Daily Charlotte Observer.

VOLUME XXXI. CHARLOTTE, N. C., SATURDAY MARCH 29, 1884. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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A FULL LINE OF

CASHMERES

IN ALL THE SPRING SHADES, FROM 12c. UP,

NUN'S VEILING, IN ALL COLORS.

GROS ZODIACS, Black and Colored, MANCHESTER DEBEGE, &c., all to be sold cheap.

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HAMBURG EDGINGS,

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HANDSOMEST AND CHEAPEST LINE OF WHITE GOODS IN TOWN.

AND DON'T FORGET TO LOOK AT OUR

PARASOLS!

They are lovely, and we are selling them at prices that defy competiton. Call and see them.

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BLACK Nun's Veiling.
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BLACK Amuer,
BLACK Basket,
BLACK Jersey Cloths,
BLACK Baltise,
BLACK Cashmeres,
BLACK Freneh Lawns,
BLACK Linen Lawns,
BLACK Bored Lawns,
BLACK Herline,
BLACK Silks,
BLACK Bunting,
BLACK Crapes, all grades.

ALL CORDIALLY INVITED TO OUR ANNUAL SPRING OPENING, TUESDAY, APRIL 1ST.

T. L. SEIGLE & CO.

SILK HATS,

Umbrellas, &c., &c.

Latest Style SILK HATS, SILK, MOHAIR and GINGHAM UMBRELLAS, Gents' hand-made and Machine

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes of best makes

TRUNKS,

TRAVELING BAGS,

Trunk and Shawl Straps

JUST RECEIVED.

Pegram & Co.

SEE HERE!

The ladies are invited to take a look at our stock of

White Goods and Embroideries.

Nothing equal to it will be found in this market. Also Dress Goods, Silks, &c. Our whole stock of goods is now planned and ready to be shown and sold, and we believe that the qualities and prices are as low as can be found. We have a large stock of Cain Mattings, Oil Carpets, &c. We have some real bargains in Lace Curtain Goods. We are making a specialty of Black Goods. Don't fail to examine our stock. You can get a corset or a hoop skirt or a pair of gloves or stockings for yourself, little girl or little boy.

ALEXANDER & HARRIS

W. Kaufman & Co.

Daily Receiving Invoices of Goods

TO MAKE ROOM FOR WHICH WE WILL,

For the Next Twenty Days,

SELL THE BALANCE OF OUR WINTER STOCK AT

10 Per Cent. Less than New York Cost!

COME AND EXAMINE OUR GOODS AND PRICES AND BE CONVINCED.

W. KAUFMAN & CO.

CENTRAL HOTEL CORNER.

L. F. OSBORNE,

Practical Surveyor and Civil Engineer.

All engagements promptly filled in city or county. Mapping and plotting a specialty. Office with E. K. Osborne, attorney, at court house. Reference—T. J. Orr, County Surveyor. feb9tf

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IN A NUTSHELL.

Washington Post: "It is not right," said an Ohio Democratic Congressman to a Southern Democratic Senator last evening, "it is not a fair thing at all, in my opinion, to attempt to set up any tariff question as a test of loyalty to party. I believe I am just as good a Democrat as Morrison, Carlisle, Mills, Hurd or any of the reformers, but I can't vote for the Morrison bill without making enemies of many strong and influential Democrats in my district. If my defeat, personally, were the only thing to be feared I might stretch myself on the altar for the sake of peace, but if I go for this bill a Republican will be elected in my place next fall. You see, therefore, that there is a good deal at stake on my course at this crisis. Am I not a better Democrat in deciding to oppose the bill and save my district to the party than I would be in voting for the bill and handing my district over to the Republicans?" Having said this the Ohio statesman passed with the self satisfied air of one who feels that his position is impregnable—a regular political Gibraltar.—

This Ohio Congressman took a sensible, level headed, common sense view of the question. He represents a constituency which favors protection and is opposed to the Morrison scheme of reduction. Could he consistently vote for such a measure and claim to represent the people of his district? As a representative, is not his first duty to them? If they demanded from him the support of measures which his judgment or conscience could not endorse, he has the privilege of resigning and giving them the opportunity to choose a representative more in accord with their ideas on questions in which they are interested. In voting on measures of this kind the member of Congress is not supposed to vote simply in accordance with his own individual opinions, but in accordance with the opinions and wishes of the people who elect him. On this ground the demand for tariff reform is made. It is alleged that the people want it, and consequently the representatives from States and districts where the people want it, in compliance with that demand, urge it. They simply obey the voice of their people, as the Ohio representative above alluded to obeys the voice of his. Both act from the same motive and both are governed by the same influence. With the diversity of interests affected by the tariff it is to a great extent a local question, opinions for and against it being influenced by local considerations. Get down to the bottom of it, it is simply a dollar and cent question with the people interested, and they whom the tariff benefits will favor it and they whom it injures will oppose it, both favor and oppose on the ground of self interest which in matters involving dollars and cents is, after all, in ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, the main spring of action, when no moral question is involved. The consumer wants a low tariff because he believes it will cheapen the articles he needs; the producers wants a high tariff because it will give him a better price for what he has to sell, and thus each seeks his own interest. This is the root of the whole question cut down and stripped of its verbiage. Of course there are questions incidentally connected with it, furnishing arguments pro and con, in which the public at large are interested, whether consumers or producers. But it will be found that in their actions on matters of this kind, when business interests are involved, communities will be found supporting that side of the question which they believe best promotes those interests.

Mayor Lamb, of Norfolk, Va., and Chief of Police Zachary had a fisticuff on the street last Wednesday, and both parties were arrested and bound over to keep the peace. Lamb called Zachary a liar for a published statement alleging that Lamb was protecting thieves and gamblers, when Zachary slapped him in the face and they hitched, punching each other mutually until separated by bystanders.

Mr. Robert Dixon, M. P., of Australia, said recently in New York: "It may interest Americans to know that whereas formerly we were wholly dependent on this country for supplies of tobacco, the two largest colonies are annually growing larger quantities, and that Victoria, the most populous colony, already produces enough to supply all her own wants."

Congressman Ellis, of Louisiana, is talking about sueing the New York Sun for $50,000 damages for libel in charging him with having been criminally connected with the star route contracts.

Mayor Rhett has been unanimously renominated for mayor by the Democracy of Columbia, S. C.

Keely has now set the 10th of April as the day for the public test of his motor.

To run the United States government for the present fiscal year it will require the small sum of $283,125,304.95, according to the estimates, for the various departments.

A Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune says that some of Logan's supporters, while working openly for him, are pulling the wires secretly for Grant.

One who has studied the faces of the greatest tragedians of their times declares that they had a "nose" for tragedy. No actor with a pug nose ever succeeded as a tragedian.

U. S. District Attorney Melton, of South Carolina, gives notice through the press that the cases for violation of the election laws now pending will not be taken up at the ensuing term of court.

About 2,500 people rush into the rotunda of the Astor House every day, eat as fast as they can and then rush out again. This is a bad habit of business men in every city, and yet they wonder what gives them the dyspepsia.

An electric machine is on exhibition in Washington for taking the yeas and nays in Congress, which will do the work and record the votes instantaneously, thus saving an hour or more of time when such vote is taken.

A small Philadelphia boy concluded he would teach his little sister how to fly. He took her up on the second story porch, fastened a pair of wings to her arms, an open umbrella to her back, and told her to jump and flap her wings and she could glide along like a bird. She jumped and the result was a broken leg. The boy said it was all right, but the little goose forgot to flap her wings when she jumped.

Pointing the Way for Themselves.

Philadelphia Times.

The Senate did a remarkable good day's work yesterday. It passed the Judicial salary bill, making the salary of all United States District Judges $5,000 per annum. Lawyers with brains and capacity sufficient to qualify them to be first-class Judges can earn more than that sum in the practice of their profession. As first class lawyers are necessary to make good Judges there should be some inducement besides the mere honor of the position to induce such men to aspire to judicial positions. Honor is good as far as it goes, but it won't pay rent or household expenses.

The increase in salaries was not the only good thing contained in the new bill. It prohibits the Judges from appointing to positions in their respective courts any relative within the degree of first cousin. It is exceedingly discretitable to the District Judiciary that such a restriction should be deemed necessary, but as the principle contained in this section has been repeatedly violated the Senate very properly inserted this clause. Nepotism should not be tolerated either in the Federal or State courts and if Judges lack the necessary perception to see this for themselves they should be compelled to see it in the form of a plain statute.

The Senators having done so well in showing the Judges the steep and thorny way to a public service free from scandal should proceed at once to travel that way themselves. The Senators should pass a self-denying ordinance of this kind at once. There are no greater public scandals existing at present than those which arise from the practice of this very sin by the Senators themselves. They have their sons, nephews, cousins and aunts quartered on the public treasury in various capacities. If all Senators were as big as they should be no such law would be necessary to protect them from the results of their own foolishness, but as very small men get to be Senators nowadays a law of this kind is just as imperatively needed in their case as in that of the Judges

Couldn't Back it Up.

Merchant Traveller.

A lawyer who had been "bully-ragging" a witness for some time, at last got him down to personal questions.

"Did I understand you to say, sir," he asked, "that the defendant made certain remarks about me?"

"I said so, sir."

"Ah, I thought so. Well, now, sir, I would like to ask if he could substantiate those remarks?"

"No, sir; I don't think he could."

"Ah, something libellous, I presume. Will you be kind enough to state to the court what he said?"

"Yes, sir; he said you were an honest and truthful man, and "

"That's enough. Call the next witness," and the lawyer went into the jury room for a minute's relaxation without excitement.

English Troops Embarking for Home.

SUAKIM, March 28.—The Tenth Hussars, York and Lancaster regiments, and the Irish Fusiliers, have embarked for home. Sheihks of Sawara, Danielet and Hoorah tribes, who represent five thousand people, living in districts between Suakim and Kasala, have come in and promised to assist in the capture of Osman Digna, whose prestige has been destroyed.

Bad Case of St. Vitus Dance.

Minister, is the singular name of a town situated in Auglaize, co., Ohio. It is the residence of Mr. J. Brandewie, who writes: "Samaritan Nervine permanently cured my son of a bad case of St. Vitus Dance." $1.50.

Skinny Men.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Impotence, Sexual Debility. $1.

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels and wind colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints: Do not let your prejudices, nor the prejudices of others, stand between your suffering child and the relief that will be sure—yes, absolutely sure—to follow the use of this medicine. Sold by druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Catarrh of the Bladder.

Kidney Inflamation, Inflammation, all Kidney and Urinary Complaints, cured by "Buchu-paiba." $1.

A LIVELEY REPUBLICAN ROW.

The Chicago National Convention Committee Wrangling Over the Place of Meeting Selected.

There is a lively row in progress, under the surface, among the members of the local committee in Chicago to make arrangements for the Republican National Convention. Senator Sabin and the other members of the National Committee met here some days ago, and at a conference with the committee on the May festival, which closes a few days before the convention opens, learned that it proposed to fit up an auditorium in the exposition building with a seating capacity of 8,000, which it would turn over to the committee of the convention. This was deemed satisfactory and a local committee of fifteen was appointed to make all necessary arrangements. The national sub committee had scarcely got outside of the city limits when it was developed that the local committee was made up of the twelve Logan men, with "Long" Jones at their head, and three Blaine men, with ex-Congressman Farwell at their head. Ever since then Long Jones has been going about declaiming and denouncing the inadequacy of the arrangements; that instead of room for 6,000 or 8,000 there must be room for 20,000 people, as those who contribute towards paying the expenses cannot be excluded, and the delegates' friends and city officials must be provided for not to mention prominent politicians all over the country. The Blaine men on the committee say there is room enough, and that the Logan men want more in order to pack with howlers for their chief. As the Logan men have three-quarters of the committee, it seems probable they will have their way about it. There is this difficulty in the way, however, the May festival people will not get through with the auditorium in time for it to be remodeled and enlarged before the convention will meet, and it is difficult to see how the extra room is to be secured unless a building is erected for this purpose, as there is none in the city large enough.

HOW THE CHINESE AIM.

Not Civilized Enough to Know the Use of Gun-Sights.

When the French troops made their first and unsuccessful advance on Sontay, says the Japan Gazette, some importance was attached by the special correspondents of the English papers to the circumstance that the Black Flags apparently fired low. It was pointed out that most of the bullet-wounds received by the French soldiers were found in the legs and lower parts of their bodies. Of course the practice of firing low is one strongly urged upon the troops, a shower of bullet being much more effective if fired low, even if it strikes the ground in front of the advancing hostile forces, than it would be if sent into the air over the heads of the approaching enemy. But we heard a rather interesting explanation of the reason why the Black Flags and their allies fire low expressed the other day by one who has had a great amount of experience with Chinese troops. He said that the bulk of the Chinese had no idea of the use of the sights on the rifles, and it was almost useless to attempt to teach them the use of such contrivances. Thus, a Chinese soldier armed with a modern rifle would never think of raising the sight of his weapon when he was called upon to use it, especially in the face of an enemy. He would fire at an object six hundred yards off with the sight down, the consequence being that the muzzle of the rifle not receiving the necessary elevation to carry the bullet over a long distance, the ball would strike or descend very close to the ground before it reached its destination. It was also asserted that some of the Chinese soldiers actually knocked the sights off their rifles as being entirely useless. We need hardly say that the Chinese can never become effective soldiers until they appreciate the value of sighting their rifles; and the circumstances we have narrated will go as future proof of the miserable condition of the Chinese forces; the supineness and incompetency of the officers, and the ill-prepared state of Chinese armies to resist European troops.

Following the American Custom.

From the Norwich (Conn.) Bulletin.

A Chinese laundryman called in at a Norwich grocery store a day or two ago and asked for permission to ride to the West Side on the grocer's wagon. The grocer expressed his willingness to do so slight a favor for him, and assured him he was welcome to the ride. The beaming face of the Chinaman showed a hearty acknowledgment of the favor, which his tongue rattled out in pigeon English, "Dlink? "Dlink?" The grocer could not interpret the salutation, and witnessing his confusion the laundryman stammered out: "Dlinkee whiskee?" The grocer then realized that the grateful Chinaman, in the generosity of his heart, wished to treat in recognition of the kindness, after the most approved American fashion. When he declined with thanks, a broad grin spread itself upon that oriental countenance, and "John" said: "Skusee! Skusee! I tinks all Melican man blouves whiskee. But no knowee?"

A Large Live Stock Owner.

A. H. Swan, of Cheyenne, Wyoming Territory, controls more stock than any other individual on the continent. His present possessions are valued at between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000, while the amount of stock of which he has the exclusive control and management is over 200,000 head and valued at $6,000,000. He is a native of Greene county, Pa., which place he left for the West in 1853, when 22 years of age, with $1,000 in his pocket.

[Continued]

CHAPTER II.

wonderful and mysterious curative power is developed which is so varied in its operations that no disease or ill health can possibly exist or resist its power, and yet it is

Harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or smallest child to use.

"Patients

"Almost dead or nearly dying"

For years, and given up by physicians of Bright's and other kidney diseases, liver complaints, severe coughs called consumption, have been cured.

Women gone nearly crazy!

From agony of neuralgia, nervousness, wakefulness and various diseases peculiar to women.

People drawn out of shape from excruciating pangs of Rheumatism.

Inflammatory and chronic, or suffering from scrofula!

Erysipelas!

Salt rheum, blood poisoning, dyspepsia, indigestion, and in fact almost all diseases frail

Nature is heir to

Have been cured by Hop Bitters, proof of which can be found in every neighborhood in the known world.

Prevent sickness by taking occasionally one of **Emory's Little Cathartic Pills**, a wonderful appetizer, an absolute cure of Biliousness.—15 cents.

UNITY.

THE CAUCUS AFTERMATH.

Few Entirely Satisfied, but the Outcome Harmony.

Correspondence of THE OBSERVER.

WASHINGTON, March 26, 1874.

It depends on the prejudices and predilections of the man talked with to-day as to his opinions on the party conference of last evening. There is substantial unity on the subject in the North Carolina delegation. But the Randall men in the Speaker contest retain as much as might be expected of their feeling that the proposed reform has been precipitated. They will both support the bill with its caucus amendment repealing the tobacco and nearly wiping out the brandy tax, and do it cheerfully. Both Gen. Scales and Maj. Dowd have expressed themselves fully on the subject, recently. I talked with the latter yesterday, and with the former this afternoon.

This morning early the straight Morrisonians were outraged by the Randallites last night in voting in such large numbers against the very mild resolution proposed as a means of bridging over the difficulty. But later in the day it was learned that such zealous reformers as Hurd and Cox were hopeful of making a better show in the House than in the caucus It was stated on excellent authority that Forney, of Alabama, one of the leading protectionists, had said that thirty gentlemen on the Democratic side could not be rallied against the bill. Other friends of Mr. Randall were chagrined at the result in the caucus. Altogether, while the atmosphere is murky, there is some indication of a coming sunburst for the revenue reformers.

The peace-maker stalked around pretty lively all yesterday. But he has been even more active to-day. Little knots of men belonging to both factions have been talking steadily on the floor, notwithstanding the pending whiskey bond bill is one of great interest. Randall, Blackburn and Morrison conversed earnestly for a long while, and apparently in fine feeling. Then, when the two latter walked off, John S. Wise and Dr. York engaged the ex Speaker's attention.

Hewitt's speech this afternoon, which you will get by another channel, was not relished by the Republicans. Although he gave his own friends some sharp raps, they applauded his utterances to the echo, and Reed was not able with all his snarling insolence to break the shield of their perfect self poise.

The solid massing of the Republicans in favor of ultra protection is having its harmonizing effect upon Democrats. The situation has all along been critical, but behind this has been the certainty that the good sense of theleaders would find a means of extrication.

Now as to personal matters.

Mr. Will S. Roulhac, secretary of the Civil Service Commission, has been very ill here and in Richmond, Va. He is now in Hillsboro, improved.

Senator Ransom is preparing a speech on the internal revenue system, in which he will present an elaborate statement of its workings and advocate its total and immediate abolition.

Maj. Dowd has suffered much this week from his throat, one day having been compelled to secure leave of absence. H.

Death of Victoria's Youngest Son.

LONDON, March 28.—Prince Leopold, Duke of Albany, fourth and youngest son of Queen Victoria, died suddenly to-day, at two o'clock, at Cannes.

If you are suffering from a sense of extreme weariness, try one bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It will cost you but one dollar, and will do you incalculable good. It will do away with that tired feeling, and give you new life and energy.

Of the many remedies before the public for nervous debility and weakness of nerve generative system, there is none equal to Allen's Brain Food, which promptly and permanently restores all lost vigor; it never fails. $1 pkg., 6 for $5. At druggists, or by mail from J. H. Allen, 315 First Ave., New York City.

A Fair Offer.

The Voltaic Belt Co., of Marshall, Mich., offer to send Dr Dye's Celebrated Voltaic Belt and Electric Appliances on trial, for thirty days, to men, old and young, afflicted with nervous debility, nervous vitality, and many other diseases.

See advertisement in this paper.

Durham is historic. It was neutral ground during the armistice between Sherman and Johnson. Soldiers of both armies filled their ponches with the tobacco stored there, and, after the surrender, marched homeward. Soon orders came from East, West, North and South, for "more of that elegant tobacco." Then, ten men ran an unknown factory. Now it employs 800 men, uses the pink and pick of the Golden Belt, and the Durham Bull is the trade-mark of this, the best tobacco in the world. Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco has the largest sale of any smoking tobacco in the world. Why? Simply because it is the *best*. All dealers have it. Trade-mark of the Bull.

FOR SPECTACLES

OF ALL KINDS, AND THE

PATENT SPRING EYE GLASS,

THE BEST IN THE MARKET, GO TO

Hales' New Stand,

On Trade street, above Wilson's Drug Store.

A. HALES.

TO THE LADIES!

With great pleasure we beg to announce

Grand Opening

Of Spring and Summer Fashions for

1884 Season, 1884

WILL TAKE PLACE ON

Wednesday, April 2nd,

When we hope to make a display of such magnificenc as will be worthy of your esteemed presence, which we most cordially invite. Yours respectfully,

WITTKOWSKY & BARUCH

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

P. S.—Fearing that the names of some of "Our Friends" may be unintentionally omittted in sending cards of invitation, we apologize in anticipation of any such omission occurring, and hereby extend a most hearty assurance that all are invited and will be made welcome

L. BERWANGER & BRO.,

Thirty Thousand Dollars Worth of

CLOTHING

AT PRICES THAT MUST TELL.

Every purchaser of CLOTHING will be fully rewarded by calling on us. No misrepresentation but facts. It will pay each customer to purchase a suit and keep it until next season, as our reduction is fully

Twenty-Five Per Cent.

WE HAVE TOO MANY GOODS ON HAND, AND IF

LOW PRICES

Is any inducement, we ask you to call on us.

Very Respectfully,

L. BERWANGER & BROTHER,

LEADING CLOTHIERS AND TAILORS.

N. B.—Agents for the Celebrated Pearl Shirt.

E. M. Andrews

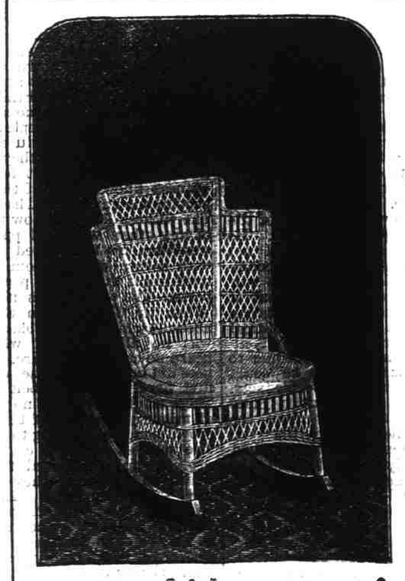
HAS THE LARGEST STOCK OF

FURNITURE

THERE IS IN THE STATE. ALSO A LARGE STOCK OF

Coffins, Chromos, Oil Paintings AND Baby Carriages.

I am often asked how it is I can sell so cheap. I buy in large quantities direct from the factories. Send for cuts and prices.



E. M. Andrews,

THE FURNITURE DEALER.