CHAIR MUDDIES.

## News! News!

# SPECIAL SALE

50 PIECES Torchon Edgings & Insertings

FROM 5 TO 750. PER YARD.

White India Lawns, 10, 121, 15, 25 and 35 cents. Paid India Lawns, 15, 18, 20, 25 and 35 cents. Plaid Mulls 35 cents.

Hamburgs from 1c to \$1.50 per yard.

Allover Embroideries for yokings, 50c to \$3.00 per yard.

Big stock of Dress Goods, embracing all new fabrics.

Parasols for everybody.

Come and see our stock," we have good goods and at low prices. Truly,

### RGRAVES & ALEXANDER.

OLD STAND

In Ladles', Gents', Misses', Boys' and Children's

FOR THE

GREAT BARGAINS IN FOOTWEAR.

Ladies making purchases in this line will do well to remember that their wants can be fully supplied from my stock, as I am prepared to show an unusually large va- Late riety of styles and prices, both in Ladies' and Children's goods, also some very pretty styles for baby carriages.

JUST RECEIVED, ORIENTAL LACES, Spring and Summer Trade.

New style Neck Roochings and Children's Collarettes.

Ask for Warner's Corsets and Seigle's Dollar Shirt.

SPRING GOODS!

N

T. L. SEIGLE.

Call in on Monday, April 13th,

And See What a Splendid Stock of

--- WE HAVE TO OFFER YOU .--

ALEXANDER & HARRIS

SEND FOR PRICES.

"TRUTH LIKE THE SUN, SOMETIMES SUBMITS TO BE OBSCURED, BUT, LIKE THE SUN, ONLY FOR A

The Charlotte Observer.

Subscription to the Observer.

No Deviation From These Rules Subscriptions always payable in advance, not aly in name but in fact.

THE LEGAL PROFESSION. Surprise is sometimes expressed that so many young men in the United States should seek the legal profession, notwithstanding the fact that it is already overcrowded, and that many who belong to it have a rough and tumble scramble to get along. The profession is doubtless overcrowded, there are many in it who have all they can do to earn enough to keep Fody and soul together, but there is no other profession in this country which offers to the young man the opportunities for All Wool Nun's Veiling and Albatross, all colors.

Job lot of 100 dozen Buttons at 5c per dozen, worth 10 to 50

Silk Gloves 25 and 35 cents per pair.

Big stock Ladies', Misses' and Children's Oper: Slippers, from 50c to \$3.00 per pair.

who have all they can do to earn enough to keep Fody and soul together, but there is no other profession in this country which offers to the young man the opportunities for political distinction that this does, and perhaps in this fact may be the political distinction that this does, and perhaps in this fact may be the fascination it has for the ambitious in that part of the Pacific ocean. They found on the outskirts of this that part of the pacific ocean. latures of any of our States, at the House and Senate of the United States, and note the great preponderance of lawyers. Seven-eights of all the leading appointments made by the present administration are lawyers, and a very large proportion of the lesser ones. Now the fact is that in a country like ours political ambition develops very early in life, and We are Still at Our the lesser ones. Now the fact is that in a country like ours political ambition develops very early in life, and yers as politicians, and leave to them pretty much the direction of public affairs. Conventions nominate and

With the Most Complete Assortment the people elect, them to office, and when new administrations come into power the official lightning goes out should not accept and enjoy the honors conferred upon it, but to call the principal avenues to political promotion and success, which may er depth than that the corals were killed by cold. This is the generally Boots & Shoes account for why so many young men in the face of great obstacles embrace it in preference to other avoca tions where they would have less to

contend against. ARBOR DAY.

The arbor day idea is spreading and becoming popular in the United States, and it is not improbable that in time it will be adopted by the States generally. From a treeless prairie the State of Kansas has been planted with millions of trees by the ONLY FIRST-CLASS GOODS. people, who turn out on a given day and plant forest, fruit and ornamental trees. Pennsylvania has followed the example of Kansas and has her arbor day, Iowa offers bounties to her residents who plant annually and properly care for a given number of trees, as do also some of the other Western States which suffer from a scarcity of timber. In this way the destruction of the forest growth is to some extent remedied. Our towns and cities might be much beautified, and much beneficed as well, if the arbor day were adopted and the peo-AND EVERY DAY DURING THE WEEK, ple turned out and planted in their yards, public squares, streets and cemeteries shade and ornamental trees, The result of which would be that in a few years there would be SPRING GOODS! more trees planted than there are now in a dozen, and some of the treeless, shrubless and unsightly towns Our Parasols are very handsome and good value. Our Ladies' and Mivses' Hoslery Stock is first-rate and very cheap. We have a large stock of Ladies Cuffs and Collars; also a beautiful line of Lace Collars all styles and prices. Our stock of Summer Silks is larger than usual, and we believe the best value in town. We are offering a line of Black Silks at prices far below any to be found in this market. Ask to see our stock of Black Goods, we have an elegant stock; also Colored Dress Goods, all kinds and shades, at prices that cannot fall to please. Our stock of White Goods and Embroideries is the first in the State. We keep the linest stock of Kid Gieves in the market. Ask for Corsets, Shirtings and Sheetings, Marsalla Quilts, Table Lines and Table Napkins. also Lines Towers, and Crash Ginghams, Seersuckers, etc., etc. would become beautiful and attractive. There are some towns in North Carolina whose chief beauty is the trees that adorn them.

The revocation by President Cleve land of President Arthur's order of February 27th, opening to settlement the Winnebage and Crow reservations in Dakota, places the settlers, who went in there on the strength of ited by an intelligent race of people, who built the temples, and forts of President Arthur's orders, in an em-E. M. ANDREWS barrassing position, if they are now to be forced to retire. If Mr. Arthur blundered in making that order the Largest Stock of Furniture in the State. settlers who went in there in good faith, and began the work of making homes for themselves, should not be made to suffer for it.

Soap trees similar to those growing in China and Japan are said to flourish in Florida. They are prolific bearers of a berry about the size of a marble, which may be used as a substitute for soap just as they are taken from the trees. In Florida, however, they are usully boilded down and cast into bars. It is thought they may be made to grow on Northern farms after a little acclimatization.

The Angelican Communion throughcut the world embraces at tim present time 206 Bishops and 29,668 for the three months of 1885 were clergy. Of these 71 Bishops and valued at \$90,305,150, as compared ably been treacherous. When Rusvicker States. This gives an average of 1 States and \$94,248,010 in the first quarter of 1883. The imports for the imports for the three months of 1885 were ably been treacherous. When Rusvicker is a declared she wants peace, she generally means war. This time she has professed a desire for peace; and Bishop to every 144 clergy. In Ennine months ending March 31, 1885, gland there is only one Bishop to were valued at \$310,924,947, as comevery 553 clergy; in Ireland, one to pared with 353,999,839 in 1884, and 146: Scotland, 35; colonies, 38; and United States, 51

Ex Gov. Moses, of South Carolina, who is now serving a term in the Massachusetts penitentiary for obtaining money under false pretenses, announces that he will go on the leature platform when he gets out.

There are few towns in England with less than \$0,000 inhabitants which have a daily paper.

President Cleveland ha- bought a span of horses, but he positively reA SUNKEN CONTINENT.

Relice in the Pac fic Ocean of an Intelligent lince.

Capt. L. W. Herandeen, a mariner, who has spent years in sailing the trackless Pacific, related to a reporter a few days ago, facts that he had observed, which tend to prove the theory set forth by Dana, that there is an immonse area of the Pacific ocean an immonse area of the Pacific ocean bed lying under the equator, about 6,000 miles in length, and about 3,000 in breadth, that has been gradually sinking lower and lower for thous-ands of years, till now land that was once lying in the sun and washed by waves is now buried in the fathomless depths. The following is the "There is ample evidence that a vast area in the Central Pacific ocean, now sunk far deeper than the fathom

attention of scientific men to this area that there were islands fringed

tion develops very early in life, and the lawyer and the politician run pretty close in hand, so close that the people have come to look upon law from thirty miles or more to only a few feet, but corals do not build their reefs at a greater depth than 100 feet, and yet by sounding these singular reefs in the Pacific opean it was found that the coral reached as far as the fathom line went. The conclusion of scientific men was that the bed of the and hunts lawyers to strike. We don't say this in a spirit of fault finding with the profession because it figures so largely in the political field, for there is no good reason why it peared the fringing reefs became atolls or circles of coral inclosing a calm lagoon. It was found that the attention to the fact that it is one of reefs below one hundred feet are dead, and it is inferred that at a low-

> sidence of the Pacific. "But there is other evidence which is more interesting, because it relates to the decay of a great race of people that once inhabited this region. A few years ago I stopped at Ponyni pete Island, in the Pacific, in east longitude 158 degrees, 22 minutes, and north latitude 60 degrees, 50 minutes. The island is surrounded by a reef, with a broad ship channel between it and the island.

accepted theory in regard to the sub

"At places in the reef there were natural breaks, that served as en-trances to the harbors. In these ship shannels there were a number of is lands, many of which were surrounded by a wall of stone five or six feet high, and on these islands stood a great many low houses, built of the same kind of stone as the walls about them These structures seem to have been used as temples and forts The singular features of these islands is that the walls are a foot or more below the water. When they were built they were evidently above the water and connected with the main land, but they have gradually sunk until the sea has risen a foot or more around them. The natives on the do not know when these works were built; it is so far back in the 'past that they have even no tradition of the structures. Yet the works show signs of great skill, and certainly prove that whoever built them knew thoroughly how to transport and lift heavy blocks of stone. Up in the mountains of the island their is a quarry of the same kind of stone that was used in building the wall about the islands, and in that quarry today there are great blocks of stone that have been hewn out ready for transportation. The natives have no tradition touching the quarry, who hewed the stone, when it was done, or why the work ceased. The natives are in greater ignorance of the great phenomena that are going on around them than the white man who touches on their island for a few hours for water. There is no doubt in my mind that the island was once inhabwho built the temples and forts heavy masonry on the high bluffs of the shore of the island, and that as the land gradually subsided these bluffs became islands. They stand today with a solid wall of stone

Commerce of New York.

around them, partly submerged in

The month of March saw a large decrease in the value of both the im port and export trade of the port of New York. The total value of the import trade during the month was \$86,794,748, as against \$41,028.167 in the same month of 1884, and \$43,096,-999 in March, 1883. The exports during March amounted to \$28,259, 094, as against \$36,030,146 in March, 1884, and \$34,475,181 in the same could never seize Merv without losing month of 1883. The imports for the three months ending March 31, 1885, took it without losing even a single were \$96,538,000, as compared with \$117,505,008 in the same period of 1884, and \$122,293,167 in the three months of 1888. The total exports \$371,280,626 in 1883. The total exports for the nine months of this year were

Indictments for Manstaughter. New York, April 18 —The grand Russia wi jury to day found indictments for manslaughter in the second degree against Contractor Buddensick and his assistant, Charles Frank who built the houses in 62nd street, which collapsed a few days ago, killing one of the workmen.

CONFEDERATE HOME ASSOCIA-JION.

Call for Annual Meeting. RALEIGH, N. C., April 20, '85. Comradus —The annual meeting of the Confederate Home Association will take place May 20th, 1885, in this city, and it is earnestly desired that every section of the State be represented.

The main object of this association is to erect in North Carolina a suitable home for her unfortunate and dependent old soldiers.

The passage of the pension bill by the last General Assembly, must not

be allowed to cause a cessation of labor in the patriotic work undertaken by this association. The bill only provides, to a very limited extent, for the disabled by wounds. It does not meet the necessities of those who by disease and misfortune, resulting from serving their State.

resulting from serving their State, are in need of our bounty and kind-ness. While aid extended dependent and penniless soldiers by legislation may satisfy their physical wants, it can never bring to them that precious peace of mind and those pure and patriotic heart beats of gratitude which voluntary gifts in their behalf

inspire.

Nothing could possibly be more humiliating and mortifying to our maimed and homeless comrades than hearing taxpayers complain of being forced to contribute towards their support, hence this association seeks to raise the means it requires from friends, who, appreciating their services and necessities, are willing to voluntarily donate a part of their substance that North Caroliua's dependent veterans may end their days

in comfort and peace.

From those who think poor houses are good enough for friendless and homeless old soldiers, this association neither expects nor desires aid, We seek only such contributions as will purify our cause and inspire those great and sublime sentiments circumscribed by "our duty to North Carolina's heroes

This being our aim we cannot do otherwise than hope for success, for surely the people of North Carolina will never permit the stainless record of her matchless soldiery to be marred by their refusal to aid a movement calculated to lighten and make happy the pathway of her veterans as they march to the camp beyoud the river.

W. F. BRASLEY, President

Russian Policy. It was in Persia, as Napoleon fore-

saw, that the first conflicts between the British and the Russian interests in Asia took place; -for as much as through Persia pass all those great commercial and military routes which unite the valley of Mesopotamia and the Caucasus to the basin of the river Indus. As early as 1813 the Russians extended their aggrandisements into Persia, seizing the provinces of Schir-wan and Dajhestan. Next year the British government exacted a treaty from Persia by which India was to be secured against Russian invasion; and from that moment Persia became the theatre of the jealous drama in which the two mighty European powers have since been playing the chief roles. But Russia ever appears in the winning roles; in 1851 the Russian frontier was separated from that of India by a distance of 1,500 miles;

today the interval has been reduced

to less than 300 miles. Her troops are only 80 miles from Herat. Herat has been for many centuries regarded as one of the great keys to India;—its position, commanding the route from the Caspian sea to the valley of the Indus, gives the place as much importance strategetically as commercially. It was for this reason that England always desired Herat to remain the centre of an independent neutral state. For the very same reason Russia has always at-tempted to stir up such a conflict in Afghanistan, or to provoke such actions on the part of the Afghans as might afford her the ghost of an excuse for controlling the country by force of arms. She has pursued the same policy on the Indian frontier that she has been following on the Turkish borders; and the objective point has been Herat in one case as much as Constantinople in the other. The English wars with Afghanistan have been all stirred up by Russian diplomacy; and if the present Afghan ruler is loyal to England, it is because he is shrewd enough to know that he can hope for nothing from the Czar. His kingdom and his revenue are only preserved for him by English influence. As recently as 1883, Abderrahman Khan relied a little two much upon English support, when he openly defied the Russians to cross the Amoor Daria, and subsequently attacked the Khanates of Bokhara, vassals of Russia. It was just such a pretext as Russia might flave been anxious to obtain for war; she only complained for the moment, and induced the Viceroy of India to summon Abderrahman Khan to be-have himself. But she avenged herself very soon by annexing Merv, and subsequently Sarakhs, without losing one drop of blood. The annex-ation was effected wholly by diplo macy Russia had been shrewd enough to speculate upon the politi-cal dissensions excited by the influ-ence of England on the one hand, and of various native ambitions upon the other. She encouraged and fomented these dissensions, and at the proper moment offered to restore order by assuming control,—an offer gladly accepted by the commercial classes who constituted the bulk of the population. Sir Henry Rawlin-son had declared i in 1879 that Russia

Cossack. She now commands the road to Herat; and Herat she will have before long. Telegrams are still contradictory but the policy of Russia has invarithis signifies that she is quite ready to fight. But the secret reason of her eagerness to fight is her knowled Cabinet. The policy which made a \$277,030,864, as compared with \$281, failure of the Soudanese campaign 004,967 in 1884, and \$295,120,054 in and made England a world's laughfailure of the Soudanese campaign, ing stock, is a policy Russia hopes to take advantage of. While Gladstone and his party remains in control Russia will not fear to seize the gates

> "Well's Health Renewer" for delicate women. A CARD

Corruption in New York.

King Money can do anything he pleases in New York, and in no field he is so potent as in our courts. There was a time when bribery was looked upon as an unpardonable crime. This is not so now. It is gil-

crime. This is not so now. It is gilded over with gold.

There is a man on the bench who told me with his own lips that he paid \$50,000 for his nomination as judge. And another very prominent judge told me a few years ago that he mortgaged his salary, \$15,000 per year for three years to obtain his nomination. He was as poor as a church mouse then, but he was elected, and in a year he decided a case at which millions were at stake, and he paid off the mortgage and also made enough money to buy one of the finest residences in the city. These judges are elected for fourteen years at \$15,000 a year, and of course these positions are worth having, and I know a police captain in the city who, on a salary of \$3,000 a year, has saved at least \$1,500,000 in ten years.

I know of a congressman from the city, who, on \$5,000 a year, has become worth \$100,000 in two years.

I tell you nothing is too sacred for King Money to clutch at with his slimy fingers.

Hints to Nurses. Hall's Journal of Health.

Never stand at the foot of a sickbed and survey the patient. All figures loom large to fevered eyes, and by the side of the bed are only partially seen, and do not annoy with the sense of too much presence. Do not open the door very slowly, for then the attention is strained, speculating as to who the next comer can possithe attention is strained, speculating as to who the next comer can possibly be after all this precaution and with such cautious approach. Low but clear tones, quite but sure movements, and rapid rather than slow, are a great relief to any patient who is blessed with a practical nurse. Whisper is torture. Silence is best until you can discuss matters in another room; but if you speak, speak out, and make no misteries about anything. In severe illness the nurse anything. In severe illness the nurse must watch her patient steadily, but not seem to be looking. In convale-scence it frequently soothes the in-valid to have the nurse seated at the window, apparently looking out. This frees the faculties from the tension that the sense of being watched

### Men Think

they know all about Mustang Liniment. Few do. Not to know is

feb3 d thusuaw

"Well's Health Renewer" for dyspepsia, debility

Positive Cure for Piles. To the people of this county we would say we have been given the agency of Dr. Marchiel's Italian Pile Ointment—emphatically guaranteed to cure or mency refunded—Internal, external, blind, bleed ng or itching piles. Price 50c. a box, No cure, no ray. For sale by L. R. Wriston, druggist. junel?codl

STOP THAT COUGH

By using Dr. Vrazier's Throat and Lung Balsam—the only cure for coughs, colds, hoarseness and sore throat, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Do not neglect a cough. It may prove fatal. Scores and hundreds of people owe their lives to Dr. Frazier's Throat and Lung Balsam, and no family will ever be without it after once using it, and discovering its marvelous power. It is put up in large family bottles, and sold for the small price of 50 cents a bottle. Sold by T. C. Smith & Co.

WILLING "GOD BLESS YOU!" An Extraordinary Case of Cure

by the Mrs Joe Person Remedy. The following letter, dated January 14, 1885, has just been received, and will be shown to any person who is interested in the subject. Names and dates are withheld for obvious reasons:

MRS. JOE PERSON: "Madam-On the 29th of last May a boy child well developed in every respect was born in this city, but the "King of Terrors" began to chisel about its little heart, and notwithstanding its plump and vigorous constitution the poison in the blood soon began to manifest itself in what the medical men term 'Eczema,' 'Pupura,' or 'Heredi-tary Taint.' Some old 'mothers concluded the child had the 'yellow thrash.' Yet whatever the

try, heping that the pure fresh air might be beneficial, and Dr. —, of Lumberton, was called to treat the case. He pronounced it Eczema, and did all he could for it, but to no purpose, any more than to check the fever to which the disease subjected the boy.

ilsease it was certainly a stubborn master for the

"At the first frost the victim was again remove to the city, and immediately Dr. — was called and he pronounced the disease 'Pupura,' and prescribed accordingly, feeding up the disease on fron and other minerals until the babe's mouth be-came so sore that for two weeks it did not nurse, A friend suggested as a last hope and resort 'MRS. JOE PERSON'S REMEDY.'

"All means of procuring any more help or medi-cine had falled, and in this hour of deepest de-spair the poor mother went and asked her drug-gist to let her have one bottle and one package of the Remedy, and was refused, because she did not have the money to pay for it. She pawned her wedding ring and raised \$1.50 to pay for the medi-sine.

wedding ring and raised \$1.00 to pay for the medicine.

"When she gave the child the first dose, three weeks ago to-day, the little fellow was a mass of scaly sores from the hips to the knees, and at seven months cid had never borne his weight on his feet. To-day, by the help of God and a faithful administration of the Remedy the child is well and strong in the legs, and last Sabbath morning while the mother was weeping at the necessity of drying up her breast, he took hold and nursed as strong and vigorous as ever. The administration of the Remedy is still kep up to effect a complete cure.

"Belleving in its effects of have prevailed upon Mrs.—— to take it for Inflanimatory Rheumstism."

Mrs. JOE PERSON'S REMEDY

A Blessing to Humanity. BOCKY MOUNT, N. C., Feb 28, 1885.

My first order for Mrs. Joe Person's Remedy was for one dozen, the demand increased until I had to order 12 dozen bottles. My sales are daily increasing, and the results are very satisfactory from all who have used it 'Mr. M. C. Strickland, of Nash county, had been a sufferer for many years with muscular rhenmatism. had is now on his fifth bottle, and great has been his improvement. His crutches and stick are thrown aside, and he exclaims, "I am a new man." His certificate will soon appear. Yours respectfully,

A. W. ARBINGTON.

See What Mrs. Joe Person's Remedy Will do for General Bebility. ROCKY MOTNT, N. C., March 2, 1885.

ROCKY MOTST, N. C., March 2, 1895.

A rew months ago my daughter had been suffering with some blood imparity which resulted in boils and risings on her body; they occasioned such debility and general had health that I had to stop her from school in consequence. She was reduced in fissh, and her general health was giving away. After trying various treatments without effect. I concluded to use Mrs. Joe Person's Remedy. It acted like a charm, her general health is excellent, she is cured of the risings, has resumed by static, and he carry the health health is a second of the risings, has resumed by static, and he carry the health for the risings of the second of the risings has resumed by the second of the risings have been supplied to the second of the risings have been supplied to the second of the risings have been supplied to the second of the risings have been supplied to the second of the risings have been supplied to the second of the risings have been supplied to the second of the risings have been supplied to the second of the risings have been supplied to the second of the risings have been supplied to the second of the risings have been supplied to the second of the risings have been supplied to the second of the second of

## Wittkowsky & Baruch's

Will be the place to go for WHITE GOODS this week. They have an immense stock, the largest they have ever shown, and comprising the

### GREATEST BARGAINS

That have ever been offered in this section, in Cambrics Swiss Checks, Nainsooks, Indie Mulls, Indie Tissues, Jacobets, Checked, Striped and Plain Fabrics, Dotted Swiss, Tarleton, India Linon, Tyre Cloth, Linen d' Daccas, Imperial Mulls, Victoria and Eugenia Lawns, Printed Mahdis, Printed Lawns, Printed Linen Lawns, Sylphide Cloths, Scotch Lawns in fast colors, all of which are marked at prices that

Is fast becoming the most popular Glove ever introduced in this city. They are the most perfect fitting Glove a lady can have, and extremely cheap, only \$1.25, worth \$1.75 a

Another Big Drive in

## H-O-S-I-Baraya.

150 Dozen Misses' Fancy Hosiery at 10c. per pair worth 20. Our Carpet sale will continue this week only. Bargains in every department.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

W. KAUFMAN & CO.

Men & Youths' Spring Clothing,

Soft and Stiff Hats

Of the finest and best makes. We offer this week a lot of odd and end suits, of light and dark colors, at the uniform price of \$6.50, worth double the money.

# A Great Bargain

In CHILDREN'S BLACK HATS, at 25c. aplece, at one-half less than oth

W.KAUFMAN&CO CENTRAL HOTEL CORNER.

TEAS.

Gunpowder, Young Hyson and Formesa Ocion

SEED POTATOES,

JOHN CALDER, Corner Tryon and Sixth Streets Opposite Meth

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

Any one wishing to buy a destrable 7 room dweling within five minutes walk of the public squar in Charlotte—cheap—can find such an investment of applying to R. E. COCHRANE, Banager Charlotte Real Estate Agency. B. S. MYERS.

Broker and Commission Mercha

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

FRED C. MUNZLER -WHOLESALE

LAGER BEER DEALER AND BOTTLER. CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

Represents two of the largest LAGER BEER Breweries in the United States. The Bergaer & Engel Brewing Co., of Philadelphia, and the F. & M. Schaffer Brewing Cop of New York.

THE LARGEST LAGER BEER BOT-TLING ESTABLISHMENT N THE CITY. promptly filled and delivered free of charge to any part of the city.

ONE OF THE MEDICINES THAT HAS

Mrs. Joe Person Rem



COFFINS CASKETS and BURIAL SUITS,



apiece.

Orders by telegraph attended to day or night

E. M. ANDREWS.