Daily Charlotte Observer.

VOLUME XXX. CHARLOTTE, N. C., TUESDAY NOVEMBER 27, 1883. PRICE FIVE CENTS

MORE NEW GOODS

—AND—

New Bargains!

One of our firm has just returned from the Northern markets with another stock of goods. 'Tis the season of the year for "closing out jobs" there, and having taken advantage of same we have some

RARE BARGAINS TO OFFER YOU.

WORSTED DRESS GOODS

From 10 cents to $2.00 per yard; some beautiful ones at 15, 20, and 25 cents.

A LARGE STOCK OF DRESS FLANNELS FROM 25c TO $1.50,

In WRAPS we can show you Walking Jackets from $2.00 to 20.00, Plush Cloaks up to $35.00, and Ulsters, Dolmans and Circulars in all prices, in Silk or Wool. Velveteens from 50c up.

A LARGE LINE OF

BLACK SILKS AND SATINS at a BARGAIN.

A Handsome Corset

—FOR—

50, 75, and $1.00.

UNDERWEAR,

For Ladies, Gents and Children. Cassimeres Jeans, Ressellant, Flannels, &c. A large stock of BLANKETS low down, from the great Blanket auction sale. Don't fail to look at our Ready-made Clothing. Boots, Shoes, Hats, &c. We have bargains for you. Don't fail to come to see us. Truly,

HARGRAVES & ALEXANDER,
Smith Building.

NEW GOODS

Arriving Daily.

Among our new stock can be found a very elegant line of

SILK and ALPACA
UMBRELLAS.

A lot of GOSSAMERS for Ladies and Children.

UNDERWEAR FOR ALL!

Ask to see our cheap Shirts.

Remember, we sell all grades of Dr. Warner's Corsets.

BLANKETS,

Carpets and Marseilles Quilts, cheap.

Lace Curtains in all Prices.

Another lot of those cheap CASHMERES.

Big drive in BLACK and COLORED SILKS.

Another lot of LADIES' WRAPS.

Come and see how cheap you can buy HOSIERY and GLOVES.

T. L. SEIGLE & CO.

Poison.

Mercury has produced more misery and made more cripples than war, pestilence and famine combined. If you have any blood diseases or skin humor it is your duty to yourself and posterity to take the only vegetable cure, which is Swift's Specific.

Swift's Specific has relieved me of malarial blood poison after I had been confined to the house for five months and had been dosed with blue mass and calomel and other poisonous drugs until I was in despair. Swift's Specigc is the remedy for this kind of blood poison.—C. M. Clark, Agent Southern Life Insurance Co., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR LADIES.

I have been using for a month or two in my household, Swift's Specific (S. S. S.), the greater portion it having been consumed by the female portion of my family, and with the happiest results. It acted like a charm on my wife, who had been in bad health for a long time, and for whom I have paid hundreds of dollars for doctors and medicines; It began to build her up from the first dose. Another female member of my family took it with equally satisfactory results. It is certainly the best tonic for delicate ladies that I have ever used, and I have tried them all. I have no doubt that want of exercise, close confinement in poorly ventilated houses, sewer gas poison and malarial poison often produce sickness among our wives, daughters and sisters, and I believe Swift's Specific is the remedy for all this sort of blood poisoning.
F. L. JONES, J. P. Quitman, Ga.

TREATMENT OF CANCER.

For twenty years I have suffered from a cancer on the side of my back near the shoulder and exhausted the whole catalogue of remedies without any relief. The cancer growing worse all the time, the whole upper part of my body became stiff and full of pain. I had virtually lost the use of both arms, my general health had broken down, and I saw it was only a question of time when life itself would be destroyed. In this condition I commenced the use of Swift's Specific. The first bottle relieved me of the stiffness in the neck, the second gave me perfect use of my arms, and I feel strong and well in every way. I am a poor man but I would not take $5.000 for the good I have experienced with Swift's Specific. I believe it will force out all the poisor and cure me. W. R. ROBISON, Davisboro, Ga.

Our treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free to applicants.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO.,
Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

Indian Ponies
AND
KANSAS HORSES.

The undersigned has a car load of Indian Ponies and Kansas Horses for sale at Wadsworth's Stables. They are well broke and splendid saddlers. Call and see them. W. O. WOODLEY.
nov24d3t.

-SHOES-

Shoes, Shoes.

SHOES--Latest Styles.
SHOES--Fit Perfect,
SHOES--Best Makes,
SHOES--Lowest Prices

BOOTS AND SHOES,
All Grades.

Trunks, Valises and Hand-Bags.

STOCK ALWAYS COMPLETE.

A. E. RANKIN & BRO.

Now in Store!

1,00 Barrels Piedmont Roller Patent, Perfection Roller Patent and White Rock Extra Flour, Hecker's New Buckwheat Flour, self-raising or plain.

Oatmeal, Grits and Hominy, Dried Sugar Corn, Green and Split Peas, Lima, Marrow Fat and White Kidney Beans.

Large stock of Preserves and Jellies, in 2, 5 and 10 pound pails.

Atmores Mince Meat and
PLUM PUDDING,

Raisins, Currents, Citron, Lemon Peel, and Prunes.

Pickles, in barrels, buckets and bottles; also Mixed Pickles and Chow-Chow, by the quart or gallon.

A full line of

CANNED GOODS,

Including Vegetables, Fruits, Meats and Fish. These are all fresh goods, and as I claim to carry as

LARGE RETAIL STOCK AS CAN BE FOUND IN THE CITY,

I also claim to sell as cheap for the same quality of goods as you can buy from any other house in the city.

J. M. SIMS.
nov11dtf

Notice to Contractors.

OFFICE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, MARLBORO COUNTY,
BENNETTSVILLE, S. C., Nov. 9, '83.

This office will be open for the reception of sealed bids for building a court house until Tuesday, the 11th day of December. The plans and specifications for same can be seen by applying to the undersigned at this office. The board of commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids. By order of board of county commissioners.
T. S. ROGERS.
Clerk Board County Commissioners.
nov13d2w

Money Saved is Money Made.

The way to save money is by calling on R. H. Morse, opposite First Presbyterian church, and buy your Beef, Pork and Sausage, of the very choicest quality, always on hand, for 10 cents per pound. I also keep on hand a full stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries, which are delivered to purchasers in any part of the city free of charge. All orders delivered promptly. Give me a call and I will show you I mean what I say.
nov21d2w R. H. MORSE.

FOR SALE.

A neat Cottage, corner of Graham and Sixth streets. For terms, etc., apply at the law office of
nov11dtf E. K. P. OSBORNE.

FOR RENT,

The Central Hotel, Greensboro, N. C., situated in the centre of the city, opposite Federal and County Court House; is conveniently arranged and lighted with gas. Apply to
H. H. TATE,
nov16dtf Greensboro, N. C.

The Charlotte Observer.

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MORMONISM.

Some Popular Errors Corrected by One Who Has Been in Utah.

The Mormon question has been discussed from every standpoint by the press for the last few years, and it is noticeable that the further away the writer is from Utah, or the less he knows about the subject, the more ready is he to make assertions which have only a grain of truth for a basis, and upon which he proceeds to erect a chimerical argument.

The writer of this article spent some time in Salt Lake City last August, and a part of the time was the guest of Gov. Murray, the present Governor of the Territory of Utah, and of Mr. Goodwin, the editor of the daily Salt Lake Tribune, the organ of the Gentiles in that portion of the country lying between the Rocky and Sierra Nevada Mountains, and between the 38th and 44th parallels of North latitude. It is popularly supposed that Mormonism is confined to the Territory of Utah, but such is not the fact. It is true it was originally located west of the Rocky Mountains, at what is now Great Salt Lake City, but it has spread over considerable portions of Wyoming and Idaho Territories, and is said to be extending further and further each year.

We are not an apologist for Mormonism or Mormondom, but there are a few popular errors which we would like to correct, but before we proceed we desire to state that our ideas are derived entirely from contact with the Mormons themselves and their Gentile fellow citizens of Salt Lake City. While we remained there our eyes were wide open and our hearing was good.

First: The Eastern idea of Mormonism is that every follower of Brigham Young must have half a dozen wives. The very reverse is true. Possibly not one married man in fifty has more than one wife. A second wife can only be married upon the consent of the first wife. After the first wife (and this is applicable to all subsequent wives) has given her consent for her liege lord to take another "rib," the applicant for polygamy must go before certain rulers and elders in the church and make an affidavit that he is able to take care of the new family which he proposes to start, and that affidavit means a good deal in Utah, for it must be verified by a committee appointed for that purpose, after which, if the "returns" are satisfactory, the new wife is brought into the "Temple," and in the presence of a large congregation she is "sealed" to the man of her choice.

Second: The Mormon women are to blame, if blame there be, for polygamy. In order to *crush* out polygamy the wiseacres of congress passed a law which gave the women of Utah the right of suffrage. Under its provisions the women vote there in all elections. What is the result? At the very first election, (with every Mormon disfranchised who was known to have more than one wife under the same law that conferred the right of suffrage upon the women) polygamy found itself entrenched stronger than ever before, and that by the vote of the Mormon women themselves. The framers and advocates of the Edmunds bill calculated on a very different result.

Third: Polygamy, which has been aptly styled as our great "National sin," has much less to do with the spread of Mormonism than most of the readers of the OBSERVER would suppose. To find the true reason for its existence we must study the history of mankind for many centuries in the past. Mormonism resembles in many respects the Mohammedan religion, which, if we remember correctly, allows its male devotee to have as many as four wives, but Mormonism goes still further. In all ages, classes and conditions of mankind he has felt the almighty force of the truth of an existence after this life, and that the future life had both its rewards and punishments. His hope has been to receive the one and avoid the other. The rules by which both may be done in a loose way may be styled religion. The devout Chinaman has the book of Confucius, the Mohammedan the Koran, the Christian the Bible, and the Mormon "the Book of Mormon," which claims to be a revelation direct from God himself. To follow the Christian religion involves many crosses, trials, doubts and fears, because every conscience must be its own judge. To follow the Mormon creed involves no such difficulties. All the virtues of Christianity are taught, but if any of the Christian laws are violated, there is absolute and immediate absolution upon an appeal to the elders of the Mormon church. The Mohammedan is taught that if he will rise at a certain hour of the morning and say his prayers, then at twelve o'clock face toward the east and bow himself three times while he utters his prayers—if he will do this, and fight for his religion when called on to do so, he is safe in the next world. He can do anything else he pleases so he doesn't marry more than four wives. The Mormon religion is very much what we know of the Mohammedan religion. It requires, perhaps, more obedience to its church rules, but its immunities and indulgencies are very nearly as great. If we will go back far enough to get conscience out of the way, we do not have trouble in getting converts to any religion that grants wholesale indulgences in this life and absolute immunity from punishment in the next.

The Mormons are a priest-ridden people. Most of them are ignorant, and it is the purpose of the leaders to keep them so. Their system of church government is peculiar. Church and State are one. The power that rules the one rules the other, and the rule of the State includes the rule of municipalities and counties as well. The church is governed by twelve elders, who call themselves the apostles of God. All mandates that go forth from the council of the elders are proclaimed as the edicts of God Almighty himself. It matters not whether the edict may be for the assembling of the territorial legislature to look after the interests of the Saints, or whether it may be a decree that John Smith be elected constable in Weber Canon township. We heard of one case where a man with two wives, and, of course, two families, who was the owner of an express line from Ogden City to one of the mountain towns, which furnishes us a case in points. He had made money after long years of toil. A message came that he had been appointed a bishop, and that he was ordered to go to Europe, *at his own expense*, to preach the Mormon doctrine. He turned over his business to the man who told us the story, (including the care and support of his two families) and went without a murmur. Another, and younger man, had worked himself up to be the superintendent of a factory, which paid him $2,500 per year. He had struggled long and hard to reach the position. He had climbed from the lowest round of the ladder, where all had been dark, and had just reached the sunlight of success. An edict was sent down that he must travel back to the States and preach the Mormon religion—*at his own expense*—and he went. He threw up his situation, and he left a competency, but he obeyed the edict of God (?).

And it is in just such things that the power of the Mormon church rests. Polygamy is but a drop in the bucket, to use a familiar expression. It is a system built up and fashioned by Brigham Young, who possessed one of the greatest minds that ever existed on this continent. Of course we did not believe so until we went among his people, and saw evidences of it. We will relate just one instance of his own accomplishments, and to show what power he had over his followers:

According to Mormon law one-tenth of all a man makes belongs to the church. Originally the tithes were regularly collected by a tithing officer, but this custom has been abolished, although the devotee is *still expected to pay*, and is not in good standing in the church if he refuses. With the income thus provided for Brigham Young many years ago conceived the idea of erecting a temple which should at once serve as a house of worship for his people, and a monument of his own greatness. He did it and the temple is a success in both particulars. He told his people that he was inspired by God to build such a temple as had never before been built on earth, *and he did*. Thirteen thousand people can be seated comfortably in it, and it can be filled or emptied inside of three minutes, there being eight side and three front entrances. Within the arrangement of seats attracts attention, while the inside of the building resembles the inside of a colossal egg shell. The acoustics of the building are absolutely perfect. A pin can be heard to drop, or a whisper can be heard from any one part of the auditorium to any other. We saw it tested and heard the light rubbing of the hand on a broad-cloth coat 333 feet, or 111 yards distant. Brigham Young knew and followed the laws of acoustics. There isn't a Mormon in Utah, ten years of age, that hasn't been in the temple, and who did not come out of it fully impressed with the idea that there is but one God, and that Brigham Young was his prophet while he lived, and that his mantle has fallen upon his successor.

We could fill this page with statements like these, but what is the use? Mormonism in the East means polygamy, while Mormonism in the West means the worst priest-ridden people the world has ever seen. It is true polygamy is a part of Mormonism, and it will never be driven out of Utah except at the point of the bayonet. It is a cancerous sore on the body politic of the nation, but it is not as great an evil as the other teachings of the other false doctrines of the Mormon church. This is a free country and every man should be allowed to profess any religion he chooses, but we do not believe that the clause in the Federal constitution guaranteeing that right, gives the right to any man, or set of men, to own their followers, body and soul, and this is what the Mormon elders do.

THE FIGHT FOR THE MALLET.

Battle of the Three--Gordon's Setter--It Will Not Boom Randall--Talk on the Avenue To-Day.

Correspondence of the Observer.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The situation has changed more than a superficial obeserver would suppose. The sectional cry having been found injurious to Randall is abandoned and the business cry instituted. Letters pour in from the cities where manufacturing interests predominate, urging the necessity for the election of Mr. Randall and the adoption of the "go slow" policy this winter. Randall himself seems serenely confident. But his friends are working like beavers. They claim more than half of Georgia and a good proportion of Missouri. It has been many a year since so much animation was perceptible eight days in advance of the meeting of Congress.

In the other headquarters there is even more apparent activity. Carlisle talks pleasantly to all who come. He is perhaps the most approachable, as the phrase is, of all the candidates, and is one of the most candid and unaffected of our distinguished and public men. His prospects have greatly brightened in the past two days The coming into the fight of Tilden, whose personal agents are fully known, has probably injured rather than helped Randall. The letter of Gen. Gordon to Randall, given to the press to-day, is thought to be part of a preconcerted plan by which it should be made to appear that the latter was the choice of Georgia and the "progressive South." It has created no sensation.

One of the curiosities of the contest is the two days absence of Sunset Cox in New York to deliver a lecture on music. Who but the versatile and æsthetic Cox would desert a canvass in which he was so active for such a purpose?

Senator Voorhees denies on the authority of Mr. McDonald that the latter has taken any part whatever in the Speakership contest. He says that he has not written or spoken to a member on the subject. The number of reports is legion.

Eighty-five representatives are here. There is complaint in some quarters that members are coming in slowly. But this is as large a number as usual a week in advance of the meeting of Congress.

More haste is made by Northern men this year in getting here than by Southern. Of the latter less than thirty in the city. Carlisle is the outspoken favorite of most of these.

Of the floating opinion outside the Democratic party nine-tenths is for Randall.

Messrs. Aiken, Dibble, Evins and Mackey, of the South Carolina delegation, are on hand. Not a single North Carolina member has yet put in his appearrnce. H.

GAFFNEY CITY

Which Sprang up by Magic and Continues to Grow Rapidly.

GAFFNEY CITY, S. C., Nov. 26, 1883.

To the Editor of the Observer:

Gaffney City, which is one of the many towns on the Air Line Railroad between your city and Atlanta, has almost suddenly sprung up, for ten years ago it was no "city" at all, or even a town, but the country for fully a half mile in circumference was almost barren and was known as Gaffney's "Old Field." But after the completion of this great railroad, the Atlanta and Charlotte Air Line, Gaffney like other towns commenced to build up and has grown steadily ever since, and to day she has a population of 800 or 1,000 inhabitants, with prospects of growing as fast in the future as she has in the past. She has some very energetic live men, very thrifty and honorable who believe that competition is the life of business, which will doubtless bring much money here to be spent by farmers and others. Then only one mile distant is the famous Limestone Springs and the Cooper Limestone Institute for young ladies, and here in the city is the McArthur High School for young men and boys, besides other public as well as private schools in the city. The high grade of these schools combined with the healthfulness and the pure water and bracing air of this region will cause Gaffney to be sought as an educational point, and the result will be a steady flow of population into the place. Gaffney is backed by a section of fine country on the east to Broad River and the south to Pacolet River in Union county. That portion of Union lying north of Pacolet is considered the richest section in the county and Gaffney gets nearly all of that trade which is no little factor in the sum of her business. There is a law, a State law I believe, which prohibits the sale of liquors here for a number of years and if I mistake not for all time to come, which speaks well for the morality of the city. All of which will or ought to tend to build up the place. Taking all into consideration Gaffney City in my humble judgment is at once a model town, and can safely be recommended to those especially who have sons and daughters to be educated.

Just now business is awfully dull here owing to the short crops and wet weather. JETHRO.

Mr. Arthur's Lightwood.

The other day a large hogshead, sent from North Carolina by express and addressed to the President, was delivered at the White House. A colored domestic who took it in charge explained that "Dat dar bar'l is full, sah, ob lightnin' wood, or as yer might say, split pitchpine kindlin's fur de makin' ov fires Sence Mr. Arthur hez been President, we hev bin a-gittin' on'em ebbery munf doorin' de fall an' winter. Mister Arthur nebber goes to bed in cold wedder without a big blazin' fire in his room, wedder here or out to Soldiers' Home, and we as has ter clean up and look arter de fires hez to take up a bundle of dis hyar lightnin' wood ebbery night, so as he kin frow it in the fire an' make er blaze, an' sit dar an' tink while a-watchin' ob de shadows on de wall. When he used de lightnin' wood he nebber used er light, an' when he gets tired he jumps in de bed an' watches de flames flicker till he goes ter sleep. He's mighty petickerler about dis lightnin' wood, an,' if de supply gins out dar is some fun till dar's more put in de bin."

A False Report.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 26.—The News and Courier editorially declares the report that it has gone over to Mr. Randall for Speaker is false, malicious and outrageous. Its position of hostility to Mr. Randall is as it states entirely unchanged.

M. Rouher Dying.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—M. Rouher, Louis Napeleon's Minister of State and President of the Senate, is reported as dying.

THE HATCHET AND TORCH.

The Horrible Crime that Startled a New Hampshire Town.

LACONIA, N. H. Nov. 26.—About 5 o'clock yesterday morning the inhabitants of this place were awakened by the ringing of bells and cries of fire. Investigation shewed that not only fire had occurred, but that a most brutal crime had been committed. James Ruddy, with his wife and child, lived half a mile from the postoffice in the north-east part of the village. Shortly after 4 o'clock S. S. Andrews, a neighbor, was alarmed by a woman's screams. He aroused his son, and together they proceeded to Ruddy's house. They found Mrs. Ruddy lying on the ground under the front window, through which she had made a desperate leap. She was bleeding profusely and said, "Pick me up; I am all cut to pieces!" After removing Mrs. Ruddy to a neighbor's, they broke open the back door of Ruddy's house, and the flames burst forth. The alarm of fire wos sounded, but the flames were extinguished before the arrival of the firemen. When gaining entrance the officers found the bodies of Ruddy and his child both cut in a horrible manner, covered with the contents of a feather bed, which had been saturated with kerosene and set on fire. Both bodies were disfigured by the flames so as to be nearly past recognition. In the bed room was found a trunk, which had been brought to the house the day befere by a man named Thomas Samon, who had engaged board there, and the lifeless body of Mrs. Ford, which was identified by her husband. One limb had been chopped off, which together with the remaining leg were bound to the woman's body with a clothes line. The bed clothes had been soaked with oil and piled on the body and an attempt made to set them on fire.

Mrs. Ruddy says the crime was committed by Samon with a hatchet. Samon boarded with Ford. At Ford's there was no evidence of Mrs. Ford's murder, and it is thought that her death was accidental, at Samon's hands; that in wishing to conceal the the body he took it down stairs in a trunk and thence to Ruddy's, whence perhaps he could carry it from the house during the night; that Ruddy refused to assist him, when a struggle ensued. Samon has been arrested.

A Tramp Way-Billed.

Columbia Register.

A tramp who had been hanging around the neighborhood of the railroad depot at the foot of Blanding street for two or three days crept into an empty box car on Thursday night and went to sleep. While the assistant yard master was in the discharge of his duties during the small hours of Friday morning he discovered the tramp fast asleep. He had seen the cross-tie measurer before, and determined to ship him to other parts. Calling for lock and seal, the assistant yard master quietly closed the doors and sealed the lock to the car containing the living freight. A way-bill was made out to Captain Meltiah Green, the train dispatcher of the Columbia and Greenville Railroad by Captain Dick Trezevant, assistant yard master of the Charlotte, Columbia, and Augusta Railroad, for "One tramp in car No. —. Weight and destination to follow. Food and water to be supplied, if inclined that that way." The last heard of the tramp he was fast asleep and going as ballast to a car sent after cotton.

Ladies, beautify your complexion with Glenn's Sulphur Soap.
Hill's Hair and Whisker Dye, 50c.

AYER'S
Ague Cure

IS WARRANTED to cure all cases of malarial disease, such as Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, and Liver Complaint. In case of failure, after due trial, dealers are authorized, by our circular of July 1st, 1882, to **refund the money.**

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

Sale of Valuable Property.

By virtue of a mortgage made by Myra Thompson, and duly registered in Book 50, page 580, in the Register's office of Mecklenburg county, I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at the court house door in the city of Charlotte, N. C., on Monday, the 17th day of December, 1883, a valuable house and lot on the Beatty's Ford road, near Biddle University.

E. K. P. OSBORNE,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
nov15d4w

FOR SALE.

Cotton Seed Meal

for feeding or fertilizing, in quantities to suit purchasers. The best feed for cattle ever sold, being worth twice as much as corn meal.
For sale by W. W. Ward & Co.
nov6dtf CHARLOTTE OIL CO.

Patapsco Flouring Mills.

ESTABLISHED 1774.

Buhrs 1774. Rolls 1882.

PATAPSCO 196 SUPERLATIVE PATENT C.A.GAMBRILL MFG. CO. BALTIMORE.

This company owns and operates three mills, as follows:
PATAPSCO MILL A, at Ellicott City, Maryland.
PATAPSCO MILL B, at Baltimore, Maryland.
PATAPSCO MILL C, at Orange Grove Maryland.
Having a capacity of **1,500** Barrels.

PATENT ROLLER FLOUR,

manufactured from Maryland and Virginia Wheat, celebrated for its purity and richness of Gluten, Phosphates, and other nutritious properties.

Ask your grocer for Patapsco Superlative, Patapsco Family, Patapsco Extra, Cape Henry Family, North Point Family, Chesapeake Extra, Bedford Family, Orange Grove Extra.

C. A. GAMBRILL M'F'G CO.,
32 Commerce St., Baltimore, Md.
nov13dtf

CARLS Æsthetics, (4 designs). Something good. Mailed on receipt of 6 cents in stamps. HEARNN & CO., P. O. Box, 1487, N. Y.

The Great Clothing Sale

---AT---

WITTKOWSKY & BARUCH'S

Continues With Unabated Enthusiasm.

During the past week our Mr. Baruch has sent us some very attractive bargains, notably among them an extensive purchase of

Black Silks! Black Silks!!

Which we will offer on Monday morning and feel confident no such values were ever offered in this section.

5 Pieces Black Silks worth $1.00 per yard, for **75 Cents.**
5 Pieces Rich Lustre Black Silks worth $1.50 for **$3 Cents.**
5 Pieces Extra Quality Rich Lustre Silk worth $1.50 for **$1.25.**
5 Pieces Super Cashmere Royal Silk worth $2.00 for **$1.50.**

These goods at these prices

Cannot be Excelled by any House in the Trade.

We have also received an elegant assortment of Ladies' Muslin Underclothing at special low prices.

LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDRENS'

Merino and All Wool Underwear.

NEW CLOAKS, NEW DOLMANS, NEW ULSTERS, AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT INFANTS' CLOAKS, INFANTS' PELLICES, INFANTS' COATS, CHILDRENS' DRESSES, NEW MILLINERY GOODS, HATS, BONNETS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, PLUMES AND TIPS.

TWO CASES DRESS GOODS AT 12½ CENTS

Positively worth 25 cents per yard.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

WITTKOWSKY & BARUCH
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

We Boast Because We Can.

WE DO NOT QUOTE ANY CHEAP GOODS BUT

FIRST-CLASS AND WELL MADE

CLOTHING CHEAP!

Thousands of Dollars

Are spent annually by Clothing buyers of this country. Some buy very discreetly (by going to first-class clothing houses only), others buy without paying attention as to whether they are benefitting themselves or not. We have but one means of teaching the great Clothing buying public how to buy and where to go to, and that is by advertising plain facts, having but few words to say, and that to the point. Our stock of

Men's and Boy's Clothing

—IS IMMENSE, AND—

WE STAND READY TO BE KNOCKED DOWN

By any house, of large or small pretentions, who can undersell us. Come and see for yourself that we are correct, that our prices will compare very favorably with any first-clrss clothing house in the country. Gent's Furnishing Goods at wonderfully low prices, considering quality. Inspection free, and prices given with pleasure. Very respectfully,

L. BERWANGER & BROTHER

LEADING CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS.

E. M. Andrews.

I have the largest and most complete stock of

FURNITURE

In the State, also a large lot of

Pictures, Oil Paintings, Chromos

AND BABY CARRIAGES.

I buy in large quantities direct from factories and can and will sell cheap.

Call and be Convinced.

E. M. Andrews.