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In Pink. Blue, Garnet, Cardinal, Oream and Tan, which we are selling at \$1 25. They are bargains. We are receiving the prettiest stock of

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A nice assortment of DRESS GINGHAMS and SEERSUCKERS. A new lot of Everlasting Trimming, Torchon and Valencennes Laces, Colored Silks and Saturs, the best line of

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GREAT PROPOSITIONS.

BILLS CLOSELY AFFECTING OUR WHOLE PEOPLE.

Education and Internal Revenue Bills of Messrs. Beid and Henderson-The Prospects of their

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 16 .-Representatives Reid and Henderson have undertaken, and, with a great deal of labor prosecuted conjointly, to introduce in the House a number of bills having a common purpose and directing them to the condition of affairs which exists in North Carolina and some other States. Instead of an analysis of these important measures, which would take several hours more time than I have at command, I send the full text taken from the author's manuscript. The leading bills were not completed until past midnight yesterday.

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BUTTON, CONGRESS & LACE SHOES.

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TRUNKS,

The first measure is introduced by Mr. Henderson, and is entitled: "A bill to mitigate the severities and to moderate the horrors and cruelty of the punishments inflicted for the violations of the Internal Revenue Laws." It is an elaborate act, to which the author has added the helpful feature of a marginal index. The first section concerns the punishment of distillers for defrauding or attempting to defraud the United SECTION 1. That Section 3257 of the Revised Statutes shall be amended by striking out all after the word "premises" in line 6, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: And shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars or imprisoned not exceeding three years, or both in the discretion

The second section relates to the The second section relates to the penalty for not having still or apperatus registered. It provides;

Section 2. That Section 3258 of the Revised Statutes shall be amended, by making all after the word "forfeiture" in line 15 read as follows;
And every person having in his possession or custody, or under his constrol any still or distilling apparatus session or custody, or under his control, any still or distilling apparatus set up which is not so registered shall pay a penalty not exceeding five hundred dollars, and shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding two years, or both in the discretion of the court. Section 3. Touching the penalty for not giving the notice required by law or for giving a fraudulent notice. It provides: That Section 3259 of the provides: That Section 3259 of the Revised Statutes shall be amended so Revised Statutes shall be amended so as to make all after the word "prescribe" in line 39 read as follows:
Any person who fails or refuses to give such notice shall pay a penalty not exceeding one thousand dollars, and shall be fined not exceeding two thousand dollars; and every person who gives a false or fraudulent notice shall also be imprisoned not ex-

tice shall also be imprisoned not exceeding two years. Section 4 gives penalty for distillers failing to give bond. Its provisions are: That Section 3260 of the Revised Statutes shall be amended so as to make all after the word "revenue" in line 22 read as follows: Any person who fails or refuses to give the bond hereinafter required, to rethe bond hereinafter required, to renew the same, or who gives any false
or fraudulent bond, shall forfeit the
distillery, distillery apparatus and
all real estate or premises connected
therewith and shall be fined not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisoned not exceeding two years.
Section a affixes penalty for distilling on certain prohibited premises.
It reads: That Section 3266 of the
Revised Statutes shall be amended so
that all after the word "rectifying" Revised Statutes shall be amended so that all after the word "rectifying" in line 9 down to and including the word "offense" in line 13 shall read as follows: And any person who does any of the acts prohibited by this section, or aids therein or causes or procures the same to be done, shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars or imprisoned not exceeding two years, or both in the

thousand dollars or imprisoned not exceeding two years, or both in the discretion of the court.

Section 6 has relation to penalty for breaking locks, gaining access to cistern, &c. It provides: That seption 3268 of the Revised Statutes shall be amended by making all after the word "officer" in line 5 read as follows: Shall be fined not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisoned not exceeding three years, or Merchandise Brokers.

ing five thousand dollars or imprisoned not exceeding three years, or both in the discretion of the court.

Section 7 treats of the penalty for using false signs, and is as follows: That Section 3279 of the Revised Statutes be amended by striking out the word "and" in line 15 and inserting the word "or."

Section 8 concerns penalty on rectifiers, liquor dealers, etc., carrying on business without having paid the special tax.

paid the special tax.
It provides: That section 16 of the act of February 2, 1875, as brought forward on, page 182 of the supplement to the Revised Statutes shall be amended by striking out all

supplement to the Kevised Statutes shall be amended by striking out all of the first paragraph after the word 'friend," in line eight, and inserting as follows: Not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the count.

Section 9 penalty for making manh, etc., on prohibited premises, provides: That section 3282 of the Revised Statutes be amended to as to make it read after the word paid," in line twelve, and before the word provided in line sixteen, as follows: Every person violating this section shall be fined not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Section 10, penalty for removing or concealing spirits illegally. It reads: That section 3290 of the Revised Statutes be amended by striking out all BILLIARD HALL

after the word "fined," in line ten, and inserting: Not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisoned not xceeding three years, or both, in the iscretion of the court.

Section 11, penalty for false entries omitting to keep or produce books. It reads: That section 3305 of the Revised Statutes shall be amended by striking out all after the word fined in line seventeen, and inserting: Not exceeding five thousand dollars or imprisoned not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the

Section 12, penalty for using false weights or measures: That section 3306 of the Revised Statutes shall be 3306 of the Revised Statutes shall be amended by striking out all after the word "fined," in line four, down to and including the word "years," in line six, and inserting: Not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding three years, or both, in the discretion of the court. Section 18, penalty for reducing capacity of still without giving required notice, etc. That section 3311 of the Revised Statutes shall be amended by striking out all after the word "felony," in line nineteen, and inserting: And shall be fined not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding three years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Section 14, penalty for officer illegally using or permitting use of stamps. It provides: That section 3316 be amended by striking out the words, "less than five hundred dol-lars, nor," and the words, "less than six months nor."

Section 15, penalty for rectifiers doing business illegally and fraudulently: That section 3317 of the Revised Statutes, and the supplement thereto, be amended by striking out the following words: 'Less than one thousand dollars, nor," and the words 'less than six months nor." one thousand dollars, nor," and the words, "less than six months, nor."

Section 16, penalty for omitting to efface and for illegal transportation. It reads: That section 3234 of the Revised Statutes shall be amended by striking out the words, "less than five hundred dollars, nor," and the words, "not less than one year, nor."

Section 17, penalty for changing stamps, shifting spirits, etc. That section 3326 of the Revised Statutes shall be amended by striking out all after the word "fined," in line ten, and inserting the following: Not exceeding ten thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding five years, or

prisoned not exceeding five years, or both, in the discretion of the court. Section 18. All laws in conflict, with this act are hereby repealed. at a late hour, I am able to add the

following analysis of the proposed legislation: Messrs. Henderson and Reid have been constantly in conference with the sub-committee on Ways and Means, maturing a bill on the inter-nal revenue matters that would meet the approval of the committee and the approval of the committee and be likely to pass the House. Finding that a repeal of the taxes on whiskey and tobacco could not now be accomplished, they set to work to modify the law and repeal or reduce the brandy tax. As a result of their repeated conferences with the committee, and of their united efforts, Mr. Reid introduced the bill this morning, which is entitled as follows: A bill to reduce the number of inter-

A bill to reduce the number of internal revenue officers, reduce the tax on fruit brandy, provide a better and more economical administration of the internal revenue laws, and for other purposes. This bill provides for brandy warehouses, similar to whiskey bonded warehouses. Under the present law, brandy must be stamped sixty days after distilled. The warehouse will allow the brandy to remain in bond three years. The bill also extends the right of distillation to all kinds of fruit. Heretofore only peaches, apples and grapes could be distilled. The next section abolishes storekeepers at all distilleries that mash ten bushels and less per day. This will abolish all the storekeepers in North Carolina and save from \$150,000 to \$180,000 per

per day. This will abolish all the storekeepers in North Carolina and save from \$150,000 to \$180,000 per year to the government, and rid the distiller of this offensive espionage. The next section prohibits the cutting up of any distilleries or distilling apperatus, but requires the officere under heavy punishment to remove the property to a place of safe storage. The other section reduces the fax on brandy. The amount of reduction has not been agreed on by the committee and the main fight will be made over this section. Mr. Reid and Henderson hope to get the tax down to fifty cents, but they meet with consider, able opposition. They have been indefatigable in their abors to accomplish reform and reduction in the internal revenue. They have been ably assisted by their colleagues. Col. Covies and Mr. Johnson.

The following is Mr. Reid's resolution instructing the committee on education to report Senate bill 194, entitled a "bill to sid in the establishment and temperary support of common schools," land commonly known as the "Blair Bill:"

Wheneas, During the first session of the forty-eighth Congress in the month of April, 1884, the Senate passed, and sent to the House of Representatives during the said session, nor at the second session of said Congresf; and

Wheneas, The Senate has recently passed said Senate bill 194, and sent it to the House of Representatives, requesting concurrence therein; and Wheneas, It is reported that the House committee on Education has postponed the consideration of said hill until the third Monday of April next, a time when the session may be too far advanced and the calendar of the House too much crowded to secure a proper consideration of said hill; and

Wheneas, The Legislatures of the States of Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina. South Carolina.

WHEREAS, The Legislatures of the States of Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia Touisana, Alahama Missis-Georgia, Louisana, Alabama, Missis-sippi, Arkansas and Kentucky, have requested their Representatives and instructed their Senators in Con-gress, to aid in securing temporary Federal aid to the common schools of the several States; and

WHEREAS, The State Superintendents of Public Instruction for the States of Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi Lousiana, Arkan sas, Missouri, Tennessee and Kantucky appointed as a committee to represent the educational convention as

WHEREAS, The passage of said bill would enable the States herein before mentioned to extend the blessings mentioned to extend the blessings and advantages of a common school training to all indigent and illiterate children resident therein, more especially to the children of citizens who are compelled to labor for low waves in the shops or on the farms, and have not the means requisite to provide an elementary education; and

republican, unjust and unfair, as well to the constituents of members of this House who represent the States above named, as to the poor children of the whole Union, more especially to those residing in the South who are without the necessary facilities of a common school educe. facilities of a common school educa tion, to prevent action on said bill by unusual delay in reporting on the same, and not allowing a full and fair discussion and consideration thereof by the House; therefore be it Resolved. That the committee on addition to whom means referred and action to the committee of the education, to whom was referred said Senate bill 194, be directed to report the same to the House forthwith, with such recommendations as to

said committee may seem proper.

The bill of Gen. Cox on the civil service which was sent to you yesterday, was introduced this morning. The bill receives considerable attention here, and is regarded as an improvement on all previous legislation.

My information on the educational bill did not embrace some intermediate facts. The plan is: Mr. Wise has introduced the bill with some changes; it was referred, and will be donsidered by the committee on education on Friday. If the committee shall refuse to report, then Mr. Wilhs is to introduce the bill the third time, only modifying it sufficiently for the purpose of making it a different bill from the one in committee, and the further consideration of which has been postponed until the third Monday. I was promised an interview with Mr. Willis today, but have not been able to secure it. As heretomers stated, and with added emphasis will say that the friends of the measure are strong enough to force a measure are strong enough to force a vote and carry the bill. Messrs. Willis and Candler, of the committee, and Messrs. Reid, Johnston, Henderson, Cowles and many others are

working in great earnest.

Miss Lizzie Waddell, of Wilmington, daughter of Hon. A. M. Waddell, is visiting her uncle's family in this city.

The following gentlemen are

Dr. Maze, Washington today: Dr. Maze, of Stantonsburg, Wilson county; Messrs H. and H. B. Munsen, of Wilson mington. Among recent arrivals are Mr. and Mrs. Emerson, of Wilmington; Thomas H. McMahon, of Greensbero; Messrs. C. R. Anderson and W. H. Chase.

Mr. James M. Leach, Jr., says that the report of his engagement and ap-proaching marriage, published in a Washington Sunday paper, is wholly

Mr. Skinner arrived at his hotel this amorning. He merely made a hurried trip of two or three days.

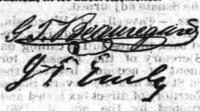
The artist Albert Guerry, of South Carolina, has a studio in the Corooran building, this city.

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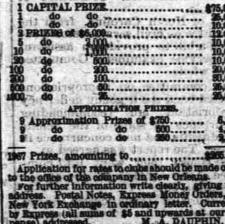


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CI CERS. For six or eight werm I suffered with ulears of a right leg. I was reated with Iodice of Pota ium and Merou v. and I became helpless. Si ottles of Swift's 39 cdic made a permanent cur A. D. Wilson, Gainesville, Ga. February 25, 186

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