uffalo, N. Y., Sept. 27.—The Dem cratic State convention, at an early minated William R. Hearst, already the candidate of the ndependence Lengue, for Governor

The vote stood: Hearst, 209; Sulzer 124; Dix, 17. Necessary to a choice,

convention had perfected its organizang Bryan, and adopted on contested seats. This was a test ofe and showed a substantial lead or Hearst. The nomination of canates for Governor was then becup, an Albany county delegate leadbe off for Hearst.

gleer was placed in nomination by George Rains, of Monroe, amid wild ering. The cheering of Sulzer ed over three minutes, many of the delegates standing on the chairs' and calling loudly, "Sulzer."

Chanler was nominated for Lieu enant Governor on the first ballot. John S. Whalen, of Monroe, was for Secretary of State unaniusly, and Martin H. Glyin, of Alany, was unanimously chosen for State Comptroller.

William Schuyler Jackson hosen for Attorney General. or State Treasurer Julius Hauser

Suffolk, was chosen. Frederick W. Sken, of Queens, was chosen for State engineer and surveyor, completing the nominations. The convention adjourned at 2:20

PLATFORM SCORES SOCIALISM.

emocracy is Declared to be Embrac-ed in the Pirst Injunction Laid Up-en Adam—Republican Abuses Blamed for Spread of Socialistic Teaching—Bryan Praised Without Specific Endorsement.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 26 .- The foling is an abstract of the platform ted by the Democratic conven-

"At this time when the authority Democracy is invoked to defend under of the masses by a few rich through partial laws on and on the other to justify many extravagant and revolutionary proposals which, if adopted, must inevitably produce worse disasters than t eminently fitting to declare that he whole Democratic principle is braced in the injunction laid on

rst man—that in the sweat of brows he and all his posterity "We denounce Republican high protection which enables a few to slunder the whole body of their feices for the necessaries of life and essentials of industry.

We deplore as the most sinister

"We deplore as the most sinister consequence of the corruption and graft which degrade our political and industrial life, the widespread distrust and discredit of Republican government which they have produced and which have ied many men of undoubted probity and ardent patriotism to listen patiently, if npt approvingly, to preposals distinctly Socialistic, which if adopted must inevitably wreck the foundation of republicang government and endanger the entire fabric of Christian civilization.

"We hold that the cure for these abuses is not in Socialism, which, by enormously extending the power of government must aggregate, but in Democracy, which, by excluding government from any interference whatever with private industry, must cure them.

"It is the duty of government to ascertain the actual cost of operating all public service corporations and to fix from time to time reasonable rates for the service they perform.

"We ask the Federal government to exercise its influence to bring about speedy committed against the Jews in Russia.

the States and expressing the ment of the high-minded citizen-of the republic without referto party, we view with pride and faction the hospitality and act which have been accorded, at and abroad, to that great Demis is leader and typical American, am Jennings Bryan, to whom the ocrats of New York, extend most all and sincere felicitations.

There the law not only permits ampowers great trusts to set for

TOTORY ON FIRST BALLOT ODELL DEFEATED AND DEPOSED TAFT ONLY WANTS ARMY READY

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 26.—Expedition marked the second and final day of the Republican State convention. From the time early this morning when it became known that Charles E. Hughes, of New York, would be nominated for Governor by acciamation, the other proceedings practically became formal and were

practically became formal and were pushed to completion with the utmost speed. The selection of the remainder of the ticket and the choice of Timothy L. Woodruff to succeed B. B. Odell us State chairman were accomplished before the convention assembled and it only remained for the convention to ratify all that had been avranged and to adjourn. The remainent organization was quickly effected, the chairman, State Senator W. W. Armstrong, of Rochester, delivered his speech, the credentials committee reported, the platform was read and adopted, and a complete State ticket nominated.

General Stewart L. Woodford, former United States minister to Spain, read the platform and emphasised the cardinal features of Republicanism and the features of its party administrations, both State and national. Mention of President Roosevelt in the resolutions and in speeches evoked applause.

Brevity was an appreciated feature of the nominating speeches, while the principal speech, in which Job Hedges, of New York, placed Charles E. Hughes in nomination for Gover-nor, was the most interesting event

Representative Herbert Parsons made the speech proposing the renomination of Lieutenant Governor M. Lynn Bruce, the man he had kept from the head of the ticket, and whom he praised highly.
One ballot was cast for the nomination of John F. O'Brien for Secre

tary of Stater Morton L. Lewis for Compfroller, J. G. Wallenmeler for State Treasurer, H. H. A. Van Al-atyne for State engineer and sur-veyor. Julius M. Mayer for Attor-ney General.

veyor. Julius M. Mayer for Attorney General.

When the opposition to Hughes found it impossible, or at least inadvisable, to nominate Bruce for Governor, and began seeking elsewhere for a candidate, defeat for the old-time leaders and victory for the new and almost unknown leaders followed swiftly. The understood preference of President Roosevelt for Hughes, and the declaration of Governor Higgins that he was not opposing that preferred candidate contributed materially to the result.

President Telegraphs His Rejoicing to

President Telegraphs His Rejoicing to Oyster Bay, N. Y., Sept. 26 .- The

following telegram sent by the President after he had been notified of the nomination by the Republican State

for the sake of the cause of good citizenship in your nomination.
"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

FOUR KILLED IN COLLISION.

Open Switch and Crashes Into Freight in Southern Illinois — Em-gineer, Fireman and Two Mail Clerks Küled. Clerks Killed.
Danville, Ill., Sept. 26.—Passenger train No. 8, of the Wabash Railroad, running from Kansas City to Buffalo, N. Y., known as the Buffalo mail, ran into an open switch west of Catlina, Ill., early to-day and crashed into a freight train. All the passenger cars but one turned over and burned, Four-persons are known to have been killed and many injured.

Thirty-seven of the injured, one of whom way die, are being taken care of at Danville hospitals.

The dead are:
ENGINEER J. S. BUTLER, of

Peru, Ind.
W. W. ELLISON, fireman, Lafayette, Ind.
C. H. KARNS, mail clerk.

ette, Ind.

C. H. KARNS, mail clerk.

EDWARD HARDING, mail clerk.

Mail Clerk Harding was pinioned beneath the mail care. He was rousted to death before he could be cut out. Engineer Butler and Fireman Ellison were crushed beneath their engine. Their bodies afterward burned. A car load of paint attached to the freight train was burned, and it is in the wreckage near this that George Godsman is believed to have been burned to death.

The train consisted of engine, smoker, baggage car, two Pullmans, one chair car, and a diner. All but the diner were burned. The train was going at the rate of 50 miles an hour and nearly every passenger was asieep at the time.

Nearly every one lost all clothing except night west. The farmers took care of the wounded and provided what clothing they could. The passengers were taken to Danville by a rehef train.

DEMOCRATS NAME HEARST HUGHES FOR GOVERNOR SCARE LIKELY TO SUFFICE

Washington, Sept. 26.-While not the President, the ranking officials here in the army and navy are to-day still of the opinion that Secretary Taft will succeed in effecting an arrangement which will obviate the necessity for the landing of a single American soldier on Cuban soil. They believe that events in Havana are shaping up directly in accordance with the plans of the Secretary of War and that while the situation appears to be desperate, the present aspect is really only one phase of the programme mapped out by Secretary Taft. It is believed that his purpose was to clear the field for a complete reconstruction in Cuba, but that this did not necessarily involve intervention in the sense of armed occupation of the island by American troops. President Palma's withdrawal, or at least that of the conservative advisers who surrounded him, was, however, believed to be essential to

FOR PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT FOR PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT
It is conjectured that the Secretary's purpose is to carry out direct instructions from President Roosevelt and give the Cubans another chance to govern their own island. The only way this could be worked out would be for him to call together some of the most patriotic and judicious of the Cubans, without regard to party affiliations, and ask them to create a provisional government. The insurgent generals would be asked to give their allegiance to this asked to give their allegiance to this government, temporarily at least, and the military forces of the Palma government would be expected to sup-port it. The provisional government would be pledged to call new elec-tions under conditions that would in-sure the control of the permanent government by a majority of the Cuban people, and if they fall again to maintain order and security in the island, then intervention must ensure resulting in probable annexation.

NOT A MERE BLUFF, President Roosevelt is expected to strive in Washington next Monday night and army officers are of the opinion that there will be no sensational developments in Cuban affairs before that time. The President has been constantly in communication with Major General F. C. Ainsworth, the military secretary, and Brigadier with Major General F. C. Ainsworth, the military secretary, and Brigadier General J. Franklin Bell, the chief of staff of the army, for several days. All their plans for preparing to meet an emergency which may de-mand the sending of troops to Cuba have been approved at Oyster Bay and the President has repeatedly concurred in recommendations by general staff officers that everything possible be in readiness for any turn the Cuban crisis may take. At the President's suggestion, officers in all parts of the United States have been advised to prepare for a call to service in Cuba, and if "worst comes to worst" the men and officers of the army can be ready to sail long before the transportation can be provided for them.

for them.

The War Department cannot pre The War Department cannot pre-pare commercial ships for transport service in less than a week after tak-ing possession of them. Consequently if there were urgent demands for troops in Cuba at this time, orders to rent steamers for transports doubtless would have been issued before this. The army cannot depend on the navy for transport, service and a score or more of merchant ves-sels must be chartered in case mili-tary occupation of the island is de-cided upon.

WILD ANTI-AMERICAN TALK.

REBELS NEED NOT DISARM.

Moderate Party Precipitately With-draws From Its Previous Ultima-tum Regarding Peace Preliminary Negotistions—Hope of Obviate Ne-cessity of Palma's Retirement. Havana, Sept. 26.—Late in the session of the Moderate Assemblyto-day it was agreed that Asting Secretary of the Interior Montalvo should visit the Amer-lean commissioners and acquaint them with the party's instance that the rebels with the party's instance that the rebels disarm. Senor Montalvo therefore proceeded to the American Legation and submitted this condition to Mesers. Tart and Bracon, adding that if the proposition was not acceptable to them the government forces would refuse to lay down their arms or deliver them either to the rebels or the cimmissioners. The solution proposed by the commissioners. Senor Mentalvo asserted, was conductive not to peace but to war, as such solution offered incentive to further revolution as a result of the victory which the revolutionists would obtain through the action of the commissioners. Senor Montalvo conculded with these words:

"Only on a basis of law and justice can the Moderates continue treating for peace."

Meanwhile Secretary Dolz sent, for by Secretary Tatt, made the following proposition requesting the opinion of the commissioners thereon:

"That both sides appoint committees of six to treat for peace, but with the prior condition that the rebels lay down their arms."

Secretary Taft approved this, except Secretary Taft approved this except that it was unfair to make the rebels lay down their arms before the acceptance by both parties of a formal agreement to abide by the terms of the ultimate de-cision. Senor Doll returned to the As-sembly and reported the result of his ef-torts.

sembly and reported the result of his efforts.

At the resumption of the meeting, after discussing the views of Secretary Taft, the assembly precipitately receded from its previous contention that the rebels must lay down their arms before negotiations could be reopened, and resolved to notify Secretary Taft that they would appoint a committee of six to meet a similar committee from the Liberals to negotiate peace terms, leaving all points upon which no agreement was reached to the arbitration of the American commissioners. The assembly directed Secretary Taft he requested to arange for the appointment of a similar committee by the Liberals.

It was agreed that at the extraordinary session of Congress called for next Priday the resignation of President Palma would be tabled pending these negotiations, with the hope of obviating the necessity of his leaving office.

CALLED TO MEET AT NORFOLK tockholders of Norfolk & Southern

and Virginia & Carolina Coast Rail-road Companies to Ratify Consoli-dation Agreement and Take Other Important Action. Norfolk, Va., Sept. 26.—The stock-helders of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad and the Virginia & Carolina Coast Railroad Companies are called to meet here October 16 to ratify the previous agreement of consolidation; to vote upon a proposition for the increase of the capital stock of the Norfolk & Southern from \$2,000,000 ension of the road from Edenton, N. , to a point near the northwestern boundary line of the State of North Carolina; to sell to the Atlantic & North Carolina Company the Pamileo. resolution authorizing the John L. Ro-per Lumber Co. to cancel its issue of \$5,000,000 of sinking fund gold bonds value of an issue of \$10,000,000 of sinking fund gold bonds of said Roper

CONSPIRACY COUNT ELIMINATED. Answer Only on Charges of Assault and Battery and Breaking Into Dwelling—End of Case Not Yet in Sight.

Special to The Observer.

Greenville, N. C., Sept. 26. — The third day of the trial of the white-capping case has closed with the end not yet in sight. There are three counts in the indictment, breaking into a dwelling, conspiracy and assault and trattery. In order to terminate the case sooner the State this morning consented to a verdict of not guilty as to conspiracy so as to eliminate testimony on that count and the trial will proceed on the other two counts. Barring tilts between counsel as to what evidence is competent, the progress of the case has been somewhat faster than on the two previous days. Since striking out the conspiracy count, counsel for defense announce this evening that they have about four more witnesses to examine to-morrow. The crowd in attendance to-day was smaller than previously. pecial to The Observer.

CHOPPED-UP BODY IDENTIFIED

Wife of Carriage Factory Employe Claims Remains Found in Excavation as His—Had No Enemies So Far as She Knew.

New York, Sept. 26.—Mrs. Josephine Benes, of 359 East Seventy-first street, satisfied the police this evening that the victim of Sunday's butchery in the vinicity of West Thirty-sixth street was her husband, Joseph, who deserted her four weeks ago. The head of the dismembered body is still missing, the dismembered body is still missing, but identification seemed positive from peculiarities of the hands and feet, as well as birthmarks on the

Benes was 35 years old and employ ed in a carriage factory on Forty seventh street. According to his wife he was sober and industrious, and a far as she knew, had no enemies When he left home he carried watch, some \$22 in card and a band book representing deposits of \$400. TEUT. CAULPTELD DISCHARGED.

STENSLAND TRIED AND IN PEN

collowing Arrival of Bank Wrecker and His Captors He Makes Full Confession to Prosecuting Officers, Later Pleads Gulity in Court, Receiving Sentence of From One to 10 Years, and is Promptly Conveyed to State Prison at Joliet—Shrank From Hostile Crowd on Arrival in Chicago—Shaken With Emotion in Court.

Chicago, Sept. 26 .- Paul O. Stens and, to whose confessed embersle ent of \$400,000 was due chiefly the collapse of the Milwaukee Avenue State Bank, of which he was president, was to-day sentenced in record time to serve from one to 10 years in the penitentiary. Within three hours after Stensland's arrival in Chicago to-day from Morocco, whither he fled before the bank failed, the former bank president pleaded guilty and received sentence. Before an-other three hours had elapsed, the convicted man had begun service of the sentence at Joliet prison. Stens-land pleaded guilty on two indict-ments, charging embezziement and violation of the State banking laws. A fine of \$120 was imposed on the latter charge, which was based upon the acceptance of \$60 in deposits after the bank was insolvent. The prison sentences imposed, which will operate concurrently, are from one to five and from one to 10 years, making and from one to 10 years, making the longest term possible 10 years. Stensland's arrival in Chicago was greeted by a crowd of several kundred, who awaited the coming of the Twentieth Century Limited, on which the prisoner, and his captors were passengers. The crowd was demonstrative, although offering no violence and the effect upon Stensland was noticeable. He became nervous and seemingly apprehensive of being eemiagly apprehensive of being armed. The drive to the Criminal Court building was accomplished without incident. Stensland, haggard and trembling,

Stensland, haggard and trembling, was hurried between a double line of policemen into State's Attorney Healy's presence. A conference lasting an hour ensued between Stensland; Healy, Assistant State's Attorneys Olsen and Barbour and several attaches of the office, After the conference Mr. Healy said:

"Stensland made a full confession of everything connected with the affairs of the bank. He has told us of his own acts and acts of others. What he has revealed makes the bank of his own acts and acts of others. What he has revealed makes the bank affair less dark for himself."

The court proceedings, which followed immediately, were conducted hurriedly. Stensland's form was shaken with emotion and he frequently brushed away tears. Judge Kersten, addressing the prisoner, asked if he had any defense to offer. Upon receiving a negative raply, the

Without further ceremony, Stens-land, the deputy sheriffs and the State's attorneys filed out of the court Stensland was joined by his daugh ter, Mrs. Sandberg, as he left the court room, and accompanied by Oriental & Western Railroad; the sell to the John L. Roper Lumber Company, of Virginia, that portion of the Virginia & Carolina Coast Railroad to a railroad station. Four hours of the arrival in Chicago, Stensland Company's lines extending south from left for Joliet and before 3 o'clock the convicted man to a cell had been Mrs. Sandberg fainted in the war den's reception room at the peni-tentiary as the last details for the

incarceration were completed. BAN ON BEERS AND WINE. Druggists of Fayetteville Notified by City Fathers That, in the Future, They Can Dispense Only the Simon Pure Article.

Pure Article.

Special to The Observer.

Fayetteville, Sept. 26.—The chief of police has notified all the druggists of Fayetteville that they must cease selling beer or wine on doctors' prescriptions and that hereafter only whiskey can be dispensed. They can sell whiskey but no wine or beer. The attention of the mayor and the chief of police being called to section 4 of the prohibition act of Cumberland county, in which it mentions the words "spirituous liquors," they took the steps above mentioned. Section 4 reads: "Any licensed druggist may dispense spirituous liquors in quantities bona fide prescribed in writing by any practical physician upon such physician's certifying that the person prescribed for is a sick person and under his charge and is in need of the liquors prescribed and in the quantity prescribed, and any physician who shall prescribed any liquors for any person not bona fide sick and in his charge shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not less than 350 nor more than \$100 and shall be subject to imprisonment of not less than 30 nor more than 60 days, provided that no physician shall prescribe more than one quart of such liquor to any one person upon the same date."

Bryan in Indian Territory. Special to The Observer.

Bryan in Indian Territory.

McAlister, I. T., Sept. 26.—Wm. J.
Bryan arrived to-night and was immediately taken to a large platform in front of Elks Hall, where he made a short speech. Mr. Bryan urged the Demograts to stand shoulder to shoulder and make Oklahoma Democratic from center to circumference. He told of the great disasters that would result if the Republicans carried the coming elections in the new State. The principal chiefs of the Five Civilized Tribes surrounded Mr. Bryan, and will escort him through the Indian Territory.

SIX HOURS AFTER RETURN SEWERAGE CASE HEARD ATLANTA PEACEFUL WILMINGTON'S STRANGE SYSTEM

seme Court Hears, Arguments of Citizens of Wilmingshist Company Controlling warnge System to Prevent Re

Observer Bureau. 122 South Dawson Street. Raleigh, Sept. 26.

A charter is granted the Pamlice Iron Works, Inc., at Washington, N.
C., to manufacture engines and all
sorts of fron ware, farming implements, etc., capital stock \$25,000, F.
B. Hooper and others stockholders.
At Democratic headquarters the following appointments for speeches by
Senator Simmons are made: Black
Creek Wilson sounty, October 5th: Creek, Wilson county, October 6th; Elizabethtown, 15th; Lincolnton, 17th, Attorney General Gilmer rules that Sundays are excluded. The time above given is in accordance with an agree-ment between the chairman of the two political parties, following the

opinion of the attorney general.

Mr. Duncan Cameron, a son of the late General Francis H. Cameron is here, having come from China. He is in charge of the interests of the Standard Oil Company at Hong Kong, where a million-dollar plant is being and will then go directly to China. lieutenant in the United States Cavalry, stationed at Forth Ethan Allan, Vermont. WILMINGTON SEWERAGE CASE

In the Supreme Court to-day there was argument in what is known as the sewerage case from Wilmington. Roundtree & Carr and Bellamy & Bellamy appearing for the plaintiff and John D. Bellamy & Son and E. K. Bryan appearing for the defendant company. The action was brought by the plaintiff, citizens of Wilmington, users of the sewer system, which was owned by outsiders, to prevent the company from severing connection of sewerage above a stipulated price set out in a contract and to prevent the company from severing conection with the sewer. In the lower court Judge Webb dissolved the injunction and dismissed the action. The defense is that there was really not a contract but that, even if there was one, it was terminable at will, the further claim being that it was necessary to enlarge the plant and that this increased the cost beyond what it originally was. The situation at Wilmington seems to be a very strange one the city not owning a complete sys tem of sewerage, such as Raieigh has. The claim is made that the old sewer system is so small as to its pipes that the latter cannot sustain the burden

of the sewerage.

It is expected that, within few days, announcement will be made definitely as to North Carolina's parti-cipation in the launching of the cruiser North Carolina. It appears from what can be gathered that there will not be a three official party. It is not known whether Governor Glenn's staff will great many persons from northeastern North Carolina will witness the ceremony.

Chairman Simmons announces speaking dates for State Auditor Dixon at West Durham, October 8th; Oxford, October 9th; Franklinton, October 10th; Warrenton, October 11th, and Weldon, October 12th, all at night. Senator Overman's appointment at Monroe, October 19th, is withdrawn, and ex-Governor Aycock's appointment at Olin, October 8th, is changed to Spots, on the same day.

The Edwards & Broughton Printing Company purchases a lot one block from the capitol, on which to erect a spacious building for its printery and bindery.

The grand jury in Wake Superior Court to-day returned a true bill against Haywood Morgan for burgiary, committed in White Oak township. He was identified by Miss Eme Baucim. He attempted to enter her house and was shot at.

Many insane women are being brought here from various counties and placed in the new annax to the State Hospital. These are all cases which require good treatment. The board of directors has been very careful in looking over the long list of applicants for admission and in se-

board of directors has been very careful in looking over the long list of applicants for admission and in selecting those who need treatment and who will be benefited by it, in all probability—in other words, curable cases. The anex is excellently equipped. The new arrivals will bring the number of inmates of the hospital up to about 550.

The North Carolina Methodists will be very glad to know that Rev. John N. Coles accepts the position of superintendent of the Methodist Orphanage here. He will take charge November 1st. His appointment is subject to the approval of the bishop, but this will be readily given.

POLICY-HOLDERS' COMMPTTEE.

President Colgate, of Mutual Life Association, Names Nine, Including Edwin W. Robertson, of Columbia. New York, Sept. 26.—James G. Colgate, president of the Policy-holders' Protective Association of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, of New York, to-day appointed the executive committee of the association as follows:

SALOONS CLOSED UNTIL

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 26 .- Perfe quiet prevailed throughout the city day. All the factories shut do have opened up and thorough dence has been restored on every The colored people as well as w have returned to their regular and normal conditions, both industally and commercially, have been

By a unanimous vote, the city cil has revoked the license of every saloon in Atlanta until Oct. 1, and un til that time the city is practically under prohibition. This action was taken on a from the police committee which been requested to investigate the saleons and ascertain what places coul be classed as dives and unfit to engage in the liquor trade. The commi after striking out 57 saloons, de that such arbitrary action might unjust to many saloon men, and wh conference was held with the citi zens' committee, it was decided to recommend to council the revoking o all saloon licenses for the purpose of veeding out the dives.

Military headquarters have been withdrawn from the center of the have been sent home, and the author ties state that they expect no mor trouble, as the quiet of the past a hours is proof in plenty that no fur ther outbreaks are being contempla-ed by either whites or blacks. rioting during the past few days will be severely punished, was indicated by the charge of Judge Pendleton to the grand jury this morning. Public sentiment is strong for the detection of these responsible for the crim committed and many have already

volunteered to give evidence such as will bring about conviction of the guilty filld so insure the future safety of Atlanta from the ravages of ra All the dead and injured, for whom public subscription has been started, are being cared for and the wounding, both black and white, are receiving every attention, while the

PRESBYTERY AT SALISBURY.

subscription grows rapidly.

Semi-Annual Session Convenes in First Church—Three Young Men Admitted as Candidates for Holy Orders — Articles of Agreement Special to The Observer.

Salisbury. Sept. 25.—The Presby-terian local and visiting ministers and laymen, all of them a fine look-ing lot of ecclesiatics, are holding First church of that denomination of the denomination is and Rev. W. F. Hollingsworth, Morganton is presiding. It was request of the Rev. John H. G that Mr. Hollingsworth preached-openining sermon last night. Grey has been absent during the pa month recovering his lost streng spent so unselfishly among his pe

Following the sermon was the business session which resulted in the election of Mr. Hollingsworth as moderator and Rev. Dr. C. M. Rich ards and Rev. Dr. A. T. Graham themporary clerks. The hours of a. m. to noon, from 2:30 to 5 p. and 8 p. m. were chosen as a time of the Presbytery. There are now about 25 min in attendance and nearly as

in attendance and nearly as many elders. Among the prominent visitors is Dr. Henry Louis Smith, of Davidson College.

The Presbytery heard this morning an interesting address upon the subject of Sunday school work by Rev. M. B. Porter, of the Louisville, Kentucky, Seminary. Following this was the adjournment for the dinner hour. At 2:30 this afternoon the general special orders were taken up. It was moved, seconded and carried that an adjourned meeting of the Presbytery by held October 19th at Davidson Col-

by held October 19th at Davidson by held October 19th at Davidson lege.

Three young men then throught into the Presbytery and amined. Rev. Dr. J. M. Wharey Mooresville, conducted the examtion of young Mr. John Rowe, asked to be received under the of the Presbytery. Mr. George I tor was then examined by Rev. A. T. Graham, of Davidson Coll Dr. Wharey examined the third didate, Mr. Preston Praffets, and church court sustained all of young men who are asking hely young men who are asking ders and enrolled them as co for the ministry. Rev. S. H. Williamson. tery agreed to as liamson was trans Rev. G. H. Cornelson resolution asking the "the articles of agree-ing closer relations." When the question wa the resolution of Dr. Co