The Charlotte Observer.

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PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

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Advertising rates are furnished on application. Advertisers may feel sure that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Charlotte and a portion of the best people in this State and upper South Carolina.

This paper gives correspondents as wide latitude as it thinks public policy permits, but it is in no case responsible for their views. It is much preferred that correspondents sign their names to their articles, especially in cases where they attack persons or institutions, though this is not demanded. The editor reserves the right to give the names of correspondents when they are demanded for the purpose of personal satisfaction. To receive consideration a communication must be accompanied by the true name of the correspondent.

MONDAY, AUGUST 27, 1906.

"A GENTLEMAN."

The Observer, speaking a few days ago of the gigantic success which attended the launching of the Cannon presidential boom at Greensboro last Tuesday night, mentioned that "there were present eight Republicans, two newspaper men and a drunken gentleman." Upon which The Record comments:

"You certainly have your nerve with you. 'And a drunken gentleman!' You are flying right in the face of the Pure in Heart down this way. Don't you know we do not have any drunken gentlemen down here? We do not allow it and if perchance some fellow does get drunk we do not call him a gentleman; he's a hog—full blooded; that's what he is."

And The Asheville Gazette-News, referring to the same paragraph, asks:

"Does The Observer mean that of all the scribes and 'publicans present there was only one gentleman, and that he was drunk?"

Persiflage aside, the term in question is one that we have almost ceased to use except in derision. When employed in seriousness it is always in a connection which makes the fact obvious. Its meaning when applied to the titled aristocracy of kingdoms and empires is passed over here. Its proper definition when used in democratic America, is, according to the Century Dictionary: "A man of good breeding, courtesy and kindness; hence, a man distinguished for fine sense of honor, strict regard for his obligations, and consideration for the rights and feelings of others." That is a gentleman.

How often do we hear the word from the mouths of fellows who have not one of the attributes included in the definition above—from blackguards, liars, nuisances; everything that a gentleman is not; from creatures who have no apprehension of the meaning of the word except a cloudy knowledge that it betongs to a class superior to themselves; from smirking humbugs who know the meaning and try to deceive the world into believing they are something that they know themselves they are not; from other types of humanity. You have heard two noisy boors, in a back lot, perhaps, half-drunk, quarreling and threatening to fight, and one say to the other, "You treat me like a gentleman an' I'll treat you like a gentleman." In this town a few years ago an excrescence upon the social body invaded a home with an evil design, and when ordered out by the householder exclaimed, "I am a gentleman!" and shot him to death.

It is no wonder, in view of its frequent flagrant misapplication, that one grows tired of the term and uses it more often in mockery than with its meaning. In its meaning it does not necessarily imply birth or station or learning and is far from implying wealth. A person may be of lowly origin, unread, a wearer of coarse clothing, as poor as the Nazarene, but if he is courteous and kind, observes truth and honor, regards his obligations and is considerate of the rights and feelings of others, that man is a gentleman; and to be one is the noblest of earthly ambitions.

"On life's wide scene you, too, have parts
That Fate, ere long, shall bid you play;
Good night! with honest, gentle hearts
A kindly greeting go alway.

"Come wealth or want, come good or ill,
Let young and old accept their part,
And bow before the Awful Will,
And bear it with an honest heart.

"Some miss, some win an earthly prize;
Go, lose or conquer as you can;
But if you fall, or if you rise,
Be each, pray God! a gentleman!"

Col. William Jennings Bryan is under invitation to attend the county fair at Greensboro this fall and, of course, address the people. The Evening Chronicle, of Charlotte, thinks that if he accepts, the event could be acclaimed as was the Poplar Tent Fair, of which the Bard of Coddle Creek wrote:

"The chief attractions of the day
Was Martin's bull and J. M. Gray."

(Mr. Gray, then a member of the Salisbury bar, was the orator of the occasion.) The Chronicle's notion is that "J. M. Gray" could be changed to "William J." and the couplet adapted to the Greensboro event, which is a very good idea; but if the colonel goes to Greensboro—and he has never yet been known to elude an opportunity to make a speech—what is the matter with inviting him to come on down to Charlotte and speak at our county fair?

MORE ACCOMMODATION NEEDED

The Raleigh Evening Times calls for an improvement of traveling accommodations on the Southern Railway. "If any one," it says, "who has used the Greensboro-Goldsboro and western divisions * * * during the rush season this year has traveled in comfort it is because he came early and avoided the rush. The crowded condition of the trains on these divisions of the Southern this season has made journeying to and from the mountain and seashore resorts of the State little less than a torture to mind and body and an effective irritant to the temper of the blandest valetudinarian." After debating the subject further our contemporary concludes: "Right here is where the corporation commission can prove its usefulness without overstepping its limitations. After proper investigation it can order the road to put on more cars during the cowded months, and that it should do with as little delay as possible."

The conditions of which The Times justly complains are not limited to any particular season but are chronic, nor are they confined to any particular lines. We have them when the school terms begin and when they end, on the 4th of July and Thanksgiving Day and during the Christmas holidays; when the tide of summer travel sets toward the mountains and the sea and when it returns. We have them practically all the time.

The argument on the reduction of passenger fares, that the loss sustained by the railroads in the adoption of a lower rate would be compensated for by increased travel, will not appeal to the Southern. It already has more passengers than it can carry in comfort.

THE REFORMED SPELLING FAD.

Nothing more vain than this proposed reform in spelling has ever been projected upon a patient people. It is not surprising that President Roosevelt has fallen in with it, for he is a distinct faddist, but it is an undertaking which is marked for failure. The President may compel its adoption at the White House and in the Departments at Washington, but he cannot enforce it upon the public. The English language is written and spoken throughout a large part of the world, and the edict of the President of the United States will not be effective to change the writing of it even in this country, much less in others. Inconsistent as the spelling of it is, and unnecessary as are some of the letters to many of the words which carry them, the present way is the way of the English-speaking world, and the abandonment of the old style and replacing it with a new cannot be accomplished by an executive order from Washington or otherwise. Some years ago a revision of the Scriptures of the Old and New Testaments was announced and the time for the appearance of the Revised Bible on the New York market was fixed for a day certain. Before the hour for the book stores to open that morning the sidewalks and curbs in front of them were lined with men and women impatient to buy. They bought, and for several days or maybe for a few weeks the Revised Bible had a great vogue, but in a little while the interest—or shall it be called curiosity?—subsided and the Revised Bible is never heard of any more. So, the reformed system of spelling will be much talked and written of for a few weeks, and then it will go the same way.

INTERVENTION IN CUBA.

The question whether the United States will have to intervene to suppress the new revolution in Cuba is up for discussion. It is evident that there is a good deal of insurrectionary feeling on the island—due to no apparent cause and to be accounted for primarily, perhaps, by the fact that the Cuban people are natural revolutionists—and whether the island government will be able to handle it successfully is yet to be determined. This country has large interests in Cuba now, a great deal of American capital having gone there since the war with Spain set it free, and to these interests the United States owe a duty. The right of intervention, too, is clear, having been reserved by the Platt amendment to the army appropriation bill passed in March, 1901, thus:

"That the government of Cuba consents that the United States shall exercise the right to intervene for the preservation of Cuban independence, the maintenance of a government adequate for the protection of life, property and individual liberty, and for discharging the obligations with respect to Cuba imposed by the treaty of Paris on the United States, now to be assumed and undertaken by the government of Cuba."

But many things are lawful which are not expedient and it is to be hoped that this government will act with great deliberation in exercising its right of intervention. Cuban residents of New York are seeking to induce the President to apply his power in the premises and it is altogether to his credit that thus far he has made no sign. The United States have had a great deal of trouble on Cuba's account, have sacrificed many lives and spent much money for her, and a small war for the subjugation of a part of the people they have so recently relieved of the domination of Spain is something not to be sought but avoided.

A Hongkong cable of the 24th says "the American consul general here has sent a dispatch to the viceroy at Canton asking him to take immediate steps to suppress the boycott on American goods. He reports that the boycott associations have recently held several large meetings." Those who are of opinion that this Chinese boycott of American cotton goods amounts to nothing were probably mistaken, and those who announced some months ago that it had been called off and all the trouble had blown over certainly were. The cable quoted above tells a very different story.

"Newspaper men are arranging to give a dinner to Mr. Bryan when he comes home. The Charlotte Observer might get in on that."—Charleston Post.

The Observer will none of it and repudiates the suggestion with scorn. It has decided, for solace and revenge, upon a function of its own, and it will be none of these dollar affairs, either. It has concluded to give a pink tea to the surviving members of the Cleveland party—nine in number when last counted. The toast-master has been selected but his name will not be mentioned—he is a candidate for the Legislature in a North Carolina county and it might hurt him at the election. The color scheme has not been determined upon yet, but every guest will be attired in smilax and carry a shower bouquet of candelebra. Between the courses ops and etudes will be discoursed by the band. Delicious refreshments will be served. Apostates will be barred, hence there will be no newspaper guests from Charleston, Montgomery, Richmond or Norfolk. The surviving members of the Cleveland party who continue faithful will please hold themselves in constant readiness for the pink tea.

As was stated in a special to The Observer yesterday, ex-Senator Marion Butler addressed the Republican convention of Chatham county at Pittsboro Saturday. According to the correspondent of The Industrial News, of Greensboro, he had two "ovations"—one when he entered the court house and the other when he arose to speak. He complimented the "magnificent" personnel of the convention and paid tribute to the "magnificent" leadership of President Roosevelt. "He said he came to-day to advocate the same principles and reforms which he advocated when he last spoke here, twelve years ago." Which reminds us that under whatever political name Mr. Butler sails, whether Democratic, Populist or Republican, he always advocates "the same principles and reforms." The correspondent, however, fails to quote him on the sub-treasury, free silver, government ownership or "the two old parties," favorite themes of his in the past.

Mr. Walter Wellman, it is announced, has temporarily abandoned the "assignment" given him by the Chicago editor, which involved finding the North Pole—nothing was said, we believe, about bringing it back with him. Mr. Wellman's decision was actuated by the "nine-months-winter-and-three-months-late-in-the-fall" climate of the polar regions, and it is said he will defer his attempt until the "two-months'-thaw" period next summer.

There is much wisdom in the observation of The New York Sun, which, in discussing the order of President Roosevelt, embracing the adoption of the reformed spelling, remarks: "If the President had thought twice instead of not at all before he made the order, he probably would not have made it." Reforms should come in broken doses.

High Point appears to just naturally love a freight car.

PAPERS WALL WITH STAMPS.

Miss Sadie Chambers Will Cover the Walls of a Room 15x24x9 Feet in Size—186,912 Stamps Necessary.

Anderson, Ind., Special, 25th, to New York Herald.

The extraordinary task of papering her room with cancelled postage stamps has been started by Miss Sadie Chambers, of this city, at the home of her mother, Mrs. Margaret Chambers.

The room is fifteen by twenty-four feet and has a nine-foot ceiling. The stamps of all nations are being pasted on the reverse or blank side of ordinary wall paper, and to cover one roll of paper twenty-four feet long and eighteen inches wide 6,236 stamps of the American two-cent denomination will be required. For the entire room, if one design is followed, 186,912 stamps will be needed, while another way of covering the walls and ceiling with stamps will require 191,160.

At this time Miss Chambers has on hand 91,000 stamps, collected within two months past, and she thinks she will be able to get a hundred thousand more within three months. If she can average three to five hours a day on her undertaking she will be able to complete it by housecleaning time next spring.

Her friends in Chicago, New York and Pittsburg are assisting her in collecting the stamps. Miss Chambers was through Kentucky during the week past visiting relatives and continued her trip South to Birmingham, Ala., and on her way home she will stop in Louisville. At each large city she will further carry on her campaign for cancelled stamps.

She is not a "stamp fiend," her idea being only to have a room papered different from any other room in the city.

Miss Chambers is one of the most popular young women of this city, recently winning over several contestants in a popular voting contest with a diamond ring as the prize.

Every morning at her home her first half-hour is devoted to going through her daily receipt of postage stamps that come in bulging envelopes and parcels.

ROASTS CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS.

Coroner of Rochester, N. Y., Would Have Healers Prosecuted for Not Providing Young Woman With Medical Treatment, Death Resulting.

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 26.—Christian Science healers are censured in a verdict rendered to-day by Coroner Killip in the case of Fanny Green, a young woman who died here of cerebro-spinal meningitis. She was ill 11 weeks and the coroner finds that she was attended by only the so-called Christian Science healers—her father Randall G. Green, Arthur Vosburg, Emma Shoecraft and Esther C. Spencer, their treatment consisting of prayer and endeavoring to impress upon the mind of the girl that she was not sick and if she but realized she was "the ideal child of God" her sickness would be overcome and she would be well.

Coroner Killip recommends that the health bureau proceed against these healers, under a city ordinance for neglecting to report a dangerous disease.

GRASPED AT LAST STRAW

Feels That He Owes the Last Twelve Years of His Life to the Keeley Treatment.

The Keeley Institute, Greensboro, N. C.:

I feel that I owe the last twelve years of my life to the Keeley Institute at Greensboro, N. C., and hope that this letter may be instrumental in saving the life and self-respect of some fellowman. My case was considered by my friends and neighbors as incurable. "The drowning man will grasp at a straw to save life," and, while my faith was weak, I concluded to give the Keeley Cure a fair and honest trial. I was nearly dead; my physician had warned me that a few short months would terminate my career in death; I left my home and family at once for Greensboro, N. C. I arrived at the Institute some time in September, 1892, and was honorably discharged as cured October 3rd, 1892, and returned to my home and family a new man. King Alcohol had been driven from my system and I was no longer his slave. I had served this despot for more than thirty years without intermission, most of that time an habitual and confirmed drunkard. I took the treatment in good faith and conformed strictly to the rules and regulations of the Institute, and have not had a desire to drink whiskey, and have not permitted the vile stuff to pass my lips since the day I entered the Institute, neither as a beverage nor any medicine that contained alcohol when prescribed by my physician.

JOHN G. MAGILL.

Richburg, S. C., Nov. 25, 1904.

If you have a friend who might be benefitted, please send names to the Keeley Institute, Greensboro, N. C.

W. F. BARLOW FOR HACKETT

IS AN INFLUENTIAL REPUBLICAN

In a Communication to The Wilkesboro Chronicle, Mr. Barlow, Who is One of the Solid, Prominent Citizens of His County and a Life-Long Republican, Tells Why He Will Scratch Blackburn and Vote for Hackett—Invites Other Republicans Who Love Their Country to do Likewise.

Wilkesboro Chronicle.

Editor Chronicle: I am now 58 years old and ever since I was old enough to vote, I have voted the straight Republican ticket and have never yet scratched one. I am a Republican from principle and expect to always remain so, but when the Republican party, or any party, nominates a man for office who is unworthy to represent them in that capacity, honest men who are controlled by reason, should register their disapproval of such a nomination by voting against him. For this reason, I shall, at the next ecetion, for the first time in my life, scratch a Republican's name from the ticket, viz: Mr. Spencer Blackburn, and shall vote and do all I can to elect Mr. R. N. Hackett for Representative in Congress from the eighth district. My reasons for this course are that I believe Mr. Blackburn is unworthy to occupy the position of Representative in Congress. He has deliberately fooled the people for years in many ways. He pretended two years ago to move to the district, after having been nominated while a resident of Greensboro and left the district within ten days after the election and has never had his residence in it since. He did not vote for a single Republican nominee from President down to constable two years ago. He has abused and vilified every Republican leader in the State who would not do his will. He has introduced and carried into execution methods in conventions which are in violation to every principle of truth, honesty and fairness. He has ever been ready to sacrifice even those who had been his best friends, if he could thereby further his own selfish ends. He has run conventions by force and fraud and it is common talk that he gets his followers together and sells nominations to the highest bidder, regardless of party service of fitness and strives to destroy politically deserving men who will not do his bidding. He promises anything to anybody, but not one time in a hundred has he fulfilled his promises. He has heretofore got lots of our friends and neighbors into illicit distilling by promising them they should not be hurt, if they would culy vote and spend money for him, and then he has deserted them when they were prosecuted for these violations of the law and many of them have had to pay fines, go to prison and some of them to the penitentiary as a result of his lawless inducements and false promises. He has been in Congress about four years, has never done anything for the benefit of the people and he introduced a bill to pension negro slaves, which was killed by both Republicans and Democrats and which, if he had succeeded, would have ruined the country. His policy has ever been rule or ruin. His action in dictating nominations in the Wilkes county convention, pleading with delegates to bolt instructions, hoping thereby to destroy a deserving young Republican, ought to be sufficient to make any honest Republican vote against him.

As for my reason for voting for Hackett, I have known him ever since his childhood and ever since I have known him he has been an honorable, high-toned gentleman, whose caracter is stainless and whose every action has indicated that he has the best interests of the whole people at heart. I have frequently had dealings with him and employed him in a professional way, and he has always proven himself to be a capable, honest and efficient attorney, and has attended to all business intrusted to him successfully and satisfactorily. He has frequently, during sessions of the Legislature, gone to Raleigh when the interests of Wilkes county were at stake and stayed there at his own expense and done all in his power to protect and serve the best interests of our county, as has and will be testified to by all honest Republican legislators who have represented us since Mr. Hackett came of age.

He has ever been ready to aid with his sympathy and his means the distressed, unfortunate and the bereaved and he has never turned a deaf ear to the cry of the needy nor sent the poor away empty-handed. He has lived his whole life among us, he loves his people and they know, love and respect him. His character is stainless, his honor is untarnished, his integrity is uncorrupible and no man can truthfully say a word against either.

I shall cast my vote for Dick Hackett to represent us in the next Congress and ask every other Republican who loves his country and is interested in its welfare to do the same.

Yours respectfully,

W. F. BARLOW.

Elkville, N. C., Aug. 18, 1906.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY, BETTER THAN THREE DOCTORS.

"Three years ago we had three doctors with our little boy and everything that they could do seemed in vain. At last when all hope seemed to be gone we began using Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and in a few hours he began to improve. To-day he is as healthy a child as parents could wish for."—Mrs. B. J. Johnston, Linton, Miss. For sale by R. H. Jordan & Co.

South Carolina Red Cross Appeal.

Charleston, S. C., Aug. 26.—President A. C. Kaufman, of the South Carolina branch, American National Red Cross, has issued an appeal through the leading papers in the State for contributions for relief of the Valparaiso sufferers.

PEOPLE'S COLUMN

The American District Telegraph Company delivers packages, parcels, notes, invitations, furnishes messengers for errand service at a very small cost. The Observer will send our messengers, without charge, to your residence or place of business for advertisements for this column. 'Phone 78. Office with Western Union Telegraph Company, 'Phone 45. All advertisements inserted in this column at rate of ten cents per line of six words. No ad. taken for less than 20 cents. Cash in advance.

WANTED.

WANTED—Pressman and all-round good printer. Catawba County News, Newton, N. C.

WANTED—Good tinners and cornice makers. Non-union shop, in large Southern city. Good wages and steady work. Address, A. D., care this paper.

WANTED at once, experienced D. E. book-keeper, by wholesale lumber company. Must be quick, accurate, and write neat hand and have some executive ability. No beginners need apply, but prefer a young man now employed. Good salary to right man. Healthy location. Address in handwriting, stating salary, age and reference, "Lumber," care of Observer.

WANTED—To sell ½ interest in the North Carolina General Agency of one of the leading American casualty companies, writing accident and health insurance. Large business already on books. Good income and exceptional contract. For particulars, address at once, P. O. Box 553, Raleigh, N. C.

WANTED—Dens warper, double linkers, in good condition. Write what you have and price. Brown Mfg. Co., Concord, N. C.

WANTED—Young man for copy holder on The Observer; must be apt, accurate and willing to work. Address, Observer, Charlotte, N. C.

WANTED—Drug clerk. Registration unnecessary. State experience and ary expected. C. R. Mayer & Co.

WANTED—A two-drawer, second-hand cash register of late pattern, in good condition. Specify terms, description and how long used. "Druggist," Box 27, Boardman, N. C.

WANTED—Cash prices quoted on chickens per pound; fresh eggs per dozen. Will buy outright or handle on commission. Prompt returns guaranteed. Fred Germany, Columbia, S. C.

WANTED—Salesman, to handle staple line on liberal commissions. Address, Box 627, Richmond, Va.

WANTED—Registered drug clerk at once. Address, Salol, care Observer.

WANTED—Job compositor, must be a first-class man; state experience and salary expected; write at once to Observer Printing House.

WANTED—For U. S. army, able-bodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35, citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 15 West Trade street, Charlotte, N. C.; 40 South Main street, Asheville, N. C.; Bank Building, Hickory, N. C., or Glenn Building, Spartanburg, S. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NORTH CAROLINA Reports wanted. I will give $3.50 a volume for the following North Carolina Reports, in good second-hand condition, delivered in Raleigh: 80, 82, 83, 90, 91, 95. John W. Hinsdale, Raleigh, N. C.

SHOE SALESMAN for S. W. Va., East Tenn. and N. C. Must be young man of ability; strictly good habits, and some knowledge of the trade. Apply, stating experience, compensation desired and references. Powell Bros. Shoe Co., 118 Duane street, New York City.

A BARGAIN—One new rotary Neostyle for making copies of letters. Yarborough & Bellinger Co.

DR. E. R. RUSSELL has returned from Europe and will be at his office for consultation at his regular hours.

ATLANTA Barber College, tuition $20. We furnish our graduates paying positions in our own shops in Atlanta. Per paid from day you enter. 162 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—50,000 feet of oak and poplar boards, sawed 1½x6 to 12 inches wide, 10 to 14 feet long, on sticks six months; one car load of poplar squares 5x5x10, 6x6x10; 75 to 100 cords of hickory, one mile from station, for sale on stump; pine framing and boards cut to order. Watt & Gardner, Reidsville, N. C.

FOR SALE—A fine 7-year old bay mare, work anywhere, a first-class family mare. Guaranteed. Apply to Green A. Nicholson, Graham, N. C.

FOR SALE—Staple and fancy grocery business, in thriving N. C. town of 12,000 population. Address, R. C., care Observer.

FOR SALE—One 6-room house on corner lot, 200x200; good young orchard; all outbuildings necessary; one storehouse on lot, corner lot, 25x100 feet, house on it 22x65. One corner lot 33x150 feet, store-house on it, 32x85 feet, and a good furniture and undertaking business. Property all located in the town of Raeford, N. C. Reason for selling, on account of bad health. Call on, or write, C. S. O'Neal, Raeford, N. C.

FOR SALE—Interest in good paying drug store in one of the best towns in N. C. Address, "West," care of Observer.

FOR SALE—Blue-printing outfit, will fit any window. Call at room 5, third floor, Piedmont Building, or 'phone 813.

FOR SALE—800 acres of farming land, 10 head of good mules, also town property at Davidson and Cornelius. W. A. Potts, Davidson, N. C.

FOR SALE—Four return tubular boilers in good condition, 2, 100-H. P. and 2 125-H. P. Also 1 300-H. P. engine. Apply "B. M. C.," care Observer.

FOR SALE—Beebee Indelible Ink Check Protector, only been used four months, in good condition; cost $25.00, can be bought for $20.00. Address, "Frank," care Observer.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT furnished, entire lower floor, 4 rooms and reception, modern flat. North Tryon. Central. Address, "W. L.," Observer.

FOR RENT—Store-room, South College street, near Fourth street. Apply at Observer office.

LOST.

LOST—Small gold bar pin, set with three small pearls. Reward if returned to 11 West Second street.

ASSAYING

CHEMICAL ANALYSES.

ORES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

G. G. MORGAN ENGINEERING CO.

34-38 W. 5th street. Charlotte, N. C.

The Little-Long Co.

DRESS GOODS

Advance Styles in Fall Suiting. Invisible Checks and Plaid Effects, the New Combination of Colors, Including the Popular Shade of Brown. Exclusive Dress Patterns with Trimmings to Match.

SHADOW PLAIDS.

59-inch Gray Shadow Plaids, makes a swell skirt. Price the yard .. 85c.

MANISH SUITING.

54-inch Manish Suiting, all pure Worsted, sponged and shrunk. Price the yard .. .. $1.25.

MERCERIZED PLAID POPLIN.

A new material for fall skirts. Price the yard .. .. 50c.

PLAID CHAMBRAY.

Genuine Mercerized English Chambray (washable). Price the yard 20c.

LIGHT BLUE LINEN.

Another express shipment of that popular shade of Light Blue Linen, mercerized in the yarn. We are the only people that have this special shade. Price the yard .. .. 35c.

ALL-LINEN CRASH.

Linen Crash for fall skirts, nothing so serviceable for hard wear. Price the yard .. .. 15 and 25c.

TABLE LINEN.

The strongest line of Table Linen that we have ever shown, with Napkins to match; genuine silver bleach; no chemicals used.

WHITE POPLIN.

White Poplin for fall suits, worth 15c.; in odd lengths. Special price for Monday the yard .. .. 9c.

SILK.

27-inch Oriental Water-proof Silk, white, black and all colors; positively spot-proof. Price the yard .. .. 50c.

RAJAH SILK.

The genuine Rajah Silk, the most popular Silk in New York city to-day. Price the yard (everywhere) .. .. $1.25.

NEW DRESS TRIMMINGS.

Our fall stock of Dress Trimmings has arrived—all the new, swell novelties in white, black and colors; all grades from .. 5c. to $5.00 per yard.

The handsomest line of Embroidered Chiffon that we have ever shown.

COAT SUIT DEPARTMENT.

Eton Suits in light-weight Panama, green, blue and black; neatly trimmed in braid and stitching; circular effect in skirt; jacket lined with silk or satin; make nice suits for fall wear; well worth $15.00. Special sale .. .. $7.29.

You should see the White Lawn, Linen and Silk Waists we are selling at 25 per cent. off regular.

White Cannon Cloth Skirts, a perfect wonder; at .. .. 88c.

We have a few Suits in White Cannon Cloth, made Eton jacket; good, full circular gored skirt; worth $4.00 to $5.00. Special .. .. $3.50.

WALKING SKIRTS.

We are showing a handsome line of new fall Skirts in Panama, Voile and Novelties; black, blue, gray and plaids; all the newest cuts, finely tailored. Prices ranging from .. .. $5.00 to $17.50.

WATCH FOR BIG EMBROIDERY

SALE WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29th.

"SOROSIS" SHOES.

A Shoe once known and once worn will neither be forgotten nor discarded. No lady's Shoe sold in Charlotte that's better. It's an ideal Shoe, has snap, wear, comfort and style. All leathers and styles, lasts B to E; dull leathers $3.50 and patents $4.00.

"ARTISTIC" AND "AMERICAN LADY."

These Shoes stand at the top for .. .. $3.00.

Just the best one made for women with tender feet. Price $1.50 to $3.00.

HAND-PAINTED CHINA.

Sample Cups and SSaucers	25 and 50c.
China Jewelry Stands	50c.
China Chocolate and Tea Pots	50c. to $4.50.
China Hair Receivers and Powder Boxes	25c. to $1.00.
Sugar and Cream Sets	75c. to $1.50.
China Syrup Pitchers and Saucers	$1.00 and $1.25.
China Knife and Fork Rests	$1.50.
China Footed Fruit Stands	$4.00 to $6.50.
Comb and Brush Trays	75c. to $2.00.
Celery Trays	25c. to $1.50.
Fine China Shaving Mugs	25c. to 50c.
China Milk and Mush Sets	50c. to $1.25.
Children's Rhyme Plate	18c.
Fine Covered Butter Dishes	50c. to $1.00.
Hot Cake Plates	$1.00 to $1.50.
Four-piece Breakfast Sets	$1.00 to $4.00.
Tea Sets, three pieces	$3.00 to $3.50.
Chocolate Sets	$1.50 to $10.00.
Two and Three-piece Pudding Sets	$2.00.
China Salts and Peppers	10c. to 18c.
China Hat Pin Holders	50c.
China Candlesticks	25 and 50c.
Handle Cabarets	$1.50.
Hand-Painted Cake Plates	50c. to $3.50.
Hand-Painted Salad Bowls	25c. to $3.50.
Hand-Painted Cheese Dishes	$2.50.
Hand-Painted Ice Tubs and Plates	$1.50.
Baking Dishes, worth up to 50c.; choice	10c.
Bouillon Cups and Saucers, set of six	$3.00 to $3.50.

Vases of every description, shape, style decoration, etc., and the richest and rarest assortment ever seen here .. .. .. 25c. up to $10.00 each.

The Little-Long Co.