### SECOND STOCK.

We call your attention to the fact that Mr. Hargrave is again in the Northern markets buying our second stock of Fall and Winter Goods. Just in a handsome line of Russian Circulars, Ulsters, Jackets, Cloaks, &c, which we are offering at exceedingly low prices. Also a large and varied assortment of Ladies', Misses', Children's and Gent's Underwear, at prices that are bound to sell. We have a full line of colors in Eider Down Cloakings. Our stock of Dress Goods is complete, embracing Silks, both black and colored, at prices ranging from 60c to \$3.00 per yard. We have the cheapest and best stock of Cashmeres, Dress Flannels, &c, to be found in this city. Try a pair of Evitt & Bro.'s Shoes, every pair warranted. An elegant line of Gents' hand-made Boots and Shoes. Hats, Trunks, Valises, &c. Please call and examine our stock and be convinced that we have the best goods for the least money. Just received per express a line of Kid Gloves in all the new colors,

### HARGRAVES & ALEXANDER,

Shoes, Shoes.

SHOES--Latest Styles

SHOES -- Fit Perfect.

SHOES--Lowest Prices

BOOTS AND SHOES

All Grades.

Trunks, Valises and Hand-Bags.

STOCK ALWAYS COMPLETE.

A. E. RANKIN & BRO.

Our Fall and Winter Stock of

Gents', Ladies', Misses' and Childrens'

FINE SHOES

Which is now complete in every line

from the heaviest quality of Planters' and Laborers' Shoes and all kinds of

School Shoes, up to one of the finest se-lections of Philadelphia and Newark

Custom Made Shoes that has ever been

We have many novelties to show you in our line as well as a large stock of Common Sense Shoes.

Come and see us when you want a

GRAY & BRO.

pair of Shoes of any kind, and we shall endeavor to make it pay you to buy

FROM THE SOUTH.

A Perfect Combination with two

Salient Advantages-Why it

"There is no mistake about it," re-

Concerns You.

marked Dr. M. F. Flowers, of Gallantin,

Missouri, "BENSON'S CAPCINE POR-

OUS PLASTERS are one of the neatest

combinations ever produced. They have

two kinds of advantages over all others,

which we may call the miner and ma-

jor. First, they are clean and pleasant

to use, never soiling the hands nor the

linen of the wearer. Second, they act quickley and powerfully. I have tried the Capcine Plaster on my.elf for pneu-

monia, and on my patients for various

Dr. Flower merely voices the written

or oral opinion of thousands in his pro-

fession. BENSON'S CAPCINE POR-

OUS PLASTERS are the perfect exter-

nal application. The genuine have the word CAPCINE cut in the center.

FOR RENT.

The Central Hotel, Greensboro, N. C.,

situated in the centre of the city, oppo-

site Federal and County Court House;

is conveniently arranged and lighted

FOR SALE.

A neat Cottage, corner of Graham and

E. K. P. OSBORNE.

Sixth streets. For terms, etc., apply at

H. H. TATE,

Greensboro, N. C.

Price 25 cents.

nov16dtf

the law office of

nov11dtf

with gas. Apply to

offered in this market

THIS SEASON.

Our business having exceeded our ex pectation so far, we have been forced to buy the third stock. which is coming in

# BLANKETS, SHOES-Best Makes,

UNDERWEAR, LADIES' WRAPS, FLANNELS,

In all grades on our counter, at prices much less than their value.

### SILKS and VELVETS

At very low prices.

From 121c. to \$1.50 per yard. Ask to see our Shirts, the best to be had in the city for the money.

We have just received a lot of

WOOLHALFHOSE and Wool Yarn from the Elkin factory. Come to see our stock and get cheap Respectfully,

OUR

T. L. SEIGLE & CO.

# Fall and Winter BUUTS

--STOCK OF--

# HATS,

Trunks and Valises. Is now complete, and was

Manufactured to Our Order for

RETAIL TRADE.

W E have the best and most stylish makes of Ladles.' Misses' and Children's, Shoes and Suppers, all kinds and prices Gents', Boys' and Youths' Boots and Shoes, to ni and suit all clauses of the trade.

Gents' Silk Hats a Specialty. Men's, Boys' and Youths' Hats,

all kinds Trunks and Vallses, all prices Shawl and Trunk straps, Blackings, Blacking Brushes and shoe Dressings. COME AND SEE US.

> PEGRAM & CO., First National Bank Building.

# diseases, such as Neuralgia, muscular Rheumatism, Lumbago, Kidney trouble, etc., and in all cases relief has followed in from three to forty-eighth hours."

SAME PLACE.

Goods Cheap for Cash.

Men's 3 Boys' Hats

-- A LOT OF--

-- AT LOW PRICES .--

CALL AND SEE

C. M. Etheredge

CHARLOTTE, N. C., THURSDAY NOVEMBER 22, 1883.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT MONDAY OHAS. R. JONES, Ed. and Proprietor.

The Charlotte Observer.

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Femit by draft on New York or Charlotte, and by Postoffice Money Order or Registered Letter at our risk. If sent otherwise we will not be responsible for miscarriages.

A BADLY WOUNDED PARTY. Our esteemed contemporary, the New York Times, publishes this in-

teresting bit of news: 'To the victors belong the spoils, is not Republican doctrine, and whenever it is acted upon by Republicans the party receives a stab.

The Republican party has been stabbed, then, about every time that a Federal appointment has been made during the last twenty years. How many Democratic officehold ers are there to-day under the Federal

Government? The non-partisan cry is very attractive Republican bait to catch voters with, but the Grand Old Party has no further use for it in actual practice. The bait goes to the dogs after the fishes are safely landed. It is rather late in the day to repu diate the spoils doctrine after steadlastly adhering quarter of a century.

[New York Sun.

The New York Times is not in accord with the party on this question. It has never repudiated either by word or act the spoils doctrine. But a short while ago the Wilmington Post, speaking apparently advisedly, in reply to a complaint that Mr Frank Hatton, who aspires to run not only Uncle Sam's postal businesss but also in office and turned the cold shoulder Tuesday in Columbus, Ga. A number the case of Prigg against the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (16 Pennsylvania) to Republicans, said there must be some mistake about it and if the complainant would point out one Demothe place Mr. Hatton would remove value of \$4,000,000. Much other the Democrat inside of ten minutes. Republican party would have been a lanta to-day. deunct institution long ago.

SENSIBLE COLORED MEN.

A number of colored men in the city of Charleston, among whom were a large number of tax-payers held a meeting a few days ago to decide upon the proper course for them to pursue in the pending municipal election, and the following resolutions were adopted:

1. That we appreciate the benefits of a good city government. 2. That we recognize the fact that the interests of the white and colored

races are inseparable. 3. That for the welfare and ad vancement of our native city it is necessary that there should be unity, peace and concord between the two

4. That to insure good government we must put aside all party and personal prejudice and be united for the right man in the right place.

The meeting further endorsed the administration of Mayor Courtenay the present Democratic incumbent, and pledged its support for his reelection. If the majority of colored men in the South were actuated by the same spirit and showed the same sense that these Charleston colored papers of the commission of the crime men do how much better it would be spoke of Lewis as a Wickham man for them.

A GOOD SUGGESTION.

It is reported that Postmaster General Gresham will recommend that the limit of single letter postage be fixed at an ounce instead of half an ounce, as at present. He thinks that while this will not add materially to the weight of letters to be carried through the mails, it will do away with much dissatisfaction arising from the uncertainty as to weight of letters mailed. Nine letters out of ten are under the half ounce, while portion are but an insignificant frac- regard to them? tion above it which subjects them to double postage, simply because the writers could not accurately fix the weight. If the ounce limit were done away with and the government

would not suffer thereby. A Washington letter writer says that leading Republicans in that city favor holding their National convenpreference to Philadelphia. He also

says: "Capt. Octavius Coke has in- No little excitement exists on the sub- and protection against all discriminaformation from Washington city that Walter McLindsay has been dismissed from a clerkship at Washington, and a postoffice official says it is because his father, Col. McLindsay, advocated the nomination of a negro for congress by the Republican convention in the first district."

Maccn (Ga.) Telegraph: A man doesn't cease to be a Democrat just because he favors taxing whisky and tobacco in preference to taxing British products, but it seems to be a sort of "off year" with him in the matter of business sense. Editor Watterson appears to be that sort of a Democrat—with a distressing tendency to deny that there is any other sort of Democrats. He will be wiser after taking his first nap on the Ohio platCIVIL RIGHTS.

sons who are negro minstrels. Holman and Hewitt is the Now York Sun's ticket. Sounds very nice.

The steamboat parade in New York harbor on evacuation day will comprise 500 vessels and be twenty miles

J. C. McCollom, the actor who died in Chicago recently, had invested in real estate in that city and was worth The young Frenchman who wanted

to shoot Prime Minister Ferry is said

not to be a lunatic but a fanatic. Not

but it would be better reversed.

A Columbus, Ohio, judge has four

much difference. The Richmond State pronounces Mahone's address a "tissue of falsehoods, intended to villify the people of Virginia," which is brief but covers

There will be so many Democratic nembers in the next House of Representatives that a number of them will have to take seats on the Republican

General Dominguez, Spanish Minister of War, demands universal suf frage for his fellow-countrymen, while Senor Sagasta wishes to limit the right of suffrage to citizens who can read and write.

Gen. Mahone's manifesto is not making much impression on the press generally in the North. The independent journals pronounce it a onesided, exaggerated statement, entifastly adhering to it for nearly a tled to but little consideration or

> Philadelphia Record: Let us not turn our fault-finding eyes to the South or the North, the East or the West. There are 25,000 children in Philadelphia for whom there are neither school houses nor school

The Senate sub-committee on eduthe Republican party, put Democrats | cation and labor sat Monday and of prominent citizens were before it, from whose testimony it is seen that Columbus has invested in manufaccratic postmaster in this State and | tories \$5,000,000, which manufactories name a Republican qualified to take turn out an annual product to the valuable information was gathered. Spoils, pshaw! Without the spoils the | The committee will hold forth at At-

WICKHAM ON MAHONE.

He Declares That Nothing Short of Lunacy Would Justify the Latter's RICHMOND, VA., Nov. 19.—General Williams C Wickham will to-morrow

publish a letter commenting upon the address of Mahone, in which he I have seen the summary of the address of Wm. Mahone, chairman, in the New York Times to day.

Nothing short of lunacy would justify such an address, and I have no doubt that the wholesale slanders it contains will be fully refuted by a statement of figures and facts in the next few days, but I see that he speaks of my county of Hanover as one of the points at which the 'crack of the Bourbon weapon engaged in political murder resounded, and the Bourbon knife sank deep, and I deem it my duty, as a citizen of the county and their representative in the Senate of Virginia, at once to denounce the falsity of that charge. A colored man named Robertson was a few weeks ago killed in the county of Hanover by, it is alleged, another colored man named Lewis. Lewis is now in jail and will be tried, and, if guilty, punished for the offense. The first notice that appeared in the and Robertson as a Jones man, where upon it was at once declared that it was done for political purposes, but within the next two or three days the Richmond Whig itself, the Virginia organ of Wm. Mahone, chairman, had the fairness in its local columns to say that the murder grew out of an old grudge between the parties, and had no political significance whatever. Wm. Mahone, chairman, ought to have been aware of these facts when he penned this address. If he was not, by what principle of justice did he utter so vile a slander upon the people of Hanover, who, from an intimate acquaintance with them for fifty years, I can truly say are as law-abiding as any people on of the remaining ten the larger pro- earth, without informing himself in Excitement in the Dominion.

Strong protests are being received at Ottawa, coming from the Roman Catholics of the Dominion, asking that adopted these uncertainties would be done away with and the government provincial Governor on being sworn into office. Exception is taken to that part of the oath which declares that no foreign prince, person, prelate, State or potentate shall or ought to have authority, jurisdiction &c., ecclesiastical or spiritual, within the limits of the tion in some Eastern city, giving the country. It is held that the essential element of religious liberty of the penple is the exercise of the tauthority of says that Blaine's friends are working hard but quietly to secure his ing the Roman Catholic faith, and that the retention of this feature adopted by Henry VIII. is in violation of the treaty

---A Ghastly Relic of the War.

Wishingt n Republican. A ghastly relic of the battle of the Wilderness was discovered by Mr. R, day evening that while he was forcing his way through a dense thicket on the tragic battlefield last Thursday, digging bullets out of the trees, he suddenly came across the skeleton of a Confederate soldier, who had evidently crawled into the thicket after being wounded. The skeleton was bare and white. The clothing had decayed and the only mark of identification was the waist belt, with its "C. S. A." buckle. The skull still reclined on a knapsack and the remaining portions of a gray blank-et. A Catholic bible was also found, but the inscription on the fly leaf was illegible. The skeleton was buried near by the gloomy thicket where the soldier

Judge Harlan Files His Dissenting

Judge Harlan, of the United States Supreme court, has filed with the lerk of that court his dissenting minion in the civil rights cases. 1) is a very long and careful review not only of the legislation in controversy and the circumstances which led to it but of the arguments and positions of the majority of the court as seforth in the elaborate opinion of Mr. Justice Bradley.

Before proceeding to a consideration of the circumstances which attended the adoption of the Thirteenth and Fourteenth amendments and of the objects which those amendments were intended to accomplish, Justice Harlan says, by way of preface:
"The opinion in these cases proceeds, as it seems to me, upon grounds entirely too narrow and artificial. The substance and spirit of the recent amendments of the constitution have been sacrificed by a subtle and in gemous verbal criticism. Constitutional provisions, adopted in the interest of liberty and for the purpose of securing—through national legislation, if need be-rights inhering in a state of freedom and belonging to American citizenship, have been so construed as to defeat the ends the people desired to accomplish, which they attempted to accomplish and which they supposed they had accomplished by changes in their fundamental law. By this I do not mean that the determination of these cases should have been materially con-

trolled by considerations of mere ex pediency or policy. I mean only, in this form, to express an earnest conviction that the court has departed from the familiar rule requiring, in the interpretation of constitutional provisions, that full effect be given to the intent with which they were For the purpose of ascertaining and showing what was the intent of the

people in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth amendments. Justice Harlan then reviews carefully and with abundant citations of authorities the relations which existed before the adoption of the amendments between the National Government and the institution of slavery, as indicated by the provisions of the constitution, Congress and decisions of the United

States Supreme court. Justice Harlan takes up first the Fugitive Slave law of 1793, and cites Supreme court held that that law was a constitutional exercise of the powers

Justice Harlan then refers to the Fugitive Slave Law of 1850, and says that although it "placed at the disposal of the master seeking to recover his fugitive slave substantially the whole power of the nation, this court adjudged it to be in all of its provisions fully authorized by the consti-tution of the United States." He also refers to the Dred Scott case to fur ther exhibit the relations which, prior to the adoption of the Thirteenth amendment, existed between the Government, whether national or State and the descendants, whether free or in bondage, of those of African blood who had been imported into this

country and sold as slaves. Having thus endeavored to show that at that time the power of Congress by legislation to enforce the master's right to have his slaves de livered up on claim was implied from the constitution and sustained by the courts, Justice Harlan quotes the pro-visions of the Thirteenth amendment and says . "The power conferred by this amendment does not rest upon implication or inference. When it was determined by a change in the fundamental law to uproot the institution of slavery wherever it existed in this land, and to establish universal freedom there was a fixed purpose to place the power of Congress in the premises beyond the possibility of doubt. Therefore the power to enforce the Thirteenth Amendment by appropriate legislation was expressly

granted. Justice Harlan asks: "Was it the purpose of the nation simply to destroy the institution and then remit the race theretofore held in bondage to the several States for such protection, in their civil rights, necessarily growing out of freedom, as those States in their discretion chose to provide? Were the States, against whose solemn protest the institution was destroyed, to be left perfectly free, so far as National interference was concerned, to make or allow discriminations against that race, as such, in the enjoyment of those fundamental rights that inhere in a State freedom? Had the Thirteenth amendment stopped with the sweeping dec laration in its first section against the existence of slavery and involuntary servitude, except for crime, Congress would have had the power by impli cation, according to the doctrines of Prigg vs. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, repeated in Strauder vs. West Virginia, to protect the freedom thus established, and consequently, to secure the enjoyment of such civil rights as were fundamental in freedom. But that it can exert its authority to that extent is now made clear, and was intended to be made

that amendment, "I do not contend that the Thir teenth amendment invests Congress

with authority, by legislation, to regulate the entire body of the civil rights which citizens enjoy or may enjoy in the several States. But I do hold that since slavery, as the court has repeatedly declared, was the moving or principal cause of the adoption of that amendment, and since that institution rested wholly Henry VIII. is in violation of the treaty of 1763. guaranteeing to the Roman those held in bondage their freedom The Raleigh News and Observer Catholics of Canada freedom of worship. necessarily involved immunity from ion against them because of their race, in respect of such civil rights as belong to free men of other races Congress, therefore, under its express power to enforce that amendment by appropriate legislation may enact laws to protect that people against A. Larkins, of this city, who has just returned from Chancellorsville, where the deprivation on account of their he spent a few weeks. Mr. Larkins race, of any civil rights enjoyed by stated to a Republican reporter yester other freemen in the same State, and such legislation may be of a direct and primary character operating upon States, their officers and agents. P. O. Box, 1487, N. Y. and also upon at least such individuals and corporations as exercise

public functions and wield power and authority under the State. Justice Harlan then renews at some length the grievances of the colored race which the Fourteenth amendment was intended to redress. Justice Harlan subsequently argues that even if it be conceded that Con-

gress could not act until the rights

denied by State law or State action.

specified in the act of 1875 had been

he must still maintain that the deci-

habeas corpus case of Frank E. Stark, charged with the murder of D. R. Allen at the theatre last Wednesday concluded yesterday, Judge Cowain deciding the case manslaughter and fixing bail at \$5,000, in default of which Stark was committed to jail. It is understood that bail will be given in a few days. The decision created surprise, the people having looked upon the matter as a case ( The Cotton Planters at Vicksburg. NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 21.—A Vicks

sion of the court is erroneous, for the

reason that in every material sense

applicable to the practical enforce-

ment of the Fourteenth amendment. railroad corporations, keepers of inns

and managers of places of public

musement are agents of the Stat-

because amenable, in respect of their

public duties and functions, to public

Held for Manslaughter.

VICESEURG, Miss., Nov. 21.-The

regulation.

burg, Miss., dispatch says Large numbers of delegates arriving by by boats and trains to attend the

meeting of the national cotton planters association. The hotels are al ready full and private residences have been thrown for thrown open for the accommodation of visitore. The convention will be larger than expected.

Appointed Receiver.

CHARLELTON, W. VA., Nov. 21, -udge Jackson, of the United States District court has appointed Thomas R. Sharpe receiver of such portion of Ohio River Railway as lies within his jurisdiction, including the Ohio river oridge at Coint Pleasant.

----A Texas Vigilance Committee. Dallas, Texas, Nov. 21-Our citizens have formed a Vigilance com-

mittee to suppress gambling and other crimes and detectives will be employed. -----Sentenced.

LONDON, Nov. 21.-Poole will be

found it to realize the expectations

anged December 18th. Horsford's Acid Phosphate. A Reliable Article. Dr. E. Cutter, Boston, Mass., says: "I

raised, and regard it as a reliable arti Don't Miss It. Well's "Rough on Rats" Almanac at druggists, or mailed for 2c. stamp.

FORGET IT!

---WE HAVE THE---

Best Assortment of

HEAVY and FANCY

GROCERIES

To be found in the city.

ALL FRESH STOCK.

GOODS DELIVERED

Anywhere in the City Free of Cost.

BARNETT & ALEXANDER

### AYER'S Ague Cure

IS WARRANTED to cure all cases of malarial disease, such as Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Chill Fever, Remittent Fever Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, and Liver Complaint. In case of failure, after due trial, dealers are authorized, by our circular of July 1st, 1882, to refund the money. Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists.

Notice to Contractors. OFFICE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,

MARLBORO COUNTY, BENNETTSVILLE, S. C., Nov 9, '83. This office will be open for the recep-tion of sealed bids for building a court house until Tuesday, the 11th day of December. The plans and specifications for same can be seen by applying to the undersigned at this office. The board of commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids. By order of board of county commissioners. T. S. ROGERS.

Clerk Board County Commissioners.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

College Street, Charlotte, N. C.

ceipt of 6 cents in stamps. HEARNN & Co.

Full stock always in store—Highest prices paid for large quantities of Wheat and Oats jusy18dif CARDS Esthetics, (4 designs). Some.

F. C. MUNZLER the Bergger & Engel Brewery Companys (Of Philadelphia, Pa,) f. I-brated Lager Beer,

In Keys and Bottles, BOTTLED BEER A SPECIALTY. ALE and PORTER, which I offer to the public a reasonable price. Address
FRED C. MUNZLER,
Lock Box 255, Charlotte, N. C.

Great Bankrupt Sale of

## CLOTHING.

A REBEN (DESED HIND ARE SHIM TO I

### The Fun Only Just Bgun!

ANOTHER OUT IN PRICES.

During the past week we have taken advantage of the demoralized state of the market owing to the insolvent condition of the manufacturers and have bought clothing at our own prices. We will on Monday offer first-class Ready made Clothing at prices that would not pay for the cloth they are made from. We said we would and we shall make this the greatest

Ever Inaugurated in the Carolinas.

### SPECIAL TO THE LADIES

We will offer on Monday a manufacturers' stock of Infant's CLOAKS, Misses' CLOAKS and SUITS, MOTHER HUBBARDS and WALKING COATS, the most exquisite stock ever shown in this section.

# CHARLOTTE, N. C.

We Boast Because We Can.

WE DO NOT QUOTE ANY CHEAP GOODS BUT FIRST-CLASS AND WELL MADE

### CLOTHING CHEAP!

Thousands of Dollars

Are spent annually by Clothing buyers of this country. Some buy very discreetly (by going to first-class clothing houses only), others buy without paying attention as to whether they are benefitting themselves or not. We have but one means of teaching the great Clothing buying public how to buy and where to go to, and that is by advertising plain facts, having but few words to say, and that

### Men's and Boy's Clothing

to the point. Our stock of

---IS IMMENSE, AND----WE STAND READY TO BE KNOCKED DOWN

By any house, of large or small pretentions, who can undersell us. Come and see for yourself that we are correct, that our prices will compare very favorably with any first-clrss clothing house in the country. Gent's Furnishing Goods at wonderfully low prices, considering quality. Inspection free, and prices given with pleasure. Very respectfully,

### L. BERWANGER & BROTHER

LEADING CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS.

### E. M. Andrews.

I have the largest and most complete stock of

## FURNITURE

In the State, also a large lot of

AND BABY CARRIAGES.

I buy in large quantities direct from factories and can and will sell cheap.

Call and be Convinced. Andrews.