The Charlotte Observer.

[ENTERED AT POST-OFFICE CHARLOTTE, N. C., AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.]

OUR PLATFORM ON THE TARIFF.

A tariff for revenue sufficient to meet the expenses of the government economically administered.

A tariff which will afford such incidental protection as will encourage productive industries at home, but not such a tariff as will create and foster monopolies.

MORNING'S NEWS

BY TELEGRAPH.

A joint resolution has been introduced in the Louisiana Legislature instructing the representatives in Congress from that State to oppose any move for a reduction of the duties on sugar.

In the wreck of the Connellsville railroad disaster twelve persons were found injured, ten dead bodies were found, and four missing are supposed to have been burned up.

The anti-monopoly convention yesterday at Chicago nominated Gen. Butler for President.

Henry L. Jacques was yesterday elected president of the Metropolitan Bank in place of Geo. I. Seney.

The Comptroller of Currency has authorized the First National Bank at Birmingham, Ala., to begin business with a capital of $250,000.

The jury which tried E. B. Wheeler for the murder of J. H. Matthews, which led to the Copiah county, Miss., investigation, yesterday returned a verdict of not guilty.

In the African M. E. Convention at Baltimore the campmeeting came in for considerable attention and discussion.

The town of Mocville, Ga., on the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, was destroyed by fire yesterday.

The U. S. Senate yesterday had Collector Wheeler's case under consideration.

LOCAL.

Beggan Cash was surrounded in a barn yesterday morning by a posse, and attempting to fight his way out, was riddled with bullets.

The Western North Carolina Railroad is rapidly improving, the steel rails being put on the crossties at a lively rate.

E. D. Latta & Brother give a $100 U. S. bond to the fire company winning the first prize.

THE OBSERVER, on the mornings of the 20th and 21st., will be an eight page paper, with supplement, the largest daily ever issued in North Carolina.

THE FINANCIAL TROUBLE.

In our press dispatches will be found the latest news in reference to the financial troubles in Wall street and elsewhere. Although some additional suspensions are reported, among them the house of Fisk & Hatch, the condition, owing to the timely action of the clearing house and the business men of New York and the resumption of the Metropolitan bank of New York, which maintained confidence, is better to-day than yesterday, and no further fear of any thing like an extended crash is entertained. Owing to the failure of a leading bank in Brooklyn, which failed to meet the demands of depositors, a panic was started and resulted in a run on the savings banks in Brooklyn and on some in New York, but as all these had ample funds to more than meet the demands upon them, the panic was of short duration. At present the outlook is hopeful and the indications are that the worst is over.

In a recent issue of the Wilmington Review it was announced that Hon. A. M. Waddell would be a candidate for the nomination from the Democracy of this district for Congress, subject to the action of the convention. We don't know what Col. Waddell's chances are for a nomination, but he has many warm friends in the district who have been devoted to him, and will exert themselves to return him to the seat which he filled for four terms in Congress with devotion to his constituents and credit to himself.

THE A. M. E. CONVENTION.

A Day Spent in Discussing the Camp Meeting Question.

BALTIMORE, May 15.—Bishop A. W. Wyman presided to-day at the African Methodist Episcopal general conference.

Rev. J. B. Stanbury presented an appeal in the case of Rev. C. H. Green, which referred to the committee on appeals.

Green was accused of immorality and suspended by the New Jersey annual conference. The principal subject before the body was a discussion in regard to the commending of camp meetings by the general conference.

Rev. Dr. P. Roberts opposed campmeetings, however well conducted. Out of a great number of speakers, very few were in favor of recommending the campmeetings.

Rev. L. J. Coppen said if the conference would allow him he would speak of the various immoralities that were practiced at campmeetings. It was difficult to control people where they were not surrounded by the restraints of regular life but it was impossible when they were turned loose in the woods. He was also opposed to campmeetings on the score of expense. He said that in 24 hours last year the colored people of Baltimore had paid $42,000 to one Railroad company in this connection, and that too when some of the colored people were asking charity. The people who were converted in the woods were not often seen in church afterwards.

P. W. Andrew Brown, of Georgia, said they might have had immoral campmeetings in Maryland and speculate on them, but they did not do so in Georgia. He illustrated his remarks with an anecdote that produced great merriment.

Rev. Henry Strickland, of Georgia, was not in favor of speculating in campmeetings or those places where people got drunk, but for the regular old fashioned campmeetings he claimed a future.

Rev. S. H. Jones, of Georgia, said he had known ministers to make $1,000 a day apiece on campmeetings, and this too in Georgia.

Rev. J. L. Lee, of South Carolina, said campmeetings were held near Spartanburg in that State, and that there were six wagon loads of whiskey on the grounds during the entire time of the camp. Ministers and elders were under the influence of liquor all the time. When a visiting official pretested he was assaulted with a club. A young man was murdered at one of these campmeetings. He thought that campmeetings had outlived their usefulness.

An amendment offered by President B. F. Lee, of Wilberforce University, was adopted refusing to recommend the holding of campmeetings, but allowing them to continue.

Rev. S. F. Mitchell read a telegram stating that the A. M. E. church in New Haven, Conn., was about to be sold.

Rev. Robert Rogers, of Alabama, offered to be one of 25 to subscribe $25 to aid it.

Rev. J. B. Stanbury, pastor of the church, related how he was unceremoniously hustled from the pulpit of that church into the street, and informed that the congregation was done with the A. M. E. Church. The Church, it was said, was in danger of being carried into the M. E. Church by some of its members.

The report of the committee on education caused a long discussion.

THE FINANCIAL SHAKE UP.

THE OUTLOOK BRIGHTER AND THE SITUATION BETTER.

The Timely Action of the Clearing House and the Business Men Prevents a Crash---Other Failures Reported---A Run on the Savings Banks, But all Able to Meet It---On the Whole the Outlook Hopeful.

NEW YORK, WALL ST., May 15.—10:15 A. M.—Dimcock & Co. suspended.

The Metropolitan bank has posted a notice on its doors saying the bank examiners having made an investigation of its affairs, the bank will resume business at 12 o'clock to-day.

Kiernan's agency reports that J. H. Davis & Co. have received orders from London to buy both stock and bonds. Their correspondents report the market for American securities advancing with strong feeling and no failures.

10:45 A. M.—Bankers and merchants telegraph stock in which A. W. Dimock & Co. were heavily interested, is offered at 75 against 119 yesterday.

11:30 A. M.—A dispatch from Boston reports suspension of F. A. Hawley & Co., a firm which, although not heavy dealers, were regarded as of good standing.

Messrs. Hotchkiss & Burnham are engaged in the work of balancing their accounts, and expect to be able to resume business to morrow morning.

12:15 P. M.—The Metropolitan bank has resumed business, and is paying out to all depositors presenting checks. Even before the hour named for resumption, the paying teller opened his window, and the first man in line received his money. This individual was an old weather beaten man, who evidently drew out all his holdings, as the pile of greenbacks handed to him made a goodly show and were carefully stowed away in his inner pockets, after many glances at his neighbors of whose probity he was by no means certain.

At noon the number in line was not over twenty-five, and was composed principally of boys and clerks, some of whom only required certification of checks. Only one lady was among the list, she being attired in widow's weeds. Her gratification on receiving her money was plainly written on her countenance. The small number of these drawing out their funds is regarded as very promising for the future of the bank.

CHICAGO—A dispatch to the Journal, from Quincy, Ill., says: The Union bank of this city failed to open its doors this morning. When the Marine bank of New York failed the Union transferred its account to the Metropolitan, and the closing of that bank yesterday is given as the cause for the suspension.

BOSTON—Hill, Stanwood & Co., brokers, and Boston correspondents of Goff, Randle & Co., of New York, have suspended. The liabilities will probably not reach $10,000. The failure is not considered of any significance.

It is now stated that the deposit account of F. A. Hawley & Co., at the time of their suspension, amounted to $250,000, and that their total liabilities are $500,000. There are rumors that the firm have been speculating, but nothing authentic is yet known.

NEW YORK—Fisk & Hatch have suspended. The firm is composed of A. S. Hatch and Harry Fisk. Hatch was recently elected president of the stock exchange by a unanimous vote. The firm have been the heaviest dealers in Government bonds on the street, and have generally been considered a staunch conservative and thoroughly reliable firm. They have been recognized as the fiscal agents here of the Chespeake & Ohio Railroad and Elizabethtown, Big Sandy, and Lexington roads, and have carried heavy amounts of the stock of these roads, while the market has been declining. They have sons and sons-in-law in the stock business.

The closing of the doors of the Atlantic State bank in Brooklyn, has embarrassed its depositors and caused a feeling of uneasiness among business men. Some of these have been helped through their difficulties by friends. President Huffer stated last night that the bank would resume business to-day in all probability, as their securities were all good and the suspension was caused by efforts to help the Metropolitan bank. There was a gathering of depositors this morning at the bank, but they were unable to get their money and were very indignant in consequence.

President Huffer assured them that it would be all right and they would lose nothing. He promised to have a statement for the public this afternoon. The panic seems to have extended to the depositors of other banks in Brooklyn as well, and large quantities of money were drawn out of the Savings banks. They were prepared for the run, however, and many of them were by no means disturbed by the withdrawal of some of their surplus deposits, thus saving thousands of dollars interest which would be due to depositors on June 1.

Among other banks the Brooklyn Savings bank, Dime Savings and South Brooklyn Savings institutes, paid out large amounts of money to depositors.

The National banks of Brooklyn are considered sound, and the withdrawal of deposits to-day were inconsiderate.

There was a run this morning on the Irish Emigrant Savings bank, in Chambers street, New York, about two hundred of the depositors withdrawing their accounts. There are 53,565 depositors, most of whom belong to the laboring classes. President Hoguet said that the bank would gain $1,600 by withdrawals this afternoon.

Wm. H. Sweeny, banker, of 104 Nassau street, has made an assignment without preferences. The amounts insolved are probably not large. He is more of a broker in a small way than a banker.

NEW YORK—There has been a semi-panic in oil in this city. The failure of Fisk & Hatch and the suspension of the Bradford Bank has created a distrustful feeling. It is rumored that several heavy capitalists interested in oil are in trouble. At 3:15 p. m., oil was selling at 83, but before the close broke at 73, and was offered at 72. No failures have been announced, and if anybody has gone under it will be given out to-morrow when the clearings are made.

The firm of Fisk & Hatch for 20 years has been prominent in financial circles. They began business in 1862 and soon directed their attention to dealing in government bonds, and in all the loans put out by the government during the rebellion they took an active part in marketing the bonds. In the funding operations which followed the close of the war they took a leading part. Fisk & Hatch placed the Central Pacific bonds, also the bonds of branch lines in Colorada. They subsequently placed the Chesapeake & Ohio road bonds. The Firm & Co. were both carried down in the panic of 1873. Fisk & Hatch finally paid 100 cents on the dollar with interest and began again. They were carried down to-day by the heavy calling in of loans, the large withdrawals of deposits, the great shrinkage in values and the difficulty of obtaining money even on the best of security. Fisk & Hatch handed the following to an Associated Press reporter this afternoon:

To our depositors and other creditors:—It is with great sorrow that we are obliged to announce to you our suspension, which has been brought about by a combination of circumstances. The long continued decline in the market price of securities, even the best, accompanied by a general weakening of confidence in financial matters, together with a heavy drainage of deposits, are the principal causes of our unfortunate position. We can only request those having claims against us to extend to us such consideration and indulgence and assurance as it may be in their power to grant. Very truly,

FISK & HATCH.

BRADFORD, PA.—The Zuna Valley Bank did not open this morning. It was a correspondent of the Metropolitan, of New York, and the announcement was made on account of the suspension of that bank. It was thought best to suspend temporarily. It is thought the bank will resume in a day or two. A promise has been made to depositors that they will be paid in full. There was a run on other banks to-day, but all demands were met promptly, and the excitement was over by noon.

Digest of Supreme Court Decisions.

Raleigh News and Observer.

Young vs. Rollins.

1. The refusal of the judge to grant the plaintiff's motion to make an additional party defendant, "in this case," where the notice was served upon such party and without giving notice of the intended motion to those already defendants, is affirmed.

2. Whether the judge has the power to allow such an amendment upon notice out of term—*quære*. The additional defendant could have been brought in by a summons regularly issued.

Alexander vs. Patton.

Where the record shows that a party came in and assumed the defence of an action as administrator, through his counsel, the regularity of his admission as a party in place of his inestate is sufficiently established; though no service of the notice issued him appeared to have been made, or the death of the original defendant as having occurred during the progress of the cause suggested.

Wilkie vs. Womble.

Where a vendor elects to repudiate a parol contract to convey land, the vendee under his general prayer for relief is entitled to recover the amount he he has paid under the contract. In such case the court properly refused to admit evidence of a parol transfer of the vendee's interest, for under the avoided contract there is no equity to assign; and if there were, the assignment must be in writing.

Price vs. Johnson.

Where an estate is defeasible and no time fixed in the will for it to become absolute, the time of the devisor's death will be adopted, unless there be words to forbid it, in preference to that of the devisee.

But it there be an intermediate period between the death of the devisor and devisee, to which the contingency can have reference, then the intermediate period must be adopted.

Therefore where the will provides that John, upon his arriving at the age of twenty-five years, "can take possession of the estate devised to him and do with it as he pleases," but if he dies without issue then to be limited over, and John attains said age and dies without issue;

Held that the intermediate period to be adopted in his attaining the age of twenty-five years. After that event, the estate in John became absolute, and the contingency of dying without issue not happening before that time the limitation over cannot take effect.

Lytle vs. Lytle.

1. An appeal will be dismissed on motion if the appeal bond is not justified, unless the record shows that the appellee has waived the same in writing.

2. An affidavit of a surety to an appeal bond is fatally defective if it does not state that the affiant is worth double the amount of money specified in the bond.

An Interview Repudiated.

Mr. Jefferson Davis makes emphatic denial of the correctness of an alleged interview with him, and furnished to the Indianapolis Journal by a Mr, Taylor, a prominent lawyer of that city. Mr. Davis says: "A Mr. Taylor came to my house in the night, saying he had called to pay his respects. He proposed to go to a neighboring village to stay until morning. It was quite dark, and the road was narrow and crooked, and he was invited to remain where he was until morning, when he took the train to New Orleans, to which place he desired to go. Whether it was in ignorance or in disregard of the obligations of society that he went off to report a conversation held during the time he was a guest, is unimportant. It is of some consequence, however, that he misrepresents my opinions and facts as they were known to me, and therefore I am quite sure he is indebted either to his invention or his defective memory in his statements of remarks attributed to me. For example, he says I thought Gen. McClellan could have entered Richmond if he had pushed on across the Chickahominy, and that Gen. Lee thought so too. Gen. Lee did not think so, and had assured me that if McClellan made the attempt he would be upon his heels before he could break the line of defense, which I with a small force on the south side of the Chickahominy would maintain. With a grain of truth, there is a general misrepresentation of anything I could have said about Grant or Sherman, Meade or McClellan."

Considering Collector Wheeler's Nomination.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The Senate in executive session to-day considered among others the nomination of W. H. Wheeler to be internal revenue collector for the fifth North Carolina district. Senator Beck made a speech in opposition to Wheeler's confirmation and the case went over without action.

A Town Burned.

MACON, GA., May 15.—A special to the Telegraph and Messenger says an incendiary fire swept away this morning every business house but one in Mocville, on the Macon and Brunswick Railroad. The loss is estimated at $15,000.

Not Guilty.

NEW ORLEANS, May 15.—A Times-Democrat despatch from Hazelhurst Miss., says the jury in the case of E. B. Wheeler, on trial for the murder of J. H. Mathews, after being out for about an hour returned a verdict of not guilty.

A New Bank at Birmingham.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—The Comptroller of the Currency has authorized the First National Bank of Birmingham, Ala., to begin business with a capital of $250,000.

IN CONGRESS.

THE ONE MILLION APPROPRIATION TO THE NEW ORLEANS EXPOSITION PASSES THE SENATE.

The House Spends the Day Chiefly in Discussing Amendments to the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—SENATE.—After the reading of the journal the Senate agreed that when it adjourn to day it be to Monday next.

The chair laid before the Senate a message from the President recommending an appropriation to enable the Government to execute the provisions of the convention between the United States and Mexico, relating to the boundary line between the two countries.

The Appropriations committee reported the invalid pension bill, with amendment. Placed on the calendar.

The same committee reported with amendments the bill to aid the World's Industrial and Cotton Centennial Exposition at New Orleans.

On motion of Mr. Cockrell the bill was put immediately upon its passage. It had been carefully considered by the committee and the only amendments were in the nature of restrictions to guard the expenditure of the money and the liability of the United States. Cockrell added that it was important that the bill should be acted on as soon as possible.

Some opposition was shown in the debate and an effort was made to reduce the amount to half a million dollars, on motion of Sewell, of New Jersey.

Blair stated that he had had recently an opportunity to observe the patriotic interest taken by our fellow citizens of the South in this enterprise. He regarded the exposition as one calculated in the highest degree to develop the material interests and property of the South. He would regard it as a national loss if it should fail. It would be better to give a million dollars outright than that the exposition should result in a failure. He hoped the vote for the bill as reported would be unanimous.

Sewell's amendment was not agreed to and the bill was passed substantially as it came from the House, the amount remaining at one million dollars.

A resolution was offered by Morgan, which under the rule went over one day, directing the committee on Finance to examine into the causes of the failures of such National banks in the city of New York as have suspended business in May, 1884, and report whether said failures have to any and what extent resulted from any violation of the laws regulating their conduct or from certificates upon drafts on bills, their acceptance of drafts or other commercial papers drawn upon them, directly or indirectly in evasion or in violation of the laws, and whether any of the National banks in New York city have been engaged since July 12, 1882, in the violation or evasion of the laws regulating their conduct and that the committee have leave to sit during the sessions of the Senate, to visit the city of New York, to send for persons or papers and examine witnesses on oath.

Cullom introduced a bill which was referred to the committee on Finance to prevent speculation on the part of officers of the National banking associations.

The chair laid before the Senate the unfinished business of yesterday, it being the House bill to establish a bureau of labor statistics. Morgan was entitled to the floor, but yielded to a motion by Miller, of New York, for an executive session, which was agreed to.

The Senate, at 1:20 p. m., went into executive session and when the doors were re-opened adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE.—On motion of Hancock, of Texas, the Senate bills passed authorizing the construction of bridges across the Rio Grande, between Eagle Pass, Texas, and Piedras Vergras, Mexico, and between Laredo, Texas, and Nuevo Laredo, Mexico.

On motion of J. S. Wise of Virginia, a bill was passed authorizing the extension of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad to a point on military lands at Fortress Monroe, Va.

The morning hour having been dispensed with the House, at 11:40, went into committee of the whole, Hammond in the chair, on the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill.

Hewitt moved to amend by restoring to $12,000 the salaries of ministers to Austria and Italy. The bill reduces them to $10,000.

After a long debate the amendment was lost; ayes 70, noes 73. An amendment to an amendment looking to an increase of the salaries above the amount mentioned in the bill, and restore them to existing rates was lost. The only one that was adopted provided for a clerk of legation to Spain at a salary of $1,200.

Finally the point of no qurum was raised. No quorum having voted upon an amendment and the committee rose.

The Senate amendments to the bill for the World's Cotton Exhibition were concurred in.

The House then adjourned.

Of the many remedies before the public for nervous debility and weakness of nerve generative system, there is none equal to Allen's Brain Food, which promptly and permanently restores all lost vigor; it never fails. $1 pkg., 6 for $5.—At druggists, or by mail from J. H. Allen, 315 First Ave., New York City.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH

MAY 15, 1884.

Produce.

BALTIMORE—Noon—Flour easier; Howard Street and Western Superfine $3.00@$3.50; Extra $3.62@$4.62; Family $4.75@$5.85; City Mills Super 3.00@$3.50; Extra $3.65@$6.25; Rio brands $5.62@$5.75; Patapsco Family $6.50; Superlative Patent $7.00. Wheat—Southern steady; Western dull: Southern red $1.09@$1.12; do. amber $1.12@$1.15; No 1 Maryland $1.14@$1.15; No 2 Western winter red spot $1.00½@$1.01¼; $1.00@$1.01¼ for May. Corn—Southern steady; Western firmer, closing dull. Southern white 68@70; yellow 60@63. Western mixed spot 60@60¼; 60@60⅜ for May.

CHICAGO.—Flour dull. Wheat opened strong and excited, advanced 3½c over the closing figures of yesterday, declined 1¾@2c, but an advance of ¾c. followed. Prices fluctuated and closed 1⅜c over yesterday; May 87@88⅞; No. 2 Chicago Spring 87@87⅞c. Corn—unsettled; opened 1@1¼ higher and closed 5⅜c over yesterday; cash 55@55⅛; May 55¼ 56. Oats dull and and a shade easier; cash and May 32½@33¼. Pork quiet and nominally unchanged; cash 17.30. Lard irregular; closing nominally unchanged; cash $8.15@$8.25; May $8.15. Bulk meats in fair demand; shoulders $6.50; short rib $8.25; short clear $8.80. Sugar Standard A 7⅛c; cut loaf 7⅞@8¼c. It was decided by vote this af ternoon to abolish the call board.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON—Turpentine firm at 29½. Rosin firm; strained $1.07½; good strained $1.12½. Tar firm at $1.30; crude turpentine steady; hard $1.00; yellow dip and virgin $1.75.

CHARLESTON—Turpentine quiet at 29½. Rosin firm; strained $1.15; good strained $1.20.

SAVANNAH—Turpentine firm at 29½. Rosin quiet at $1.20.

Financial.

NEW YORK.

Exchange, 4.85. Money 1-16. Sub-treasury balances, gold, $128,152; do. currency, 6,426. Governments weak; four per cents, 1.19¾; threes, *109¾. State bonds dull.

Alabama—Class A. 2 to 5	*82
" Class B, fives	*1.02
Georgia 6's	*1.03
Georgia 7's mortgage	*1.06½
North Carolina's	*31½
North Carolina's New	*19
North Carolina's Funding	*11
South Carolina Brown Consols	*1.06
Tennessee 6's	41
Virginia 6's	*40
Virginia Consols	34½
Chesapeake and Ohio	5
Chicago and Northwestern	*1.02
Chicago and Northwestern, preferred	1.28
Denver and Rio Grande	11¼
Erie	14⅜
East Tennessee	34¾
Lake Shore	89
Louisville and Nashville	33¼
Memphis and Charleston	27
Mobile and Ohio	8
Nashville and Chattanooga	40
New Orleans Pacific, 1st	*75
New York Central	1.09½
Norfolk and Western preferred	*30
Northern Pacific common	21
Northern Pacific preferred	46¼
Pacific Mail	34
Reading	32⅞
Richmond and Allegheny	2
Richmond and Danville	‡48
Richmond and West Point Terminal	16
Rock Island	1.11⅜
St. Paul	68¾
St. Paul preferred	1.03
Texas Pacific	11
Union Pacific	42⅝
Wabash Pacific	614
Wabash Pacific, preferred	12¼
Western Union	52⅝

*Bid. †Last bid. §Offered. ‡Asked. ‖Ex. Div.

Cotton.

GALVESTON—Dull; middling 11⅛; net receipts; 13; gross 13; sales —; stock 5,566; exports coastwise —.

NORFOLK—Steady; middling 11⅜; net receipts 23; gross 23; stock 4,083; sales —; exports coastwise 1134.

WILMINGTON—Dull; middling 11⅜; net receipts 4; gross 4; sales ——; stock 1930; exports coastwise ——.

SAVANNAH—Dull; middling 11¼; net receipts 48; gross 48; sales 10; stock 3,600; exports coastwise —.

NEW ORLEANS—Quiet; middling 11⅛; net receipts 120; gross 120; sales 1200; stock 132,579; exports coastwise —; to Great Britain ——; France 4611.

MOBILE—Dull; middling 11⅛; net receipts 21; gross 21; sales 100; stock 8776; exports coastwise 8.

MEMPHIS—Quiet; middling 11⅜; receipts 273; shipments 365; sales 250; stock 26 208.

AUGUSTA—Steady; middling 11⅜; receipts 11; shipments ——; sales 29.

CHARLESTON—Quiet; middling 11¾; net receipts 21; gross 21; sales ——; stock 4,610; exports coastwise 100; continent —.

NEW YORK—St'dy; sales 1013; middling uplands 11 9-16; orleans 11 13-16; consolidated net receipts 688; exports to Great Britain 2602, to France 4611; continent —.

Futures.

NEW YORK—Net receipts ——; gross 15. Futures closed easy; sales 76,000 bales.

March	
April	
May	11.41@.42
June	11.57@.60
July	11.73@.74
August	11.83@.84
September	11.54@.55
October	11.02@.04
November	10.83@.84
December	10.88@.85
January	10.90@.92
February	11.00@.02

Liverpool Cotton Market.

LIVERPOOL, May 15.—More offering, sellers inclined to give way slightly; uplands 6¼d; orleans 6⅜d; sales 12,000; speculation and export 2000; receipts 200; American 400. Uplands low middling clause May and June delivery 6 13 64d@6 12-64d; June and July 6 16-64d@6 15-64d; July and August 6 21-64d@6 20-64d; August and September 6 25-64d@6 24-64d; September and October 6-22-64d. Futures quiet at a decline.

2 P. M.—Good uplands 6 7-16d; uplands 6¼d; low middling 6 1-16d; good ordinary 5 13-16d; ordinary 5½d; good Texas 6⅛; Texas 6⅝; low middling 6 3-16d, good ordinary 6d; ordinary 5 9-16d; good orleans 6 9-16d; orleans 6⅜d; low middling 6 3-16d; good ordinary 6d; ordinary 5 9-16d.

1 P. M.—Sales American 8,200 bales. Uplands low middling clause May delivery 6 12-64d, (buyers); May and June 6 12-64d, (buyers); June and July 6 15-64d, (buyers); July and August 6 23-64d, (buyers); August and September 6 25-64d, (sellers); September and October 6 22-64d, (sellers); October and November 6 11-64d, (sellers); November and December 6 7-64d, (sellers); September 6 27-64d, (buyers).

4 P. M.—Uplands low middling clause May delivery 6 14-64d, (sellers); May and June 6 14-64d, (sellers); June and July 6 17-64d, (sellers); July and August 6 22-64d, (sellers); August and September 6 25-64d (sellers); September and October 6 23-64d, (value); October and November 6 11-64d (buyers); November and December 6 7-64d, (buyers); September 6 28-64d, (value). Futures closed steady.

City Cotton Market.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER, CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 16, 1884.

The city cotton market yesterday closed very quiet at the following quotations:

Low Middling	11 3-16
Strict Low Middling	11⅜
Middling	11½

RECEIPTS SINCE SEPTEMBER FIRST.

Receipts since September 1 to yesterday	41,936
Receipts yesterday	25
Total receipts to date	41,961
Receipts same date 1883	51,951
Receipts same date 1882	39,453

CITY PRODUCE MARKET.

[Reported by T. R. MAGILL.]

MAY 14, 1884.

Corn—per bushel	80@85
Meal—per bushel	80@85
Wheat—per bushel	1.00@1.10
Peas—Clay, per bushel	1.00@1.05
Lady—per bushel	1.25@1.50
White—per bushel	1.00@1.05
Peanuts—per bushel	1.25@1.75
Flour—Family	2.40@2.50
Extra	2.30@2.45
Super	2.20@2.35
Oats—shelled	52@55
Dried Fruit—Apples, per lb	5@6
Peaches, peeled	8@9
" unpeeled	5@6
Blackberries	3@4
Potatoes—Sweet	90@95
Irish	60@75
Cabbage, per pound	2@2½
Onions, per bushel	55@60
Beeswax, per pound	25@26
Tallow, per pound	7@7½
Butter, per pound	20@25
Eggs, per dozen	11@12
Chickens	25@30
Ducks	25@26
Turkeys, per pound	9@10
Geese	35@40
Beef, per pound, net	7@8
Mutton, per pound, net	8@8½
Pork, per pound, net	8
Wool, washed	36
" unwashed	25
Feathers, new	60@55
Rags, per pound	1½

CHARLOTTE REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

Desiring to fill a long felt want in Charlotte, the undersigned have associated themselves as partners in a

GENERAL LAND AGENCY,

For the purpose of buying, selling, leasing and renting real estate. Their operations will not be confined to the city of Charlotte, nor to the State of North Carolina, but all property placed within our management will be rented or sold, upon such terms, commissions and prices as may be agreed upon.

We will undertake to sell, lease or rent lands houses and lots, mines, &c., make abstract of titles, collect rents, make returns and pay taxes, effect insurance, &c., &c., advertising all property placed under our management,

Free of Cost to the Seller,

For a stipulation previously agreed upon.

Particular attention will be paid to the selling or leasing of mining property, which will be sold on commission only.

We are in correspondence now with a number of parties at the North and West who are seeking homes in North Carolina, where the climate is genial and the soil remunerative. Persons having houses and lots or plantations for sale will serve their own interests by placing their business with us.

ROBT. E. COCHRANE,
CHAS. R. JONES.

The business will be under the management of R. E. COCHRANE, Manager.
Charlotte, N. C.

The following described pieces of property are now offered for sale by the Charlotte Real Estate Agency, R. E. Cochrane, manager, office Trade street front Central Hotel, Charlotte, N. C.:

(CITY.)

1 One dwelling house on B street, 7 rooms, closets in each room, well of good water, lot 99x100 feet, in good neighborhood. Price, $2,000.

2 One dwelling on 5th street, adjoining residence of S. M. Howell, 4 rooms, well of water and stable, lot 50x198, convenient to business. Price, $1,700.

3 One dwelling on South Tryon street, adjoining residence of Dr. Bratton, 8 rooms, closets and pantry, well of water, well located for a boarding house. Price, $3,000.

4 One dwelling on corner of Myers and 3rd streets, 7 rooms, 2 room kitchen, bath room and closets, well of water; 2 lots, 1 fronting Myers street, 99x198, 1 fronting 3rd street, 99x198, well of good water and stable on the latter. Price, $2,250.

5 One dwelling on corner of Graham and 10th streets, 5 rooms, kitchen, well of water, lot 120 feet on Graham street, 162 feet on 10th street, very desirable property. Price, $1,500.

6 One lot on 8th street, square 96, small 3 room house, good water, 99x198. Price, $450.

7 One vacant lot, 99x198, on B street, good location. Price, $1,000.

8 One dwelling on Poplar street, 10 rooms, lot 99x198 feet, brick kitchen, outhouses, stable, well of good water, sold on terms to suit purchaser. Price, $4,000.

9 One Dwelling corner of Ninth and E streets, one story, 5 rooms, closets; well of water in yard. Price $1,200.

10 One Dwelling corner of Ninth and E, one story, 4 rooms, closets; well of water in yard. Price $800.

11 One Dwelling on Ninth street between B and C, two stories, six rooms, brick basement; well of water in yard; lot 99x198. Price $2,000

12 One Dwelling on Sixth street, one story, 5 rooms, kitchen, well of water; lot 50x99. Price $1,000.

13 One Dwelling on West Trade street, two stories, 7 rooms, 2 room kitchen, well of water; two lots—99 on Trade 99 on Fourth st—very desirable property. Price $4,750.

14 One Hundred and Fifty Acres Land ½ mile of the city limits, adjoining the Fair Grounds well located for a truck and dairy farm; ½ in timber, branch running through it, about 8 acres meadow. Price $30 per acre.

15 One unimproved lot 99x198 on Ninth street, between D and E streets. Price $350.

may1dswtf.

A CAR LOAD

—OF—

REFRIGERATORS

AND

ICE CHESTS,

JUST ARRIVED, ALL SIZES AND STYLES.

Ice Cream Freezers,
Water Coolers,
Fly Fans,
Fruit Jars,
Jelly Tumblers,

In Large Variety,

At the China Store of
LUDOLF & HARTSFIELD.

LANTERNS,

LANTERNS, LANTERNS,

FOR

MAY 20th and 21st.

Large Lanterns, Per Dozen,

50 CENTS.

Small Lanterns, Per Dozen,

40 CENTS.

LESS QUANTITY, 4a5c Each.

MAYER & ROSS.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

OFFICE OF THE BALTIMORE AND NORTH CAROLINA COPPER AND GOLD MINING COMPANY,
BALTIMORE May 15th, 1884.

A general meeting of the Stockholders of the Baltimore and North Carolina Copper and Gold Mining Company will be held at the transfer office of the company, No. 37 Postoffice Avenue, on Monday, May 26th, 1884, at 2 o'clock, p. m., for the election of Directors to serve for the ensuing twelve months.

The transfer books will be closed from May 19th to May 27th, 1884.

THOS. W. HOOPER, Sec'y.

may15-d10tm26

CAROLINA CENTRAL RAILWAY.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT,
WILMINGTON, N. C., May 10, 1884.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER MAY 12, 1884, THE FOLLOWING Schedule will be operated on this Railroad:

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS TRAIN.
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

No. 1.	Leave Wilmington at	7.30 P. M.
	Leave Raleigh at	7.35 P. M.
	Arrive at Charlotte at	7.00 A. M
No. 2.	Leave Charlotte at	8.45 P. M.
	Arrive at Raleigh at	8.30 A. M.
	Arrive at Wilmington at	8.00 A. M.

LOCAL FREIGHT—Passenger Car Attached.

Leave Charlotte at	7.10 A. M.
Arrive Laurinburg at	5.00 P. M.
Leave Laurinburg at	6.00 A. M.
Arrive Charlotte at	3.45 P. M.

Passenger Trains stop at regular stations only, and points designated in the Company's Time Table.

SHELBY DIVISION, PASSENGER, MAIL, EXPRESS AND FREIGHT.
(Daily except Sunday.)

Leave Charlotte at	5.15 P. M.
Arrive at Shelby at	9.00 P. M.
Leave Shelby at	7.00 A. M.
Arrive at Charlotte at	10.45 A. M.

Trains Nos. 1 and 2 make close connection at Hamlet with R. & A. Trains to and from Raleigh.

Through Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Charlotte and Raleigh and Charlotte.

Take Train No. 1 for Statesville, stations on Western N. C. R. R., Asheville and points west.

Also, for Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta and all points southwest.

L. C. JONES,
Superintendent

F. W. CLARK, Gen. Pass. Agent.
may10 84

The Inferior Court,

MAY TERM, 1884.

I am instructed by the Court to publish for the information and direction of jurors and witnesses, that there will be no contested cases heard before said court on Monday, 19th inst. The jurors are required to attend, and the court will be organized on Monday. No witnesses nor jurors are required to attend on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 20th and 21st, nor will they be allowed to prove their attendance for those two days. On Thursday morning the business of the court will be resumed and proceeded with until finished.

C. E. GRIER,
Sollcitor.

may13dlwawlt

Davidson College,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY, N. C.,
1884-'85.

The next Session opens on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 11.

For Catalogues apply to the CLERK OF THE FACULTY.

may14deod&w3m

New Summer and Winter Resort.

Hotel Brunswick,

SMITHVILLE, N. C.

At the mouth of Cape Fear River opposite the historic Forts Fisher and Caswell, and in full view of the ocean, will open about May 20th,

Under Entirely New Management,

The hotel has been refurnished and renovated throughout. New and handsome building erected for pleasure purposes. Elegant, large, airy Ball Room over the water. First class Musicians from New York will furnish Ball Room and Parlor Music. Fine Still and surf Bathing. Fine line of new boats for pleasure sailing and fishing.

NO MALARIA OR SMALL INSECTS TO ANNOY.

Daily mails. Telegraphic communication. Finest fishing on Atlantic coast. Tourists and pleasure seekers Northward and Southward will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Climate and scenery unsurpassed.

Atlantic Coast Line and Seaboard Air-Line R. R. will sell tickets from all stations at reduced rates to Hotel Brunswick. Special rates by month and season.

J. D. SUBLETT, of New York,
Manager.

apr18d2m

FOR SALE.

A most handsome Upright Grand Piano, bought new from the factory a few months since. In perfect order. Reduced price. Address BOX 113, Charlotte, N. C.

may 14dWedThursTuesaWed

ICE, ICE, ICE.

On and after to day, May 18th, our wagon will resume the delivery of ice to all parts of the city. Orders given the driver, left at the office or addressed to us, Box 163, will receive prompt attention. Cash tickets for sale to those who do not want daily supply. Customers are requ