# SPRING AWAKENING!

vifty dezen Ladies' Hem stitched, all-Linen Handkerchiefs, at 121/2c., worth 25c. 35c. handkerchiefs hread Hose, split feet, 25c, per pair Job lot Ginghams and S erspekers very cheap,

## Our Spring Goods

tre ready for your inspection and we extend to you a cordial invitation to examine them before four stock comprishs everything in the dry goods line from hooks and eves to the finest woolen he sure to look at our Dress Goods and Embroderies. Parge stock Torchon Laces. Also

Nice Line of READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Very cheap, and Gents' Straw Hats.
Tamking you for past favors, and hoping to merit a continuance of same by fair dealing, low prices and polite attention, we are yours, truly,

## HARGRAVES & ALEXANDER.

SMITH BULLDING.

Miss Lavinia Hunter is over our store, where she will be glad to see everybody wishing dressmaking, cutting and fitting.

# NOTEING TO EQUAL IT They Have

Is now complete and we are able to present to

our friends and customers the most attractive and best selected stock we have ever had the pleasure

Gents' Shoes in every style, shape and quantity, from the broad 'Common Sense' to the elegant and beautiful fitting "Dude Shoes,"

Our stock of Hats was never more complete.

TRAVELING BAGS.

Should you need a nice Silk or Mohair Umbrella we can suit one and all.

IN THE CITY.

### SPRINGSTOCK A Good 4 Button Kid Glove

In the most desirable Spring Shades,

## ONLY 69°, PER PAIR. BOOK, Shoes and

This is a job lot and cannot be duplicated. Let every lady in need of a pair call and be convinced that this is a bargain. My new stock is pronounced prettier than ever. All cordially invited to drop in and post themselves on the new styles. We will take pleasure in showing you the new goods whether you are

ready to buy or not. Respectfully,

T. L. SEIGLE. Pegram

### ALEXANDER & HARRIS

Are Now Receiving Goods.

CALL AND SEETHEM.

ALEXANDER & HARRIS.

# REGARDLESS OF COST

We Are Selling Glothing those two great powers, will be like by to have on American commerce, are subjects of considerable interest to TO-DAY,

W.KAUFMAN&CO

Now offer their entire stock of

CLOTHING AT SUCH LOW PRICES

That it will astonish everybody. We mean to sell out our stock and don't intend to carry any over and to do this will make prices to suit everybody. Men of limited means can buy at our house a good suit for \$4.50. \$5.00, \$6.00. \$7.00, \$10.00. These suits we sold at least 33\frac{1}{3} per cent higher before the Holidays, but we mean to sell, and therefore put the knife into prices. Finer grades of Suits which we sold dary commission was appointed, at \$15, \$18, \$20 and \$25, we now sell at \$12, \$12.50. holding to the understanding early in 1872 that Afghanistan should consist \$15 and \$18. A large line of

Which we will close out for less than cost of production.

Men's Underwear at greatly reduced prices. We will only maintain these prices for a short time, as we are bound to make room for our Spring Stock, which will shortly is, Penjdeh and Yolontan. They is is in 1832 the salors occupied the middle course of the Murghab, that is, Penjdeh and Yolontan. They is is in 1832 the salors occupied the middle course of the Murghab, that is, Penjdeh and Yolontan. They is is in 1832 the salors occupied the middle course of the Murghab, that is, Penjdeh and Yolontan. They is is in 1832 the salors occupied the middle course of the Murghab, that is, Penjdeh and Yolontan. They is in 1832 the salors occupied the middle course of the Murghab, that is, Penjdeh and Yolontan. They is in 1832 the salors occupied the middle course of the Murghab, that is in 1832 the salors occupied the middle course of the Murghab, that is in 1832 the salors occupied the middle course of the Murghab, that is in 1832 the salors occupied the middle course of the Murghab, that is in 1832 the salors occupied the middle course of the Murghab, that is in 1832 the salors occupied the middle course of the Murghab, that is in 1832 the salors occupied the middle course of the Murghab, that is in 1832 the salors occupied the middle course of the Murghab that is in 1832 the sa Which we will close out for less than cost of production.

The Charlotte Observer.

Daily

Subscription to the Observer. DAILY EDITION. Single copy..... By the week in the city..... WEEKLY EDITION.

Subscriptions always payable in advance, not only in name but in fact.

No Deviation From These Rules

THE SPOILS SYSTEM. The Galveston News, in a very clever editorial, argues the question of a healthy civil service policy, by the new administration, and its possible effect upon the future of politi-

cal parties. It says: What will be the effect upon politics if President Cleveland shall, to a very great extent, realize and enforce his programme of civil service reform not merely the fulfillment of the literal requirements of the law, but the application of the same principle to all posts below the grade of cabinet ministers and their immediate assist ants? There are, indeed, two divisions or possible degrees of this application, one of which would still leave the spoils appetite much greater play than the other, and it is not yet certain which degree of application of the principles the President favors. He may, on the occurrence of a vacancy, give play to the rule of rotation in office, with a benefit to the adherents of his party. He may, on the other hand, take the more radis cal view that the term of office is but a form, and so in all cases of conspicuous ability and fidelity to the public trust renew the appointment. This latter course only would be a thorough breaking away from the spoils poli-ticsidea. Even with the cabinet offices and the foreign embassies as reward of party service, in addition to the legislative career, there would be somewhat of a material basis for practical party formation on the new Democratic side; but with the expectancy of all the offices after a single term, there would still be essentially the same material party basis as now, though in a less gross form. Men adhere to a party, even spoilsmen to a spoils party in opposition, year after year in the hope that their turn in office will come on

ing till the appointed term expired would not necessarily make any great difference in the morale of the spoils parties. But if the President should ignore the spoils system and all hopes of its supporters to the extent of renominating competent, faithful and irreproachable officials who may happen not to be Democrats, then strange things are not unlikely to happen. There would be two spoils parties in the field against the reform administration, and it would be a question whether the reform would not perish be-tween their ambitions. In or der to avert this danger it is possible that a national civil service

re orm and reform maintenance par-

ty would come to the front before the end of Mr. Cleveland's term, to control at least the balance of power, and coerce one or other of the spoils parties to give evidence in its candidate that it had renounced reactionary tendencies. Civil service on principles of stability and efficiency for public, not for party ends, would be the political issue perhaps above all other questions for some years to come. There would doubtless be a postponement of other great political questions in order to make this strugde to prevent the mechanism of government from being longer used as a mere spoils machine. It would be a reform that could not hope to be secure until the proper functions of parties had become much clearer than at present. Great mischief may result from even the efficient and honest enforcement of a bungling and country is combating spoils polities; but the same mischiefs in no less degree will certainly prevail and

dishonest revenue system for years while the moral sentiment of the be no less hurtful under a spoils regime of any sort, with, in the latter case, less hope that they will receive any honest treatment at last. Mr. Cleveland's action, if very resolute, may give this country a very earnest political issue with regard to the de-feat of the spoils methods as to office holders. The spoilation of the people by the tariff and similar contrivances may still go on for a long time, and the latter evils will finally have to be remedied when the material necessities of the people will brook no fur-

ther delay. THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN RUS-

MIA AND ENGLAND. The telegraphic despatches from across the waters in regard to the attitude of England and Russia, and the probable effect of a war between if there has ever been a paradise on those two great powers, will be like-

Americans just at this time.

We have found the following elab. orate account of the difficulty in one of our exchanges and publish it below for the benefit of that class of our readers who take an interest in the matter. We confess, to our disappointment, that it is as clear as mud to us, but that's none of our busi-

The question between England and Russia relative to the Afghan title to Penjdeh has given some additional interest by the introduction into popular discussion of the views of a Russian on the subject. This statement of the territories of Dost Mahommed and Shere Ali. On this propo-sition the Russian declares Penj deh out of the jurisdiction, because neither Dost Mahommed nor Shere Ali ever possessed it, 'nor did the Af-ghans ever collect taxes from its in

habitants. Defining the political situation of present moment. The rule of the Ameer extended no further than to Kara tepe, and the Afghans never interfered in the affairs on the Murg hab. "Although early in 1850 Dost The General Assembly of North Car-

jected a part of the Afghan Turkestan, even at his death (1863) Maymene had refused to submit to the flag of the Afghans. Still more, the Ameer professed no pretentions to any place west of Maymene.
"It was like Mery, subject to the
Khan of Khiva. Medemi, Khan of

Khiva, came here several times to fight the Turkomans when they revolted against him, remained a long time in Penjdeh, marched thence to Sarakhs, and all this aroused no pretensions on the part of the rulers of Cabul or Herat." The lands were regarded as belonging to the independent Turkomans, and not as forming a part of Afghanistan, a circumstance confirmed by the map of Vamberry, made of the district in 1863, the year of Dost Mahommed's death, and the distinction was similarly made in the official map of General Walker, published by the Topographical Depart ment of India in 1873.

Mahommed Khan had definitely sub

It was only later that the Saryks inhabiting Penjdeh entered into res lations with the Afghans in order to secure greater facilities for pasturing their flocks in certain seasons, paying a sum per 100 sheep for the privilege. The payment for pasturage was very irregular, but 'the Afghans never dared to appear in person to receive the money, but in case of non payment they seized the flocks upon pasturage and detained them until their claims were satisfied. At the same time the raids of the Saryks into the Herat valley were of frequent occurrence. Such were the relations between the Saryks and the Afghans. It is quite clear that the payments were simply rent for the privilege of pasture, and did not im-ply subjection to Herat. It is only in 1834 that, profiting by the pacification of the desert by Russia, the Ameer tried to subject Pendjeh, and in July occupied it by placing a bat-

The Game of Copenhagen. A young lady writes to the editor of the Atlanta Journal and asks him for an explanation of what is meant by the game of Copenhagen. He had "been there," and answers the question through the columns of his

paper. He says: Well, it's a lively game, Sis. It was first invented in the neighbor-hood of the White Mountains in after the defeat of the opposite party. This may show that a postponement of their hopes by wait well, it doesn't matter just how long ago he went on an excursion to a

shady retreat up the Hudson river. A half a dozen Jersey City Sunday schools had united in a picnic, and the reporter was present by invitation. There were present a splendid bard of music and hundreds of rosy cheeked "Jersey Lilies" and ambitious youths were made restive by its enlivening strains. The dignified church deacons round about frowned at the inclination to dance and the game of Copenhagen was indulg-

ed in instead. In less time than it takes to tell it, an area in the pleasant grove was encircled by a rope supported here and there by the trees at the periphery of the circle. The interesting game was then commenced. A score or. two of lads and lasses gathered about the circle and placed their hands on the rope On the inside of the circle was a half grown boy, and a careful observation revealed the fact that it was a part of his duty as one of the players to rush around the circle, endeavoring all the while to touch some one of the girls on the hand while her hand was in contact with the ropes. In the event of success in his undertaking, it was his privilege to imprint a kiss on the lips of the young lady so touched, provided he could bound out of the circle and touch her before she could take, his place within. For a time the young nan walked hurriedly around the circle but at his approach the young ladies raised their hands from the darted under the rope and was on the outside; the young lady was en-deavoring to get wishin; he tried to

rope. He soon began to wear a dis couraged look, but finally came upon a girl who 'wasn't looking' Softly, out quick as a flash, he touched her petite hand. A schoolgirl scream rent the air and was echoed across the broad waters; there was a rustle of silk; the young man in the circle touch her; she sluded him for a time, but he was finally successful and claimed his kiss. She then got within the circle; touched a boy's hand; he dived under the rope; caught her before she got out and claimed his klss. Boy No. 2. remained in the ring and went about slapping at bands as boy No. 1 had done. And so the game is. It was just about this time that the reporter, who had been an interested spectator, yielded to the earnest entreatics of friends and joined to the game with great of economy, honesty and reform. Off zeal and energy. Formal introductions were by no means requisite, and earth it was right there and then Nobody seemed to get tired of the

game. It lasted all day and there was not even a stop for dinner. It was better than "MANY, MANY STARS" It was more interesting than a circus; more satisfying than all the wealth of the Vanderbilts and Astors; more exhilirating than Dry Verzenay or Mumm's extra dry, and withal as delightful asthe day was long. So the game appeared to the writer. Sis. near the seashore in "the golden long ago, ' but there is truth and wisdom in the able minister's words: "Better the quadrille than

All Quiet at Highlands. RALEIGH, N. C., March 28 .- Con-

cerning the trouble with moonshiners at Highlands, Macon county, a telegram was received by the Governor today from Adjutant General Jones, ust returned from Highlands. Quiet prompt and vigorous enforcement of | till the other day." the law by the State and Federal authorities is all that is required. No disturbance has occurred since the affray of the 10th of March, but threats of murder and burning have been communicated. Almost a reign of terror exists among the Highlands people. The lawless element consists mainly of citizens of Rabun county,

TAKING CARE OF SICK FOLKS. An Act Relating to the Practice of Medicine in the State.

olina do Enact: Section 1. That section three thouand one hundred and twenty-two of the Code be amended by striking out the words, "Provided, no person who shall practice in violation of this chapter shall be guilty of a misde-

Sec. 2. That section three thousand one hundred and thirty-two of the Code be amended by adding at the end of said section the following:
And any person who shall begin the practice of medicine or surgery in this State for fee or reward, after the passage of this act, without first having obtained license from the board of examiners, shall not only not entitled to sue or recover before any court, any medical bill for service rendered in the practice of medicine or surgery, or any of the branches thereof, but shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollors nor more than one hundred dollars, or mprisonment at the discretion of the court, for each and every offence: Provided, that this act shall not be construed to apply to women who pursue the avocation of a midwife: And provided further, that this act shall not apply to regularly licensed physicians or surgeons residing in a neighboring State. Sec. 3 That this act shall be in force

from and after its ratification. In the General Assembly read three times, and ratified this the 23rd day of February, A. D., 1885.

AN ORIGINAL OHIO "IDEA,"

Member of the State Legislature Creates a Scene and Attempts Suicide. Special to Baltimore Sun

COLUMBUS, O., March 25.—While discussing the general appropriation bill in the House today, Allen O. Myers, Democratic member from this city, who was said to be somewhat intoxicated, accused Mr. Littler (Republican) with being influenced by capitalists, and characterized him as a sneak, a liar, a thief and a cur. The chair endeavored to call him to order, but Mr. Myers persisted, and refused to obey the order of the speaker. Mr. Littler, very pale, rushed across the aisle at Mr. Myers. The members rose to their feet with one accord, and started in the direction of the belligerent statesmen. Mr. Stillwell and Chief Clerk Fisher shielded Myers and prevented Mr. Littler from striking him. Mr. Stouffer stood with a chair poised in the air, ready to bring it down on the head of any one who attacked his Democratic col-

the Speaker, Mr. Cogan, was very vainly pounding and calling on the sergeant-at-arms to separate the hotheaded members. When these offi cers finally appeared on the scene the cooler legislators had queited the agitated parties, Myers's friends quickly secured an adjournment and stay ed off the resolutions to expel him which were being written. Two such resolutions are prepared, however, one to be introduced by a Democrat and the other by a Republican, and there appears to be little doubt that

Mr. Myers will be expelled. Mr. Myers will be expensed.

Mr. Myers attempted to commit suicide by taking morphine late tonight, but while taking the drug he choked and swallowed but a small portion of it- He was driven to his home and is now out of danger.

Off with Their Heads.

Gen. Weaver, of Iowa, says the situation in Iowa is very similar to that described by ex Gov. Glick. Every Republican editor in Iowa has a postoffice. He says that there is not one of them who did not publish all through last year every detail of the dirtiest scandals that were circulated against the Democratic candidate. He thinks that the filing of any one at these papers edited by any one of these Republican postmasters in the last campaign would be enough to warrant his removal for cause. He says that if the Democratic managers expect to make any headway in the West they must disarm the Republican country press. They do not ask that these postoffices should be given to Democratic editors, but simply to good Democrats who are endorsed by the communities in

which they live. What is true of the West is true in a great degree of the South. All the offices here are filled with Republicans who did all in their power to defeat Cleveland and to elect Blaine. They were active partisans during the campaign. They organized and led the Republicans. They retailed all the coarse scandals and slanders of the campaign and filled the minds of the negroes with fears of slavery in the event of Democratic victory They left nothing undone towards securing Democratic defeat. These men must go. To leave them in office and power is to endanger the continued success of the great party

Marriage in High Circles in New York

Miss Eloise Lord, a daughter of Mr. George W. Lord, of the well known dry goods firm of Lord & Taylor, New York, was secretly married on February 21 at the residence of the Rev. Henry A. Powell, of Brooklyn, to Mr. Francis B. Rider, who is supposed to be a traveling salesman. Although the marriage notice announces Mr. Rider as a resident of New York, his present abode is Brooklyn. He fell in love with Miss Lord some time ago, but, knowing that her parents would probably disapprove of it, did not attempt to see her at her father's house. His suit was successful, however, and on the 21st of February they were secretly married in Brooklyn. The bride's father said Monday night that his only desire was that his daughter should not destroy her entire happiness by a single rash step like this. "I know absolutely nothing about at Waynesville, as follows: I have the young man," he said, "but I am just returned from Highlands. Quiet doing all I can to find out about him. has been restored, but apprehension | The marriage ceremony was performof further trouble are felt. There is | ed by a ciergyman regularly ordainno need of troops at present. The ed, and I never knew of the matter

"The play's the thing, Wherein I'll reach the conscience of the king." And equally tre is it that Dr. Pierce's "Pleasan Purgative Pellets" (the original Little Liver Pills are the most effectual means that can be used to reach to reach the seat of the disease, cleansing the bowels and system, and assisting nature in her recuperative work. By druggists.

A CARRED. To all who are suffering from errors and indis-cretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, e.e. I will send a recope that will cure you. FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self-addressed envelops to Bay. Joseph T. THE NORTHWEST TROUBLES. Bad State of Affairs on the Northern

Border. CHICAGO, March 28.—The Daily News Winnipeg Special says: A tel-egram from Brandon says the moun-ted police have captured Louis Geuville, an emmissary of Riol, who had been sent with letters to the Indians and half breeds of Broadview, Oak Lake and Bail. The St. Paul papers were rot found. The prisoner says he left Riol six days ago, and that he had then six American cannon and 15,000 men, and that he was being joined by the American Indians. Maj. Crozier and his men, he says, have been made prisoners. Gen. Middleton was informed of the capture, and ordered the prisoner brought here. He arrived on a spe-cial car yesterday afternoon and is

locked up for examination. A large special train left here yesterday for the West, with the rest of the troops and Gen. Middleton in command with sufficient supplies for two weeks. Maj. Crozier sent word to Battle Ford recently that an attack upon the fort by the rebels was im-minent. He had between 150 and 200 Indians under arms and three pieces of artillery. Great uneasiness is felt here over the report that the American Indians are going to join the rebels. All Canadian Indians are now known to be uneasy, and some are threatening to rise.

Reports come from districts and towns throughout the country of farmers organizing companies and drilling for defense.

Minister Phelps at a Yale Dinner.

NEW YORK, March 28.-Edward Pierrepont presided at the dinner of the Yale alumni at Delmonico's to night. Among the eminent guests were Edward J. Phelps, minister to England; President Noah Porter, of Yale College; Wm. Walter Phelps and others. Ex Minister Pierrepont introduced the newly appointed plen-ipotentiary. Mr. Phelps, in answering, said he did not know the connection between Yale and politics, for Yale was not a political institution, and nobody knew less about politics than himself. No man appreciated better, said the speaker, the untried difficulties of the new position, and he hoped to discharge his duties as successfully as his predecessor, who has honored Yale's great sister institution as she had honored him. and who had met the trials of the position with perfect satisfaction to the people on both sides of the water.

MRS. JOE PERSON'S REM.

TABBORO, N. C., Feb. 4, 1885. MRS JOE PERSON:—Madam —Ship us at once 5 gross of your Remedy and 2 gross Wash. We are doing well with it in Tarboro, and sales are rapidly increasing and it has given satisfaction, so far as we have learned, in every case. We are Respectfully,

WHAT IT HAD DONE.

TARBOBO. Feb. 4, 1885.

For several years I have had a trouble with my breast, which I fear is cancer, that being incident to my family. For two years past my general health has been wretched from its effects. I became so weak I was incapacitated for all work; my appetite was gone, the sight of food was nauseating to me. I would would wake up in the morning so tired I scarcely had energy to arise and dress myself, upon the least exertion I had palpitation of the heart so violently that I was helpiess. I was so nervous I could get no good sleep, but would lay awake at night restless, and when I did drop off to sleep would soon awake with a start, and it would be hours before I could get to sleep again. My constitution was wrecked—hope was gone. I concluded, as a last resort, to try Mrs. Joe Person's Remed. I commenced using it last July, have taken I7 bottles, and the effect has been wonderful. My general health is excellent. I sleep as well as I ever did in my life and wake in the morning feelling refreshed and well I can not only get up and cook my own breakfast without fatigue but have fine appetite to relish it now after I cook it. I can go all day long and am not tired when night comes. I have not had a touch of palpitation of the heart, since soon after I commenced the Remedy. My breast does not pain me at all, or give me any trouble. I do not know whether the Remedy will cure my breast or not, as the lump is still there, but if it never does, no words of mine can express my gratitude for what the Remedy has done for me. It has done more for me than Mrs. Person promised me it would do, when I consulted her in regard to using it. I will take plegasure in giving any one information in regard to my case who may desire it. I wish every afflicted person in the land could know of its virtue, I am gratefully. WHAT IT HAD DONE.

Who is Mrs. Winslow? As this question is frequently asked, we will sim-ply say the she is a lady who for upwards of thirty years has untiringly devoted her time and talents as a f-male physician and nurse, principally among children, ene has especially studied the constitution and wants of this numerous class, constitution and wants of this numerous class, and, as a result of this effort, and practical knowledge, obtained in a lifetime spent as nurse and physician, she has compounded a Soothing syrup, for children teethinff. It operates like magic—giving rest and heath, and is moreover sure to regulate the bowels. In consequence of this article, Mrs. Winslow is becoming world-renowned as a benefactor of her race; children cartainly do rise up and bless her; especially is this the case in this city. Vast quantities of the Soothing Syrup are daily sold and used here. We think Mrs. Winslow—as immortalized her name by this invaluable article, and we sincerely believe thousands of children have been saved from an early grave by its imely use, and that inlitions yet unborn will share its benefits, and unite in calling her biessed. No mother bas discharges her day to her suffer-No mother has discharged her duty to her suffer-ing little one, in our ophnen, until she has given it the benefit of Mis Winstow'. Southing Syrup Tr. it, mothers—tr; it now—Ladles' Visitor. New York City Sold by all dengists. Twenty-five cents a nattle.

PILESI A sure cure for Blind, Bleeding, Itching and Ulcerated Piles has been discovered by Dr. Williams, (an Indian kemedy, called Dr Williams, Indian Pile Olistmeht. A single box has cured the worst chronic cases of \$5 or 30 years standing. No one suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lottons and instruments do more harm than good. Williams' Pile Olistment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching, (particularly at night after getting warmvin bed.) acts as a positice, gives instant relief, and is prepared only for Piles, itching of private parts, and for nothing else. Price 50 cents. T. C. Smith & Co., agents.

PERSON'S

REMEDY

It is Nature's Great vstem Renovator

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

AND BLOOD PURIFIER,

TO FURNITURE DEALERS AND THE PUBLIC.

WE have commenced the manufacture of Furni-ture in this city, and having the very latest and best machinery, are prepared to do the very best work possible, and guarantee satisfaction.

NOW READY

WORLD OF FASHION.

Mourning Goods.

Many ladies in remote parts of the State may not be aware that we conduct this branch of business to the perfection of art, under the management of Mms. Reynolds, of New York, whose ability as an artist of the highest order can be vouched for by hundreds of ladies, who have already experienced the

Our Millinery

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

E. M. ANDREWS

Largest Stock of Furniture in the State. SEND FOR PRICES. made

COFFINS, CASKETS and BURIAL SUITS,

### Orders by telegraph attended to day or night. E. M. ANDREWS.

FRED C. MUNZLER, AGER BEER DEALER AND

BOTTLER, CHARLOTTE, N. C., Represents two of the largest LAGER BEER Breweries in the United States.

The Bergner & Engel Brewing Co., of Philadelphia, and the F. & M. Schaffer Brewing Co., or THE LARGEST LAGER BEER BOT-TLING ESTABLISHMENT

IN THE CITY. promptly filled and delivered free of charge to any part of the city.

LAND FOR SALE.

I offer for sale that valuable tract of land lying just beyond the eastern limits of the city of Charlotte, and known as "The Grove." This tract comprises one hundred and thirty-two and one-half acres of land, of which about twenty-five acres are creek and branch bottoms. Upon this tract is a large and commedious dwelling house, and the necessary out-buildings.

I also offer for sale another farm (adjoining the above) of fifty-two and one-half acres, upon which are a small frame and several log houses.

I will sell this property as a whole or I will divide it to suit purchasers. This property can be bought at a reasonable price and on easy terms, and any one wishing to purchase would do well to apply at

SWEET GUM & MULLEI

WALTER A. TAYLOR, Atlanta,

MRS. JOE PERSON'S

Remedy

Will Cure all Blood Diseases. \$10,000