

WEEK'S NEWS FORECASTED

HOUSE UNGAGGED ON RATE BILL

Naval Experience of Unrated Bill... Talk and Opportunity for Amendment to be Given—Senate to Take Up Chinese Boycott and Begin Long and Hard Fight on Satehood Bill—France Delays Transferring Vessels to Morocco—Moroccan Conference Leaves Her Hands Free—Uncertainty at Algiers.

Except for possible developments in the Franco-Venezuelan crisis, and possible, though unexpected, complications in the Moroccan conference, the week begins with little promise of news events of an unusual character.

The critical point in the Franco-Venezuelan situation, which seemed imminent, has passed for the moment, as France has announced that she will await "a propitious time" for taking such action against Venezuela as she has deemed fit.

The Moroccan conference promises as yet definite action, as the greater problems of it are confined to the west coast of Africa.

The Senate will begin the week with the consideration of the rate bill. The question will come up in connection with a resolution offered last week by Senator Callahan.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

Senator Gallinger will make an effort Monday to secure further consideration of the rate bill.

DWELLING RENT BY BOMB

DEED OF POLE IN WORCESTER

Deadly Missile is Hurled Through Second-Story Window of House in Which 25 Persons Were Asleep, Creating Havoc and Rendering a Sick Woman Injured—Second Bomb Made of Gas Pipe Found in Yard—Police Looking for Former Park Owners of Building, Who Had Been Evicted.

Worcester, Mass., Jan. 28.—A dynamite bomb hurled through a second-story window of the house of Paul Chapman, 23 Union avenue, early this morning exploded and tore away the rear part of the house, blowing out the floor and rear wall.

Twenty-two persons were asleep in the house. The wife of Daniel C. Brook, who was in the room, rendered by the explosion. She was taken to a hospital to-night.

The cap of the bomb went through the wall of the house, as Richard stated, and was found 150 feet away in a picture frame in the home of William J. Ryland. The force of the explosion shook that whole section of the city.

Seven persons, including a girl aged 14, were in the room where the explosion took place. She was buried under debris, but not seriously hurt.

A second bomb, eight inches long and made of two and a half inch pipe, was found in the yard and is in the possession of the chief of police.

The police are looking for Frank Chapman, an American, formerly a partner in the building, from possession of which they were evicted by mortgage proceedings.

NAVAL TRAINING STATION FIRE

Seven Buildings Destroyed at Newport Post, With Estimated Loss of \$100,000—Manacled Boys in Detention Building Fanned Out by Men of Sea.

Newport, R. I., Jan. 28.—Seven buildings connected with the United States naval training station at Coasters Harbor, Rhode Island, in this city, were destroyed by fire to-night, causing an estimated loss of \$100,000.

The buildings destroyed were the detention building, machine shop, paint shop, paymaster's store house, carpenter shop, and two small store houses.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

The fire was discovered about 9 o'clock Monday night by a detachment of United States boys and marines and enlisted men.

CHRIST IS NOT A RANSOM

ATONEMENT THEORIES FALSE

Rev. Plato T. Durham, Preacher an Iconoclastic Sermon, Has Come to Question Redemptive Power of Christianity, and Why—Falls Into the Four Theories of the Salvation Process—Salvation Further Basis of Theory, but Fact—Visible Evidence of the Power of God Into Salvation.

Yesterday morning at Trinity church the pastor, Rev. Plato T. Durham, preached to a congregation which heard him with the deepest interest. He boldly assailed certain theories of the atonement and made apparent the fallacies in them.

"I am not ashamed of the Gospel of Christ, which is the power of God unto salvation."

"In this latter time," said he, "men have come to question whether in Christianity there is a redemptive power. That state of mind has been brought about by two or three influences. The first is the scientific movement which has become so dominant in many minds that they have lost the idea of the heinousness of sin, and look upon it as mere imperfection. Thus the consciousness of personal responsibility for sin has been blunted, until certain men have come to regard sin merely as a stage in human development which all must pass through.

"Then the idea of salvation is lost sight of, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

"Further, there are those who question whether there is really a salvation process. There are professions of conversion under excitement which the professors come later to believe a mixture of emotion and superstition.

WOMEN UNDERTAKE TASK

RALEIGH MONUMENT PLANS

Women's Club of Raleigh Decides to Take Up the Work of Raising a Fund for the Sir Walter Raleigh Monument and Will Ask the Co-operation of the Other Women's Clubs of the State—Well Known Negro Arrested on a Charge of Robbery—Death of Mrs. Glenn's Brother—Unknown White Man Leaps From Moving Train.

Observer Bureau, 122 South Dawson Street, Raleigh, Jan. 28.

What is deemed will prove a more effectual movement is the matter of the erection of a monument to the memory of Sir Walter Raleigh which will be undertaken through the Women's Club of Raleigh, which body will ask the hearty co-operation of the other Women's Clubs throughout the State.

The Associated Charities of the city of Raleigh will next Sunday night hold a great meeting at the First Presbyterian church, at which time the ministers of the city will speak on the subject, reports will be made and appeals will be made for the support of the work of charity here.

J. L. Young, at Angier, will within the next few days begin the publication of the Angier News, a six page weekly. M. L. Yeager, of the Southwestern newspaper, has been secured to furnish the material for the paper.

Hillard Reid, formerly one of the best negroes among the Raleigh negro barbers, and holding a position as janitor at the Roney Library, in this city, was arrested about daylight this morning in the pool rooms and news stand of Robert Lewis, on Fayetteville street. A systematic thievery has been carried on at this place for quite a while and suspicion rested on Reid, but it was not until last night that the evidence was a sure guarantee.

Mr. Lewis employed a revolver with sufficient success to allow the arrest of the negro by a member of the Raleigh police force. Cigars, cigarettes, tobacco and money, to the amount of \$40, had been stolen. It is possible that Reid will be tried for burglary as well as larceny, as the place robbed has been also used as a sleeping room.

Father of Queen mother, Maria Christina, received Princess Ena in the most gracious manner. After lunch, the King and the Princess took a trip around the town and the surrounding country, returning for tea at 5 o'clock.

At 5:30 o'clock, the Princess, accompanied by his majesty and Prince Alexander, left for Biarritz, and the King returned to San Sebastian on a special train. It is understood that King Alfonso will proclaim an unusually extensive amnesty.

MRS. GLENN'S BROTHER DEAD. A telegram received in the city at the Governor's mansion, announces to Mrs. B. Glenn the death of her brother, David Hederick, at Jonesboro, Tenn.

While the weather conditions have greatly improved in Raleigh, there is to-day much activity in and about the city. Gangs of men, armed with loads of cross arms and supplies about the place. No less than 75 men were moved out this morning by the railroad companies to re-establish their lines and get them into actual working condition.

The telephone services in Raleigh are not yet restored. To-day has been an all-day rain has fallen through the bright bars of the sunlight. Trains on the Southern are moving with regularity, but the Seaboard Air Line is suffering delay.

Mr. F. B. Young, a former expert typewriter operator on The Charlotte Observer, and later connected with The Raleigh Evening Times in the same capacity, left the city last night for Richmond, Va., when he has accepted a position with the Times-Dispatch.

A white man apparently 27 or 33 years old leaped from the platform of a train on the west-bound train on the Southern as the train was passing Morrisville.

The body was hurled into the air and contact with the earth badly injured him. Particulars are not obtainable as yet.

The man is known to have purchased a ticket at Cary to Durham. Passengers on the Raleigh-bound train witnessed the leap.

WRECK WEST OF BIRMINGHAM. Three Cars of Frisco Limited Leave Track, Two Turning Over—No One Seriously Injured.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 28.—Passenger train No. 204, known as the "Frisco Limited," bound for Kansas City, which left here Saturday night at 10:30 o'clock, was wrecked one mile north of Dora, about 40 miles from Birmingham, at 10 minutes after midnight. The accident was due to a broken axle. The mail and baggage car turned over and the second-class coach, carrying a number of negroes, was derailed. The express messenger and postal clerk and several passengers were injured, but none seriously.

FIVE SUFFER IN JAIL FIRE. Supposed Work of Prisoners Themselves at Mize, Ga., May Have Caused Results for Several of Them.

Macon, Ga., Jan. 28.—About 7:30 o'clock to-night the Mize county jail was discovered on fire. Five prisoners in the structure were badly burned, the injuries of whom are serious.

Among the prisoners who were badly burned was Jack of Joe Studstill. The origin of the fire is unknown, but it is supposed to have been the work of prisoners, who hoped to effect their escape in the confusion and excitement caused by the fire.

Schooner Turns Turtle and Six Drown. Victoria, B. C., Jan. 28.—A telegram received to-day from Bamfield, B. C., that the fishing schooner Ella G. had turned turtle and six men were drowned. Among the lost is Alexander MacLennan, who was commander of the vessel.

FIRE AT BELLEVUE HOSPITAL. 800 Patients Were Endangered, but Precipitous Averted Panic—Damage Only a Few Thousand Dollars.

New York, Jan. 28.—Eight hundred patients in Bellevue Hospital were endangered by a fire in the laundry building early to-day, yet, through the quiet and effective work of the hospital fire brigade, and the regular fire department, only a small number of patients were injured.

The laundry building was a two-story structure, and the fire was confined to the laundry with a few thousand dollars' damage. Spontaneous combustion is believed to have started the blaze, a remarkable feature of which was that sheets of asbestos, supposed to be proof burned like tinder, according to Steward Philip H. Smith, chief of the hospital fire brigade.

GEN. WHEELER'S FUNERAL

GREAT PAGEANT IN NEW YORK

Wrapped in Both Stars and Bars and Stars and Stripes, Body of Dead Soldier is Escorted by Impending Military Cortege From Brooklyn to St. Thomas Church and Later to Trent in Jersey City—Route Lined With Great Crowds, Most of Whom Stood With Bared Heads—Strenuous an Elongant Tribute.

New York, Jan. 28.—An imposing military pageant passing Brooklyn bridge, brief services at St. Thomas Episcopal church, in Fifth avenue, and escort across the North river ferry to Jersey City, where the body was placed on a train to be taken to Washington for interment in the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The body of the dead soldier was wrapped in the flags under which he had served with almost equal vigor and distinction—the Veterans of the Southern and Northern armies mingled to-day in paying tribute to General Wheeler with the younger veterans of the Cuban and Philippine campaigns of 1898 and 1899.

The route of the funeral cortege was lined with great crowds, most of whom stood with bared heads as the procession passed.

THE MILITARY ESCORT. The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

The funeral took place from the home of General Wheeler's sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, in Brooklyn, where the body was taken from the national cemetery at Arlington, marked the funeral in this city to-day of Brigadier General Joseph Wheeler, cavalry leader of the Confederacy and later one of the most prominent of the Northern army in the Civil War.

ALFONSO'S BRIDE ARRIVES

Young Spanish Monarch and Party in Automobiles Meet Princess Ena and Her Relatives at French Frontier—Extensive Amnesty Will be Proclaimed.

Biarritz, France, Jan. 28.—King Alfonso, accompanied by the military members of his household, in full uniform, arrived here to-day to meet Princess Ena and Princess Henry and King Alfonso were in the first automobile, and Prince Alexander and his suite in the second, the military officers following in other automobiles.

The royal party was enthusiastically received by the Queen mother, Maria Christina, received Princess Ena in the most gracious manner. After lunch, the King and the Princess took a trip around the town and the surrounding country, returning for tea at 5 o'clock.

At 5:30 o'clock, the Princess, accompanied by his majesty and Prince Alexander, left for Biarritz, and the King returned to San Sebastian on a special train. It is understood that King Alfonso will proclaim an unusually extensive amnesty.

At 5:30 o'clock, the Princess, accompanied by his majesty and Prince Alexander, left for Biarritz, and the King returned to San Sebastian on a special train. It is understood that King Alfonso will proclaim an unusually extensive amnesty.

At 5:30 o'clock, the Princess, accompanied by his majesty and Prince Alexander, left for Biarritz, and the King returned to San Sebastian on a special train. It is understood that King Alfonso will proclaim an unusually extensive amnesty.

At 5:30 o'clock, the Princess, accompanied by his majesty and Prince Alexander, left for Biarritz, and the King returned to San Sebastian on a special train. It is understood that King Alfonso will proclaim an unusually extensive amnesty.

At 5:30 o'clock, the Princess, accompanied by his majesty and Prince Alexander, left for Biarritz, and the King returned to San Sebastian on a special train. It is understood that King Alfonso will proclaim an unusually extensive amnesty.

At 5:30 o'clock, the Princess, accompanied by his majesty and Prince Alexander, left for Biarritz, and the King returned to San Sebastian on a special train. It is understood that King Alfonso will proclaim an unusually extensive amnesty.

At 5:30 o'clock, the Princess, accompanied by his majesty and Prince Alexander, left for Biarritz, and the King returned to San Sebastian on a special train. It is understood that King Alfonso will proclaim an unusually extensive amnesty.

At 5:30 o'clock, the Princess, accompanied by his majesty and Prince Alexander, left for Biarritz, and the King returned to San Sebastian on a special train. It is understood that King Alfonso will proclaim an unusually extensive amnesty.

At 5:30 o'clock, the Princess, accompanied by his majesty and Prince Alexander, left for Biarritz, and the King returned to San Sebastian on a special train. It is understood that King Alfonso will proclaim an unusually extensive amnesty.

At 5:30 o'clock, the Princess, accompanied by his majesty and Prince Alexander, left for Biarritz, and the King returned to San Sebastian on a special train. It is understood that King Alfonso will proclaim an unusually extensive amnesty.

At 5:30 o'clock, the Princess, accompanied by his majesty and Prince Alexander, left for Biarritz, and the King returned to San Sebastian on a special train. It is understood that King Alfonso will proclaim an unusually extensive amnesty.

At 5:30 o'clock, the Princess, accompanied by his majesty and Prince Alexander, left for Biarritz, and the King returned to San Sebastian on a special train. It is understood that King Alfonso will proclaim an unusually extensive amnesty.

At 5:30 o'clock, the Princess, accompanied by his majesty and Prince Alexander, left for Biarritz, and the King returned to San Sebastian on a special train. It is understood that King Alfonso will proclaim an unusually extensive amnesty.

At 5:30 o'clock, the Princess, accompanied by his majesty and Prince Alexander, left for Biarritz, and the King returned to San Sebastian on a special train. It is understood that King Alfonso will proclaim an unusually extensive amnesty.