Just :-: Received.

50 Dozen

Ranging in price from 75c, to \$5.00.

A Nice All Wool Braided Jersey

FOR \$1.50.

Also 150 Dezen Arrasene at the popular price of 40 cents

MANGRAVES & ALEXANDER.

Dr. Warner's Abdominal,

- Coraline,
- Flexible Hip,
- Nursing,
- Model Molded,

- Misses.

A good assortment of sizes of the above styles constantly on hand. For ease, durability and comfort they are unex-

GIVE THEM A TRIAL.

NEW GOODS

Mohair, and Alpaca. Large and Beautiful line of Gents' Over Galters. Give us a call. T. L. SEIGLE.

THIS SPRING

Consisting of the Latest Styles

BOOTS AND SHOES

TRAVELING BAGS.

ALEXANDER & HARRIS

Are Now Receiving Goods.

CALL AND SEETHEM

ALEXANDER & HARRIS.

REGARDLESS OF COST

We Are Selling Glothing TO-DAY.

W.KAUFMAN&CO

Now offer their entire stock of

CLOTHING AT SUCH LOW PRICES

That it will astonish everybody. We mean to sell out our stock and don't intend to carry any over and to do this will make prices to suit everybody. Men of limited means can buy at our house a good suit for \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.00, \$10.00. These suits we sold at least 33\frac{1}{2} per cent higher before the Helider before the Heli before the Holidays, but we mean to sell, and therefore put fine li erary attainments, a sprightly the knife into prices. Finer grades of Suits which we sold at \$15, \$18, \$20 and \$25, we now sell at \$12, \$12.50. \$15 and \$18. A large line of

Which we will close out for less than cost of production. Men's Underwear at greatly reduced prices. We will only maintain these prices for a short time, as we are bound to make room for our Spring Stock, which will shortly arrive. Nobody should miss this opportunity. Call at once. W. KAUFMAN & CO.,

CENTRAL HOTEL CORNER.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., THURSDAY MARCH 19, 1885.

OPENING THE BOOKS.

The Secretary of the Navy has employed an expert in book-keeping to examine into the methods of keeping the books in the several departments of the navy, who, it is understood, will enter upon the work assigned him at once. How far back these examinations are to extend is not stated, but the presumption is that they will cover several preceding administrations. There will here be presented a rich field for investigation, if even one-half be true of what has been alleged and repeatedly published about the peculiar methods that prevailed in that department, especially in the halcyon days of the g. o. p., when it had absolute control of the government, before the spirit of retrenchment and reform had gone abroad in the land, and the voice against official plundering began to make itself felt. Considering the diminutive proportions of the United States navy, the wonder is where room for so much crookedness and devilment could be found in it.

The action of the Secretary of the Navy we take to be simply the initiatory move in the action to be taken by the heads of the other departments, the books of which will afford scope for investigation, and give occupation to not only one, but to a corps of able-bodied experts. They have undertaken no small job, if they propose to go back to the be ginning, and perhaps the richest finds will be in the books of the treasury during the war, when the government printing presses were put to work in printing greenbacks and national bank notes, millions of the former of which, it, is said, were put in circulation in excess of the amounts authorized by acts of Congress, and of which no entry was ever made upon the books. Of course the books will show nothing of this, but if the stories about interlineations, erasures and changed figures to make sheets balance be true, the explanation, if called for and furnished, may lead to some interesting developments. Since the Republican party went into power until the present day, as far as the public is concerned, these books have been sealed, and all it knows about their contents has been from the statements and reports of those who had them in keeping, and yet they contain, or are supposed to contain, the record of transactions involving not only millions, but thou-sands of millions of dollars, which the people have paid into the treasury within the past twenty-five years.

A writer in the St. Louis Medical Journal says it won't do all the time to sneer at what are called old women's remedies. "In 1820," he says, "while practicing in Madison county, Ill., I was induced by the representa-tions of an old woman to make the trial, in dysentery and diarrhosa, of tablespoonful doses of pure sider vinegar, with the addition of sufficient salt to be noticeable, and it acted so charmingly that I have never used anything else.'

The President does not propose to have the White House turned into a thrown open to the gaze of any one and every one who sees fit to fee a servant to show them through it. The rooms designed for public use will be open to the public as hereto-fore, but those occupied as private offices and for the use of the Presidential family will not be subject to the inspection of the curious.

A reverend gentleman in Alabama took a fancy to the name of Eufala, and so named a daughter. Upon afterwards being informed that Eufala meant "wet dog," he wanted to change the name, but, after considering it, regarded the matter as such a good joke that he concluded to let the name stand. The girl con-tinues in good health, and seems to

Joseph S. Miller, the new Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has been twice State Auditor of West Virginia, and has just completed his second term. His nomination is heartily endorsed in his State, regardless of party. He is thirty seven years of age, but has been active in political life since attaining his majority, and is conceded to be a man of splendid executive ability.

It takes \$380,000 per annum to pay the salaries of United States Senators, and over \$2,000,000 for salaries of Representatives, exclusive of mileage for both, amounting to \$150,000, and salaries for clerks, messengers and others connected with the National Legislature-\$617,000 more.

Miss R. E. Cleveland, the President's sister, who presides as hostess of the White House, is possessed of languages, but withal is remarkably

It is said that a move is on foot in colored girls in the South, on the plan of the Mount Holyoke Seminary, in Massachusetts.

Somebody has been figuring out what the sovereigns of Georgia spend annually for liquor, and puts the sum at \$16,000,000.

Senator Van Wyck is making the extra session of the Senate exceedingly interesting to Senator Teller, ex-Secretary of the Interior.

The Charlotte Observer. The newspapers paid as postage ast year \$1,899,592. The reduction of postage on second class matter will, it is estimated, have the effect to keep about a million dollars at nome, where it will do the most

> Ex-President Arthur called at the White House Monday and had social chat with the President.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

Steps in the Steady Movement Forward -Getting Out of Our Difficulties.

The threatened war in Europe be-tween England and Russia has been the leading influence of the week, affecting nearly all industrial interests. Its significance, so far as America is convenient, arises out of its connection with our breadstuff productions and the low prices now ruling for them. Had wheat been already high, an advance would be of little, importance except to the holders of the article itself; but with a low range of values which net to the farmer a very scanty return, an advance is interpreted to mean a freer and profitable marketing of the remant of our crops, ensuring more traffic for our railroads, more spend-ing money for the farmers, more in-

ing money for the farmers, more inquiry for goods, and so on.

Such hopes as these seem under the circumstances to be reasonable should war unfortunately be the result of the present difficulties, for a blockade of Russian ports would cut off Russia's supply of wheat, while an army in the north of India would tend in a measure to divert India's crop, creat. in the north of India would tend in a measure to divert India's crop, creata need for our surplus food at remunerative prices. But warlike messages between nations are very far from actual hostilities, and especially when the threatened war involves two belligerents like those now concerned. On the one side we have the Glad-On the one side we have the Glad-stone ministry, which never means to fight and never will except it is accidental; on the other hand is Russia a wonderful nation for waiting. She will keep crowding so long as is not too risky, then stop and bide her time. Still, as war is a possibility, and as it may affect us at so many points, every rumor has its influence.

But aside from the stimulus busi ness hopes have received from this source, there is obviously in progress just now something of a revival in commercial affairs. This is observable not only in the East, but in alble not only in the East, but in almost all parts of the country. It might be called a temporary spurt and attributed to the lifting of the snow blockade in the North, and to the better weather in the South, were it not that it was apparent all through December and January, and only interrupted by the unusual severity of the weather in February. We do not mean to be understood as affirm. ing that we are out of the woods or ing that we are out of the woods or that every industry is fully as profi-tably at work again. Nothing of the kind can be said, for shortened pro-duction and in many departments unremunerative prices are still the rule; yet the significant fact is, that previous to December we were going backward all the time, while now there is an opposite movement in here is an opposite movement in progress, a growing demand for goods, which, if it continues to expand as in the past, must gradually lift us out of our difficulties. It is just as absurd to ignore this as it is to over state it, and in our judgment even less wise.

The President Down in a Sewer. "Buffalo" sends the following to the

New York Sun:
I never heard of Grover Cleveland
till he was mentioned for the pomis nation for Governor in the Demo cratic State convention of 1882.
There was nothing singular in this though he was the mayor of Buffalo, what lawyer in New York City pretends to keep the run of the mayors of Buffalo; Soon after he became the nominee for governor I learned some-thing about him that arrested my at-tention. A strong Republican from Buffalo visited my office of business. He was conducting large operations which made it necessary for him to frequently visit the Buffalo docks frequently visit the Buffalo docks very early in the morning. A big sewer job was being carried on by the aldermen, which was involving the expenditure of a good deal of money, and just then another appropriation was to be called for. It was beginning to make a noise in the city. My Republican friend knew Cleveland personally. He drove one morning about daylight down toward the dock, when he caught sight of the mayor near the unfinished sewer. He reined up his horses and asked the mayor what he was doing asked the mayor what he was doing there. Mr Cleveland was pretty well besmeared with motar and mud, especially on his boots. He told Mr, ——that he had been looking throughly for himself into this job, and that he regarded it as a swindle, and it should have no more money and it should have no more money from the city treasury if he could prevent it. "And now," said the Buffalo Republican, "I am going home to vote for him for Governor. Grover Cleveland is now President. Of course, he cannot keep his eye on everything. But if he will to the utmost of his powers of vision look into the swindling jobs carried on under the Federal government as closely as he did into swindling jobs at Buffalo while he was mayor, he will save the while he was mayor, he will save the people many millions of money.

AlPot of Gold.

We were informed yesterday that Mr. John Byrd, in his gardening explorations at the old Attaway place, on Bridge street, now owned by Mrs. Shropshire, had dug up a pot containing a lot of gold coins.

Never believing what we hear, we "dug" for the root of the rumor, but could only ascertain the following facts from Uncle Joe Wardlaw, towit:

"I know John Byrd has unearthed | Valdesta, Ga., Times. conversationalist, and speaks several a pot of money. He dug is up several al days ago. I tried to learn from him how much there was in the pot, but he was non-commital, and would only say that the find was not less and ten ounces, and measured twenthan \$12,000, and was all of it solid ty-five inches in circumference. The the North to establish a seminary for gold currency. I believe myself that colored girls in the South, on the plan the find was much larger than \$12,-000, but Byrd will not say how

much."
There were many a thousand dollars of good money buried in this section of Georgia during the war, and it would not be at all strange if Mr. Byrd had stumbled on at least one section of it.

At any rate, we have full authority to hope that he and others who drop into such good luck as to find where it is hidden will have the grace to come by and say, "Courier, have a slice."

A Hau-hand's Greatest Blessing a strong, healthful, vigorous wife with a clear, handsome completion. These can all be acquired by using Dr. Harter's from Topic.

A Good Example.

The fathers of the republic were careful in all their official ac s to be guided by the strictest rules of integrity, so that no reproach could be attached to any precedent they established. They would not accept personal favor, and they refused all indirect advantages that might be acquired by the influence of office.

A striking example of this proper rule of conduct is found in the recently published diary of Thomas

cently published diary of Thomas Jefferson, the original of which is one of the treasures of Mr. Tilden's one of the treasures of Mr. Tilden's library.

During Mr. Jefferson's first term as president he purchased two hundred bottles of wine from the Spanish Minister at Washington. Under the diplomatic privilege of the Minister, this wine was brought in free of duty.

Mr. Jefferson was aware of this fact. Mr. Jefferson was aware of this fact,

and he wrote to Gen. Muhlenberg, then collector of the port of Philadel-phia, informing him of the circumstances and saying: "I must therefore ask the favor of you to take the proper measures for paying the duty, for which purpose I enclose you a bank check for \$22,50 the amount of it. If it could be done without without mentioning my name, it would avoid ill-intended observations

as in some such way as this, 'By duty paid on a part of such a parcel of wines, not entitled to privilege,' or in any other way you please."

This delicate and becoming example has not found many imitators in recent times. Presidents and Cabinets have used their public trusts for nets have used their public trusts for personal profit. It is notorious that ships of war brought into the ports of the United States large stocks of wines and of other dutiable commodities for the united States. dities for the use of Secor Robeson and of different members of Grant's Cabinet, as well as for other persons, some of whom were in official and some in private life. That practice was common, and so bold that in some cases Collectors were compelled to take notice of the intended frauds on the revenue by threats of publicity and prosecution.

Public property was openly converted to private use during the era of Grantism, not only by transforming ships of war into pleasure yachts, but in various other ways. Messengers and laborers in the departments were employed as personal servants.
The commissary department of the army furnished the choicest supplies for the White House, for the Cabinet. and for other persons at wholesale prices. Money voted for special objects was diverted to improper purposes, whereby the expenses of Male and female domestics were im-posed on the pay rolls, and some of

them never performed the least service for the pay they regularly received from the Treasury.

These and other equally serious abuses are still in existence. They are accepted as regular on the strength of a continuous usage ex-tending over three or four successive Administrations. They have done much to demoralize the whole public service, because subordinates are impressed with the belief that if their superiors may do these things with impunity, they themselves ought to enjoy a similar privilege.

We see no reason to doubt that Mr. Cleveland will follow Jefferson's example in regard to what may be called the personal policy of the President, rather than continue the recent Republican practices.

The Shenandoah Valley Mail.

A change of schedule on the Shen-andoah Valley Railroad puts a clog on the fast Southern mail. Up to Sunday, when the new schedule went into effect, the fast Southern mail which reached Hagerstown evemail which reached Hagerstown every morning via the Western Maryland Railroad, went on its way promptly. Now a needless delay of over two hours is enforced at Hagerstown. It is given out that the change was made to give the Shenandoah Valley Railroad direct New York communication, by way of Cumberland Valley, without change of cars or delay. The new schedule of the Shenandoah Valley Road, however very materially affects the business public; it hampers the Southern fast mail; it is very unsatisfactory, and complaints are made on account of it. The remedy should be promptly ap-The remedy should be promptly ap-

Indispensable to Magistrates. Messrs. Alford Williams & Co., of Raleigh have in press a new, revised and enlarged edition of the wells known "Busbee's North Carolina Justice and Form Book." This is the best book for magistrates ever issued in the State, and it has received the endorsement of the Supreme Count of North Carolina as to its great

Court of North Carolina as to its great value. The new edition will be the only book of the kind which contains only book of the kind which contains all the new laws passed by the recent Legislature, and therefore, it is a perfect hand-book and guide for our magistrates. We advise you to wait for this new addition of "Busbee's Justice" It is nearly twice as large as any other form book, it is strengly bound in leather, and will be sent post paid for \$2.50.

Appearance of the Devil.

A strange old pamphlet has been brought to our office by Mr. Edward Ford. It is a letter from a gentleman ford. It is a letter from a gentleman in Manchester, England, in 1808 to a friend in Connecticut, and "printed for the benefit of the Commonwealth." It records the "true and surprising appearance of the devil!" to a company of blaspheming card players in the former place on New Year's night. One man was killed and the other pearly seared to death and the other nearly scared to death by the frightful shape, black with eyes of fire and smoking mouth with a forked tongue and harpoon tail. The picture accompanying of his satanic majesty is as surprising as his ap-

A Huge Lemou.

Mr. James Staten, Jr. showed us a huge lemon a few days ago, grown on his cousin's grove in Orange county Florida, which weighed six pounds largest shaddock was small beside

Stereopticon Exhibition. An illuminated view of a dyspeptic's stomach would be a frightfull sight and a dreadful warning. A view of the interior of a healthy stomach is not unpleasant, but, on the contrary, is a very interesting sight. There is nothing like Browe's Iron Billers to keep the stomach beauthy or to restore it when demoralized by the effects of indigestion. Miss Ida Snivers, Kilicott, City, Md., says, "I suffered from dyspepsia and general prestration. Brown's Iron Bitters improved me from the start," A Mushand's Greatest Blessing

Senator Bayard and His Family. Washington Letter to St Louis Globe-Democrat.

Mrs. Bayard is an attractive and still youthful looking matron of the old fashioned style of beauty, a refined face with delicate features and persive air, framed in a head dress of lace and rows of small gray curls at either side. Delicate health prevents her from going out much, and her daughters have often to receive and discharge all the social duties for her. Senator Bayard's eldest daughter was married two years ago to Mr. Samuel Warren, of Boston, and the second daughter, Miss Katie Bayard, a very slender and vivacious blonde, is the member of the family most seen. She is a graceful girl and a brilliant talker, but dresses always in some peculiar and extraordinary way, the eccentricities of her hats and headgear having long been famous. As "Queen Hortense," or a lady of the first empire, at Miss Miller's fancy dress ball last week she quite astonished the company with the literal reproduction of the scanty cos tume of that era, something that no other girl in the city would have eral reproduction of the scanty costume of that era, something that no other girl in the city would have dared or been permitted to attempt. A younger sister, Miss Nannie Bayard, is going in society for the first time this winter, although she has made no formal debut at a home entertainment. Senator Bayard is a great friend of Senator Fair, the Nevada millionairs of divorce and other great friend of Senator Fair, the Nevada millionaire of divorce and other notoriety, and Senator Fair is constantly giving dinners and theatre parties for the Bayard daughters. The Delaware Senator has also a great fancy for the people of the sock and buskin, and it was he who joined Mrs. Langtry when she went to the Senate gallery, and after chatting with her for awhile there, escorted her through the building on a sight her through the building on a sight seeing tour, and finished the afternoon with a little lunch at the restaurant. This year he gave Ellen Terry a breakfast party, not at his own house, but at a restaurant, and his daughters and other ladies attend-

Mexican Troops on the Move.

CITY! OF MEXICO, March 18.—General Alatonie, in command of 8,000 troops, has been ordered to immediately join his forces with the 7,000 groops now in the State of Michoacan and proceed to the State of Chiapas, which borders on Guatemala. These troops are now in motion.

A Clear Skin

is only a part of beauty but it is a part. Every lady may have it; at least, what looks like it. Magnolia Balm both freshens and beautifies.

JOE PERSONS REM

Merit Will Tell in the Long Run TARBORO, N. C., Feb. 4, 1885. Mrs. Jos Person: Madam —Ship us at once 5 gross of your Remedy and 2 gross Wash. We are doing well with it in Tarboro, and sales are rapidly increasing and it has given satisfaction, so far as we have learned, in every case. We are Respectfully,

WHAT IT HAD DONE.

WHAT IT HAD DONE.

TARBORO, Feb. 4, 1886.

For several years I have had a trouble with my breast, which I fear is cancer, that being incident to my family. For two years past my general health has been wretched from its effects. I became so weak I was incapacitated for all work: my appetite was gone, the sight of food was nauseating to me. I would would wake up in the morning so tired I scarcely had energy to arise and dress myself, upon the least exertion I had palpitation of the heart so violently that I was helpless. I was so nervous I could get no good sleep, but would lay awake at night restless, and when I did drop off to sleep would soon awake with a start, and it would be hours before I could get to sleep again. My constitution was wrecked—hope was gone. I concluded, as a last resort, to try Mrs. Joe Person's Remed. I commenced using it last July, have taken I? bottles, and the effect has been wonderful. My general health is excellent. I sleep as well as I ever did in my life and wake in the morning feeling refreshed and well. I can not only get well as I ever did in my life and wake in the morning feeling refreshed and well I can not only get up and cook my own breakfast without fatigue but have fine appetite to relish it now after I cook it. I can go all day long and am not tired when night comes. I have not have fine a bouch of palpitation of the heart, since soon after I commenced the Remedy. My breast does not pain me at all, or give me any trouble. I do not know whether the Remedy will cure my breast or not, as the lump is still there, but if it never does no words of mine can express my gratitude for what the Remedy has done for me. It has done more for me than Mrs. Person promised me it would do, when I consulted her in regard to using it. I will take pleasure in giving any one information in regard to my case who may desire it. I wish every affileted person in the land could know of its virtue, I am gratefully.

Witnesses. H. R. Erran. B. B. H. L. H.Y.A.N.

Wittnesses-H. B. Bryan, E. B. Hodges.

PILES!! PILES!! PILES! A sure cure for Blind, Bleeding, Itching and Ulcerated Piles has been discovered by Dr. Williams, (an Indian Remedy), called Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointmeht. A single box has cured the worst chronic cases of 25 or 30 years standing. No one suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions and instruments do more harm than good. Williams' Pile Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense Itching, (particularly at night after getting warm in bed.) acts as a poultice, gives instant relief, and is prepared only for Piles, Itching of private parts, and for nothing else. Price 50 cents. T. C. Smith & Co., agents.

PERSON'S

REMEDY

It is Nature's Great

System Renovator

AND BLOOD PURIFIER SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

TO FURNITURE BEALERS AND THE PUBLIC.

BARGAINS!

BARGAINS!

WITTKOWSKY &

In consequence of the exhilarating influences of approaching spring during this week we will offer in every department unprecedented bargains in order to clear out stock and make room for our

Spring Importations,

Now daily arriving.

SPECIAL SALE OF -

AND CORSETS,

On Tuesday, 17th instant. No lady should fail to see the bargains we offer

In a short time we shall call the attention of our customers and the public to our spring assortments, which will by far exceed anything hitherto seen in this section. Our preparations for Spring and Summer trade are on a far more extensive scale than ever before. We therefo e hope that our selections will not only meet with popular favor but also deserve a hearty and largely increased patronage.

WITTKOWSKY & BARUCH CHARLOTTE, N. C.

E. M. ANDREWS

THE FURNITURE DEALER.

Largest Stock in the State. CHROMOS,

OIL PAINTINGS, WINDOW SHADES, FEATHER DUSTERS, AND BABY CARRIAGES.

SEND FOR PRICES.

E. M. ANDREWS.



LAND FOR SALE.

I offer for sale that valuable tract of land lying just beyond the eastern limits of the city of Charlotte, and known as "The Grove." This tract comprises one hundred and thirty-two and one-half sares of land, of which about twenty-five acres are creek and branch bottoms. Upon this tract is a large and commedicus dwelling house, and the necessary out-buildings.

I also offer for sele another farm (adjoining the above) of fifty-two and one-half sares, upon which are a small frame and several log houses.

I will sell this property as a whole or I will divide it to sult purchasers. This property can be bought at a reasonable price and on easy terms, and any one wishing to purchase would do well to apply at ence to decitoesasatasunawif

NE OF THE MEDICINES THAT HAS

Mrs. Joe Person Remedy.



WANTED.