Daily Charlotte Observer.

VOL. XXIX. CHARLOTTE, N. C., THURSDAY FEBRUARY 8, 1883. NO. 4,313.

Special Notice!

WE HAVE

Already Placed

OUR SPRING ORDERS

With Our Manufacturers

FOR OUR SPRING STOCK OF

Boots, Shoes,

HATS,

Trunks and Valises,

WHICH WILL BE

More Complete and Varied Than

EVER BEFORE.

☞ We tender thanks to our Friends and Patrons for their Liberal Patronage during the past year, and hope to merit a continuance of their favor. Respectfully,

Pegram & Co.

feb4

A COMMON-SENSE REMEDY.

SALICYLICA.

No More.

Rheumatism, Gout or Neuralgia.

IMMEDIATE RELIEF WARRANTED.
PERMANENT CURE GUARANTEED.

Five years established and never known to fail in a single case, acute or chronic. Refer to all prominent physicians and druggists for the standing of Salicylica.

SECRET:

The only dissolver of the Poisonous Uric Acid which exists in the Blood of Rheumatic and Gouty Patients.

SALICYLICA is known a common sense remedy, because it strikes directly at the cause of Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia while so many so-called specifics and supposed panaceas only treat locally the effects.

It has been conceded by eminent scientists that outward applications such as rubbing with oils, ointments, liniments, and soothing lotions will not eradicate these diseases which are the result of the poisoning of the blood with Uric Acid.

SALICYLICA works with marvelous effect on this acid and so removes the disorder. It is now exclusively used by all celebrated physicians of America and Europe. Highest Medical Academy of Paris reports 95 per cent cures in three days.

REMEMBER

that SALICYLICA is a certain cure for Rheumatism Gout and Neuralgia The most intense pains are subdued almost instantly.

Give it a trial. Relief guaranteed or money refunded.

Thousands of testimonials sent on application.

$1 A BOX. 6 BOXES for $5.

Sent free by mail on receipt of money.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT.

But do not be deluded into taking imitations or substitutes, or something recommended as "just as good!" Insist on the genuine with the name of WASHBURNE & CO., on each box, which is guaranteed chemically pure under our signature, an indispensible requisite to insure success in the treatment. Take no other, or send to us.

WASHBURNE & CO., Proprietors.
287 Broadway, cor Reade St., New York.
nov18 daw 1y

NO USE FOR THEM.

Concerning Certain Relics of the Past ---Dogs that Have had Their Day.

George Stephenson's "Rocket," and the magnificent locomotives of to-day, are built upon the same general principle, yet the machine with which the great engineer astonished his age, is interesting now only as an illustration of the beginning of the invention. There were plasters with holes in them long before BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER surprised both the public and the physicians; and the triumph of the Capcine is founded upon the partial successes, or the utter failures of its predecessors. Everything of value in the old porous plaster is retained in the Capcine; but at this point all comparison ends and contrast begins. For example:

The old plasters were slow in their action; the Capcine is quick and sure.

The old plasters lacked the power to do more than to impart slight, temporary relief in cases easy of treatment; the Capcine penetrates the system and permanently cures the troubles for which it is racommended.

The old plasters depended for any good results they might attain upon an accident of their makers and the naked faith of their wearers; the Benson's reaches its ends by means of the scientific combination of the rare medicinal ingredients which it contains.

In brief, the old plasters, like Stephenson's discarded engine, are switched off the track, while the Benson's goes on its way winning golden opinions from all sorts of people.

Yes, in this very fact lies the leading danger to the people who buy and use this reliable and scientific remedy. "Hypocrisy is the tribute vice pays to virtue." Imitation is the concession failure makes to success. Benson's Plasters are paroded in name and style.

Beware of swindles. The genuine have the word CAPCINE cut in the center. Price 25c. Seabury & Johnston, Chemists, New York.
jan31 4w

Dry Goods, Clothing, &c.

New Spring Goods.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A

BEAUTIFUL LOT

—OF—

Hamburg Edgings and Insertings,

Barred Nainsooks.

Piques, India Mulls,

LINEN D' INDES', &C.

SPRING CALICOES,

NEW STYLE RUCHINGS, &C.

☞ For the next 30 days we will offer special Inducements in HEAVY GOODS, several lines to be closed out Regardless of Cost. Come and see Us. Respectfully,

T. L. Seigle & Co.

feb4 daw

$15,000

—WORTH OF— —WORTH OF—

WATCHES,

Clocks, Jewelry,

SILVER and PLATED

WARE,

—TO BE SOLD—

WITHOUT REGARD TO COST,

—AT—

J. T. Butler's Jewelry Store.

dec16

GRATITUDE.

DENVER, COL., Aug. 29, 1882.

GENTS—I cannot find words with which to express my gratitude to you for the cure your Swift's Specific has effected in my case. I was afflicted with the horrible blood disease for three years, and after spending some time at the Hot Springs, considered my case a hopeless one. I used only one dozen small bottles of S. S. S., and there is not a sign of the disease remaining. My sores are all healed, my throat is entirely well; I am rid of that terrible disease. Being a drug clerk, I have seen so many hundreds of men dosed with Calomel, Iodide of Mercury and Iodide of Potash, until they were made complete wrecks, that I shudder to think of the misery which has been brought on the human family by the use of Mercurials for Blood Diseases. It is a crying shame that physicians will not acknowledge the merit of your GRAND Blood Medicine. Use my name as you wish. I refer you to my present employers, or to Messrs. Collins Bros., St. Louis. J. H RAIF,
Broadway Pharmacy, Denver, Col.

SSS

If you doubt, come to see us, and we will CURE YOU, or charge nothing. Write for particulars and a copy of the little book, "Message to the Unfortunate Suffering." Ask any Druggist as to our standing.

☞ $1,000 REWARD will be paid to any Chemist who will find on analysis of 100 bottles of S. S. S., one particle of Mercury, Iodide of Potassium, or any Mineral substance.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Proprietors, Atlanta, Ga.

Price of small size.....$1.00
large size..... 1.75

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
dec23 eod

St. Jacobs Oil

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY

FOR PAIN.

Relieves and cures

RHEUMATISM,
Neuralgia,
Sciatica, Lumbago,
BACKACHE,
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE,
SORE THROAT,
QUINSY, SWELLINGS,
SPRAINS,
Soreness, Cuts, Bruises,
FROSTBITES,
BURNS, SCALDS,
And all other bodily aches and pains.

FIFTY CENTS A BOTTLE.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers. Directions in 11 languages.

The Charles A. Vogeler Co.
(Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.)
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

HARRIS REMEDY CO., ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

Sole Mf'rs Chemists, and Sole Prop's of PROF. HARRIS' PASTILLE REMEDY Young Men and others, who suffer from Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Exhaustion and their many gloomy consequences, are quickly and radically cured.

The Remedy is put up in boxes. No. 1 (lasting a month), $3. No. 2 (enough to effect a cure, unless in severe cases,) $5; No. 3 (lasting three months), $7. Sent by mail in plain wrappers.

Directions for Using accompany each Box. Pamphlet describing this disease and mode of cure sent free on application.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address.

DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.
jan31 4w

The Charlotte Observer.

THE SCHOOL ASSESSMENT BILL.

A Bill to be Entitled an Act to Provide for Local Assessments in Aid of Public Schools.

The following is the school assessment bill introduced in the Senate by Mr Dortch, of Wayne county:

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. That upon written petition, signed bp ten white voters of any school district for white children, or by a like number of colored voters of any school district for colored children, it shall be the duty of the board of county commissioners wherein such district is located to post a notice, signed by their chairman, at three public places in such district, notifying the white or colored tax-payers, as the case may be, that they will be heard at the next regular meeting of said board as to submitting to the voters the levying and collecting an assessment in such district, in aid of the public school in said district.

At said meeting the board shall hear all persons who may desire to be heard, and shall decide whether the question shall be submitted to the said voters or not; and if they decide to submit the question to the voters, they shall also decide what per cent shall be collected on property and the amount on polls respectively, and shall issue a written order, signed by the chairman of said board, to the school committee of such district; to submit to the qualified white or colored voters of such district, as the case may be, whether an annual assessment shall be levied and collected therein, for the support of the public school in said district for the white children, or for the colored children, as the case may be. Said committee shall give thirty days' written or printed notice of the time and place at which said election shall be held, and the said notice shall be posted at three public places in said district. Said committee or a majority of them, after being sworn by a justice of the peace, shall open the polls, hold said election, count the votes and shall report to the board of county commissioners at their next regular meeting after said election the result thereof. Each voter shall deposit a ballot, upon which shall be written or printed the word "assessment" or the words "no assessment;" and said election shall be held and conducted in all other respects under same rules, regulations and penalties as are prescribed for the election of members of the general assembly.

Sec. 2. In case a majority of the votes cast at said election shall be in favor of such assessment, the board of commissioners shall issue an order, signed by their chairman, to the sheriff of the county, commanding him to collect the same in like manner as provided for the collection of State and county taxes, and said sheriff shall collect and pay over the same to the county treasurer, and said sheriff's official bond shall be liable therefor as provided in the case of county school tax.

Sec. 3. That no election under this act shall be held more than once in any one year.

Sec. 4. That the assessment, thus levied and collected from the taxable property and polls of white persons, shall be expended in aiding to keep up the public school in said district for white children of both sexes, between the ages of six and twenty-one years; and the assessment, thus levied and collected from the taxable property and polls of colored persons, shall been expended in aiding to keep up the public school in said district for colored children of both sexes, between the ages of six and twenty-one years.

Sec. 5. That the treasurer of any county within such assessment shall be levied and collected, shall receive and disburse the same; and his sureties on his official bond shall be responsible for the proper disbursement of all moneys collected on this act.

Sec. 6. The assessments thus collected shall be subject to the orders of the school committee of such district for payment of teachers: *Provided*. That so much of said assessment as shall not be expended in any school district in any one year, shall remain to the credit of said school district for the ensuing year.

Sec. 7. All orders upon said treasurer for the payment of teachers shall be paid out of said assessment, duly countersigned by the county superintendent of public instruction, and shall be signed by the school committee of the district in which the school is taught, which orders, duly endorsed by the person to whom the same are made payable, shall be the only valid vouchers in the hands of said treasurer.

Sec. 8. It shall be the duty of said treasurer to keep a book in which he shall open an account with each school district, showing the amount of assessment collected and paid by the white districts and by the colored districts respectively, the dates of all payments, the name of the person to whom paid, and the amount of such payments; he shall balance the accounts of each district on the thirtieth day of November in each year, and shall report by letter or printed circular, to each school committee, the balance due each district from the preceding year.

Sec. 9. Said treasurer shall, on the first Monday in December of each year, report to said board the amount of money received from the sheriff from each school district; said report shall show the amounts received respectively from assessments paid by the white on the property and poll, and the same as to the colored.

Sec. 10. The said treasurer shall, when required so to do by said board, produce his books and vouchers for examination and shall also exhibit all moneys due said districts at each settlement required by this act.

Sec. 11. The said treasurer shall receive as compensation in full for all services required of him by this act, not exceeping two and a half per cent. on account of receipts and disbursements, as the board may allow.

Sec. 13. The treasurer of each county shall report to the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. on the first day of December of each year, the entire amount received by him under this act during the preceding school year, the amount received from property and polls of the white and colored respectively, and the disbursements thereof made by him, designating the amounts paid to teachers for the white and colored respectively.

Sec. 13. The sheriff of each county shall pay in money to the treasurer thereof, on or before the first of February of each year, the whole amount collected, less such sum as may be allowed on account of insolvents for the current year; and, on failure so to do, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be fined not less than two hundred dollars, and shall also be liable to an action on his official bond for his default in such sum as will fully cover such default, said action to be brought to the next ensuing term of the Superior Court, and upon the relation of the board of county commissioners for and in behalf of such district.

Sec. 14. It shall be the duty of the county Superintendent of Public Instruction to countersign all orders given by the several school committees upon the Treasurer, in payment of teachers' salaries, and it shall not be lawful for the said Treasurer to pay such orders unless the same have been countersigned by the County Superintendent of Public Instruction: *Provided*, That the said County Superintendent shall not have authority to countersign any such order until the teacher in whose favor it is drawn shall have made the reports to the County Superintendent raquired by chapter two hundred of the laws of eighteen hundred and eighty-one.

Sec. 15. At the end of each term of such school, the teacher or principal of the school shall exhibit to the school committee of the district a statement of the number of pupils, male and female; the average daily attendance and the length of time taught. If the committee are satisfied that the provisions of this act have been complied with, they shall give an order on the Treasurer, payable to said teacher, for the full amount due for services rendered.

Sec. 16. That the public school houses may be used for the schools provided for in this act.

Sec. 17. This act shall be in force from its ratification.

HOW THE TELEGRAPH STARTED.

The Scene at the Capitol when the Appropriation was Voted.

"Gath," in the Cincinnati Enquirer, tells the following interesting story of how the appropriation was voted that saved the electric telegraph and put Mr Morse on his feet. He says during these two or three years constant applications were made to congress, but no money came from that stony hearted body. At last he became so poor that he could not go to Washington at all. Morse finally borrowed the money, however, and returned to Washington, set up the telegraph again and explained it to all the numbskulls in the house and senate, who stared, giggled, and finally another bill was reported. This time the appropriation was for $30,000.

"The inventor stood at his instrument, meekly and tearfully talking, with a vacant heart. Congress was to expire in one week.

"John P Kennedy, of Maryland, 'dam literary feller,' took hold of the bill.

"Cave Johnson, of Kentucky, scrub politician, idiotically proposed to give half the appropriaton to the science of mesmerism. Sam Houston said that Millerism ought also to share the appropriation.

"On February 23, 1842, the appropriation was passed by the house; yeas 89, nays 83, a majority only of 6.

"Morse sat trembling in the gallery, his soul struggling for the aid of an unseen power, asking God to help him to a political majority.

"The yeas and nays came as follows: New York, yeas 22, nays 11; Pennsylvania, nays 15, yeas 4; Ohio, yeas 10, nays 7; Indiana, yeas 3, nays 1; Kentucky, yeas 3, nays 4; Tennessee gave 9 nays, only 1 vote for the telegraph; Georgia cast 4 votes against it and none for it; Alabama 2 against it and none for it; Virginia 13 against it and 3 for it; Mississippi cast 1 vote against it and none for it.

"From the slavery states the bill received just 14 votes, and the same states cast against it 48 votes. There were 70 votes from all the different states not cast at all upon the bill. Georgia had 5 members that did not vote; Kentucky 7, Tennessee 3; Missouri furnished no member to vote on the subject.

"'If by any means the bill should fail,' said Mr Morse, 'I shall return to New York without the fraction of a cent of money in my pocket.' It passed the senate only a few minutes before midnight. Just a little while before the bill passed Mr Morse's old preceptor, Washington Allston, died in Boston, and Morse went to the funeral."

"What was the character of the first line of telegraph built with this appropriation?"

"The first idea was to put the wires in tubes underground. Ezra Cornell, father of Governor Cornell, invented a machine for that purpose. Two-thirds of the appropriation was expended in that way foolishly. Then they began to stretch the wires on poles along the Baltimore and Ohio railroad track. The whig national convention met in Baltimore on the 1st of May, 1844, and the telegraph announced to Washington the nomination of Henry Clay and Theodore Frelinghuysen. That piece of news made the telegraph a solvent institution, showing that news is the basis of progress in our time."

"Was Morse interested in anything else but the telegraph?"

"Oh, yes; you have not begun to get his life. He showed the telegraph to Humboldt in Europe in 1845. He tried to get a further congressional appropriation but failed. Then he took Amos Kendall into the company, and the Magnetic telegraph company was formed. Congress could have bought the entire invention from Morse for $100,000 in 1845. It is now paying the telegraph companies millions of dollars for its own messages, while about $150,000,000 are invested in American telegraph lines.

"Cave Johnson, of Tennessee, Polk's postmaster general, who died in 1866, was the enlightened ass who reported that the operation of the telegraph between Baltimore and Washington had not satisfied him; that under any rates of postage that could be adopted, its revenues could be made to equal its expenditures. He lost to the people free telegraphy; but this fellow really made the fortune of Mr Morse. The telegraph company was first composed of Gale, Vail, F O G Smith aforesaid, Kendall, Corcoran, Riggs, Ezra Cornell, and a dozen or twenty others, one of them named Washington. There was $15,000 paid in."

A Frozen Man Hauling the Dead.

Territorial Enterprise.

A curious thing occurred last Friday up in the Wood River country. Two Italians who had been badly injured, but who were gradually recovering, were dispatched for Bellevue, where they would obtain better accommodations. The two sick men were laid in the bottom of an ordinary lumber wagon and there covered up. An Italian was then employed to drive the wagon to Bellevue. He faithfully performed this duty. Though almost frozen he drove to Bellevue, not halting until he was in front of the hotel where he was to deliver his charges The hotel people came out to receive. the patients consigned to them and upon uncovering them found both frozen stiff and dead. The driver was himself almost frozen to death.

Jefferson's Chair.

An oak chair, with leather back and seat, which once belonged to Thomas Jefferson, and was assiduously sat upon by that patriot, is now the property of Mrs Walter C Douglass, of St Louis. One of the arms is a writing desk, with a drawer beneath it for stationery, and Mrs Douglass will be deeply grateful to anybody who will prove that the Declaration of Independence was written thereupon. She inherited the chair from her father, Mr Foote Johnson, a prominent Virginia lawyer, to whom it was given by a Mr Foster, of Bedford county, Va, and Mr Foster acquired it at Jefferson's death.

"She Wore a Wreath of Roses."

She had the jumping tooth-ache
The night when first we met;
Her face was marked with anguish,
Her eyes with tears were wet.

I told her Perry Davis's
Pain Killer was the thing
To cure the jumping tooth-ache,
And take away its sting.

Next evening, when I saw her,
I asked her, 'Did you get
That bottle of Pain Killer?"
Said she: "All right—you bet!"

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.

NOON DISPATCHES.

BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Rough Weather at Sea.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 7.—The steamship Dryburgh Abbey, from Liverpool Sanuary 3d, arrived last evening. Captain Horton reports that for the first 11 days out he experienced very rough weather. On the 27th the steamer ran aground on Maselle Bank off the Bahamas. After lightening a portion of the cargo on a vessel sent from the Bahamas, and throwing overboard another portion, consisting of phosphate, the steamer floated off and proceeded on her voyage. She was detained off Port Eads rince Saturday by fog.

A Town Marshal Shot.

ATLANTA, Feb 7.—A special to the Constitution says Wm Dorley, marshal of Hartwell, Ga, was shot and killed last night while standing in Henry Allen's saloon by shot fired from the outside. It is thought that the guilty party is known.

The Czar no Longer in Terror.

ST PETERSBURG, Feb. 7.—The Russian police claim they have destroyed nihilism. The Czar walks the streets of St Petersburg without an armed escort.

Intemperance in Switzerland.

The London Times recently published some statistics of the increase of drunkenness in Switzerland. It appears that since 1874 when free trade in drink was substituted for the old system, under whch each canton regulated the drink traffic for itself, the number of public houses has increased 22 per cent., while within these eight years the population has increased only 6 per cent. There is now throughout Switzerland one public house for every 130 inhabitants, and in Geneva one for every 70. In one part of the country, where the statistics of crime have been closely investigated with reference to this question, about half the total number of crimes have been found to take their origin in drunkenness. The waste of money, even on the part of those who stop short of crime, as gathered from the books of public honses, is remarkable. One man earned 23f. 60c. in a week, and spent 20f. 5c. in the public house; a second earned 29f. and spent 22f.; a third earned 28f. and spent 18f. Moreover, it is stated that the innkeeper in the last instance was a contractor, who employed these excellent customers, and "one week, when the men worked less or drank more than usual, the innkeeper had no money at all to pay, and every one of the men began work the following week with the balance against him." This great increase of drunkenness is attributed to the recent failures of the vintage of light wines, which are as universally the beverage of the population as beer is that of the Germans. In lieu of their heretofore common drink, "manfactured" brandies are used in its stead. The inhabitants, unlike the French, will not take kindly to beer, and the so-called brandy imported into Switzerland, like that imported into other countries, is absolute poison.

Don't Lift

More than you can tote! That cough is dangerous. Better use New Life. It will cure you. Thos. W. Kerr, 230 Saratoga street, Baltimore, Md., says New Life cured him after he had laid in bed a whole winter with a violent lung affection He thinks New Life the grandest remedy in the world. It only costs 50c to try this wonderful curative.

That Husband of Mine,

Is three times the man he was before he began using "Well's Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

TAKE SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

For Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Chronic Diarrhœa, Jaundice, Impurity of the Blood, Fever and Ague, Malaria, and all Diseases caused by Derangement of Liver, Bowels and Kidneys.

SYMPTOMS OF A DISEASED LIVER.

Bad Breath; Pain in the Side, sometimes the pain is felt under the Shoulder-blade, mistaken for Rheumatism; general loss of appetite; Bowels generally costive, sometimes alternating with lax; the head is troubled with pain, is dull and heavy, with considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of leaving undone something which ought to have been done; a slight, dry cough and flushed face is sometimes an attendant, often mistaken for consumption; the patient complains of weariness and debility; nervous, easily startled; feet cold or burning, sometimes a prickly sensation of the skin exists; spirits are low and despondent, and, although satisfied that exercise would be beneficial, yet one can hardly summon up fortitude to try it—in fact, distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred when but few of them existed, yet examination after death has shown the Liver to have been extensively deranged.

It should be used by all persons, old and young, whenever any of the above symptoms appear.

Persons Traveling or Living in Unhealthy Localities, by taking a dose occasionally to keep the Liver in healthy action, will avoid all **Malaria, Bilious attacks,** Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Depression of Spirits, etc. It will invigorate like a glass of wine, **but is no intoxicating beverage.**

If You have eaten anything hard of digestion, or feel heavy after meals, or **sleepless** at night, take a dose and you will be relieved.

Time and Doctors' Bills will be saved by always keeping the Regulator in the House!

For, whatever the ailment may be, a thoroughly safe **purgative, alterative** and **tonic** can never be out of place. The remedy is **harmless and does not interfere with business or pleasure.**

IT IS PURELY VEGETABLE,

And has all the power and efficacy of Calomel or Quinine, without any of the injurious after effects.

A Governor's Testimony.

Simmons Liver Regulator has been in use in my family for some time, and I am satisfied it is a valuable addition to the medical science.
J. GILL SHORTER, Governor of Ala.

Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Ga., says: Have derived some benefit from the use of Simmons Liver Regulator, and wish to give it a further trial.

"The only Thing that never fails to Relieve."—I have used many remedies for Dyspepsia, Liver Affection and Debility, but never have found anything to benefit me to the extent Simmons Liver Regulator has. I sent from Minnesota to Georgia for it, and would send further for such a medicine, and would advise all who are similarly affected to give it a trial as it seems the only thing that never fails to relieve.
P. M. JANNEY, Minneapolis, Minn.

Dr. T. W. Mason says: From actual experience in the use of Simmons Liver Regulator in my practice I have been and am satisfied to use and prescribe it as a purgative medicine.

☞ Take only the **Genuine,** which always has on the Wrapper the **red Z Trade-Mark** and **Signature of J. H. ZEILIN & CO.**

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

ACHING NERVES CAUSE

AGONY!

PERRY DAVIS'S PAIN KILLER
BRINGS

RELIEF!

NEURALGIA
SCIATICA
TOOTHACHE
EARACHE

And the whole noxious family of nerve diseases are cured by

Perry Davis's Pain Killer

SURE!

ALL RESPECTABLE DRUGGISTS KEEP "PAIN KILLER."

NOW IS YOUR TIME!

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE STOCK OF

Ladies', Gents' and Children's Rubbers, Ladies' Gossamers and Gents' Rubber Coats.

We are now closing out our stock of Winter Goods, at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,

AND IF YOU WANT A

BARGAIN,

NOW IS YOUR TIME TO GET IT.

We have Blankets, Ladies', Gents and Children's Underwear, Flannels, &c. Our stock of Fancy and Plain Plushes and Velvets very cheap. Our stock of

---DRESS GOODS---

Is very low in quantity and prices, embracing some very fancy Cashmere patterns at half their value Just received a new lot of Langtry Ties, and Fur Trimming. Our stock of Jackets, Ulsters, Cloaks &c., is being closed out very cheap. If you want a BARGAIN in anything that is kept in the Dry Goods line come in and we will convince you that we have it for you.

Agents for Thompson's Glove Fitting Corsets, and for Pearl Shirts _Give us a call and we will show you that "WE MEAN BUSINESS." Truly,

Hargraves & Wilhelm,
Smith Building, East Trade Street
jan11

15 Per Cent Interest 15

IS ONLY EQUAL TO THE AMOUNT

THAT CAN BE SAVED BY ALL THOSE WHO MAKE THEIR PURCHASES AT THE

Great Clothing Emporium

—OF—

L. BERWANGER & BROTHER,

Leading Clothiers and Tailors.

AT this vast Repository, so complete in all its Departments, the most Fashionable and Elegant CLOTHING can be bought at 15 PER CENT LOWER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THE CITY. The most of our Garments are Manufactured in our own House, and are equal to the finest Custom-made work for VARIETY, STYLE, FINISH, FIT and DURABILITY.

This Great Wareroom Has No Rival in the State.

☞ Facts which are attested to by throngs of customers, who, after the first purchase, return bringing with them their friends. NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS. Remember, we give a discount on all Winter Goods of 15 per cent. Thanking the Public for their Liberal Patronage in the past and soliciting a part of the same in the future, we are Very Respectfully,

L. Berwanger & Bro.,
Leading Clothiers and Tailors.

☞ Agents for PEARL SHIRTS.

Dimes and Dollars! Dollars and Dimes!

AN EMPTY POCKET IS THE WORST OF CRIMES.

MY POCKET IS M. T.,

AND YET I AM HAPPY.

ASK AND YE SHALL RECEIVE.

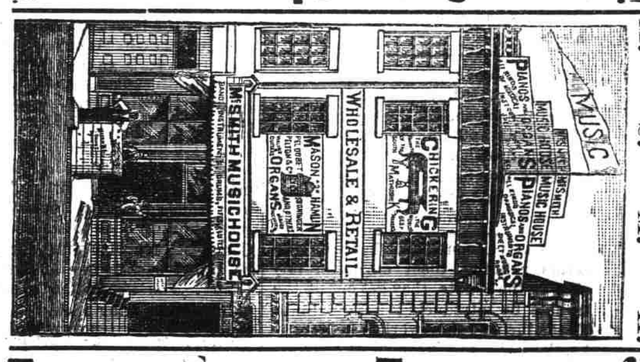
25 PIANOS AND 50 ORGANS,

MASON & HAMLIN, ESTEY, MATHUSHEK, STEINWAY, WEBER, HALLET, DAVIS & CO., CHICKERING, SOHMER, WHITNEY, WOODWARD, BOSTON, STARK, STORY & CLARK, PIANOS, ORGANS.

THAT WILL MAKE YOUR

Wives and Daughters Sing, Laugh AND Whistle 24 Hours Out of 48.

M. S. M. H. JUST THINK OF IT!



HERCULES -OF- HAPPINESS IN ANY FAMILY.

IN THE SHAPE OF A PIANO OR ORGAN, IS A

Go See McSmith,

—AND—

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