

SUFFERING IN VALPARAISO

QUAKE ESTIMATES STILL HIGH

Property Loss in Even Place as High as \$20,000,000, or More Than Every Other City in the World...

There continues confusion of statements as to the magnitude of the disaster to Valparaiso caused by the earthquake shocks which began on Thursday, August 16, and continued at frequent intervals throughout that and the next two days.

Dispatches from Valparaiso to the Associated Press received last evening state that a moderate estimate of the fatalities is 2,000 and that the property loss may be as high as \$20,000,000, which is an estimate as high as the loss sustained by San Francisco in consequence of the earthquake and fire which devastated that city last April.

A refugee who has arrived at Santiago places the known Valparaiso dead at 100, and other messages indicate that first reports of damages and casualties were greatly exaggerated.

Dispatches to the State Department at Washington place the fatalities at about 500. These conflicting statements cannot at this time be adjusted.

There is still confusion and panic prevail at Valparaiso and until order is restored it will be impossible to ascertain with accuracy the loss to life and property.

The government is doing all it can to relieve suffering from hunger, cold and sun, and with famine confronting them. Food is already scarce and high water for drinking purposes is lacking, and disease is feared.

The government is doing all it can to relieve suffering from hunger, cold and sun, and with famine confronting them. Food is already scarce and high water for drinking purposes is lacking, and disease is feared.

At Santiago many of the best public and private buildings were wrecked. The loss of life there was estimated by the public authorities at 100.

Capital With Its 200,000 People is Kept in Alarm by Return Shocks, Though Astronomical Observatory Issues Reassuring Statement—Damage Heavily Done at Valparaiso—Many Towns and Villages Severely Damaged.

Santiago de Chile, Aug. 19.—It is known that at least eight lives were lost in this city by the earthquake, but it is believed that many persons were killed by the falling buildings and that their bodies will be discovered later.

As all telegraph and telephone lines were more or less damaged, the exact situation throughout the country is not yet known, but advice has been received that the towns of Valparaiso and Casablanca were entirely destroyed and that other towns were severely damaged.

In the city of Santiago much damage was done. Many public buildings, particularly churches, were destroyed. The buildings of Congress, the municipal buildings, the normal school, the courts, the Peruvian legation, the residence of President Riquelme, the central bank, the prefecture of police and the national telephone office were all seriously damaged.

The scene at the hospitals and during the excitement were distressing in the extreme. The patients tried to escape from the falls in the hope that they might reach a place of safety.

There have been several return shocks of slight intensity. These shocks have served to continue the state of public alarm and a state of panic still prevails.

The shock is supposed to have been caused by the eruption of a volcano in the vicinity of the city. It is impossible to estimate the dimension of the disaster at the present moment on account of the circuitous route over which the news is received.

HUNDRED THOUSAND HOMELESS Sixty Per Cent. of Valparaiso Completely Destroyed—83 Shocks Thursday and 200 Since Then.

London, Aug. 19.—In a dispatch from Valparaiso without date, the correspondent of The Daily Mail says: "Sixty per cent. of this city was completely destroyed. The death toll is very heavy. There were eighty-two shocks during Thursday night and there have been 200 since then. The tremors are continuing. One hundred thousand people are homeless and destitute. Water is giving out. Surrounding towns have been destroyed and the railroads have been cut."

FEZE FUNDS TO SUFFERERS. Anonymous Collection in Chile for Peonage Insurance to be Applied—Panic Abating.

Lima, Peru, Aug. 19.—The latest advice received here from Valparaiso says that the panicky conditions of the people have abated somewhat. Great damage was done in the Alameda quarter, the principal business section of the city, in Victoria street, near the bank building, which was completely destroyed.

BY MISTAKE FOR ANOTHER

TAR KILLED IN FLORIDA

R. E. Wishart, a Lumberton, N. C. man who went to Florida Lumber Region Eight Years Ago and Had Acquired Considerable Property, is Said to Have Been Killed by a Bullet Whose Slaver Accused of Relations With His Wife—Opened Door and Received Contents of Shotgun in His Heart, Dying Instantly.

Ocala, Fla., Aug. 18.—R. E. Wishart, of this city, was killed at San Antonio, Pasco county, this morning, by a turpentine man named Burton.

Wishart operated a tin can camp at Shreve, and with his two daughters went to San Antonio to have dental work done for one. While the young lady was in the dentist's chair and Wishart was waiting in the office, Burton, who had a grudge against the dentist, whose name is Nichols, came to the door and asked if Nichols was in. Wishart replied that he was, and Burton, thinking it was Nichols who spoke, fired a load from a shotgun into Wishart's heart, killing him instantly.

Wishart came to Florida from Lumberton, N. C., eight years ago and owned property on the west coast.

JEROME WILLING TO RUN. Issue Statement Saying That in Present Shameful Condition of Florida Democracy He Would Accept Democratic Nomination if Left Unopposed.

New York, Aug. 19.—District Attorney William Travers Jerome today issued the following statement: "In the present shameful condition of our political life in this State, I am willing to run for the office of Governor of the State, if the Democratic convention shall nominate me without any understanding, expressed or implied, other than that, if elected, I shall obey my oath of office as I understand it," in letter and spirit.

PERSONNEL OF FLORIDA RIFLE TEAM ANNOUNCED. St. Augustine, Fla., Aug. 19.—Col. Carlisle 30-day announced the Florida team to participate in the national rifle contest at Sea Girt next week.

VALPARAISO CATASTROPHE CONSIDERED PROBABLY GREATER—AUTHORITY HOLDING SITUATION WELL IN HAND AND DAMAGE HEAVILY DONE.

Valparaiso, Aug. 19. Valparaiso, Chile, is considered greater than that which befell San Francisco, Valparaiso and neighboring towns are being wrecked without mercy.

PERSONNEL OF FLORIDA RIFLE TEAM ANNOUNCED. St. Augustine, Fla., Aug. 19.—Col. Carlisle 30-day announced the Florida team to participate in the national rifle contest at Sea Girt next week.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The State Department has received official advice from Warsaw regarding the throwing of bombs at the Governor. General there yesterday, stating that two bombs were thrown at that official, who escaped with slight injury.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

NEGRO NOT YET IDENTIFIED.

YELLOW JACK IN LOUISIANA

ONE CASE OF BREAD DISEASE. At New Iberia, Louisiana, Boy 13 Years Old, Has the Disease With Which New Orleans and Louisiana Wreathed Desperately During the Latter Part of the Year.

New Orleans, Aug. 19.—The following notice was sent out by President C. H. Irion of the State board of health, this afternoon: "One case of yellow fever at New Iberia, 115 miles from New Orleans, Am leaving to-night to take personal charge of the situation."

The patient is a mulatto boy, 12 years old, living in an isolated part of the town. The case was reported as suspicious last Friday night, and Saturday morning Doctors Charles Chassagnac and P. E. Archinard went to New Iberia.

Dr. Irion left to-night accompanied by Medical Inspectors Brady and Mayer and Chief Sanitary Desgrammes.

While no quarantine has been declared by Dr. Irion against New Iberia, he has instructed the Southern Pacific Railroad not to sell any tickets out of the town, so that trains simply stop for water. If, after investigating the situation, he finds that there is no infection in the town this restriction will be removed.

STRIKERS DERAIL MACON CARS. Tracks Obstructed and Gressed, But No Serious Damage Follows—Mass Meeting Called by Strikers is Attended by Nearly 500 Persons, Addressed by Congressman Bartlett.

Macon, Ga., Aug. 19.—The strikers of the street car company and the company are further apart than ever, and the excitement here is most intense. This afternoon, nearly 5,000 people packed the city auditorium to attend a mass meeting, called by the strikers for the denunciation of the company and its methods.

SEVEN KILLED; THREE DYING. In Blinding Rain Storm Past Freight on Pennsylvania Road Crashes Into Work Train, Ploughing Through Cars—Those Killed Were Asleep and Probably Never Felt Anything.

Johnstown, Pa., Aug. 19.—Plunging through a blinding rain storm at the rate of 45 miles an hour early today, a fast freight train on the Pennsylvania Railroad crashed into a slowly moving work train at San Hollow, killing seven and seriously injuring seven others of the work train crew.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The State Department has received official advice from Warsaw regarding the throwing of bombs at the Governor. General there yesterday, stating that two bombs were thrown at that official, who escaped with slight injury.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

GLINN, MAY BE LOWERY.

PHOTOGRAPH OF KNOXVILLE SUSPECT IS THAT OF LARGE NEGRO, WHILE LOWERY, WHEN HE MURDERED CHIEF JONES, WAS SLIMMER—CLIMATE AND OTHER THINGS, HOWEVER, MAY HAVE WROUGHT CHANGE.

Shelby, Aug. 19.—This morning Sheriff A. B. Suttle received a photograph of the negro, Glenn, who was arrested three weeks ago in Knoxville, Tenn., for killing another negro, and who was supposed to be the noted Jim Lowery, who killed Chief of Police R. S. Jones, of Shelby, seven years ago.

The photograph represents a man of large proportions, while Jim Lowery was slender when he left here. Some think that a change of climate, drinking of beer, etc., might have brought a change in his appearance.

SEVEN KILLED; THREE DYING. In Blinding Rain Storm Past Freight on Pennsylvania Road Crashes Into Work Train, Ploughing Through Cars—Those Killed Were Asleep and Probably Never Felt Anything.

Johnstown, Pa., Aug. 19.—Plunging through a blinding rain storm at the rate of 45 miles an hour early today, a fast freight train on the Pennsylvania Railroad crashed into a slowly moving work train at San Hollow, killing seven and seriously injuring seven others of the work train crew.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The State Department has received official advice from Warsaw regarding the throwing of bombs at the Governor. General there yesterday, stating that two bombs were thrown at that official, who escaped with slight injury.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

BUYERS MOOREVILLE'S PAPER.

AS TO CHARGE OF PEONAGE

ON SOUTH & WESTERN RAILWAY. Staff Correspondent Visits All Camps on Works Between Marion and Spruce Pine—Talks With Italian Laborers—No Malcontents, Except at Camp 6, Where Italians Were Killed in May—Interviews With Bosses and General Officers at Headquarters, Bristol—No Peonage Up There, Special to The Observer.

Bristol, Va., Tenn., Aug. 19.—On Thursday last I started from Marion, horseback, and visited the 11 camps of the South & Western Railroad, beginning with the eleventh and going by way of the tenth, and so on, to the first. Camp 11 is well on the east of the Blue Ridge, being little more than a mile and a half from Marion, and Camp 1 is as well on the west. I had an Italian interpreter, one A. Branca, and through him talked freely with Italian laborers at all the camps except Camp 1, from which there seems to have come no rumors of peonage or oppression. The negroes and white Americans I talked with directly. The Greeks, Russians, and other foreigners I had no interpreter for, but there has been no complaint of their ill-treatment by the railroad. At Bristol, the present headquarters of the South & Western, the general manager, Mr. J. C. Capler, and other general officers, gave me free access to their files and as much as I wanted of their time. From the two days' experience in the camps and the one day at the headquarters, I am confident that there is no peonage on the South & Western, and, if there has been, that it was contrary to the company's orders.

AT THE RAILROAD CAMPS. At Camp 11 there are only negroes and white Americans. The camp comprises a commissary, stables, blacksmith shop, boarding houses for whites and negroes, and a number of shanties and houses. These shanties are built of rough lumber and covered with shingles. There are rows of lower shanties in this camp, and the bedding and furniture are certainly superior to that of the ordinary negro cabin. The shanties are located on either side of a water-shed. The sanitation, though natural, could hardly be bettered. Only the night force was in camp when I went through. They, some of them, were jolling in hammocks, others strumming guitars, and most of the rest sound asleep. The natural camp was paid \$1.50 a day and were well treated. The men who work in tunnels get \$1.65 a day. Superintendent C. E. Daggett said that there has been no case of fever in this camp (11 and 11) since they were built, the former in December and the latter in March. The water is from mountain springs, brought to camp through pipes. The superintendent said he had had no trouble at all with his 415 men.

At Camp 9 the laborers are almost entirely negroes, and there are no daggers. I talked with some of the negroes who had been treated, well-paid, had enough to eat, and were satisfied. It was at this camp I met an old classmate, one H. H. Powell, Jr., resident engineer of eight miles of the construction. We talked of the old territory, and I told him I was investigating, in a newspaper way, the charges of peonage against his employer, and requiring of him a candid expression of his knowledge of the matter. He said that whomever may not know him it should be said that he will always tell the truth. He said that the contrary from peonage, he had not known another railroad company where the laborers had been so much persecuted. "This company needs twice as many men as it has," said he. "If it had enough or more than enough it might abuse them, but as it is less people get better over his territory, the Governor General's carriage appeared they threw bombs at it. The police having been informed that a light-haired girl threw the bombs, the man if caught, but the answer was not reassuring. In fact, it is well understood that the girl will be lynched as soon as captured."

REVOLUTIONISTS' STRATAGEM. Governor General of Warsaw Was Lured Within Range of Bombs—All Light-Haired Girls in Neighborhood Arrested by Police But in Vain.

Warsaw, Aug. 19.—The revolutionists who Saturday attempted to assassinate the Governor General, adopted a stratagem to induce him to leave the palace. A few days ago a revolutionist, disguised as an officer, appeared at the German consulate, quarreled with the vice consul and boxed his ears. Owing to this incident the Governor General was compelled to visit the vice consul and offer an apology. Meanwhile the revolutionists had rented a flat near the palace, and the Governor General's carriage appeared they threw bombs at it. The police having been informed that a light-haired girl threw the bombs, the man if caught, but the answer was not reassuring. In fact, it is well understood that the girl will be lynched as soon as captured."

ANOTHER LYNCHING IMMINENT. 100 Armed South Carolinians Pursuing Negro Who Attempted Assault on 7-Year-Old Girl.

Charleston, S. C., Aug. 19.—A special to The News and Courier from Saluda says that this afternoon a negro youth, 18 years old, living in the Sandy Creek section of Batesburg county, attempted to assault a little white girl, seven years of age, the daughter of a farmer named West. The child was badly injured and will probably die. The negro escaped to the swamp, which is to-night surrounded by a hundred armed men. A message sent from the Governor's office to the sheriff urges him to protect the man if caught, but the answer was not reassuring. In fact, it is well understood that the girl will be lynched as soon as captured."

ALBERT L. ROUNTREE DEAD. Native North Carolinian, Member of Cotton Firm, Dies in New York—Will Be Buried at Kinston.

New York, Aug. 19.—Albert L. Rountree, of the cotton brokerage firm of R. H. Rountree & Co., and for 20 years a member of the New York cotton exchange, died to-day of his home in Brooklyn.

GEORGIA PRIMARY WEDNESDAY. Candidates for Governor, State House Officers and Congressmen to be Nominated—Vote Candidates for Governor, Include Two Editors.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 19.—The Democratic State primary, which will be held August 23, will nominate candidates for Governor, State House officers and congressmen. A successor to Congressman Rufus H. Lester, who died prior to the adjournment of Congress, as well as a candidate for the long term in that district will also be nominated. In the third district there is a lively race on between Congressman E. L. Lewis and Hon. Dudley M. Hughes.

There are five candidates for Governor, as follows: Clark Howell, editor of The Atlanta Constitution; Hoke Smith, Atlanta Journal; J. H. Edell, editor of the Savannah Morning News; Richard B. Russell, of Jackson county, and James M. Smith, of Oglethorpe.

Order of Railway Conductors to Meet. Norfolk, Va., Aug. 19.—Representatives of the Order of Railway Conductors will arrive here Tuesday for a three days' session in Portsmouth. Delegates from Atlanta, Birmingham, Savannah, Jacksonville and from other Southern States will attend. The principal object will be the adoption of a new set of rules, promulgation of a new contract with the railroads and a new wage scale. It is said that the wage scale may cause some trouble between the conductors and several railroads operating in the Mississippi valley.

Negroes Barely Prevented From Lynching Negro Boy. August 18.—A Chicago special from McCormick says the negro population because so wrought up last night that white citizens to prevent a lynching had to take Jack Hambley, a negro who had assaulted a white girl to Greenwood, where he was met by the sheriff of Abbeville county and jailed at the latter place for safe keeping.

NEGRO NOT YET IDENTIFIED.

YELLOW JACK IN LOUISIANA

ONE CASE OF BREAD DISEASE. At New Iberia, Louisiana, Boy 13 Years Old, Has the Disease With Which New Orleans and Louisiana Wreathed Desperately During the Latter Part of the Year.

New Orleans, Aug. 19.—The following notice was sent out by President C. H. Irion of the State board of health, this afternoon: "One case of yellow fever at New Iberia, 115 miles from New Orleans, Am leaving to-night to take personal charge of the situation."

The patient is a mulatto boy, 12 years old, living in an isolated part of the town. The case was reported as suspicious last Friday night, and Saturday morning Doctors Charles Chassagnac and P. E. Archinard went to New Iberia.

Dr. Irion left to-night accompanied by Medical Inspectors Brady and Mayer and Chief Sanitary Desgrammes.

While no quarantine has been declared by Dr. Irion against New Iberia, he has instructed the Southern Pacific Railroad not to sell any tickets out of the town, so that trains simply stop for water. If, after investigating the situation, he finds that there is no infection in the town this restriction will be removed.

STRIKERS DERAIL MACON CARS. Tracks Obstructed and Gressed, But No Serious Damage Follows—Mass Meeting Called by Strikers is Attended by Nearly 500 Persons, Addressed by Congressman Bartlett.

Macon, Ga., Aug. 19.—The strikers of the street car company and the company are further apart than ever, and the excitement here is most intense. This afternoon, nearly 5,000 people packed the city auditorium to attend a mass meeting, called by the strikers for the denunciation of the company and its methods.

SEVEN KILLED; THREE DYING. In Blinding Rain Storm Past Freight on Pennsylvania Road Crashes Into Work Train, Ploughing Through Cars—Those Killed Were Asleep and Probably Never Felt Anything.

Johnstown, Pa., Aug. 19.—Plunging through a blinding rain storm at the rate of 45 miles an hour early today, a fast freight train on the Pennsylvania Railroad crashed into a slowly moving work train at San Hollow, killing seven and seriously injuring seven others of the work train crew.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The State Department has received official advice from Warsaw regarding the throwing of bombs at the Governor. General there yesterday, stating that two bombs were thrown at that official, who escaped with slight injury.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Official advice reached the State Department today regarding the Valparaiso earthquake, but they gave information similar to that already contained in press dispatches.

BUYERS MOOREVILLE'S PAPER.

AS TO CHARGE OF PEONAGE

ON SOUTH & WESTERN RAILWAY. Staff Correspondent Visits All Camps on Works Between Marion and Spruce Pine—Talks With Italian Laborers—No Malcontents, Except at Camp 6, Where Italians Were Killed in May—Interviews With Bosses and General Officers at Headquarters, Bristol—No Peonage Up There, Special to The Observer.

Bristol, Va., Tenn., Aug. 19.—On Thursday last I started from Marion, horseback, and visited the 11 camps of the South & Western Railroad, beginning with the eleventh and going by way of the tenth, and so on, to the first. Camp 11 is well on the east of the Blue Ridge, being little more than a mile and a half from Marion, and Camp 1 is as well on the west. I had an Italian interpreter, one A. Branca, and through him talked freely with Italian laborers at all the camps except Camp 1, from which there seems to have come no rumors of peonage or oppression. The negroes and white Americans I talked with directly. The Greeks, Russians, and other foreigners I had no interpreter for, but there has been no complaint of their ill-treatment by the railroad. At Bristol, the present headquarters of the South & Western, the general manager, Mr. J. C. Capler, and other general officers, gave me free access to their files and as much as I wanted of their time. From the two days' experience in the camps and the one day at the headquarters, I am confident that there is no peonage on the South & Western, and, if there has been, that it was contrary to the company's orders.

AT THE RAILROAD CAMPS. At Camp 11 there are only negroes and white Americans. The camp comprises a commissary, stables, blacksmith shop, boarding houses for whites and negroes, and a number of shanties and houses. These shanties are built of rough lumber and covered with shingles. There are rows of lower shanties in this camp, and the bedding and furniture are certainly superior to that of the ordinary negro cabin. The shanties are located on either side of a water-shed. The sanitation, though natural, could hardly be bettered. Only the night force was in camp when I went through. They, some of them, were jolling in hammocks, others strumming guitars, and most of the rest sound asleep. The natural camp was paid \$1.50 a day and were well treated. The men who work in tunnels get \$1.65 a day. Superintendent C. E. Daggett said that there has been no case of fever in this camp (11 and 11) since they were built, the former in December and the latter in March. The water is from mountain springs, brought to camp through pipes. The superintendent said he had had no trouble at all with his 415 men.

At Camp 9 the laborers are almost entirely negroes, and there are no daggers. I talked with some of the negroes who had been treated, well-paid, had enough to eat, and were satisfied. It was at this camp I met an old classmate, one H. H. Powell, Jr., resident engineer of eight miles of the construction. We talked of the old territory, and I told him I was investigating, in a newspaper way, the charges of peonage against his employer, and requiring of him a candid expression of his knowledge of the matter. He said that whomever may not know him it should be said that he will always tell the truth. He said that the contrary from peonage, he had not known another railroad company where the laborers had been so much persecuted. "This company needs twice as many men as it has," said he. "If it had enough or more than enough it might abuse them, but as it is less people get better over his territory, the Governor General's carriage appeared they threw bombs at it. The police having been informed that a light-haired girl threw the bombs, the man if caught, but the answer was not reassuring. In fact, it is well understood that the girl will be lynched as soon as captured."

REVOLUTIONISTS' STRATAGEM. Governor General of Warsaw Was Lured Within Range of Bombs—All Light-Haired Girls in Neighborhood Arrested by Police But in Vain.

Warsaw, Aug. 19.—The revolutionists who Saturday attempted to assassinate the Governor General, adopted a stratagem to induce him to leave the palace. A few days ago a revolutionist, disguised as an officer, appeared at the German consulate, quarreled with the vice consul and boxed his ears. Owing to this incident the Governor General was compelled to visit the vice consul and offer an apology. Meanwhile the revolutionists had rented a flat near the palace, and the Governor General's carriage appeared they threw bombs at it. The police having been informed that a light-haired girl threw the bombs, the man if caught, but the answer was not reassuring. In fact, it is well understood that the girl will be lynched as soon as captured."