

That Advertisement

— WAS —
ALL WRONG.
IT SHOULD HAVE BEEN

A NEW LINE
— OF —
CORSETS & BUSTLES

MARGRAVES & ALEXANDER.

SMITH BUILDING.

SALE CONTINUES

For this Week Only.

My entire stock of

HOUSE FURNISHINGS

At a big discount. No housekeeper should fail to take advantage of the low prices.

TABLE LINENS,

DOILERS, TEA CLOTHS,
TOWELS SHEETINGS,
NOTTINGHAM AND
TAPESTRY CURTAINS,
CRETONNES, RUFFS,
RUGS, CARPETS, FLOOR
& TABLE OILCLOTHS.

Come and Get the Prices.

T. L. SEIGLE.

NEW ARRIVAL

Fans and Rouchings

Cheapest of the season. Special bargains in

MOHAIR AND LINEN ULSTERS

A few

HANDSOME PARASOLS

At a sacrifice. Unusual inducements in Ladies Extra Fine Lace.

E. L. KEESLER & CO.

SUCCESSORS TO ALEXANDER & HARRIS.

The Brown Cotton Gin Co.,

NEW LONDON, CONN.

Manufacturers of the "Old Reliable" Brown Cotton Gins, Feeders and Condensers.

All the very latest improvements: Improved roll box, patent whittier, two brush belts, extra strong brush, cast steel bearings, new improved feeder, enlarged dust proof condenser.

Strong, simple construction, durable light fast, runs light, cleans the seed perfectly and produces first class samples.

DELIVERED FREE OF FREIGHT at any accessible point. Send for full descriptions and price list.

BARN & McDOWELL, Charlotte, N. C., Agents.

CLYBLAND MINERAL SPRINGS

Are now open for the reception of visitors.

THESE SPRINGS

Are 64 miles west of Charlotte, 2 miles from Spiby, N. C. and only 1 mile from Carolina Central Railway, where a new depot has been erected and beautifully furnished for the benefit of

Visitors to the Springs.

Plenty of ice secured for the season.

COLD AND HOT BATHS.

A good string band has been employed for the season.

The table will be furnished with the very best of the market afford.

Trains will be at the Springs station on the arrival of every train.

For further information address
S. M. POSTON,
Proprietor.

To Printers

A good second hand, Proof Paper, Cutters, will be sold cheaply.

Apply to Chas. N. Jones, at

PEGRAM & CO.

First National Bank Building,

South Tryon Street, Charlotte, N. C.

DEALERS IN

Ladies', Misses' and Children's

FINE

BUTTON, CONGRESS & LACE SHOES,

Gent's Fine Hand-Made and Machine Sewed

BOOTS, BUTTON AND LACE BALS,

BOYS' AND YOUTHS'

FINE BOOTS AND SHOES OF ALL GRADES

GENTS' FINE

Silk, Soft and Stiff Hats,

TRUNKS,

VALISES and

GRIPSACKS,

UMBRELLAS OF ALL KINDS,

SHOE BLACKING AND BRUSHES.

Alma Polish for Ladies' Fine Shoes.

Stock always kept full and up to the demand.

ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Pegram & Co.

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BARN & McDOWELL, Charlotte, N. C., Agents.

D. A. TOMPKINS & CO.,

CORNER COLLEGE AND FOURTH STS.

(B. M. Miller & Son's Building)

Have received and have in stock a full line of

PLUMBERS SUPPLIES.

MR. GEO. W. MOORE, is in charge of our PLUMBER DEPARTMENT, and will call on any one wishing work done.

Houses Rented.

Houses rented and rents collected, in the

CHARLOTTE REAL ESTATE AGENCY, R. O. CHAMBERS, Manager, 107 N. Tryon Street, Front Central Hotel.

JUST RECEIVING

THE BEST STOCK OF GOODS IN

THE CITY IN OUR LINE.

A. R. & W. B. NISBET,

SPECIAL NOTICE.

A desirable building lot, fronting 20 feet

on Trade Street, and running through to Fourth Street, between the property of Col. J. S. M. HARRIS, known as the Dr. J. S. M. HARRIS, and

CHARLOTTE REAL ESTATE AGENCY, N. C.

WASHINGTON BUDGET.

THE FIGHT TO BE CONTINUED.

The Mode Proposed to Meet Pension Appropriations not Believed by the Republicans—Other Matters of Interest.

Correspondence of THE OBSERVER.

WASHINGTON, June 23d, 1886.

The great fight which opened yesterday is likely to go on for several days.

The leaders of the Democrats have arrived at an understanding since the incident yesterday, that the measure shall be pressed through without further interference except such as proceeds from the Republicans.

The Democrats think Bragg was injudicious, although most of them enjoyed the sharp and just arraignment of Randall by him. The pension and tariff questions are regarded by the Democratic leaders as quite distinct, and they do not intend to permit naughty Tom from Maine to throw them out of column again—if they can help it.

The issue has been made deliberately and there is no intention to recede. The only check possible on the heavy expenditures for pensions is in such a proposition as the one introduced yesterday. The Democrats cannot refuse to appropriate money for deserving pensioners. They may, however, prescribe the mode of levying taxes with which to discharge the obligation. By the mode proposed—a just one in itself—it is estimated that a sufficient fund for the increased expenditure will be raised. The income tax is seen to be a regulator of remarkable accuracy. The Republicans, professing to have all the loyalty in the country and to be the only friends of the soldiers, are disposed to kick, not only because they are protectionists and object to any scheme by which a principle is introduced in legislation dangerous to their theory but for the reason that they wish to be thought opposed to all limitations on just and lawful pensions.

Mr. Randall's bill will probably be introduced next Monday. It will be given to the associated press this afternoon or tonight. It is a bill to lower the duties on some articles and raise it on certain others. The alleged reductions on the whole list is nine millions. The measure also abolishes the internal revenue taxes on fruit brandies and tobacco. The tax on whiskey is left as at present. Mr. Randall's position is criticized by some of his friends today. One of them said to me:

"I do not agree with my friend, Randall. His course in offering a bill after he voted last week that the subject should not be considered is inconsistent."

The low tariff men are jubilant. They say that the Randall men are in a hole and are wiggling to get out. Undoubtedly Morrison has lost nothing since the vote by which he was denied even a hearing upon his proposition. It is with ill grace that Randall can ask the House to consider his plan of reform after he has denied that there was any need for tariff reform. Morrison's friends will probably vote to consider, and when the subject comes up amend the proposition to suit themselves, or at least to put it in better shape than would suit Randall.

In the discussion on Beck's bill against retainers, Edmunds alluded by way of illustrating, the necessary principle of selfishness in legislation to Vance's vote on rice three years ago while the tariff bill was under consideration. When he got the opportunity later in the day, Vance replied not only to this point but to the arguments of Edmunds. Vance began by reference to reform, and as usual quoted from scripture. Passing on to a discussion of the question the Senator said that he was not surprised at the immediate vote on the question, and the large majority by which the bill passed, but he was surprised at the motion for consideration and at the opposition manifested today to a measure which he (Vance) thought should have been made a law twenty-five years ago. He said there was a great difference between coming here and representing one's constituents and putting in one's pockets the money of a corporation which would have business before the legislative body of which the person was a member. He contended against the Senator that this latter was indelicate, and the other the proper duty of a Representative. Edmunds made an ingenious and sophisticated speech. Vance's was straightforward, but none the less effective. In my opinion it was the best of his efforts here, although he spoke only twenty minutes. Present in the gallery were three North Carolina editors.

Three of the North Carolina editors remained—Messrs. Law, Wall and Bundy.

The boys had a capital time, so they all said. It was an unusually well behaved body of men, mostly young. This is everybody's testimony.

Col. Tom McHenry, of Wilmington, has been here several days. Another visitor is Col. Paul B. Means.

Mr. Johnston is still confined to his room by illness.

Positive Cure for Piles.

To the people of this country we would say we have been given the remedy of Dr. HARRIS'S Pile Ointment—unquestionably guaranteed to cure every case of hemorrhoids, internal, external, blood, itching or itching piles. Price 50c a box. No cure, no pay.

Prepared by Dr. H. W. Wiston, druggist, Charlotte, N. C.

ECONOMY.

Buy Cheap Blue Flannel Suits and Eighty Cents Shirts by all Means.

"W. L. C." in Puck.

When summer comes purchase an eight dollar suit of blue flannel. This is economy. In a month's time if they begin to reach upward at the ends, sew lead at the bottom of the legs; or if this will not answer the purpose, "sprinkle sugar in the shoes and walk down." This is rough on "high water pants" but the bottoms come yellow on the knees, ink them carefully; or boil them in black paint. If they stretch at the waist band, tap them over in plait. Then go around the block, and people will imagine you to be one of Baroum's latest additions to the museum. Save money and purchase \$8 suits. A real \$8 suit can be purchased—of all kinds and colors. Never pay as high as \$30 for a suit of clothes. Eight from thirty leaves twenty two. Twenty two dollars are saved by this deal.

Economy is wealth.

Again, in the tangle of domestic economy a man will sometimes walk to save car fare, and then purchase a quarter of a dollars worth of cigars. He will also complain bitterly of the dull times; but watch in the morning the ball in the chesta seat. People must enjoy themselves in one way if they have to economize in another.

Again, will an eighty-cent shirt stand up to a one dollar shirt? It might. But generally they are handled with care. "Deal gently with the prize package shirt," is a rule sometimes laid down by laundrymen.

Again, a coat may become clean, but adds to the laundress. "but do not wrestle with it." A laundress will not wrestle with a cheap shirt.

Again, if a spring bonnet costs twenty-seven dollars, and a half, what will a derby hat come to? One ninety. Because this same gentleman who pays for the aforesaid spring bonnet desires to economize on hats. Domestic economy is an intricate science.

And here again is a beautiful scene of economy. Closing up the house during the summer months to allow the family to enjoy themselves in the country. Are you not paying rent? Yes, unless you own the house. But house-owners are not included in this argument. I refer to the gentleman who pays rent. Who gets the benefit of the house during the summer months? The servant girl, the policeman and the croton bug. What are the family doing in the country? Enjoying themselves and getting healthy. Good. But in the meantime you are paying rent. This is one of the delicate questions in economy.

Again, a young man writes to ask me if he can get married on \$10 a week. Yes, he can, if the girl's father is a millionaire. But, unless the girl's father is a millionaire, I would advise him to keep single. Can a man keep house on \$10 a week? He can—about three days.

The Killed Her Truancer.

DENTON, Tex., June 22.—Mrs. G. G. Lyles, wife of a saloon keeper here, a handsome blonde but twenty two years of age, created a sensation by shooting her husband with a .38 Smith & Wesson revolver. She had prepared a statement in writing to the effect that Roberts had lied in writing to her, and she had shot him with a .38 Smith & Wesson revolver, and armed with this and a fresh loaded pistol she sought Roberts the first opportunity she had. She gave him warning by twice requesting him to sign the instrument in writing. She was calm and firm and remarked that he had better do what was safe for him and sign the paper. He refused with the result stated.

The facts that Roberts has a young wife and two children and that Mrs. Lyles has two children throws more startling interest around the shooting. Mrs. Lyles refuses to talk except to say that the tragedy of her husband's death was a tragedy.

Mrs. Lyles, having got her man, coolly turned away and walked off.

Her demeanor was that of a person who had decided to do a thing, and having done it she was not to be moved. She had prepared a statement in writing to the effect that Roberts had lied in writing to her, and she had shot him with a .38 Smith & Wesson revolver, and armed with this and a fresh loaded pistol she sought Roberts the first opportunity she had. She gave him warning by twice requesting him to sign the instrument in writing. She was calm and firm and remarked that he had better do what was safe for him and sign the paper. He refused with the result stated.

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A Business Woman.

A few years ago Mrs. Rachel Francis, of Atlanta, Ga., concluded that she could make money by going into the dairy business, and she managed to get a few dollars together she bought a cow and began business. It was on a small scale, she was preoccupied, and after a time she had bought a dozen or more cows. The work was done by her sister, and she was late, and after milking the cows she would prepare the milk for market and deliver it to her customers. In two years after Mrs. Francis engaged in the dairy business, she was known by every citizen. She was strictly business, and went wherever her business called her, no matter where that was. Mrs. Francis invested her money as fast as she made it, and her investments always proved good ones. Mrs. Francis died a few days ago leaving an estate valued at \$40,000, including a dairy farm of 75 acres, well improved and stocked near Atlanta.

Saltbury Herald. Whenever a stranger passes Lead Station he is astonished at the quantity of shingles piled up along the railroad. Thousands, nay millions of them are constructed into regular breastworks along the road. Every train that goes by is loaded with shingles, and when daily freight trains consisted of a few cars not many years ago, a dozen daily freight trains now transport as much freight as the engine can pull.

JUST WHAT THEY ALL SAY

Dr. H. W. Wiston, druggist, Charlotte, N. C.

In Approved Style.

Philadelphia Bulletin.

William Stuart, a watchman at the Shickamaxon Bank prior to the failure, gave damaging testimony Monday at the hearing before Examiner Barry. He had been called on behalf of the defense to testify that he had never seen Teller Milligan take money from the bank's drawer. To this he bore witness, but he told considerably more. He stated that on the night preceding the failure of the bank the directors met in the bank building. Stuart was there, too, and was ordered by one of the directors to go to his own garden behind the bank. Here he received from the directors two bags, apparently containing coin, which were handed him through a back window. That same night, when it was dark enough to conceal their movements, a party of directors called upon him and took away the money. Stuart meant to unburden himself of a load, and he went to the back window, and there he saw a man, he said, named Millard, a clerk in the bank, several times take money from the teller's drawer and hastily put it in his pocket. I told this to Huggard four times, and he told me to go to the devil. When I told Milligan about it he said he would watch, and added 'I'll catch him.' But Millard went on pocketing the cash without hindrance. I saw the money go into the check drawer. I did so and they took out the Conklin checks, which Milligan tore into small pieces, remarking that 'I'll be hanged if these checks will get me into trouble.' I saw the money go into the check drawer, and contrary to my usual custom, I burnt them, for Milligan said I might burn them if I liked. The paper gathered from the floor," he explained in answer to a question by "The White," "was usually sold, but this was burned."

Killing Dogs by Electricity.

Electric World.

The Kimberly, South African, Borough Council, on the recommendation of its electrician, Mr. B. L. Coates, recently resolved that in future all dogs that were captured without license ticket, and no owner appearing to claim them, should be destroyed by the use of electricity. The method of poisoning used previously was by no means effective, the brutes frequently lingering for half an hour to two hours before death ensued. The dogs are now caught in traps, which are opened at each end, at the bottom of which are fixed on insulators two copper plates, separated from one another by about three inches, so that the force of the current rests on one plate and the hind feet on the other. To the copper plates are fastened two wires which lead to two switches hanging on the wall. One of these switches, which lights the twenty-three of the lamps during the evening, is connected with the switches. The copper plates in the box are moistened with salt and water, in order to secure better contact between the metal of the dog and the plates; the dog is put into the box, the ends being closed, then when the fore paws are on the one plate and the hind ones on the other, the electric current is turned on, and in a short circuit. The moment the short circuit is taken off the current goes through the body of the animal, and it is instantaneously killed. The only man taken on in the act of putting the dogs into the boxes and taking them out again. On one occasion twenty three dogs were killed in less than the same number of minutes.

The Beginning of a New Southern Industry.

The Age of Steel, St. Louis, of the 12th inst., says: "An American jute and fibre company has been organized in New York City, and has rented some 30,000 acres in Madison county, Alabama, for the purpose of raising ramie and jute. The superintendent has already sowed four pounds of ramie seed, and has now on hand more than 1,000,000 live ramie plants. On the 20th of June he will begin to transplant 20,000 ramie roots a day, and will continue the operation till November. Several pounds of jute seed will also be planted. It is the intention of the company to establish a ramie factory in the neighborhood. These facts are greatly encouraging. At last an experiment is to be tried on a scale large enough to determine whether the question whether jute and ramie can be profitably grown in the United States. If these new industries are successful, they will annually increase the textile resources and productive values of the South by scores of millions."

A Tobacco Decision.

New Orleans Times Democrat.

Within the past few days a