LETTERS OF A SOUTHERNE RUE WORTH TO HIS BROTHER.

Dear Nicholas:

Acording to my promise, I will devote this letter to consideration of that prince of demoganes. Colonel Stoner, and to the "elemental forces" fall prejudice) which he in his deep-seated mailce brought to bear against you in your innocence. This is not sereasm. You drew a true character in Col. Stoner, and you couldn't point him too black to suit me. A dema-sogue must be hated even in high heaven and is contemptible in the sight of kny self-respecting person on earth. He has a mournful voice and a pious look and "alligator" tears, and inside he is "full of dead men's bones." He pays "tithe of mint, and anise and communion," and omits "the weightler matters of the law, judgment, mercy and faith." In condemnation of the demagone, I am heartily in accord with you. His bedingered soul, warp of woof, is steeped in the slime of iniquity.

You write that at the end of the first year of your schoel work, this colonel prevented your re-election by his appeal to the "elemental forces."
For one year you were connected with the State Department of Education

For one year you were connected with the State Department of Education and took great interest in your work which had to deal with the ignerant, but well-meaning country teachers. Then one year you were professor of history at the university only to meet history at the university only to meet the colonel as a trustee again and with the same result as before, and you concluded you would leave the State, though it as as much your land as it as Stoner's, and if it was not big enough for both, (you being the better man) ought to have forced him to emigrate. You did good work in school and did more than could have been expected. The people were satisfied and you thought everything was all right until along came this was all right until along came this vile and oily blasphemer, and in the name of patriotism and all that was half of patriotsm and all that was holy, he vented his spleen against you. The reason probably was that you had not licked his boots, and he as determined to show you his power even if he was thereby obliged to prostitute his intelligence and sacrifice the interests of hundreds of innocent de-fenceless children. No, he could not be painted too black.

"He expressed great personal regard for me, the sly and eloquent old colonel—the profoundest admiration for my learning and zeal. But our sacred duty to our firesides—sy, to our very religion—the sanctity of our mes and the purity of our faith, and our reverence for our brave and noble heroes—were we to be unmind-ful of these? He was loth to criticise a young man of learning and ideals— and of a good family too, and he had hoped that his motion would prevail without discussion. Some of the gen-tiemen sorely knew the grave reasons for his action. He disliked to make public "charges," and he insisted that what he said should not be repeated. Then he arraigned me 'not in anger

but in deep sorrow."

I hope I may be pardoned for giv-ing this much attention to such an unholy thing as a demigogue. In an ancient nation there was a law that the corpse of a mardered person admonition of the Lord" to hearken should be chained to the murderer well to an appeal "In the name of and left there, but more awful than our holy religion?" It will be sad for

Let us suppose two parallel cases.
"A" in public sentiment on a financial question and the Stoners up there arraign him in the name of "sound currency and the honest dollar." "B" in the South evokes the denuciation of the Stoners because of some whim or foolish atterance that strikes too near to the danger like of "social equality." There is a demand for both of them to resign and the public becomes greatly agitated. Can you guess the result? My prognostication is that "A" would "waik the plank," and that "B" would be protected in his unafferable right to the freedom of mind and conscience. This shows the difference between our standpoints and demonstrates that tandpoints and demonstrates tha from mine the South is a free country, that Stoner is a typical demagogue, but that you are wrong in working him a representative of Southern sentiment. The "elemental forces" that you connect with him have no connection whatever with him except that as the denial can quote Scripture, so the demagogue can use noble senutiments as tools for the accomplishment of unworthy aims. These "elemental forces" we sims. These "elemental forces" we will now discuss as being your own eason for leaving the South.

"In the name of our holy religion.
I was not a communicant of any
Church, and I had on one occasion
expressed, in the presence of a pious
lady, doubt about the divinity of our
Blessed Lord." I admit that here is an elemental force in Southern life. Our State Constitution declares that no person can hold office in the State who denies the Being of Al-mighty God. This is prejudice in the same sense that the Rock of Gibralter is prejudiced; it is stubborn and unyeilding and it keeps back the wild waves. I confess to you that I would not cast my vote for a superintendmunicant of any Church and who sheered at the fundamental Christian beliefs. The South is the most rigorous section on this point, and you may call it narrowness if you will. We do hold unreservedly to Christ as the great ideal, and if we be wrong, "let him who is without sin among you cast the first stone." The South had no right nor inclination to tramright to say that such influence should not be brought to bear on the minds of the children.

In this same native State of yours was made the first declaration of the freedom of mind and conscience in the history of the world. All the colonists come seeking freedom for themselves and denying it to others, until in the year 1653 a little band of persecuted pioneers come South and settled along Albemarle sound and in their first laws freedom was granted to all for the first time, and the promise was kept. They builded with care and with prayer and with unalterable faith in God and Christ and the Holy Word. Can you conceive anything more logical than for the children reared in "the nurture and

We should recollect that these events were transpiring in parlous times. The negro race, only a few years out of bondage and only a hundred years out of savagery and cannibalism, had been put on an equal basis with the Anglo-Saxons who had never been slayes and had been "the monarchs of all they surveyed" for a thousand years. You do not tell of this other side of the picture, so I have it all to do. History does not record a mere shameless epoch than the ten years of destructive reconstruction in the Bouth. There was no cause for levity in the claim that Anglo-Saxons must stand united to present the subversion of their civilization. And yet you would make these people appear prejudiced without any cause, excuse or palliation.

The Anglo-Saxon needs no culogy, but I must refer to the education of the negro. The inference from your We should recollect that

the negro. The inference from your argument is that we were and have been unjust to the negro with regard to public education. This "is the most unkindest cut of all." The Southern white people since the war have not been able to educate their own children properly but they have done as much for the negroes as for their own. Two hundred millions of dollars is a conservative estimate of the amount the Southern white people, since 1863, have paid for negro education, and yet they are condemned as the negro's enemies while the colored man's friends of the North are praised to the skies for the hundred thousands of dollars they have given. And this "more holy than thou" spirit of your philanthrep ic brethren is responsible in no small degree for the negro's ungraciousness and unappreciation of the opportuni-ties offered him. We support and edto direct the management problem without incurring any pense, and that day will mark a great step in the negro's progress wherein the North which is not sharing the burden will turn to its own affairs and kindly let the coldred-man and his true friends work out their own solu-

"In the name of our history and our honored dead. I had written in a book, which was put into the hands or our children, sentiments disre-spectful to the Confederacy, for which so many gave their lives. (The senwhich he referred was one that explained the threat of the Governor of the State to secede from the Confederacy—a plain

fact.")
This is your stock argument—"the hands of dead men." You were al-ways good at phrase making and this equal to your best. Many people receive striking phrases and glitter-ing epigrams as the fish in his innocence swallows the worm-covered hook. If you decide to publish this work of yours, it would be well to christen it "The Hands of Dead Men." It is apparent throughout that your invention is to demonstrate that the South no longer thinks, but meekly and sluggishly acts along the lines his public standing on his firm deter-

least as much obligation to respect these people's deep beliefs as they were to respect your lack of it?

"Woe unto you! For ye neither go in yourselves, heither suffer ye them that are entering to go in."

"In the name of the Angio-Saxon civilization, I would teach 'the nigger' just as well as I would teach the white child. I had held public meetings of negroes, and promised as much. I had been taught in a Northern college where (if he was rightly informed) negro students and white students were on an equality; and I had imbibed ideas subversive of our civilization."

The Baughters of the Dead." The whole South was dead and you could find no congential life; therefore you ieff! Let us quote farther:

"Thus I made my acquaintance real with three elemental forces about me, the existence of which I had hardly known till now. They were the Church, the race question, and they congent made the ghost called Public Opinion. Any colonel, by skillfully invoking these, could then stop any man in a normal, independent career. Mey a Southern man has been banished from the land that he loved and would probably have served by this simple process of invoking forces against him. You will such men in almost every State in the Union, men with the same burning patriotism that we dedicated ourselves to at college, winning success at every calling, and hoping in quiet chance may yet come for them to

So you would have us believe that your "burning patriotism" gained at the Southern college met its Waterloo at the hands of the "elemental forces!" You seem to forget right here that the "burning patriotism" was a nonentity when you left Harpecting as to the desirability of the ministry (without regard to the call of your home) and you much bigotry and self-superiority, and went to work at home because nothing better was offered you. You said yourself that teaching bored you, and you were entirely out of environment. How then could you expect success? politician be justified in charging Vermont with norrownes just because he could not be elected Governor on the Democratic ticket? Is it then just to accuse the South of provincialism because it does not welcome and encourage one who speaks mockingly of everything they hold dear? Incidentally, it would be interesting know how many times you have voted the winning ticket in your local elections since you have been in the North. If some of you were more reverent to the dead, perhaps the present moment would not be so powright for a mess of pottage. Shakspere says: "That which condemns its origin, cannot be bordered certain in itself." A boy's

father or grandfather may be worthy, but this does not justify the boy's disrespectful conduct toward him, and any nation is in a bad way that does not bear a tender rever-ence for "the touch of a vanished hand and the sound of a voice that is still." Here was your grave mistake hindrance, but you demanded respect for your disrespect, and when it was denied you found the public opinion too narrow. But what of the ones who stayed at home? Did they smother their honest convictions and pander to prejudice? They may differed with public opinion but they accepted victory or defeat without failing and they spoke and acted with the true courage of deep conviction. I have seen a Southern leader face a convention of 5,000 representatives of the dominant party, (many of whom had cried out against taking the money out of their pockets to educate the negroes) and tell them that by the grace of God and the examples of his people of the past, he would stake whales of perhaps larger dimensions

mination that the negro shall be edu-cated. Here are all three of the ele-mental forces rolled together, and the man who used them is more popular to-day than ever before, and the "forces" won a battle for the opposite of the way in which you have con-demned them. Prejudices are not al-ways used for wrong purposes. The hands of the dead prophets prepared the way for the life of Christ, and the hands of the broad-minded living Pharisees (who allowed commerce in the Temple) sent him to his death on

Yours, TRUE WORTH.

DEVELOPING MONROE REALTY. Recently Organized Concern Already Accomplishing Much—Mr. Sahaadi and the Whale—Darkey's Costly

pecial to The Observer.

Monroe, Aug. 31 .- The Monroe Realty Company, which was organized but a few months ago, has already accomplished much toward the improvement of real estate in this town and its environs. The company has seven acros in the western part of town, the section known as Railroad Heights and is now selling off building lots there. They have 30 acres in the eastern section adjoining the rail-road extension, formerly known as the Vann property, Options have been secured on quite a number of houses and lots, and two or three farms. They expect to deal extensively in farm lands, and some parties from the western part of the State, who are desirous of securing better cotton been negotiating with the company for farm lands in Union county.

The officers of the company are Clegg Ashcraft, president; H. Adams, secretary and treasurer; Frank Armfield and Eugene Ashcraft, managers. The company is, of course, a business proposition, but the well-known public spirit of the gen-tlemen who conduct its affairs will, no doubt, make it a strong force in the upbuilding of Monroe. Little Charlie Askew, aged about

ive years, was told by a resident of this town that if he would catch a ot of June bugs and bring them to nim, it meant a cent in Charlie's pocket for each of those insects. The little fellow went away, joyously anticipating the wealth to be derived from cornering the June bug market told the gentleman that it was impossible for him to gather June bugs in August, and offered to furnish "tater ugs at five cents a dozen. the offer had to be refused, because of the large supply of tater bugs and the total lack of demand for them, it shows that Charlie gives great promis

of becoming a captain of industry at some future day. Mr. Sahaadi stopped The Observer's correspondent on the court house square Thursday morning, and said he had a great piece of news to impart. He had just received a letter from his home in the Holy Land telling him that a whale 90 feet long and nine feet wide, through its thickest part, had been hauled on shore from the Mediterranean sea. The writer imagined from the expression of awe in Mr. Sahaadi's eyes that that gentleman was about to inform him that the whale was the one that swallowed Jonah. But no; Mr. Sahaadi was awe-struck at the tremendous of the whale and acted as if his informee ought to faint away, at least,

when its awful dimensions were re-

had been actually beheld by the very

counted. When told that

person he was addressing a look of disappointment passed over his countenance, and he turned and walked detectedly away. There is no doubt in the writer's mind that Mr. Sahasdi thinks him the biggest har in Union county and a man to be rigorously shunned, but the statement was, nevertheless, true, though I haven't the whales with me at present to prove it.

the whales with me at present to prove it.

Will Pathel is an economical darkey who thought he could go one better the man who tried to cut down his feed bill by putting green spectacles on his horse to make the animal think sawdust was oats. Pethel cut out the feed entirely and gave his horse only water for about a week. The authorities learned of it, and Pethel was tried before Magistrate Flow for cruelty to animals. He was fined \$10 tried before Magistrate Flow for cruelty to animals. He was fined \$10 and costs, so the scheme did not prove as economical as be thought it would. Hereafter he will be likely to draw the quatername did not to draw the customary distinction be-tween appetite and thirst.

James G. Blaine third, debut in the business world as a s avenue. He has been employed that capacity for a month, but fact that he was there was public only to-day.

Is is said that young Blains on receives \$6 a week and is not at all t love with his job. The bank officia are by no means certain that you Blaine will stay with them. As o of them put it: "He would rather be a United State Senator than corner the markets

YOU HAVE IT HERE

PENN

from all oplates

matter.

Penn Catarrh Cure .. Price \$2.00 Penn Rheumatism Cure, Liquid1.00 Penn Rheumatism Cure, Tablets 50 Penn Nerve and Blood Cure 50 Penn Kidney and tiver Cure 50 Penn Pile Care 50 Penn Strengthening Kidney PLaster 25

SEEK NO FURTHER

tism Cure is 1 what you have been looking for, A Urlo Acid D stroyer. Free from Opiates, Iodide Potash or Mar-

ed. Write to Philadelphia, Pa

If you use a PENN REMEDY, you can feel assured that you are taking an honest, reliable medicine. Once tried, always taken, as they are compounded by a noted physician; are absolutely in a class by themselves, will keep you well and save many doctors' bills.

FULL LINE OF PENN REMEDIES ON SALE AT Atkinson Drug Co.'s (both stores), Jas. P. Stowe & Co.'s and Hawley's

PURELY VEGETAL

The forests and fields are abundantly supplied with vegetation of various kinds, not alone to beautify the land, but to furnish the ingredients for making a remedy for every ill and ailment of mankind. Medicines made from the roots herbs and barks, which nature has placed at the disposal of man, act better in every way than do strong mineral mixtures and concoctions—the products of the chemist's shop. Mineral medicines work dangerously on the delicate parts of the system, especially the stomach and bow by eating out the lining membrane, producing chronic dyspepsia and often entirely ruining the health. S. S. S. enjoys the distinction of being the only purely vegetable remedy on the market. It is made entirely of gentleacting, healing, purifying roots, herbs and barks, possessing properties that build up and invigorate all parts of the system, in addition to removing all impurities and poisons from the blood. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism, Catarr Scrofula, Sores and Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Contagious Blood Poison and all disorders of the blood by cleansing the circulation of the cause, and it cures safely as well as permanently. It is as safe for children and old people as for those in the prime of life, and is the one blood medicine that may be used without fear of bad after-effects. Book on the blood sent free to all who THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Greater Charlotte Chautauqua

Orators and Humorists

Senator Ben Tillman

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 12TH. Rev. Sam Jones

SUNDAY AND MONDAY, SEPT. 9TH AND 10TH.

Dr. H. W. Sears MONDAY AND TUESDAY, SEPT. 10TH AND 11TH

> Rev. Herman H. Hulten SUNDAY EVENING, SEPT. 9TH.

Official Program

For the Greatest Week's Attractions Ever Held in the South

Another Brilliant Achievement for Greater Charlotte

Some of America's Best Orators, Humorists and Musicians Will be Here. Your Favorite is on the List.

Orators and Humorists

Hon. John Temple Graves

TUES. AND WED., SEPT. 11TH AND 12TH. Rev. George Stuart

SATURDAY AND SUNDAY, SEPT. 15TH AND 16TH

Prof. Charles Lane THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, SEPT. 13TH AND 14TH

> Gov. R. B. Glenn FRIDAY, SEPT. 14TH.

Academy of Music, Charlotte, N. C., Sept. 9th to 16th.

The Coolest Place in Town. Equipped With Electric Fans and Perfectly Ventilated.

FAMOUS SOLOISTS

Madame Shotwell-Piper

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 13, 14 and 15.

Miss Grace Munson

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 13, 14 and 15.

Hobart Smock

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 10, 11 and 12.

PRICE OF TICKETS

Full Season Tickets......\$ 3.00. Reserved Seats...... 25c Extra

TWO SESSIONS DAILY

AFTERNOONS 4 P. M. EVENINGS 8 P. M.

The Dailey Quartette

Philadelphia's Sweetest Singers

Entire Week.

The Richardson Orchestra

Entire Week.

David Huyck, Accompanist

REDUCED RATES ON ALL RAILROADS