TRADERS OF METHODISM

ONEERS HARDSHIPS ENDURED Hundredth Anniversary of Dedi-ion of First Methodiat Church in lams to be Made Occasion of bornte Celebration—The Pio-ers of Methodism in Kentucky I Indiana Underwent Many Hard-ps — Something About Peter riveright and Others of the Ad-pte Guard. napolis News.

Methodists of Charleston, Ind., preparing to celebrate the dredth anniversary of the dediana. The building, a small log ture, is still carefully preserved, h somewhat charlestown.

general appearance it resembles er log cabins, and as far as any mpt at church architecture is conit might as well have served a Jail as for a church. It dates a to a period long before the ad-t in Indiana of stone walls, fresceilings, stained glass windows and lofty spires. It was a most in-significant structure in appearance, but its erection was an event of hisoric importance, as being the begin-ing of great things.

The celebration of its centennial

Territory and missionary work done by Peter Cartwright, of Kentucky, a d border preacher of that day. to is believed to have delivered the first Protestant sermon ever preached tery in Kentucky avenue.

Cartwright was traveling what was known as the Salt River circuit, in Kentucky, and in 1864 he crossed the river and preached and organized a Methodist society near Charlestown. There were a few Methodists then, ut they had no organization and were outnumbered by the Baptists and Cumberland Presbyterians. As a re-sult of Cartwright's missionary work Methodists got together and built the log church at Charlestown. When he visited the place in 1804 he held services in the log cabin of one of the settlers.

In his autobiography Cartwright gives a characteristic account of how he battled with the Baptists, Cumrland Presbyterians and Shakers in come and give me their hand. Fortyseven came forward and then and there openly renounced the dreadful The next day I followed those that fled, and the day after I went from cabin to cabin taking the imes of those that returned to the solid foundaion of truth, and my number rose to eighty-seven. I then or-ganised them into a regular society and the next fall had a preacher sent

The Methodist circuit rider was a heroic character in the early history Thursday afternoon, Mrs. W. A. of Indiana. R. W. Thompson thus Ingram gave the book club a delightdescribed the pioneer itinerant Methwore and carried in his saddlebegs. Thus equipped he went forth to do his works, stimulated by his many energy and the exuberance of his hopes. He had no other than the homely fare which was always pelled to camp out and to sleep on the ground with his head pillowed on countered storms of the utmost fierce-

"He studied theology on horseback around-him such figures of metaphor and illustration as often gave irresistible power to his eloquence and the J. There was no scholastic adornment in his atyle-none of the polish of the courtier about his manner. He was fashion, but he carr'ed with him the mannerism of truth and sincerity. which is drawn alone from nature's laboratory, and what he said went directly home to the hearts of his hearers because it came spontaneous-ly and directly from his own."

One of the ploneer preachers, resaid that practically the only means of travel was on horseback or on foot. The horseback and saddlebags," he said, "were the surest reliance for travel; but even to this mode there were many hindrances in swellen streams and want of bridges. In such cases the perplexed preacher had either to turn back or swim the either to turn back or swim the treams, and generally he did the latr. Dismounting he would take off his trousers, tie them about his neck, lift his saddlebags from their usual sent and put them on the highest point of his horse's withers, then repoint of his horse's withers, then remount and kneel down on the sad-dlebags and give free rein to the horse, which scarcely ever failed to bring him safely to the opposite Marcus and Charile Orr; Misses ahore."

Among those present were Mesdames, Dockery, Johnson, Watkins, Beating, Marcus and Charile Orr; Misses ahore."

Nina Hunt, Shirley Strarns, Lissie Brooks New Orleans, Emma Schrim-

A distinction was made in the compensation of preachers who were married and those who were not. The married man got next to nothing in Alston, the single man about half as much! Jennie There were no stated salaries, but the compensation came in the shape of voluntary contributions called "quarerage." The married preacher might of it. The young preacher had no settled home or boarding place. His arters were in the saddle. He carried his wardrobe and library in his saddlebags. He was at home un-der every hospitable roof beneath which he took shelter, and his study m was the "best room" of the better houses, or the one room of the log cabin which served as dining room, kitchen, parlor, sitting room and bedroom.

The Rev. John Strange was a very arkable man and traditions of his erful eloquence are still current g old Methodists. He was a of Virginia, was licensed to in Ohio, and came to Indiana n 1824. He was one of the most noted revivalist and camp-meeting ra of a period when extemporpreaching was in vogue, and ime of his eloquence was not ed to Indiana.

fined to Indiana.

Without being highly educated he fairly equipped for the ministry possessed a fervid imagination, in his cailing and a most imprespersonality. He had personal metiam and was an impassioned tor. On his arrival in Indiana he placed in charge of a work in southeastern part of the State, not time there were still a good reaming Indians in the country of Strange always carried a rife

appointments, being one appoint-nt for every day in the month and o for each Sabbath. This man preached thirty-two times during every month in the year, without a vacation, for \$175. The presiding elder of the circuit received \$20 a year. der of the circuit received 426 a year. John Strange was very poor and glaried in his poverty. Once while he was traveling the Madison circuit the people of that town, knowing his poverty, offered to secure to him in fee simple a house and lot for a home. He declined it, saying: "I would not for all the land in Indiana deprive myself of single these grand words." myself of singing those grand words, 'No foot of land do I possess, no cottage in the wilderness; a poor, way-faring man."

Often in the midst of a powerful camp meeting sermon, when thous-ands were being swayed by his elequence, his gestures would show great rents in his coat, while the knees and seat of his tronsers were patched. But when preaching he rose above all environments, and the people did not care if he was in rags. They flocked to his appointments and came long distances on horseback or on foot to hear him.

The last sermon that John Strange ever preached was in this city in the fall of 1831. It was a funeral sermon in memory of two preachers, very dear friends of his, who had died will be an interesting occasion in a short time before. He himself was Mathediat circles. Its construction was in feeble health, and this sermon so result of some early visits to Indian exhausted him that at its close, after an eloquent peroration, he fell faint-ing in the arms of a friend. He died about three months later and was buried in the old Greenlawn Ceme-

WADESBORO SOCIETY.

Mrs. John D. Leek Gives Card Party in Honor of Miss Spurlock, of Nash-ville, Tenn.—Other Social Events. Crorespondence of The Observer.

Wadesboro, Sept. 7 .- A charming afternoon card party was given by Mrs. John D. Leak Friday afternoon of last week, the guest of honor being Miss Spuriock, Nashville, Tenn. After climbing the terraced steps, the guests found the verandas of wood" hospitality inviting, where the little card tables were placed behind vines. Here the interesting game of six-hand euchre was played progres-sively. Mrs. J. T. J. Battle, of Greensthe Clark county settlement, beating boro, scoring highest, won the prize them in the joint debates and convert- an elegant box of note paper. Ices ing many of them to Methodism. After telling of an open air address lasting three hours, he says, "When I closed my argument I opened the doors of the church and invited all that would renounce Shakerism to collect the same and save the same and save the same and save the same and save the save the save that would renounce Shakerism to collect the save that th colonial "settings." The fortunate ones were: Mesdames J. T. J. Bat-tle, of Greensboro; R. T. Bennett, J. T. Bennett, R. E. Little, J. A. Hardison, J. M. Covington, Terrell Covington, E. S. Ashe, L. D. Robinson, T. A. Marshall, C. M. Burns, Jr., Leon Scott, U. B. Blaiock; Misses Currie, of Georgia; Elsie Bennett, Eunice Wall, Clare Lockhart, Bernice Burns, Dora Burns, Emma Rose, Eunice Rose, Berta Moss Jennie B. Brent, Charlie Belle Craige, Estelle Crowson and Johnsie Duniap.
Thursday afternoon, Mrs. W. A.

ful surprise in the form of a musicale. odist preacher as he had known num-bers of them at an early period: "All who studied in Paris the past season, his worldly possessions consisted of gave several numbers in which she the horse he rode and the few clothes beautifully interpreted the old masha wore and carried in his saddle-ters to an appreciative and delighted audience. After this musical feast, the guests were ushered into the dining room, where an elegant threecourse luncheon was served. Besides the membership, there were present the following visitors. Miss Spurlock. cheerfully given at the log cabin of the following visitors. Ray Crow-the early settler. He was often com-son, Misses Doyle, Thompson and Mor-

It is with sincere regret we chron-He swam rivers and enstorms of the utmost fiercestorms of the utmost f Her beautiful and charminterests. and drew from the wildness of nature ing personality has wen for her lasting

Miss Bernice Burns is visiting Mrs.

DANCE AT TOXAWAY.

Last of a Delightful Series at the Franklin—Those Who Participated. Crorespondence of The Observer.

Toxaway, Sept. 7.-The last of the series of dances given by the Toxa-way Hotel Company at the Franklin. at Brevard, took place Thursday. The spacious ball-room was beautifully decorated with ferns and wild flowers. It was an ideal night for danc-ing as was proved by the great numof couples continually on the door, while out on the those who, not participating, enjoyed the scene. Refreshments were served about 11 o'clock, after which the dancing continued until a late hour and as the last strains of Sweet Home" were being those present regretted that it marked the close of a most enjoyable sea-son of this popular hotel.

The dance was chaperoned by Mesdames Chapman, Alston, Stearns,

Brooks, New Orleans; Emma Schrim-mer, Charleston; Fannie Turner, Alice Turner, Atlants; Jula Curry, Caroline Turner, Atlants: Jula Curry, Caroline Taleton, Nanna Cook, Ethel Taner, Jensie Chapman, Armstrong, Brown Jackson, Waters, Anderson, Hohenstein: Mcsers, Miller, Chapman, Charlie Orr, Ellis Stearns, Lieut, George McNider, James Forsyth, Charles Verner, Bries, C. B. Hopper, Watkins, Simms, Exley, Johnson and others

Buncombe Farmers to Organize. Special to The Observer.

Asheville, Sept. 8.—Farmers from from nearly every township in Buncombe county met here this afternoon for the purpose of taking steps toward the formation of a farmers' association. Dr. Tait Butler and Chemist Kilgore, of Raleigh, and A. Cannon, of Henderson county, addressed the gathering, County Commissioner R. C. Clayton, of Buncombe, was chairman. A motion prevailed to the effect that the chairman appoint five men from every township in the county to meet October lst, and perfect a permanent organization of the Buncombe County Farmers' Association. There was con-siderable interest and the addresses were given close attention.

Charles Payne, naturalist from Wichita, Kan, is in Washington to place before government officials the necessity of establishing reservations in the Southwest for game birds. Mr. Payne has spent years in the study of animal life, and has devoted the last nineteen years to collecting ani-mals and birds for scientific and propagating purposes.

ings always carried a rifle hen traveling in the ciral foot.

In fact.

In fact.

In preachers of those gry poorly paid. As late preacher on the Rush-embracing the counties in part of Decatur, Sheller and Canada and Cana

THIS DAY IN HISTORY

1583.—Humphrey Gilbert, on his return from a voyage of discovery to America, was foundered at sea in a violent storm, when every person perished.

1654.—Peter Stuyvesant, with 700 men, approached the Swedish settlements on the Delaware. They were all reduced without bloodshed.

bloodshed.

1677.—About twenty Indians, who had descended Connecticut river, fell upon Hatfield as the people were raising a house, killed and captured about twenty, among the latter some women and

children. 776.—United States first so called.

arms and 70 wounded men.

1814.—Capt. McGlassin, with 59
Americans, forded the Saranac
and reconnoitred the British
works, drove in a party of 150
men, attacked and carried their
battery, killed their commanding officer and 18 men, and,
having, destroyed their works,
returned with the loss of one
wounded and three missing.

1814.—British navy, with a detachment of troops, 150 saflors and
250 Indians, captured the United
States schooners Tigress and
Scorpion, near St. Joseph, Mich.

1816.—Killian Van Rensselaer, a
general in the Revolutionary
army, died at Albany, N. Y. He
embarked early in defense of

embarked early in defense of his country; in 1777 was attacked by a large body of Indians at Fort Anne, where he was wounded in the thigh by a ball, which was extricated after his death, having been carried 39

The United States Bank Pennsylvania refused to pay its liabilities, and all the banks in Philadelphia immediately sus-pended specie payment. The whole number of banks in the Union was 959, of which 343 suspended entirely, 62 in part, 493 did not suspend; 56 never re-

sumed.

846.—Magnetic telegraph between
Albany and New York completed,
by means of which New York
and Buffalo were brought together.

-California admitted into the Union, making the thirty-first State. Utah placed under a territorial government. 862.—Col. Grierson attacked the Confederates at Coldwater, Miss.,

and drove them back. 862.—Confederate forces attacked Unionist forces at Williamsburgh, Va., where they were repulsed. 1862.—Fredericksburg, Va., evacu-

ated by the Confederate forces. 1898.—The President appointed as Spanish peace commissioners William R. Day, of Ohio; Senators William P. Frye, of Maine; Cushman K. Davis, of Minnesota; George Gray, of Delaware, and Mr. Whitelaw Reid, of New

WORK ON MONUMENT.

Mr. Webb to Confer With Secretary Shaw With View to Beginning Con-struction of King's Mountain Monument at Early Date. Special to The Observer.

(Washington, Sept. 8 .- Representalive Webb has written Secretary Taft asking for a date when it will suit him to go over the details for the erection of the monument authorized by the last Congress at King's Mountain. After a hard fight Representative Webb, aided by Representative Finley, of South Carolina, succeeded memory of the Shelbys, McDowells, Clevelands and others living along the line between North and South The descendants of many Carolina . of the men who took part in the batmost compelling force to his logic. Lora Little has returned from Chim- the of King's Mountain are still living around Shelby and Spartanburg. In the latter place are John B. and Jesse

leveland, both prominent citizens. Mr. Webb was here a few days ago, but on account of the absence of Secretary Taft from the city at that time, nothing could be done toward arranging the details for the erection the monument.
It is the intention of Mr. Webb to

construction with all possible haste, ater. sacciation, which has been vigitant n the movement, is anxious to see the work of erection begin. It is also understood that the association has acquired the land around the spot where it is proposed to erect the mon-ument, as this was one of the re-Mr. Webb believes that, as soon as

he has an opportunity to go over the matier with Secretary Taft, the work of erecting the monument will begin.

PUT OUT TICKET.

Gaston Republicans, in Harmonious Convention, Name Candidates for County and Legislative Offices. Special to The Observer,

Gastonia, Sept. 8 .- The Republican onvention of Gaston county met in Dallas this afternoon and nominated full county and legislative ticket with the exception of one office. The nomi nation for Senator was left blank, but the executive committee was empowered to fill this vacancy later if icemed desirable, as well as any ther vacancies that might occur.

Following are the nominations made by the convention: House of Representatives, C. D. Holland, of Gastonia, and John J. George, of Bessemer City; sheriff, G. W. Abernathy; clerk of Superior Court, E. G. Pasour; register of deeds, A. U. Stroup; treasurer, R. C. Kennedy; surveyor, J. R. Titman; coroner, W. Rhodes, W. M. Robinson, J. Albert Torrence, J. Mats Armstrong, J. B. Mouser, J. F. Farror. The convention, to all appearances,

was a harmonius one; at least, it was more harmonious than recent factional discussions in the newspapera ould indicate.

Resolutions were adopted endorsing President Roosevelt's administra-Hackburn, favoring a modification of the State exemption laws, the reduc-tion of salaries of county officers, and denouncing the action of the Dem-ocratic party of the State for Its whiskey legislation. The resolutions also favored increased pensions for

All the property possessed by Mr. Seddon, Premier of New Zealand, who died recently, was a \$1,000 life insurance policy. He had held one for \$15,000, but had been unable to keep up the payments on it.

Folsy & Co., Chicago, originated Hotey and Tar as a threat and lung remedy, and on account of the great morit and popularity of Folsy's Honey and Tar many initiations are offered for the genuine. These worthless inflations have similar sounding names. Beware of them The genuine Folsy's Honey and Tar is in a yellow package. Ask for it and refuse any substitute. It is the best reinedy for coughs and colds.

THEATRICAL

sea in a violent storm, when every person perished.

54.—Feter Stuyvesant, with 700 men, approached the Swedish settlements on the Delaware. They were all reduced without bloodshed.

75.—About twenty indians who had descended Connecticut river, fell upon Hatheld as the people were raising a house, killed and captured about twenty, among the latter some women and children.

76.—United States first so called.

86.—British Colonel Stewart destrayed a great quantity of his stores and abandoned Eutsw Springs. He left 1,000 stand of arms and 70 wounded men.

14.—Capt. McGlassin, with 50 Americans, forded the Saranac and reconnolited the British works, drove in a party of 150 men, attacked and carried their hattery, killed their commanding officer and 18 men, and, liaving, destroyed their works, returned with the loss of one wounded and three missing.

14.—British navy, with a detachment of troops, 150 sailors and 250 Indians, captured the United States schooners Tigress and Scorpion, near St. Joseph, Mich.

Scorpion, near St. Joseph, Mich. monologue comedian, mimic, multi-voice vocalist and facialologist; Sheldon and Wilson, in a specialty com-posed principally of high class sing-ing and toe dancing, and the ever entertaining moving pictures.

With such a programme as the above little is left to desire and Manager Peters will doubtless have as much success with his vaudeville show during the week of the 17th as he had during the summer with the Peter's Stock Company.

"THE SULTAN OF SULU." "THE SULTAN OF SULU."

"The Sultan of Sulu" comes to the Academy of Music the 22nd instant. This acknowledged success by George Ade, author of "Pables in Slang," will be rendered by an excellent company of singers and an entirely new equipment of costumes and scenery will be used. The author has expressed with emphasis all the sanity and flavor of Anglo-Saxon wit. From a pictorial point of view nothing has been left undone. The copical scenery is admirably exploited and the eye is delighted with a foreground of tasteful costumes and modern millinery. ful costumes and modern millinery. The story deals with the American oc-cupation of the Philippines.

"THE LITTLE DUCHESS." One of the most important of the coming attractions at the Academy Music is the Countess Oiga von Hatz-feldt, in "The Little Duchess," with Anna Held's magnificent production intact. The original book by Harry B. Smith has been rewritten to suit the personality of the Countess, while many numbers that will appeal to the popular taste have been added to Reginald De Koven's beautiful score. The Little Duchess" will be here the 24th instant.

The following is from the current ssue of The Billboard: Adelaide Thurston, who recently underwent an operation for acute appendicitis, is convalescing rapidly at isle Royal on Lake Superior. Because of her illness Miss Thurston will not be able to open her season Sept. 11 at New Rochelle in "The Girl From Out Yonder," under the man-agement of Francis X. Hope. Re-hearsals have been called for September 12 and Mr. Hope states that they expect to open before October Ist.

Mr. J. Ogden Armour, it is said, has appealed to the Messrs Kohl & Castle to use their influence to keep the dramatization of "The Jungle" out of Chicago theatres.

The forthcoming engagement of Maude Fealy in this city than ordinary interest, in that her appearance this season marks the young woman's first tour as a star. Miss Fealy is probably one of the most widely known players in Europe or America for a woman of her She is justly called the youngest star on the American stage, and to earn the much coveted niche in the stellar theatrical firmament has to her credit a season as leading woman with Sir Henry Irving, two seasons in the same capacity with lliam Gillette, a year with E. S. Willard and a notable success as Eunice take the matter up with Secretary in "Quo Vadis" when that production Taft at once and push the work of was first made at the New York The-

Miss Fealy begins her tour the 13th, under the direction of John Cort, who has provided a new modern comedy in three acts, "The Illusion of Beatrice," by Martha Morton Conheim. The title role is said to be one in which Miss Fealy's personality and dramatic qualities are the living re-plica. Few actresses, like Miss Fealy. possess the personal charm, physique and emotional power to portray se-rious roles with the equanimity with which they invest comedy characters, but it is in the possession of this versality that Miss Fealy has gained

Mr. Cort has provided a capable company of players, including Jack Webster, Harry Reynolds, David R. Young, Maurice Costello, H. L. Mor-ton, Joseph Coughlin, Blanche Douglas and Cora Christensen, and a special new production for the first season of Miss Morton's latest play must needs portend an attraction of unu-

Theatrical pirates are on the trail of "The Clansman" because of its enormous success and popularity. Because managers throughout the country have received applications for time for plays that infringe on the copy-right rights of "The Clansman," George H. Brennan has found it nec-essary to address a circular letter to every manager in the United States and Canada warning them that legal steps have been taken to protect this valuable property and that any manvaluable property and that any manager booking any of the piratical plays infringing on Themas Dixon, Jr.'s drama will be promtly prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. These plays deal with the race problem, the reconstruction era in the South, the Ku Klux Klan and the Invistble Empire. Not only have the pirates stolen the ideas of the play, but they have also imitated the printing and unique advertising methods used by the management of "The Clansman."

The following interesting article concerning the scarcity of chorus girls is from The Billboard.

is from The Billboard.

Why the stringency in chorus girls? This question has been eagerly asked by the many, but not a single plants-lible argument has been advanced to explain away this scarcity of femininity so essential to the success of a musical production. The observant eye will quickly reveal the fact that our chorus ranks have not, within a single season, been thinned by the elevation of so many to more promienent positions, and it is likewise quite unreasonable to believe that Hymen, though stealthy fellow that he is, has robbed the stage of its songsters. There is not now and will not be this season a greater number of nucleal productions than we have had for several seasons past; in fact, it is pessible that we will have even fewers musical pieces than any time since this form of entertainment became

A SWEDISH MINISTER

Regains Health By the Use of Pe-ru-na After Three Years Illness.



What we need most now is an in-

leading players are devotees of the art of physical training, and a majority of

them are more observant of the rules

its infancy. Vaudeville, musical com-edy and burlesque all require of the

of health than of the mandates

ness proposition.

Acute Malarial Complaints. Mr. W. C. Rollins, Prairie View, Tex. Sec'y State Normal and Industrial Col-

fashion. Of course, theatrically speaking, physical culture is only in its infancy. Vaudeville, musical comlege, writes; "For five years I was a victim of chills and fever as a result of soute malarial complaints.

player that symmetry of form which beautifies and pleases. Of course, tal-"Peruna was recommended to me and ent does not dwell in shapely limbs, but then this whole amusement propafter taking the first bottle I felt better, osition is merely a matter of giving the dear public what it wants. Music and after taking three bottles my appetite returned, I became stronger and that comes from the bagpipe may be the fever left me. I am now in excellent as sweet as that which emanates from the richly ornamented instrument, but, the majority demands the beau-tiful in appearance as well as in fact. IDEZ O'MARCH.

REV. P. E. SWANSTROM

A Case of Obstinate Chronic

Diarrhoea.

REV. P. E. SWANSTROM, Swedish Baptist pastor, box 228, Grants-"I feel that it is my duty as well as a pleasure to let you know that I am

perfectly well, entirely cured of chronic diarrhoes and enterrh. "I thank you for your directions how to use Peruna and for your kind-

"I have used Perusa according to your personal directions and I am very glad that I found a medicine which would cure me after three years suffering."

Stomsch Trouble After Typhold. Mr. D. C. Prosser, R. F. D. 2, Shelby, Mich., writes:

"I had a run of Typhold fever and was very depleted. I could find nothing I could eat without its causing distress and sour stomach.

"I consulted our physician. He said he did not know what I could do except being careful as to what I ate, and as everything I ate disagreed with me, that was not much consolation. "I finally came to the conclusion that

I had catarrh of the stomach and seeing Peruna advertised, I began taking it. "It helped me soon and after three or four bottles I was entirely cured of stomach trouble and can now est anything."

Pe-ru-na is sold by your local drugg lats. Buy a bottle to-day.



Anticipating Your Needs

You don't need an umbrella till it rains, but you have one on hand for the rain when it comes. Consider Life Insurance in the same way. So long as you have health and strength, you do not feel the immediate need of insurance. Occasionally the subject is brought to your attention, and you mentally resolve that, some day, you will take a policy. In forming this long-distance resolution, however, you fail to take into account the fact that, some day, your health and strength will depart-and then it will be too late to protect your dependent ones with a policy of insurance on your life. Better attend to the duty today, while fortune is smiling upon you.

The best policy you can buy is that policy which affords the greatest amount of protection for the money expended. That policy is the INCOME INDEMNITY, sold only by the Greensboro Life. It pays double insurance in case of accidental death, and in the event of total and permanent disability or incapacity, the payment of premiums ceases. In that contingency the insured has the choice of either taking a fully paid-up life policy or collecting the face of the policy in ten equal annual installments. In addition to these superior features, the INCOME INDEMNITY POLICY has the highest cash and loan values, and guarantees the highest dividends.

> Greensboro Life Insurance Co., Greensboro, N. C.