reported from Washington that claim agents are fixing up a little scheme in the shape of a new bounty bill, the object of which is to pay soldiers who did not receive a bounty $100 for each year's service in lieu thereof. This would be a nice job for the claim agents if they could succeed in working it through Congress. There is a double purpose in it, no doubt, partly business and partly political. If they can work it through there will be a fine field for energetic stealing and the aforesaid claim agents will have another bonanza to feather their nests from. If they fail to get it through it will be in consequence mainly of the opposition it will meet with from Democratic representatives, and it is hoped that may have some effect in arraying the soldier element against the Democratic party. But whether they count on this or not the day for big steals even in the name of the soldier has passed by, and congressmen, whether they be Democrats or Republicans, will look before they leap into any more bounty fraud traps, and squander the people's money as has been done in the past, not so much for the benefit of the soldier, who derives comparatively but little benefit from it, as for the claim agent who first gets his fingers and all of them into the pie. The men who are to represent the people henceforth have heard something and will be apt to keep their eyes open for claim agents and other fraud builders.

DEATH OF THURLOW WEED.

Thurlow Weed, the veteran Journalist, died yesterday morning at his residence in New York. One of the cotemporaries of Greeley, Seward and other founders of the Republican party, he has been for half a century a conspicuous figure in journalism and in the politics of the country, and wielded a power in his own State that was felt. In his advancing years he was gradually overshadowed by younger and more active men until he was lost sight of as a leading figure, and ceased to exert any active influence in the manipulation or shaping of party policy. In his latter years, though a Republican, he was not in thorough accord with the boss system which got the ascendancy in the Republican party, and hence found himself reduced to the ranks in an organization where he once stood as a recognized chieftain. As he labored to build up his party so he labored, but without effect, to preserve it from the domination of the men, and the influences which have corrupted it and hastened its decay.

It is said that ex-Senator, now Congressman-elect, Wm. Pitt Kellogg, of Louisiana, is a Jew by birth, but in infancy was adopted and raised by a Vermont preacher named Kellogg. When William grew up he preached for awhile, but drifting Southward found more lucre in politics and let his religion slide.

The Memphis and Charleston Rail-Road.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 22.—The stockholders of the Memphis & Charleston Railroad met this morning, Hon. Jere Baxter, Vice-President of the road, read his annual report showing how far the board of directors had proceeded in effecting a compromise of the lease of the road to East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia county. The report stated that the tender of the requisite money, $400,000, had been made and that the cancellation of the lease was only temporarily delayed by an injunction suit of R. C. Brinkley, executor. The report was adopted. The following were then elected a board of directors: Jere Baxter, G M Fogg, W M Duncan, of Nashville, T W Evans, W T Hatch, Simon Borg, of New York; Napoleon Hill, T D Frayzer, J A Hayes, Jr, W M Farrington, of Memphis; W R Rison, of Huntsville, Ala; John S Willis, of Pulaski, Tenn. 157,779 shares were represented, which is over three-fourths of the capital stock of the road. The board of directors organized by electing Jere Baxter president and S R Cruse secretary.

A Bad Railroad Smash Up.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, Nov. 22.—The St. Louis limited express, leaving here at 12.05 this morning, on the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis Road, was wrecked near Union Station, 26 miles east of here, by a rail which had been placed across the track. The accident happened shortly after one o'clock. The engine was pitched down an embankment over 30 feet, turning twice over and landing in a field. Two postal and baggage and passenger cars were thrown to the bottom of the hill a confused wreck. No person was fatally injured, but a great many persons suffered broken limbs and bruises.

A Detective and a Navy Officer Dismissed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Officer G. O. Miller, of the district detective force, who has been on trial before the district Commissioners on a charge of having been secretly in the service of the Star route defendants, was to-day convicted upon his own testimony and dismissed from the force.

Capt. Hopkins, of the United States Navy, has been found guilty of deserting his post, as Commandant at the Pensacola Navy yard, during the yellow fever epidemic and dismissed from the service.

Arraigned for Playing on Sunday.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 22.—In the police court this morning manager James Fennessey, of the Coliseum Theatre, with 11 others who appeared in the performance given on Sunday at that Theatre, were arraigned for violation of law. Other theatres were open on Sunday, but no other arrests have been made, the intention being to make a test of this case. The trial was postponed until Friday afternoon.

Burned to Death.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 22.—Mrs. Michael Caffrey, of No. 181 James street, was seized this morning with a fit and fell upon the stove, which set fire to her clothing and then the house. The woman was alone in the house and before neighbors could rush in and extinguish the flames, the unfortunate woman was burned to death. The house was but slightly injured.

Predicting Her own Death.

MONTREAL, CANADA, Nov. 22—Mrs. Stewart, whose husband was drowned in Lachine canal some time ago, told a neighbor this morning that she was going to die during the day. She begged the woman to remain with her, as she had a horror of dying alone. To the surprise of her neighbor she died shortly before 11 o'clock.

No Fooling with the Judge.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—Abraham Marks, the lawyer who attacked an opposing lawyer in open court, was sentenced to-day to 30 days imprisonment for contempt of court. He had previously apologized, but the Judge refused to accept the apology as sufficient.

Burial of a Bishop.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—An Evening Post special from Vincennes, Ind., says the body of the late Bishop De Heilandore was buried under the altar of the Cathedral this morning with great pomp. Four bishops and an immense crowd were present.

Not Much Use for Grand Juries.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—A Salt Lake special says: The Grand Jury of the United States Court has been discharged with reports that it is unable to find indictments for bigamy, it being impossible to procure witnesses, or get access to marriage records, on account of local prejudice against punishing polygamy.

The Arkansas Knife.

LITTLE ROCK, Nov. 22.—At Denton's Mill, Scott county, Monday, a stabbing affray occurred between J. M. Walker and Albert Crutchfield. The two men both were terribly cut. Walker died of his injuries yesterday, and it is believed that Crutchfield is mortally wounded.

Weather.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Middle Atlantic States fair weather, northwesterly backing to southwesterly winds, stationary or higher temperature and pressure.

South Atlantic States, fair weather, variable winds, stationary or higher temperature and pressure.

Decapitated by a Switch Engine.

ROCHESTER, N Y, Nov 22.—A workman in the Furnaceville ore beds, on the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Railroad, was decapitated by a switch engine last evening. His name has not been learned.

The Wondrous Change in Butler.

Boston Herald, Nov. 14.

The change in Gen. Butler's manner is wonderful to behold. In place of the impassioned stump-speaker, dividing his time between shallow sophistry and savage outslaught, calling eminent citizens offensive epithets, we see, since the election, the conservative patriot and friend of learning, the benignant father, ("Bless you, my children!") and the moral adviser of youth. What a blessed change to come over a man in the evening of life, after a stormy and checkered career! But we warn Uncle Benjamin against the danger of becoming too didactic. Dullness that way lies. He will disappoint some of his ardent friends if he becomes commonplace. He should remember that he has two strong points—pugnacity and humor—though, perhaps, we should put humor first, as that appears in his pugnacity, spreading a charm over it and making him interesting in operation.

A permanent restoration of exhausted and worn out functions follow the use of Brown's Iron Bitters.

Fire in Tennessee.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—A Henderson, Tenn., special says that 6 business buildings were burned last night. Loss $20,000.

The publisher of the Beaver Falls, Pa., Courier, Mr. John F. Porter, some time ago contracted a severe cold He says: "I tried half a dozen remedies ineffectually and upon recommendation of a physician I gave Dr. Bull's cough syrup a fair square trial. It relieved me immediately and cured my cold and catarrh entirely. It is a remedy that should be used in every household.

Guard against diseases. If you find yourself getting bilious, head heavy, mouth foul, eyes yellow, kidneys disordered, symptoms of piles tormenting you, take at once a few doses of Kidney Wort. It is nature's great assistant. Use it as an advance guard—don't wait to get down sick. Read the advertisement.

There's not a speck, there's not a stain
That on the teeth we chance to see,
But shadows forth decay and pain,
If not removed right speedily.
By SOZODONT, whose wondrous power
Works miracles in one short hour.

O, the Mighty Voice.

Homer says of Ulysses, one of the Greek heroes in the great Trojan war: "You had thought him a fool, so stiffly he held his sceptre, and so downcast were his eyes: but as soon as he began to speak—oh, the mighty voice, and the words thick as the falling snow." Looking at a bottle of Hunt's Remedy, one would never suspect its concealed power, greater than the eloquence of Ulysses. But when it begins its work with a patient who is afflicted with any kidney or liver disease, "Oh! the mighty voice," and the wonderful healing effects produced in an incredibly short time. As there was but one "wise Ulysses" in all the camp of the Greeks, there is but one Hunt's Remedy in all the list of kidney remedies; and there is none that works such marvellous results. Physicians have discovered this, and freely prescribe it to their patients; and multitudes of the cured sound its praises.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

NOVEMBER 22, 1882

DOMESTIC.

NAVAL STORES.

CHARLESTON—Spirits Turpentine quiet, at 49c. Rosin, unchanged; strained and good strained $1.40.

WILMINGTON—Spirits Turpentine steady, at 49. Rosin firm, at $1.85 for strained; $1.42½ for good strained. Tar firm, at $2.05. Crude Turpentine steady, at $1.75 for hard; $3.00 for yellow dip.

PRODUCE.

BALTIMORE—NOON—Flour, nothing done; Howard Street and Western super $3.25@$3.75; extra $3 87@$4.62; family $4.75@$5 75; City Mills super, $3.50@$4.00; extra $4.25@$5.85; Rio Brands $5 75 Wheat—Southern steady Western nothing done; Southern red $1.03@$1.07; amber $1.08@$1.14; No. 2 Western winter red spot, ——. Corn—Southern higher; Western nothing done; Southern white 60@70; yellow 70@80.

BALTIMORE—NIGHT—Oats, nothing done. Provisions—steady; mess pork, $22.75. Bulk meats—shoulders and clear rib sides packed, 9½@12½ Bacon—shoulders 12¼; clear rib sides 16; hams 15½@17. Lard—refined 13½. Coffee—dull; Rio cargoes—ordinary to fair 7½@8¼. Sugar—steady; A soft 9⅛. Whiskey—quiet, at $1.19. Freights to Liverpool, dull and unchanged.

LOUISVILLE—Flour, steady and unchanged. Wheat in fair demand; No. 2 red winter 92. Corn—in fair demand; No. 2 white 73; No. 2 mixed 72 Oats—in fair demand; Mixed Western 38½, Provisions—dull and lower; mess pork $19.00. Lard—unchanged; choice leaf 13 Bacon—nominal; shoulders 10. ribs 15¼; clear 16. Hogs—in fair demand but lower; good to extra $6 20@$6.50. Whiskey—quiet and unchanged, at $1 14

ST. LOUIS—Flour, steady and unchanged. Wheat—quiet; No. 2 red fall 94⅛ for cash; 94 for November; 94⅜ December. Corn—higher, at 67⅜@67½ for cash; 68⅛@68¼ for November; 54⅛ for December. Oats—higher, at 35@36½ for cash; 25½ for November; 34 for December. Whiskey—higher, at $1.16. Pork—dull; old $18; new $17.50 Bulk meats—dull; shoulders 7; short ribs 9¾; short clear 10. Bacon—very dull and only a small peddling trade in boxed lots, at irregular and lower prices.

CINCINNATI—Flour, dull: family $4 25@$4.50; fancy $4 75@$5 25. Wheat—strong; No. 2 red winter 97@98 for spot; 96½ bid for November. Corn—unsettled, at 68@68½ for spot; 68½ bid for November. Oats—strong and higher, at 39½ for spot. Pork—nominal, at $18.00. Lard—easier, at $10.90. Bulk meats—dull and lower; shoulders 7; ribs 10. Bacon dull and nominal; shoulders 9¼; ribs 14; clear 14½. Whiskey—active, firm and higher, at $1.15. Sugar—easier; hards 9⅝@10; New Orleans 6½@7½. Hogs—dull and tending downward; common and light $5 00@$6.20; packing and butchers $6.00@$8.50.

CHICAGO—Flour, quiet and unchanged. Wheat—steady and firm; Regular, 93 for November; 93¼@93⅜ for December; 93 for the year; No. 2 Chicago spring 92⅞ for cash; No. 3 Chicago spring 79; No. 2 red winter 94⅝ for cash and November; 94¾ for December; No 3 red winter 90¼. Corn—excited and higher, at 70 for cash; 68½ for November; 61@61⅛ for December. Oats—firmer, at 35¾ for cash and November; 35⅜ for December. Pork—active and lower, at $17 20@$17 25 for cash; $17.00 bid for November; $16 95@$17.00 for December Lard—unsettled and lower, at $10 8?@$10.85 for cash; $10.80 for November; $10.42½@$10 45 for December. Bulk meats—in fair demand shoulders 6¾; short ribs 9⅝; short clear 9⅞ Whiskey—steady and unchanged, at $1 17.

COTTON.

GALVESTON—Steady; middling 10c. low middling 9⅝c; good ordinary 9⅛c; net receipts 5,985; gross 5 985; sales 2,660. stock 96 517; exports to coastwise ——; Great Britain ——; to continent 443; to France ——; to channel ——.

NORFOLK—Easy, middling 10 3-16c; net receipts 5,284; gross 5,284; stock 73,722; exports coastwise 3,525; sales 1,284; exports to Great Britain ——; to continent ——.

BALTIMORE—Quiet; middling 10⅜c, low middling 10c; good ordinary 9¼c. net receipts 153; gross 2,143 sales —— stock 14,737: exports coastwise 181; spinners 100; exports to Great Britain ——; to continent 853.

BOSTON—Steady; middling 11c; low middling 10½c; good ordinary 9¾c; net receipts 1,582; gross 2 812; sales ——. stock 1,430; exports to Great Britain ——; to France ——.

WILMINGTON—Dull; middling 10c; low middling 9 9-16c; good ordinary 8 11-16c net receipts 981; gross 981; sales ——; stock 13,777; exports coastwise 1,551; to Great Britain ——; to continent ——.

PHILADELPHIA—Quiet; middling 10¾c low middling 10⅜c; good ordinary 9⅝c; net receipts 220; gross 3,711; sales ——; stock 13,060; exports Great Britain ——; to continent ——.

SAVANNAH—Firm for higher grades, other grades easy; middling 9 15-16c; low middling 9⅝c; good ordinary 9c; net receipts 4,867; gross 4,867; sales 2,600; stock 107,511; exports to coastwise 3,418 to Great Britain 5,511; to France ——; to continent ——.

NEW ORLEANS—Easier; middling 10c; low middling 9¾c; good ordinary 9¼c; net receipts 7,440; gross ——; sales 7 000. stock 208,186; exports to Great Britain ——; to France 4 529; coastwise 5,235; to continent 1,131; to channel ——.

MOBILE—Easy; middling 10c; low middling 9½c; good ordinary 9¼c; net receipts 701; gross 701; sales 1,000. stock 17 427. exports coastwise 1.525. France ——; to Great Britain ——; to continent ——.

MEMPHIS—Steady middling 9¾c; low middling 9½c; good ordinary 9c. net receipts 3,494; gross 3,870; shipments 1,925; sales 2,100; stock 74,530.

AUGUSTA—Quiet; middling 9¾c; low middling 9¼c; good ordinary 9c receipts 619; shipments ——; sales 1,032

CHARLESTON—Easy; middling 10¼c; low middling 10c; good ordinary 9⅝c; net receipts 4,586; gross 4.586; sales 1,000, stock 111,766; exports coastwise ——; to Great Britain ——; to continent ——; to France ——; to channel ——.

NEW YORK—Dull; sales 180 bales; middling uplands 10 9-16c; middling orleans 10¾c; consolidated net receipts 31 993; exports to Great Britain 8,247; to France 4,529, to continent 3 878; to channel ——.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK—Net receipts 1,194; gross 14,824. Futures closed barely steady; sales 139,000 bales.

November	10.48@.49
December	10.32@.33
January	10.36@.37
February	10.46@.47
March	10.57@.58
April	10.68@.00
May	10.79@.00
June	10.90@.00
July	11.01@.00
August	11.10@.11
September	
October	

The Evening Post's Cotton Market Report says: Future deliveries at the first call sold at a slight reduction from yesterday's closing quotations and continued to be offered at lower and lower prices, and fell about 10 points, when the decline had reached 11 to 10 points for November and 13 to 14 points for later positions. For a while there were slight fluctuations and later in the day prices advanced 3 to 5 points. It is difficult to assign a solid reason for to-day's decline. At the third call November brought 10 45; December .31; January .35; March 56; April .67; May .78; June .89; July .99; August 11.09.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK.

Exchange,	4.79½
Governments—irregular and generally 1 per cent lower.	
New 5's,	1.01⅝
Four and a half per cents,	1.12⅞
Four per cents,	1.19
Money,	†7@5
State bonds—neglected	
Sub-treasury balances—Gold,	$103 485
" " —Currency	4,427

†Closed at 6

NEW YORK—11 A. M—The stock market opened generally strong and ⅛@2 per cent above yesterday's closing quotations, the latter for St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba. In early trade the market still continued strong, and a further advance of ⅛@2 per cent took place, in which Northwest, Lake Shore, Indiana, Bloomington & Western and Michigan Central were most conspicuous, but subsequently the last became weak, and at 11 o'clock Michigan Central and Northwest fell off 2 per cent, Lake Shore 1¾, and the remainder of the list ⅛@1¼, the latter for Canada Southern and Delaware, Lackawanna & Western.

STOCKS—Strong:

Alabama—Class A, 2 to 5	*82½
Alabama—Class A, small	*84
Alabama—Class B, 5's	*1.01
Alabama—Class C, 4's	*84
Chicago and Northwestern	1.34⅜
Chicago and Northwestern preferred,	1.54
Erie	36
East Tennessee	9¼
Illinois Central	1.44½
Lake Shore	1.12¾
Louisville and Nashville	51⅝
Memphis and Charleston	†46
Nashville and Chattanooga	51
New York Central	1.28
Pittsburg	1.39
Richmond and Allegheny	14
Richmond and Danville	*57
Rock Island	1.25½
South Carolina Brown Consols	1.04½
West Point Terminal	24
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific	30⅜
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific preferr'd	55⅝
Western Union	81⅞
United States 3s	1.01⅞

*Bid. †Last bid. ‡Off'd. §Ex. Div. ‖Asked.

FOREIGN.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—NOON—Moderate inquiry freely supplied; middling uplands 6 3-16d; middling orleans 6 7-16d; sales 12,000; speculation and exports 2,000; receipts 19,500, all American. Uplands low middling clause: November delivery 6 3-64d; November and December 5 50-64d@5 60 62d; December and January 5 59-64d@5 60 64d; February and March 5 60-64d@5 61 64d; March and April 5 63 64d@6d May 6 1-64d@6d; May and June 6 2-64d@6 3 64d; June and July 6 5-64d@6 6 64d. Futures steady.

LIVERPOOL—1.30 P. M.—Middling Uplands 6⅛d; Middling Orleans 6⅜d. Uplands low middling clause: November delivery 6 4-64d@5-64d, @6 4-64d@6 3-64d; November and December 5 61-64d@5 60-64d; January and February 5 61-64d@5 60-64d; March and April 6d@5 63 64d; April and May 6 1-64d@6 2 64d@6 1-64d; August and September 6 12-64d. Futures weaker.

LIVERPOOL—3 P. M.—Sales of American cotton 8,600 bales. Uplands low middling clause: June and July delivery 6 5-64d; July and August 6 9-64d@6 8-64d.

LIVERPOOL—4 P. M.—Upland low middling clause: November delivery 6 2-64d; December and January 5 59-64d.

LIVERPOOL—5 P. M.—Uplands low middling clause: November and December deliv'y 5 59-64d; January and February 5 59-64d; February and March 5 60-64d; March and April 5 62-64d; April and May 6d; June and July 6 4-64d; July and August 6 7-64d. Futures weak.

CITY COTTON MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
CHARLOTTE, November 23, 1882.

The market yesterday closed very quiet, at the following quotations:

Good Middling	9¾@9 13-16
Middling	9 9-16@ 9⅝
Strict low middling	9⅜@ 9 7-16
Low middling	9¼@ 9 5-16
Tinges,	9 @ 9⅛
Stains clean	8½ @ 8¾
Lower grades,	8 @ 8¼

RECEIPTS SINCE SEPTEMBER FIRST.

Receipts from September 1st to yesterday,	23,196
Receipts yesterday,	505
Total Receipts to date,	23,701
Receipts same date, 1881,	12,229
Receipts same date, 1880,	27,740

Richmond Advertisements.

R. R. MILLER. W. R. JOHNSTON.

[Formerly of Charlotte, N. C.]

MILLER & JOHNSTON,

Cary Street, Richmond, Va.

WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

Grain, Bagging

—AND—

Heavy Groceries.

☞ Consignments solicited and prompt payment remitted. Very respectfully,
oct7 MILLER & JOHNSTON.

H. M. SMITH & CO.,

Main Street, Richmond, Va.

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

Agricultural Implements

OF ALL KINDS.

We make a Specialty of Constructing

Elevators for Stores and Warehouses

and keep in stock the justly celebrated

OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS

Which are acknowledged to be the

Greatest Plows ever Offered to the Southern Planter or Farmer.

☞ we make and deal in WHEAT THRESHERS and HORSE POWERS of all kinds. Send for catalogue. H. M. SMITH & CO.
oct7

SAVE YOUR DOLLARS

AND KEEP YOUR MONEY IN THE SOUTH,

BY BUYING YOUR

Trunks, Valises, Travelling Bags

—AND—

GRIP SACKS,

—FROM—

H. W. Rountree & Bro.,

RICHMOND, VA.

☞ We Manufacture the best class of Goods in our line and guarantee to duplicate Northern prices. Send for Trade List.
H. W. ROUNTREE & BRO.,
oct7 Richmond, Va.

DRY GOODS.

—:0:—:0:—

OUR MR. S. A. COHEN

—HAS—

---JUST RETURNED---

FROM THE NORTHERN MARKETS WITH AN

EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

DRY GOODS

Clothing, Hats, Shoes and General Merchandise,

Giving his personal attention to the purchase of same from Manufacturers and their agents.

Our Mr. ELIAS

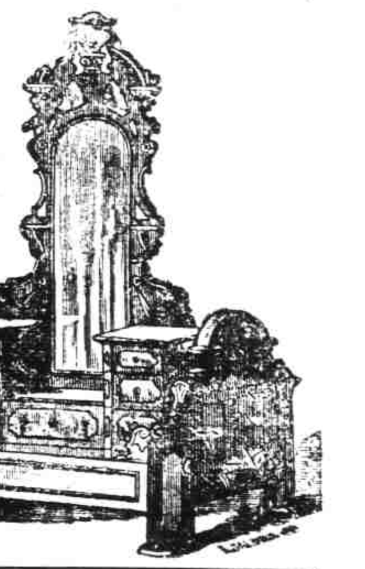
Is still in the Markets adding daily to our IMMENSE STOCK, and as goods can always be bought cheaper after the rush of Trade is over, we can offer special inducements to close buyers either at WHOLESALE or RETAIL. We can only say to our friends and the public generally that if they want to save money, it will not cost anything to examine our stock before buying, and that they will find that the place to buy will be at the old established house of

sept20 ELIAS & COHEN.

BURGESS NICHOLS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

ALL KINDS OF



FURNITURE,

BEDDING, &C.

A FULL LINE OF

CHEAP BEDSTEADS,

LOUNGES,

PARLOR and CHAMBER SUITS. COFFINS of all kinds on hand. No. 5 West Trade street, Charlotte, North Carolina.

WALLACE BROTHERS

Statesville, N. C.,

—OFFER THE—

-LARGEST STOCK-

—OF—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

IN THE STATE,

ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS AND IN COMPETITION WITH ANY JOBBERS IN THE COUNTRY. THEY WILL BE GLAD TO QUOTE PRICES TO THE TRADE.

mar18 1y

Boots and Shoes!

IMMENSE STOCK OF

Boots and Shoes Just Received.

For the most reliable Goods and the Lowest Prices,

—GO TO—

J. MOYER'S,

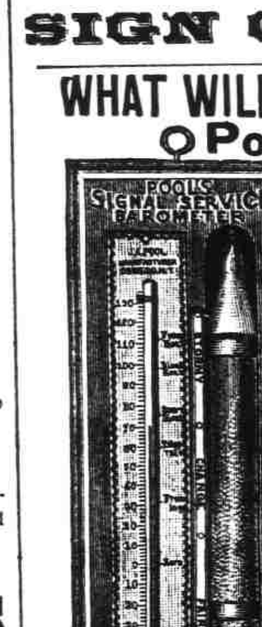
SIGN OF THE BIG BOOT

WHAT WILL THE WEATHER BE TO-MORROW?

Pool's Signal Service Barometer

OR STORM GLASS AND THERMOMETER COMBINED

WILL TELL YOU!



It will detect and indicate correctly any change in the weather 12 to 48 hours in advance. It will tell what kind of storm is approaching, and from which direction—invaluable to navigators. Farmers can plan their work according to its predictions. Saves 50 times its cost in a single season. Has an accurate thermometer attached, which alone is worth the price of the combination. This great WEATHER INDICATOR is endorsed by the most eminent Physicians, Professors and Scientific men of the day to be the BEST IN THE WORLD! The Thermometer and Barometer are put in a nicely finished walnut frame, with silver plated trimmings, etc., making it a beautiful as well as useful ornament. We will send you a sample one, *delivered free*, to your place, in good order, on receipt of $1, or six for $4. Agents are making from $5 to $20 daily selling them. *A trial will convince you.* Order at once. It sells at SIGHT. Just the thing to sell to farmers, merchants, etc. Invaluable to everybody. U. S. Postage Stamps taken if in good order, but money preferred. Agents wanted everywhere. Send for Circular and terms. Address all orders to OSWEGO THERMOMETER WORKS, (*Largest establishment of the kind in the world*) Oswego, Oswego Co., N. Y. We refer to the Mayor, Postmaster, County Clerk, First and Second National Banks, or any business house in Oswego, N. Y. *Write your Post Office, County and State plainly, and remit by money order, draft on New York or registered letter, at our risk.*

This will make a Beautiful and Very Useful Present.

READ WHAT THE PUBLIC SAY ABOUT IT.

I find Pool's Barometer works as well as one that costs $50. You can rely on it every time. CAPT. CHAS. B. ROGERS, Ship "Twilight," San Francisco. Barometer received in good order, and must say that the instrument gives perfect satisfaction in every respect. It is neatly made and wonderfully cheap at two dollars. GEO. B. PARSONS, M. C. R. R. Office, Detroit, Mich. Pool's Barometer has already saved me many times its cost, in foretelling the weather. It is a wonderful curiosity and works to perfection. F. J. ROBERTSON, Milwaukee, Wis.

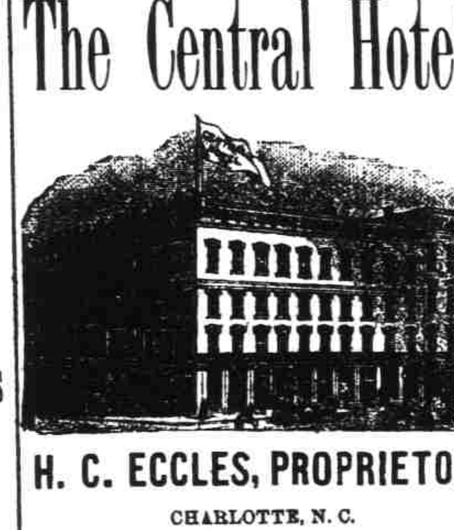
BEWARE OF WORTHLESS IMITATIONS. None genuine without our Trade Mark, and signature of J. A. POOL on the back of instrument, as below:

J. A. Pool TRADE MARK.

Every instrument warranted *Perfect* and *Reliable*. Size 9 1-2 inches long 3 1-4 wide. If not satisfied on receiving the instrument, return it at once and we will refund your money. Please state where you saw our advertisement.

nov1 4w

The Central Hotel.



H. C. ECCLES, PROPRIETOR.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

THIS Hotel was completed in 1872, and new additions made in 1875. "THE CENTRAL" is situated on Independent Square, occupying half a block on Trade street, in the business centre of the City, in close proximity to Banks, Express and Telegraph offices, and commanding a mountain view of more than fifty miles.

The intention of the Proprietor is, not only to present to the traveling public one of the finest Hotel Buildings in the South, but one of the most complete and best conducted Hotels in all its different departments.

Having recently been decorated and frescoed throughout, it is not only one of the most beautiful, but the

LEADING AND PALACE HOTEL

of the South, the home of Commercial Tourists, pleasure seekers and resident guests.

H. C. ECCLES, Proprietor, will be pleased to welcome his friends and the traveling public, and respectfully solicits a share of patronage from all who would enjoy and appreciate a home combining elegance, beauty and comfort in all its appointments and surroundings.

RATES—$2.00 and $2.50, per day, according to location. sept2

TO THE FARMERS

—OF—

Mecklenburg, Gaston, Iredell, Cabarrus

AND UNION COUNTIES.

Fire Insurance on Cotton Gins,

RUN BY STEAM, WATER OR HORSE POWER.

Corner College and 4th streets, Charlotte, N. C
sept8w3m

Another Candidate.

HAVING recently received additional machinery for ironing, &c., I am better prepared than ever for doing work with dispatch and finish. I have added a Mangle for ironing all plain unstarched goods, thereby avoiding all possibility of scorching or burning the clothes

Dress shirts, collars and cuffs, I make a specialty. Family work taken at prices ranging from 50c to 75c per dozen pieces. B. N. SMITH.
nov8 Charlotte Steam Laundry.

Fresh Fish and Oyster Market.

E. H. WHITE has opened a Fish and Oyster Market on Church street, near Trade, in the basement under Sifford & Freeland's grocery store, where he will do his best to keep a good supply of Fresh Fish and Oysters.

Orders solicited and customers promptly supplied. Preference always given to CASH paying customers. nov10 1m

COTTON is KING BUT OUR ENGINE IS KING of COTTON!

Invaluable patented improvements found in no other ENGINES in the world. For Pamphlets and Price List, (also for SAW MILLS), address THE AULTMAN & TAYLOR CO. Mansfield, Ohio.

aug11 w2m