For Christmas.

A HANDSOME LINE OF

LADIES' NECKWEAR

INCLUDING

Collars, Fischues, Velvet Capes, &c.

OUR TOCK OF

JACKETS, ULSTERS, CIRCULARS, RUSSIAN CIRCULARS, &c,

- Is being reduced very fast, but we have a few left to be sold very cheap TABLE COVERS. PIANO COVERS, TIDIES, &c.
- Don't fail to look at our line of GENT'S SCARFS, GENT'S SCARF PINS, SLEEVE BUTTONS, &c.
- A beautiful line of SILK KERCHIEFS
- Come and examine our stock before buying.
- Closing out our READY-MADE CLOTHING at slaughter-house prices.

HARGRAVES & ALEXANDER.

Smith Building, Trade Street, Charlotte, N. C.

Shoes, Shoes.

SHOES -- Latest Styles.

SHOES .- Fit Perfect,

SHOES -- Best Makes,

SHOES .- Lowest Prices.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

All Grades.

TO K ALWAYS COMPLETE.

A. B RANKIN & BRO.

NOTICE.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Charlottee Gas Light Com-

pany, held at the office of the Gas Com-

Resolved that the President be direc-

JAS. H. CARSON,

pany, Dec. 27th, 1883.

ik, Values and Hand-Bags.

When in New York last week we bought

HANDSOME GOODS

At greatly reduced prices. them is a lot of

Ladies' Wraps,

That we will sell at about the cost to

manufacture them. An Elegant Line of

CHRISTMAS GOODS

At prices that will surprise you when you see the goods and hear the prices.

Come in on Monday Morning and See the Bargains We Offer.

T. L. SEIGLE & CO.

ted to call a general meeting of the Stockholders of the Company at the Company's office Tuesday the 15th of January 1884. Very respectfully,

Great Reductions in

CLOTHING

W. KAUFMAN & CO.

Our first mark down was a real and great one, but we have since revised our entire stock, making still further large reductions being determined to make our prices the lowest in Charlotte for GOOD CLOTHING.

LOOK AT OUR PRICES FOR MEN'S SUITS.

Mem's	Suits	Reduced	to	\$4.50; 6.00	Former	Price	87 00. 9.00
**	4.6	66	66	7.50	66	66	10.00
46	66	66	66	8.50	66	66	12.00
•4	61	- 66	66	10.00	66	4.6	15.00
Youth	,	66	66	3.50	+6	**	5.50
**	44	• 6	66	4.50	46	44	7.00
**	• 6	**	66	5.00	64	64	8.00
	Youth:	Youths'	Youths' " "	Youths' " " "	" " 6.00 " " 7.50 " " 8.50 " " 10.00 Youths'" " 3.50	" " 6.00 " " " 7.50 " " " 8,50 " " " 10.00 " Youths' " " 3.50 "	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "

Boy's and Children's Suits, \$2.25, \$2.75, \$2.00, \$3.75, \$4.00, reduced 331 per ct.

OVE THOUSAND OVERCOATS at less than manufacturers' cost, and see if you can get as good value for money anywhere else. Remember, this is a closing out sale of our entire stock.

Our Goods Must be Sold Before January the 1st,

as we will remove to the corner of Central Hotel, in the store formerly occupied by Brem & McDowell We carry a complete line of Gent's Fine Furnishing Goods and Hats. Call at once.

W. KAUFMAN & CO.

DOVE'S

True Turf Oil.

TF W FOR THE

POSITIVELY CURES

of five gross, and can recommend them. I would not be without them. J. S. M. DAVIDSON, Druggist.

"Life for the Liver and Kidneys" or "Chill Cure" works like a charm and sells very fast.

Wax Haw, Lancaster county, B. C. WHOLESALE GROCERS, In large 25c. and \$1.00 bottles, Sold by druggists and dealers generally:

DR. HILTON, Glendale, S. C.

October 28, dtf.

College Street, Charlotte, N. C.

The Charlotte Observer. PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT MONDAY

CHAS. R. JONES, Editor and Proprietor. Terms of Subscription. DAILY.

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One month (by mail) 75
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Remit by draft on New York or Charlotte, and by Postoffice Money Order or Registered Letter at our risk. If sent otherwise we will not be re-sponsible for miscarriages.

PARTIAL VETO.

If the proposed amendment to the constitution, authorizing the President to veto certain objectionable portions of bills and approve the unobjectionable, should pass Congress and be ratified, it will be the means of preventing much abuse and saving much money to the treasury. Now, when a member of Congress has a little pet scheme that will not stand the light of day for which he wants an appropriation, he manages to tack it to some measure which has merit in it and thus pull it through. The great bulk of these money gobbling schemes are reserved till the last days of the session, when there is little time and perhaps little disposition to discuss them, when they are crowded into an omnibus bill, which is passed and presented to the President to be approved or rejected as a whole, and the President having no discretion in the premises must approve the bad as well as the good or veto all. In this lies the cause, to a great extent, of the countless little and big raids on the treasury, aggregating millions of dollars, which might as well be thrown into the fire and burned for all the

real benefit that is derived from it. posed to this proposed measure that if adopted it will place too much power in the hands of the President, and that in his action he would probably be influenced by sectional interests, favoring such schemes as redound to the advantage of his own particular section, while rejecting the others. It is possible that this might be the case to some extent, but it is not likely that it would be so to any great extent without subjecting the President to odium which he would hardly be willing to incur, and to a suspicion of being actuated by im proper motives that he could not well afford to bear. But if this were so it would be better to risk it than to be subjected annually to the millions of stealage in the raids that are annually made upon the treasury. It is a question, too, whether in these matters it would not be better to trust to the honesty and judgment of one man with a reputation at stake than to a number of men, each seeking favors for his particular constituency, and where no one assumes any individual

Mrs. Elizabeth S. Iliff, the cattle meen of Colorado, whose marriage to Bishop Henry Warren, of Atlanta, Ga., was recently announced, went to Colorado in 1869, when about 21 years of age, as agent for the Singer Sewing Machine Company, where, by her attention to and success in business, and good deportment, she attracted attention and made many friends. Among them was J. W. Iliff, the millionaire cattle king, a widower, who wooed and won her. Within a year or two he died, leaving his immense estate and herds to her and two boys, children of his first wife. Mrs. Iliff took the management of the business, and conducted it with such success that she became the largest cattle dealer in the West, her income ranging from \$100,000 to \$300,000 a year. She was scught in marriage a number of times, but preferred to remain single until she found some one who thought more cf her than of her money. Bishop Warren convinced her of this, and she became Mrs. Warren.

At the beginning of the new year we commend the following from the letter of a Washington correspondent to the attention especially of young men: "Three years ago I saw one of the most brilliant members of the Senate staggering drunk in front of Willard's Hotel. The other day I saw that he left his champagne untouched at a dinner. Said he: 'I haven't touched alcohol in any form for three years. I woke up one morning realizing that what pretty much all the truly. temperance lecturers have said was true, and I simply said to myself that I have had enough. And I have. I have never seen the time from that day to this that I have not felt a repugnance for liquor.' Garland, the lished proceedings relating thereto. learned lawyer from Arkansas, is a Of course, my advice is gratuitous. teetotaler. Said he: 'I was passing and if it is worth nothing it will cost by the cemetery near my home one day, and I saw the graves of a dozen brilliant men who had begun life with me, every one of them hastened to his end by whiskey. I made up my mind that I had drunk my share and

stopped.'" The Senatorial contest in Kentucky promises to be warmly contested. The leading Democratic candidates are Senator Williams, who seeks a re-election; Congressman J. C. S. Blackburn and Col. Thos. L. Jones, who came within one or two votes of receiving the Democratic nomination for Governor last year.

HUNTINGTON'S LETTERS.

Troubled by Demagogues and Strikers --- Pomeroy Offers to Treat his Case.

The following appear among the final installment of letters written by Mr. C. P. Huntington, president of the Southern Pacific Railroad, to his friend and business associate during the progress of the attempt to secure friendly legislation by Congress. The letters were published in the San Francisco Chronicle of December 23:

KASSON, INGALLS AND MORTON. New York, May 15, 1877.—Friend-Colton: I am glad you are paying some attention to Gen. Taylor and Mr. Kasson. Taylor can do us much good in the South. I think, by the way, he would like to get some position with us in California. Mr. Kasson has always been our friend in Congress, and as he is a very able man has been able to do us much good, and he has never lost us one dollar. I think I have written you before about Senator Conover. He may want to borrow some money but we are so short this summer I do not see how we can let him have any

in California. I have just given Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, a letter to you. He is a good fellow, and can do us much good, and I think is well disposed toward us.

Senator Morton is coming over also his brother in law, Burbank. They are good fellows, but. B. means business; not there, but in W. Scott is working everywhere for his open highway, but I think we can beat him; but it will cost money and harder work to beat him with money

under the plan of some of my asso ciates, viz., having it understood that the C. P. and S. P. are, as it were, one property. Then it would be with-out money if the public could know the facts; that is, that the S. P. is a separate and distinct property. Jay Gould told me that the U. P. had contracted to have a branch built

100 miles long from their road toward the Black Hills, for which they pay for the road (no rolling stock) \$9,000 per mile. iron rails. I guess he don't do as well as that. Yours, truly, C. P. HUNTINGTON.

CONGRESSIONAL COLLARS. NEW YORK, June 1, 1877.-Friend * There has been quite a number of Senators and members of Congress in the office here in the last few days. They all say Scott is making his greatest effort on the Texas It is alleged by those who are opposed to this proposed measure that them think he will pass it. This man Hayes, most people say, is for it to conciliate the South. He may be, but I hardly believe he is for many things he should not be for. Yours, C. P. HUNTINGTON.

> A DAMAGING REPORT OF SAN DIEGO WANTED.

New York, Aug. 18, 1877. Friend Colton: * * I would much like a report of the harbor of San Diego as I think it is, but I would not care to pay much money for it. Hyde seems much firmer in rates for his personal services than he was before he sold Central Pacific Triennial Railroad Company, but he is a bright man and if he knows how worthless the harbor of San Diego is for an extensive deep-sea commerce I would like a report from her. But, as I said, I would not pay more than say \$100 for it. Smith, one of the California State railroad commissioners, is, as I understand, a first-class man, and very likely he would make such a report as we want-that is, have the

facts fairly set forth Yours, truly, C. P. Huntington. KEEP FRIENDLY WITH JONES. NEW YORK, Aug. 21, 1877.-Friend Colton: I notice what you write of Jones's road, that he will be in California in a few days, &c. Of course in treating with him understand the importance of keeping our relations with him friendly, I am told that he thinks you did not use him well in some mining or stock matter. I

write this so that you can move un-derstandingly. * * * Yours, truly, AN OFFER FOR A FALSE REPORT. NEW YORK, Sept. 10, 1877.—Friend Colton: * * * As to Colonel Hyde writing a report about the harbor of San Diego, I would like such a report as he could write, and if he would write one for \$250 I would give it, and if he would not, we shall have to go without it. * * Yours, truly.

C. P. HUNTINGTON. BORROWING MONEY TO PAY DIVIDENDS. NEW YORK, Nov. 16, 1877.-Friend * * * Yours of the 9th, No. 28, is received and contents are fully noted, and before I reply to your letter I will say that this is the first intimation (direct) that I have ever had that there had been any dividend declared, and I telegraphed and wrote that I thought it would be unwise, on account of our large floating debt and our complications with the Lovernment, to declare any dividend this fall, and, without even letting me know of it, you went on and declared the dividend, which I think was a great mistake.

Now as to your letter. You write that you think it was wise to make the dividend, and in that I disagree with you, as no company can afford to borrow money to pay one, and this one will hurt us in Washington and with financial men everywhere. C. P. HUNTINGTON.

WOKKING FOR A BLIND. NEW YORK, Nov. 22, 1877.-Friend * * * Matters never looked worse in Washington than they do at this time. It seems as though all the strikers in the world were there. I send with this a copy of one of their letters I received yesterday, all of the same tenor. The one I send

is from ex-Senator Pomeroy. Yours, truly. C. P. Huntington. POMEROY'S LETTER. [Personal Copy.]
Washington, Nov. 20, 1877.—Mr.
Huntington—Dear Sir: I have noticed the movements of the committee on the judiciary and seen the pubnothing; but I am not sure as you will get anything from the committee that you can accept. Indeed, I am sure you cannot accept anything they report, but can you beat it? To that question I address myself. First, I say, not by proposing to that same committee the bill of last session. They are set in another direction. Second, not by having no counter measure. How, then, can you hope to defeat them? I reply, first, by at once putting before the committee on the Pacific Railroad such a bill as you can accept and by pressing a report from that committee. If you rely upon moving it as an amendment or

substitute you will fail, as it then has the sanction of no committee of this Congress and cannot be pushed successfully. Second, let Mr. Mitchell,

of the Pacific Railroad committee, call his committee, thoroughly discuss and report such a bill as you can ac-

Then antagonize the report of the judiciary committee with a report from the Pacific Railroad committee. and our friends can then sustain the

report of the one committee against the other. The Thurman bill will pass if no concerted and determined effort is made to defeat it. I live close by and see often two members of the judiciary committee, and they have another measure to follow their bill if they pass it. Their new measure is, put by law your roads in the hands of a receiver until and while the requirements of the law are being fulfilled, so that if you take the case growing out of this new law to the Supreme Court, in the meantime your roads and funds are controlled by a receiver. I only allude to this as a plan that I have heard spoken of. These suggestions are entirely gratuitous, but, as you know, I am yours, truly. S. C. Pomeroy.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24, 1877,-Friend Colton: When you write pay Jones no part of the \$25,000, because there is an unsettled account of about \$6,-000. I think you forgot his position. I have paid him the \$25,000, as he told me he needed it very much. hold the \$70,000 S. P. that he was to have in the trade: that is, he is to have the coupons for ten years, then the bonds. Jones can do us much good and says he will. * * Yours, truly. C. P. Huntington.

"I AM NOT HAPPY TO-DAY." NEW YORK, Dec. 5, 1877.—Friend Colton; I have just received a telegram from Washington that Matthews and Windom have been put on the Senate railroad committee in place of Howe and Ferry. This looks as though the Texas Pacific had control of the Senate as far as appointing commissioners is concerned. I am not happy to-day. Yours truly, C. P. Huntington.

MEN WHO WORK FOR READY CASH, New York, Dec. 17, 1877.—Friend Colton: * * * Jay Gould went to Washington about two weeks since, and I know saw Mitchell, Senator from Oregon, since which time money has been used very freely in Washington, as some parties have been hard at work for the T. and P. N. P. with the Sols Lake branch, that never work except for ready cash, and Sen-ator Mitchell is not for us as he was, although he says he is. But I know he is not. Gould has large amounts Pacific, (open highway,) and most of of cash, and he pays it out without stint to carry his points. He feels that he is being menaced by the extention of the S. P., although I tell him it is in the U. P., as much of the C. P., interest that we may take care of that line, and that he may have half of he line east of the Colorado or ten-twenty-seconds of the whole line, &c., and he says all right, but he dosen't feel all right. There are many things I would like to say to you, but I will only say the outlook

> SUGGESTION TO BRIBE ARMY OFFICERS New York, March 4, 1878.-Friend Colton: * * * I think it would be well for us if we had more parties in California that were interested with us; there is the Oakland water front. If some of the officers had an interest in that property I think it would be well for them, for us and every one thathas the prosperity of California at heart, for the right improvements there would benefit San Francisco as well as Oakland-as well as all California, for that matter.

C. P. HUNTINGTON,

is not good. Yours, truly,

Yours, truly, C. P. HUNTINGTON.

THE PRICE OF A CONGRESSMAN. New York, May 3, 1878.—Friend Colton: * * The T. and P. folks are working hard on their bill, and say they are sure to pass it, but I do not believe it. They offered one member of Congress \$1,000 cash down, \$5,000 when the bill passed and \$10,000 of the bonds when they got them if he would vote for the bill. I have no doubt this offer was made and I have no doubt they would make this offer to enough to carry their bill if they could get parties to vote, but no one believes they would get anything more than the first sum if the bill should pass. Yours, truly, C. P. Huntington.

FIXING FREMONT.

New York, June 14, 1878.-Friend Colton: * * * Fremont has been appointed Governor of Arizona. shall give him passes, and I think it important that you should see him on his arrival, and see that he does not fall into the hands of bad men. He is very friendly to us now. Scott tried hard to beat his being inconfirmed. I think I will attend to this matter of Fremont's. I hope to be with you early in July. Yours, truly, C. P. HUNTINGTON.

"A WILD SET OF DEMAGOGUES. New York, June, 20, 1878. -Friend colton: * * * I think in all the world's history never before was such a wild set of demagogues honored by the name Congress. We have been hurt some, but some of the worst bills have been defeated, but we cannot stand many such Congresses. Yours, truly, C. P. HUNTINGTON,

Church Row Caused by Socialists,

VIENNA, Jan. 1.—At St. John's church, where the riot occured, the congregation numbered over 2000. Father Hamel had especially de-nounced Socialism. Suddenly a loud whistle was heard, which was the signal for shouting and hooting from all parts of the church. The demonstration had evidently been prearranged. Cries of fire were also raised and a panic ensued. The alarm was fearful. Firemen, police and sergeants soon arrived and the panic was soon allayed. Twelve persons were injured. Military patrolled in the vicinity of the church thoughout the night. Four persons have been arrested charged with being concern-

A Texas Blaze.

GALVESTON, Dec. 31 .- A special to the News from Whitesboro says: This morning a fire supposed to have been of incendiary origin, destroyed Marnett's Hotel and fourteen business houses; loss \$35,000.

Advice to Mothers.

are you disturbed at night and broken of your by a sick child suffering, and cruing with pain cutting testh? If 89, send at once and get a lottle of Mrs. Winshows continue your for milderen teething. Its valuation incompanies. Limit resultered to metable in the pain little suffered immediately. Learned upon it metable is and the pain little suffered immediately. Learned if curse description distribution regimnes the

J. B. LANIER.

Washington's Colored Population.

Washington contains 65,000 colored people, a larger number than can be found in any other city in the United States. They enjoy every right that the law has given them, many having accumulated wealth, and they own handsome residences and have numerous churches, But the color line is rigidly drawn in social matters. Even among the colored people there are three distinct classes, separated by insurmountable barriers. The so called upper crust consists of men of wealth, learning ard high political position. These people associate only with each other, and are waited upon by colored servants who are made to keep their places. The second class is composed of government clerks and people in comfortable circumstances, and the third class consist of laborers and poor people generally. In the first of these circles the leaders are such families as the Bruces, Gregorys, Laugstons, Wormleys and others. These people are wealthy and well educated, and they live in excellent style. Still they are an isolated set, as they are not good enough for as they are not good enough for white society and too good for that of their own race. The student of the race problem will find much to interest him in Washington.

Cotton Mill Figures, Correcting some wild statistics, the Chattanooga Times give the subjoined important and suggestive infor-mation: 'In 1850 the entire capital invested in cotton mills in the United States was less than is now invested in two of the largest establishments. At that date there were not ten firstclass mills in the country, and less than sixty, large and small. If ten were added from 1850 to 1860 the increase would be 16 per cent., while the fresh capital put into the business was a trifle compared to that added from 1860 to 1870. More money was embarked in cotton and wcolen factories from 1870 to 1880, by five times, than all the country possessed in 18-50. From 1870 to 1880 capital in cotton manufacturing increased from \$140,907,892 to \$208,280,346. The number of hands employed in 1870 was 135,763; in 1880 this had increased to 174,659, an addition of labor in this industry of 38,896 employed, and an increase of capital of \$67,372,557; the latter being nearly double the entire capital invested in cotton manufacto-

Wintry Blasts

ries in 1860.'

WINTRY BLASTS BRING

COUCHS COLDS CONSUMPTION BRONCHITIS RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA

Perry Davis's Pain Killer

COUGHS COLDS CONSUMPTION BRONCHITIS RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA

Provide against the evil effects of Wintry Blasts by procuring PERRY DAVIS'S PAIN KILLER.

EVERY GOOD DRUGGIST KEEPS IT.

Lotteries

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000.



Louisiana State Lottery Co

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisand Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisuana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings
themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in
good faith toward all parties, and we
authorize the campany to use this certificate, with fac similies of our signatures
attached, in its advertisements." attached, in its advertisements.

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of \$1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over \$550,000 has since been added. By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

The only Lottery ever voted on and en-dorsed by the people of any State. It never scales or postpones.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place monthly. A splendid opportunity to win a for tune. First Grand Drawing, Class &

at New Orleans, ATESDAY, January 15, 1884. 164th Monthly Drawing. OAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. 100,000 Tickets at \$5 each. Fractions in Fifths in Proportion.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1	CAPITAL	PRIZE of	\$75,00
1	do	do	25,00
1	do	do minimales	10,00
2	PRIZES	\$6.000	12.00
5	15	2.000	10.00
10	14:90	1.000	-10,00
. 20	44	500	10.00
100		200	20.00
300	**	100	30,00
500		50	20,00
1,000	**	50	25,00
	APPROXI	MATION PRIZE	8.

1,967 Prizes, amounting to.... Application for rates to clubs should be made only to the office of the Company in New Orleans. For further information write clearly, giving full address. Make P.O. Money Orders psyable and address Registered

9 Approximat'n Prizes \$750..\$ 6,750

New Orleans National Bank, Postal Notes, and ordinary letters by Mail or Express, (all sums of \$5 and upwards by Express at our expense) to

New Orleans, La. Or M. A. Dauphin, 867 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

1884.

The Opening Call for 1884.

FOR OUR CUSTOMERS ONLY.

WE WILL OFFER ON MONDAY MORNING

100 Pieces 10-4 Sheetings, Bleached and Unbleached.

68 Pieces Bleached 10-4 25c., Former Price 35c.

32 Pieces Unbleached 10-4 at 22:c., Former Price 321c.

These goods cannot be bought to-day less than 324 and

35c., therefore, in order that as many as possible of our cus-

shall only sell 10 yards to each customer at any one time.

tomers may get the benefit of these unheard of prices we

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

LITTLE EARLY PERHAPS

But you know we are

ALWAYS AHEAD OF OTHERS

IN EVERYTHING. It's just so with our

HOLIDAY GOODS.

SUITS and OVERCOATS for Men, Boys, Youths and Children, which we are selling at special low prices for this week. Within reach of everybody.

Special for Holidays.

A Fine line of Handkerchiefs, in Silk. Irish Linen, Hemstitched and Collared Borders, Hosiery, Gloves and Underwear, in endless variety, and don't forget we have the handsomest line of

NECKWEAR

To be Found in this Market.

CALL AND SEE US. Very respectfully,

L Berwanger & Bro.

On Monday

Will have in steck the Best Assortment and Greatest Variety of

FURNITURE,

EVER SEEN IN THIS MARKET

26 CT . OF IN .

AT BOTTOM PRICES FOR CASH

es and the distriction To learn companies, the confidences.

THE PUBLITURE DEALER.

Dysneggia, Liver and Kidney Complaints. Liver and Kidneys are the Liver and Kidneys with great benefit, and for dyspepsia, or any derangement of the liver or kidneys, I regard it as being without an equal. Las. J. Osborne, Att'y at Law, Boilston, Henderson county, N. C. Far superior to any liver pad. Hugh Thomas, Glendale, S. C. Your medicines are valuable and splendid remedies. I have sold upwards of five gross, and can recommend them. I would not be without them.

Charlotte, N. C.