Fiv. Sul'on SCALLOPED TOP KID GLOVES in tans and light browns at the vary law price of 75 cents. Other kids at \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$2.00. We guarantee 1. kids over \$1.00 per pair.

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Sale of Remnants in

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Miss Lavinia Hunter is again at her post over our store, and will be glad

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TEA CLOTHS,

ALABSTILLES QUILTS, at \$1 (0, 11.25, \$1 50 \$2.25, \$4 00, \$4.50 each. Ask to see the qual I am at ling at \$1.25.

Int Scrim Curtains. at 12/21 and 20c. ; er yard.

NOTTHENGIA : CURTAINS By the yard and by the pair.

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BUY WARNER'S CORSET and SEIGLE'S DO: LAR SHIRA. T. L. SEIGLE. Teg

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Spring

THE

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Have just received one of the largest and best selected Stocks of

CORSETS Ever brought to Charlotte.

A good corset for 50 cents.

A better corset for 75 cents. The best \$1.00 corset in the city.

A Satteen corset (French pattern) without a rival. A first class woven corset (French)

A good line of nursing corsets.

Misses corsets in good style and quality.

Don't forget to examine the "Unbreakable" and "Jewel" corsets.

All the above are new and selected with care, and it wil be to your interest to look at the same before buying:

E. L. KEESLER & CO.



The Favorite Household Remedy.

IF NEVER PAILS TO CURE ALL ACRES AND PAINS. Dran - In: -I can cheerfully recommend your Liniment for aprairs. I used a half bottle on my ankle upon which I could scarce!) bear my weight, and in twelve hours it was perfectly well.

W. C. WILSON, Charlotte, N. C.

This certifies that I have used the medicine named "Fornets" Nest Liniment" sold by W. N. and len, and am satisfied that it has regiment. I can recommend it as a good remedy. Will do what is claimed for it.

T. W. GUTHRIE.

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Houses Rented. conses rented and rests collected, in the offi-northese from of charge. CHARLOTTE REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

B. E. COCHRANE, Manager, wad it Trade Breet Front (ept) al Hotel THE LATEST

The Charlotte Observer.

"TRUTH, LINE THE SUN, SOMETIMES SUBMITS TO BE OBSCURED, BUT, LIKE THE SUN, ONLY POR

Subscription to the Observer. DAILY EDITION.

WEEKLY EDITION.

No Deviation From These Rules Subscriptions always payable in advance, not

THE TELEGRAPH.

A NORTH CAROLINA INVEN-TION .. MR. CLEMMONS' STATEMENT.

A Most Important Interview-Lueid and Modest Claim to Have Invented the Principle, and Demonstrated the Theory-How the Invention was Stolen by Morses' Partner, the Electrician Page--Reasons why the Real inventor Has Remained Silent. Correspondence of THE OBSERVER.

Washington, D. C., February 20.-"Would you object to giving me brief sketch of your history, and especially of the history of your connection with the invention of the electric telegraph." So said THE OB-SERVER correspondent this morning to Mr. Junius Lynch Clemmons.

"Not at all," was the reply. "I was born in the village of Clemmonsville, Rowan (now Davidson) county, North Carolina, on the first day of December, 1813, and am now seventy two years of age. I am now an old man but very well preserved, as you can see. For the last year or two I have been troubled with a slight dyspepsia, but apart from that my health has always been good. Indeed, I can say what very few can say that for fifty-five consecutive years I never lost a meals' victuals by sickness. I am satisfied that in all my life I was never confined to my bed so much as ten days by sickness. I begin however to feel the effects of age and know that the end is not far distant.

"My father was a merchant, and my boyhood days were spent for the most part behind the counter. At the age of eighteen I was sent to Randelph-Macon College, in Virginia. After spending a year and a half in the preparatory department I entered cellege, and after passing through the regular course, graduated in

"In the year 1833, when about the age of twenty years, I commenced attending lectures on chemistry, and was forcibly struck with the powers of the galvanic battery, and its connection with electrical currents. In thinking over the matter I felt convinced that electricity could be practically used in conveying intelligence between distant points on insolated wires. I announced this belief to my classmates and to illustrate my idea drew a diagram around the walls of my room, exhibiting a wire supported by glass brackets on upright poles such as are now in use, with a battery at each end and an independent clock work on which to receive messages.

I attempted frequently to explain this to my comrades but was only laughed at for my pains. I was regarded as la visionary, and my project as a dream. I contended that it would work and prophesied that in the near future a man would be sitting in his chamber in New York conversing with his brother in New Orleans as familiarly as if they were seated at his own fireside, Yea more, that the President of the United States would in the same manner converse with the Emperor of Russia in an instant of time. This of course was regarded by all as the extreme of fanaticism. Only one of my classmates would listen to me with any degree of credulity and that was a young man from North Carolina by the name of Baxter Cligg, who afterwards became somowhat prominent as a Methodist preacher.

"In after years a number of my schoolmates came out with voluntary communications to different newspapers testifying to what I have above stated. Prominent among them was J. W. Cameron, at one time editor of a paper published at

Wadesboro, N. C. "Being young and somewhat diffs dent, I did not press my suggestions upon the public attention; but hearing that a gentleman by the name of Page, in Washington City, had become quite eminent as an electrician. I resolved to communicate to to bim my dideas on the subject of telegraphy by the electric current, and to obtain his views on the subect. I therefore wrote to him exining in detail my views, accompanying the same with diagrams, etc., and asking him for his apinion. To t received no answer This failure to answer was rather a damper upon my enthusiasm and I thought that after all probably my theory was not practical or its merits would have been appreciated by a man eminent in electrical science.

I therefore dropped the matter and devoted myself to my studies, saying but little more about the telegraph. I was prepared myself by a collegiate literary course for entering upon my profession as a lawyer and devoted myself exclusively to that purpose.

Years rolled by and I had almost forgotten the telegraph matter, when in the year 1844 I opened the Washington Globe one morning and the first paragraph that attracted my at-Tuis failure to answer was rather a

at paragraph that attracted my at-

tention was an account of the formation of a partnership between Page, Morse, Amos Kindall & Smith to erect an experimental telegraph wire between Baltimore and Washington City, and an application to Congress for pecuniary aid.

"The moment I saw the combination the conviction flashed upon my mind that page had used my suggestions to him made eleven years before in the furtherance of the Morse project, and when I learned that at the time I wrote to Page in 1833 and for some years afterwards he was an examiner in the patent, office and forbidden by law to take out a patent in his own name my convictions were confirmed. Indeed, I was so positive of the fact that I wrote a communication to the Washington Globe publicly charging Page with having availed himself of my suggestions.

Being thus publicly charged with appropriating my suggestions he was compelled to reply to my communication and did so by admitting that he had eleven years before received my letter and diagrams, but excused himself for not answering it on the graund that he then thought there was nothing in it.

"In the meantime Morse, Page & Co., having received Congressional aid proceeded to erect their line between Baltimore and Washington, which proved a success and so linked Morse's name with the project as to give him the boom over everybody

"Not withstanding," continued Mr. Clemmons, "to place my reputation for veracity in the crucible of public criticism, and caring very little about the matter anyway, I remained silent ever afterwards.

"I should say that the alphabet which I suggested to Mr. Page was precisely the same as that which was used by Morse, and I believe is still used. I have long since ceased to give any attention to telegraphy, but give any attention to telegraphy, but take it for granted that it is now a very different thing from what it was in the beginning, on account of the numerous improvements result—

Mr. Laban Hoke, near Lovelady, Mr. Oman Crouch, while cutting a piece of lumber had his left hand fearfully mangled by the circular saw. Drs. Ellis and Abernethy, of Hickory, and Drs. Sam and A. D. Jones, of Lovelady. ing from experience. "It is, in fact, hardly proper to

say that the electric telegraph was an invention, or that it originated with any one man. It was a growth. not an invention. It commenced with Valte and Galvani, a hundred years ago, and has gradually grown up to its present stature. In the years of 1835, '36, '37, much attention was given to the subject, both in Europe and America. Scientists in at Washington, and others, were studying the subject, and in fact, making experiments in a small way. Doubtless the idea of telegraphing by the electric current was original with several different persons, as well as myself. Its practical introduction, however, was due to Morse, and he is entitled to the credit of having first proved its utility. I think he is entitled to the greater honor, for while with others it was mere theory, he put it into practice and conferred thereby its blessings upon the world. I would not pluck a single leaf from the laurel that circled his brow, or drop a word that would reflect upon his memory."

The above is absolutely literal and correctly represents in every partieular what Mr. Clemmons said to your correspondent. I am convinced not only of his sincerity, but also of the accuracy of his statement. I never talked with a more modest,

unassuming gentleman. is a marvel, that for more than forty years he has permitted the greatest invention of the country to be credited to another, when he himself had furnished that individual's partner the above key to the invention. He does no t now wish to use his own words, to "pluck a single leaf from the laurel that circled his (Morse's) brow." But in addition to the reason for not assisting himself, which Mr. Clemmons assigns, it will occur to older readers of THE OBSER VER, that forty or fifty years ago Southern self-assertion was confined entirely to politics. In those archoic, certainly Arcadian, days in North Carolina, the wonder would have been rather that a man should bother about scientific investigation at all. Such things were left to "the Yankees," Had Mr. Clemmons pushed the matter in 1833, the world would now recognize him as the inventor of the electric telegraph. As it is the facts should become generally known, and the honor of having been the first man to discover how the thing

by popular acclaim on the earnest and intelligent collegian of North vided for. He has been a successful lawyer during his forty eight years of practice. His earningsbeing invested in real estate in the city of Louisville in real estate in the city of Louisville
His present position, that all clerk to
his step-son's River and Harbor com
mittee, which he has filled for several years, gives about as much employment as a man of his years, but
active habits would desire. He resides with his wife, formerly the wid,
ow of Dr. Willis, at the Metropolitan
Hotel, and the able and popular Kentucky Congressman, Mr. Willis, perhaps Speaker Cerlisle's right-handman, certainly are of his best friends
has rooms adjoining. Thus in peace
and comfort, mental and bodilyaths

could be worked should be bestowed

STATE NEWS.

The residence of Judge Thomas-Ruffin was destroyed by fire at Hills-boro, ast Satuarday. Loss \$5,000; no insurance.

Washington Gazette: A Pactolus farmer gave a very sensible answer to an attorney the other day. The farmer said he never paid his debts with bonds, nor secured them by mortgage. "How do you manage them?" asked the lawyer. "Why, I simply pay cash for all I purchase. When I nave not the cash I do not buy." When every farmer can say this, we will have good old times.

Raleigh Visitor: It is with the eepest regret that we chronicle the death of this most estimable and be-loved lady, Mrs. Lilly Murry Ferrall, which took place at 12:30 o'clock this morning at the residence of her husband. Capt, John R. Ferrall, No. 112 South Salisbury street, after an extreme illness of several days duration. The immediate cause of death is stated by her physicians to be the capt. is stated by her physicians to have-been puerperal fever —Mr. Harris Vaughan died last night at 8 o'clock at his residence, No. 224, West Lane street, of consumption of the bowels.

A special to the News and Observer from Washington, North Carolina, under date of the 20th, says: The steamer Coucord, of the Farmers and Merchants line, for Baltimore, with 472 bales of cotton, was consumed by fire today. She started from the wharf at 8 o'clock, in a heavy northwest wind, and grounded about a mile below town. She took fire about noon and was totally consumed. The value of the cargo

Hickory Press; On last Wednesday at the new steam saw mill of Mr. Laban Hoke, near Lovelady, Mr. Lovelady, were call d in Thursday and amputated the arm about three inches above the wrist. The patient is now doing well.

The Wilmington Review says: A meeting of the merchants and business men of the city was held at the room of the Produce Exchange at neon today, to take into consideration the subject of the public build-ing to be erected in Wilmington. Col. W. Kerchner, president of the Chamber of Commerce, called the meeting to order. On motion a Europe and America. Scientists in England, France, Germany and the United States were working upon the problem in those years. Dr. Lockson in Roston: Joseph Henry. other expenses.

Asheville Advance: Another destructive fire occurred at Burnsville, Wednesday morning. Several offices and small buildings, situated on what is known as the Carter Corner, were destroyed. The dwelling and store-room adjoining were saved. This is the second fire that the town has sustained within the carter of the second tained within the past few weeks. No insurance on any of the property, and we are informed that there is not a single piece of property in the town

Stock and Dairy Farming.

Your allusion to the visit of a prominent dairyman of Maryland to this section, with the view of removing his business South, should remind our people of another important change needed to redeem our agriculture from the thraldom of the cotton curse. I refer to stock-raising. In this line the possibilities are even greater than dairying; and the secret lies in the untold riches of two grasses now spreading all over the country, and usually regarded as "Farmers' Pests," but which are unrivalled for summer pasturage. I allude to the two grasses variously called, the one the Means, Johnson or guinea grass; the other the cane, wire or Bermud grass. These "pests" will soon take the country under its present system of ship-shod farming. But they can be easily and profitably utilized in stock-growing. They are not well suited for the dairyman. They are rather coarse and do not make first class butter. Blue grass and clover are the grasses for that, and this section is not yet quite ready for these.
We need shade for the one and rich
clay for the other. Both may be somewhat utilized in improving our lands, but as a general thing they are

not a success here. What we most need is a judicious study of our soil and climate; thritt and skill in mixed agriculture; and, above all, the steady application of the capital and brains of the South to its vast and varied resources. This would soon make our cotton and tobacco (as they ought to be) the sources of untold wealth, and at the same time speedily drive from our streets, instead of along them, luminostreets, instead of Yankee hay, and beling loads of Yankee hay, and hobbling hordes of Vistern hogs, to say nothing of Dutch cabbage, Irish potatoes, Kentucky mules and Texas ponies, the two latter, at times, liter ally taking the town. In the light of I am gratified to learn that in his the late stir at Raleigh over the "Agricultural Department" comes in

No fragant wild flower of the heath Is sweeter than my dance sigh; No pearl is whiter than her factly while her sure tips the traces dis-

Like a Waft

Henry Scott, colored, sentenced to be hanged tomorrow in Wilmington, for an outrage on a white girl, has received a respite of, three weeks, from Gov. Scales.

News and Observer: Capt. W. W. Carraway, president of the Monticello mad stone company, has shipped several mad stones to Sir Ramsetjee Jeejeebhoy, at Bombay, India. They will be tried as antidotes to the bite of the cobra and other deadly Indian snakes.

Washington Gazette: A Pactolus

was about \$20,000, fully insured.

to the Editor of THE OBSERVER.

Agricultural Department" comes in apt time. We need a little agricultural breeze to set the farmers themselves to thinking, and see if they can't stir up the political "museum." In this view probably the "State Chronicle" and its wonderful Page may have done, unintentionally, a good thing for old North Carolina.

cipies Lands is the breath which has channed by the aid of SOZODONT, the beautifier of the teeth. Desay touche

Dr. Holmes' Toast to the Dentists.

In declining an invitation to dine with the New York Odontological Society, last week, Oliver Wendell Holmes wrote: "I often think of the forlorn condition of some of the great personages of history in the days when there were no dentists, or none who would be recognized as such by the dental artists of today. Think of poor King David, a worn-out man at 70, probably without teeth, and certainly without spectacles. Think of poor George Washington, his teeth always ready to drop like a portcullis, and cut a sentence in two. See him in Stuart's admirable portrait, his thoughts evidently divided between the cares of empire and the maintenance of the status quo of his terrific dental arrangements. Think of Walter Savage Landor's melancholy complaint that he did not mind losing his intellectual faculties, but the loss of his teeth he felt to be a very great calamity. In declining an invitation to dine

calamity. "I will venture to propose, then, the dental profession and their association as its worthy representative. It has established and prolonged the reign of beauty; it has added to the charms of social intercourse and lent charms of social intercourse and lent perfection to the accents of eloquence; it has taken from old age its most unwelcome feature and has length-ened enjoyable human life far be-yond the limit of years when the toothless and purblind patriarch might well avoiding. There are please might well exclaim: 'I have no pleasure in them."

A Story of Mary Anderson.

Washington I etter in the Chicago Tribune. Mary Anderson's first visit to Wash ington was soon after her debut. Gen. Sherman was her chief patron. She played at the old National Theatre. John McCullough acted Ingo-mar to her Parthenia. They redeemed a wretched play. Arriving at the close of the second act I went to a friend's box to which I had been invited. Regret was expressed at my lateness, as Mary Anderson had spent the previous inter act in that box. Rap, rap, came at the door. When it opened there stood the peerless Greek maiden. After a "how d'y do" she threw herself into a stiff wooden chair, tipped it back against the wall, crossed her knees, and swaying backwards and forwards, hummed, "Sweet little Buttercup," hummed, "Sweet little Buttercup," which the band was playing with impunity, for it was seven years ago. Ever since this little incident the 'tom boy" stories about Mary Ander son have seemed to me quite credi-

Washington's Birthday in New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22. - Washington's birthday is being observed as holiday today in the usual quiet fashion.
Flags which have been floating at
half mast almost continuously of late LADIES COLLARS LADIES COLLARS were raised to the top of the poles, and enjoyments of various forms is sought after. Patriotic organizations fitly commemorate the birth of the "Father of our Country" during the

"I Don't Want Relief, but Cure," is the exclamation of thousands suffering from catarrh. To all such we say: Catarrh can by sured by Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It has been done in thousands of cases; why not in yours? Your danger is in delay. Enclose a stamp to World's Dispensary Medical Association. Buffalo, N. Y., for pamphlet on this disease.

Daughters, Wives and Mothers We emphatically guarantee Dr. Marchist's Catholicon, a Female Hemedy, to cure female diseases, such as ovarian troubles, inflammation and niceration, falling and displace ment or bearing down feeling, irregularities, barrenness, change of life, isucorrhosa, besides many weaknesses springing from the above, like headsche, blooring, spinel weakness, sleeplessness, nervous deblity, paintiation of the heart, &c. For sale by druggists. Prios \$1.00 and \$1.50 per bottle. Send to Dr. J. B. fiardist, Utica, N. Y., for pamphlet, free.

For sale by L. . Wriston, druggist, Charlotte N. C. in the control of the

FOR SALE.

56 Two desirable building lots, 50x800 feet, fronting on South Tryon street, adjoining the property of J. H. Carson. Shade trees on lots. Will be so'd separately or together. Price \$700. CHARLOTTE REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

L. J. WALKER.

NEW FIRM . NEW GOODS

N the first day of January, 1895, the undersigned entered into a co-partnership for the purpes of carrying on a

General Grocery Business

At the old stand of Springs & Burwell, corner Tryon & Fourth streets. We are qualified by long experience, to meet the demands of the trade, and give satisfaction to our customers. We will keep on hand at all times a full stock of

FAMILY SUPPLIPA

Which will be delivered to any part of the efficient

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Magnolia Balm

is a secret aid to beauty. Many a lady owes her freshness to it, who would rather not tell, and you can't tell.

EMBROIDERIES

BEGINNING

February 22nd.

We are exhibiting many thousand yards of Embroidery, which we are offering for Sale in strips of 44 yards. Remember we will positively not cut the strips.

They Range in Prices

As Follows:

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THESE: PRICES: STAND: UNEQUALED.

NEW ARRIVAL BETTER VALUE THAN EVER.

NEW STYLES
NEW STYLES
NEW STYLES
NEW STYLES
CHEAP & NEAT
CHEAP & NEAT

GENUINE LACE SCRIP

40 inches wide at 121 of

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LADIES COLLARS

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WITTEDWINE BARUCH, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

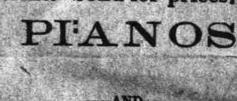
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Of the best makes on the installment plan. Low prices and easy terms. Send for prices.



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