

# Daily Charlotte Observer.

VOLUME XXXI.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 13, 1884.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

WE STILL HAVE SOME REMNANTS

Worsted, Cashmeres, Colored Silks, &c.,

TO CLOSE OUT AT AND BELOW COST.

Also a few Pairs of Blankets, At a Great Bargain.

Our HAMBURG EDGINGS and INSERTINGS are selling very fast. Call and see them. RICK BACK BRAD IN all numbers.

LADIES' and MISSES' SHOES from the celebrated manufacturer of E. V. & Co., every pair warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded. Try a pair.

Call and Get a Suit of Clothing

Cheaper than you ever bought it anywhere. A nice line of GENT'S HATS. The Perfect Fitting

HERCULES SHIRT, PRICE \$1.00.

A Nice Line of Trunks, Valises, Etc. GIVE US A CALL.

Very Respectfully.

HARGRAVES & ALEXANDER.

SMITH BUILDING.

White Goods!!

JUST OPENED!!!

Big stock of

Checked Nansooks

At 12 1/2c, 15c, 20c, 22 1/2c, 25c and up.

India Lawns,

PLAIN AND BARRED.

INDIA MULLS.

LINEN LAWNS.

VICTORIA LAWNS.

IRISH POINT AND CAMBRIC EMBROIDERIES.

Piques, Checked and Striped.

GOOD FOR BOYS' WEAR.

Orders for samples or goods promptly attended to

T. L. SEIGLE & CO.

We Will Commence Monday, Jan. 28th

OUR ANNUAL CLEARING-OUT SALE.

WE HAVE JUST FINISHED TAKING STOCK AND ARE DESIROUS OF REDUCING IT BEFORE OUR SPRING CATALOGUE AND IN ORDER TO DO SO WILL OFFER GOODS GREATLY BELOW THEIR REAL VALUE. Among the desirable goods offered will be the very handsome lot of

Hamburg and Irish Point Embroidery

To be found in this city. Real bargains will be shown in these goods. Our stock of DRESS GOODS will be sold cheap, and a beautiful line of Ladies' and Misses' Hosiery. Also Flannel Underwear for Ladies, Children and Gentlemen, and they will be sold cheap. Our friends are invited to examine these goods, believing they will be benefited by so doing.

ALEXANDER & HARRIS.

FRED C. MUNZLER,

LAGER BEER DEALER AND

IMPORTER

Charlotte, N. C.

Representative of the LAGER BEER

The Breweries of the United States.

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Editor and Proprietor.

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THE SOUTH OF THE FUTURE.

The Wilmington Star, in discussing the tariff question, incidentally remarks that the "Southern people are an agricultural people and will remain so," and hence that the South should be opposed to a protective tariff. That the South will remain an agricultural section is true, for agriculture will not only be the leading industry of the South, but of every other section of the country and of the world. But it does not follow from this, while agriculture is to be the leading industry, that the South is not also to be a great manufacturing section; and as she grows in her manufacturing industries so will she grow in her agricultural development. With agriculture alone she cannot attain permanent prosperity, nor reach the glorious future that awaits her with her agricultural and manufacturing interests combined and working hand in hand. What ever tends to build up our towns and cities, and to bring new towns and cities into existence, opens up new avenues of trade to the farmer and adds to his prosperity. The figures will show that the farmer thrives best in those States where manufacturing industries most numerous abound, because there are more mouths to be fed, more bodies to be clothed, and consequently a greater demand for what the farmer has to dispose of, and being a greater demand, there is consequently a more remunerative price. If, then, protection protects, and has the effect of building up manufacturing industries, it benefits the farmer as well as the manufacturer, and whilst he contributes to the protection on some of the articles which he buys, he is more than compensated in the increased price he receives for what he sells. We do not pretend that, in the letter of the constitution, there is any authority for a protective tariff, but the policy of this government for half a century has leaned towards protection, and the American people as a people favor it. There is no authority under the constitution, either for the internal taxes, the repeal of which the Star opposes with so much vigor and persistence. If viewed as a matter of principle, the Star should fight the internal revenue tax as it does protection, for it is not only a war measure, having its origin in what was considered the necessities of war, but is one of the most odious and unconstitutional of the relics of war legislation. No one can consistently advocate the maintenance of that system and oppose a protective tariff on constitutional or moral grounds.

Miss Haikworth, a very much esteemed young lady of Dayton, Ohio, was found apparently dead on January 10th and was buried. Her life-like expression, however, left an impression of doubt upon some of her friends, and they had her body exhumed. The body had turned over on its side, handfuls of hair had been torn out and the flesh was bitten from the fingers, and thus she died in her grave.

Barnum's white elephant isn't white after all. He is thus described by an English journalist: "He is a dirty tan color, a darkish ugly brown, with here and there a sickly spot of a lighter dirt color, something like the mark of leprosy. In short, the beast looks unwholesome, dyspeptic as it were. He is not a proud and stuck-up elephant—not high spirited, but discontented and dejected."

The Macon, Ga., Telegraph asks: "If the Republican party at the North be composed of the best elements of that section, as its papers and speakers contend, why does it consort, of choice, with only the worst elements of the South?" Because it can't find any other element to consort with. It is not so much a matter of choice as of necessity.

Campden, the physiologist, says that Irish women have the most beautiful hands of all women, and next come the daughters of Poland. English girls, however, have hands too long and narrow, Germans too short and broad. There are more beautiful hands in France and Italy than in Spain.

It takes from \$2,000 to \$3,000 to bury a Congressman when he dies in Washington. But if he died at home a few hundred dollars would meet all the expenses. When they die at home, however, there are no commutations, and a big bill for funeral expenses.

It is estimated that the female population in Utah since 1870, in the proportion of 3,485 females to every 100,000 males.

St. Louis proposes to have a grand world's industrial exposition in 1892.

The sum that Miss Sprague, Fred Douglass' housekeeper, demands for her twelve years service, is \$2,880.

When Gen. Sherman retired he had been in active military life nearly forty-four years.

Gen. Sherman having attained the age of sixty-four years, was placed upon the retired list last Friday.

President Arthur does not seem to be meeting with much success in having his nominations confirmed.

Gen. Stone says that if England expects to accomplish anything in the Sudan she must put 100,000 men in the field.

The French Academy of Medicine has reported in favor of repealing the prohibition against the importation of American pork.

Senator Hoar, of Sherman's Copiah Mississippi Investigating Committee, will take a Boston Republican newspaper man with him to write up the business.

The Macon, Ga., Telegraph pertinently asks: "If Georgia farmers object to a Federal tax on cotton, why should they favor such a tax on tobacco?"

The Raleigh News and Observer says the date of opening the Industrial Exposition has not yet been determined, but it will be held in the latter end of September or first of October.

The Baltimore Day has satisfied itself with the experiment of a morning edition, which was discontinued on 11th inst., for the reason that it was not remuneratively supported. The evening edition will be continued.

The Raleigh News and Observer says the employees in the internal revenue offices in this State number 619, divided thus: Collector White has a squad of 28, Young 56, Wheeler 132 and Cooper 403. Their pay foots up \$74,000.

SINKAT FALLS.

After a stubborn resistance the Garrison is captured and destroyed by the rebels.

LONDON, Feb. 12, 11 a. m.—Telegrams received at London report that the rebels have captured Sinkat. The cabinet has been summoned to a council for the purpose of discussing the Egyptian question.

I. p. m.—Official dispatches confirm the report of the capture of Sinkat. The cabinet are painfully impressed. It is probable that large reinforcements of troops and marines will be immediately dispatched to Egypt.

1.30 p. m.—There are rumors now that Sinkat has fallen into the hands of the rebels.

The news of the fall of Sinkat reached Suakin this morning. It was brought by a friendly Arab chief. The garrison made a sortie and was for a long time successful in repulsing the rebel attacks but at last the attacking forces gained the upper hand and the garrison was completely destroyed, except a few who were made prisoners. The fate of the women and children is unknown.

The streets of Suakin present a heartrending spectacle. They are thronged with women whose weeping and wailing give unmistakable evidence of their distress and forebodings.

Settlers from the Northwest.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 12, 11 a. m.—The Cedar Falls (Iowa) Gazette of February 1 says: And still they come. Letters from farmers in Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan, making inquiries about Georgia lands, which many will go down during this month to buy. Two Cedar Falls men go on Tuesday next, and Mr. Garrison goes down with about twenty from various points to buy if suited. A great many Northern and Northwestern men are now in the South, looking for homes in a more equable climate than the frozen regions they inhabit, and Southern Georgia and Florida are especially undergoing inspection. Many have passed through this city recently, and as they have been pleased and who are now comfortably housed and prosperous in their new homes, it is fair to conclude, that many more will be attracted by the advantages of the country, and the streams of new comers increase from year to year until our vacant lands are all occupants. And this will take place in a much shorter period than many people think. Ten years ago the South was still gloomy over her prospect of immigration to build up her waste places, but today she has few waste places to build up. She has lands for settlement, and prosperity for the industrious, but she has already more than fulfilled the vacancies occasioned by the destruction of her cities, and now, mounting upwards in material growth and prosperity, boldly enters the arena of competition with the populous North.

The Same Old Place.

Philadelphia Call.

"You stand charged with murder in the first degree. Are you guilty?"

"I killed the man, you Honor, but I didn't kill him."

"I asked you, are you guilty or not guilty of the charge preferred?"

"I killed the man, but I committed the deed while I was temporarily insane."

"Oh, that puts the affair in a different light. You are discharged, sir."

An Interesting Document.

Mr. W. W. Corcoran has presented to the Southern Historical Society the original "Constitution for the Provisional Government of the Confederate States of America," bearing date Feb. 21, 1862, and signed by the representatives of the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas.

Mr. Corcoran, who is a resident of Washington, D. C., is a member of the Southern Historical Society, and has been instrumental in securing the original document.

The document is a parchment copy, and is of great historical value.

It is now on display at the Southern Historical Society.

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THE TERRIBLE FLOOD.

THE DEVASTATING WATERS STILL RISING.

Heart Rending Scenes in the Submerged Towns, where Thousands of People are Homeless and Suffering for Food.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 12.—12.30 A. M.—The River is one foot higher now than it was a year ago, and at midnight was rising an inch per hour. The situation becomes more and more serious. Until to-night the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton road has been able to get trains out in the morning. This leaves the Cincinnati Northern the only road able to take trains from its depot. It carries passengers for the Cincinnati, Washington & Baltimore and Pan Handle roads out to its Junction with the former road and for the latter to Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & Indianapolis are obliged to stop at Chester Park seven miles out. The Ohio and Mississippi boats can no longer leave Cincinnati, and will use a ferry to convey passengers to and from the boats. The Cincinnati Southern is arranging for a ferry to reach its depot on Gest street. The Kentucky Central and Chesapeake & Ohio have no way to reach them. Louisville, Feb. 12.—1 A. M.—At 11 o'clock last evening the river was rising at the rate of 1 1/2 inches an hour, and the water was so high that it was warm and it is likely soon to recommence raining. The situation is unchanged.

Jeffersonville is now inundated as badly as last year. Yesterday the citizens ceased hoping and ceased their endeavors to prevent an inundation. The water came up from the rear of the town and but few houses were not flooded with from four to five feet of water. No damage or loss of life has been reported. The people have moved into their second stories.

WHEELING, W. Va., Feb. 12.—1 A. M.—Steady rain fell all day yesterday and caused an alarm which was increased by the news of a rise at Wheeling. Subscribers here for relief fund reach \$13,000 but all has been spent and supplies sent from elsewhere have been consumed as fast as received. The homeless are on the streets, and appeals for short supplies, and appeals for aid from neighboring towns coming in but the committee is powerless to help them. Many who are themselves sufferers from the contributions to help others. The State of affairs is heart rendering.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 12.—9 A. M.—The river marks 68 feet 1 inch, and still rising at the rate of one inch per hour. The weather is foggy and mild. Reports from Gallipolis state the river commenced to fall at 1 o'clock. Portsmouth reports that the water is rising steadily. The weather there is mild and foggy.

SALEM NOTES.

Local and Personal Notings.

SALEM, N. C., Feb. 11.—The weather during the past week was just the right kind for handling tobacco, and there was a booming trade at the warehouses in Winston; farmers realizing handsome prices for their tobacco.

Mr. Napoleon Orrell, of Davidson county, gave his little son one-fourth of an acre of land on which to raise tobacco, last season. The little fellow went to work and raised a crop which Mr. Orrell sold for them last week, getting twenty-five dollars for it. Smart boys those.

A bold chicken thief was abroad in the town last night. At one place he took the entire flock of fowls, cutting their heads off as he took them from the coop.

The young man Snipes, living in Winston, who I stated in my last letter had been bitten by a mad dog and had gone to try the mad stone, has returned home. He reports that the stone was applied to the wound seven times, taking hold each time, and holding on from three to five hours at each application. He says that the owner of the mad stone pronounced his wound a genuine mad dog bite. The stone used was the famous Pointer stone, in Person county.

Two parties in town last week. One a birthday party on Monday evening, 4th instant, given to Miss Jessie Winkler, the accomplished young music teacher in the Salem Boys' School, at which a very pleasant evening was spent by her and her young friends. The other was a very pleasant surprise party which was given on last Wednesday night at the Salem Hotel to Miss Florence MacCanless, a young lady from Staten Island, going to school here and boarding at the hotel with other members of her family. A pleasant time was had on this occasion, and Miss Florence will long remember the evening on which she was so agreeably surprised by her many young friends in Salem.

The colored Moravian Sunday school here is in a flourishing condition. On Sunday, the 3rd inst., 201 scholars answered to roll call. Their church here is a large brick structure that was built for them before the late war.

Mr. E. A. Strupe, of this place, a first-class tinner, has accepted a call to Des Moines, Va., where he will wield the soldering iron.

Mrs. J. Turner Morehead has returned to her home in Leesville, where Mrs. D'Anna is also at Leesville, the guest of Mrs. Morehead.

The great violinist, Remenyi, is to give his entertainment here next Monday night, 25th inst., in the academy chapel.

Mr. C. A. Hege, of the Salem Iron Works, has returned home from his trip to Florida. Report says that he talks of starting a branch of his business in that State for manufacturing his celebrated saw mills.

Dr. Battle, surgeon U. S. Navy, is on a visit to his family at the Salem Hotel.

The collector's office in this district reminds one of the anecdote about an old darkey traveling on a Mississippi steamboat, during a late time. The old fellow was on deck one day, and a passenger when a passenger asked him and asked him who he belonged to. The old darkey scratched his head, and grinning from ear to ear, answered: "I—I can't sackerly tell you, I've left my game's' tride; I'm here, and another man am down in the cabin playin' seben up, an' dis nigger's up on Massa's stakes." So it is with the collector's office in this district. We can't tell who it belongs to until the game's' tride is decided.

SALEM.

Mid Cold and Snow.

Winter coughs, colds, aches and pains you can't get rid of unless you use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

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