OLD SOUTH AND THE NEW MR. EDMONDS AT WILMINGTON

Glenn, All of Whom Respond Happily to Toasts—Col. Walker Taylor Master of Ceremonies—Mr. Edmonds Pays Tribute to the Old Sough, Takes Account of Those Who Would Disparage the New South and Points to the Glorious Future.

in Southern people since 1865. Our own people talk this way, and our own press voices this idea. With that sentiment I have no sympathy. It is false. The best the South to-day is but a revival of e Old South. It is no "New" South the sense of being a land of different isiness activities, which we see now. The Old South simply lives again in the present. The "New" Bouth thowever, lacks some of the sterling qualities which marked the ante-bellum South.

THE OLD SOUTH Look for a moment at the Old South. Look for a moment at the Old South. In educational work it matched the best in America. In finance and banking, it it had no asperior in any other section. In 1860 it had 30 per cent. of the banking capital of the entire country. Louisiana ranked as the fourth State in the Union in the amount of banking capital in that year, with New York first. Massachusetts second and Pannsylvania third. Toutsians banks were second in the country in sneed heldings in 1880. New

It had no aperfor in any other exciton. In 1800 It de 3 per cent of the badding capital of the spilite country. Louidang batter of the spilite country in specie holdings in 180. New Thirt of the last century in specie holdings in 180. New Thirt of the last century the South developed a cotton industry, the south several section in the burgin of the spilite section in the section in the burgin of the spilite section in the section in the spilite section in the secti

expital in flour and grist mills increased, \$20,000,000. or nearly one-fourth of the gain in the entire country. This was a much greater percentage of growth than in the country at large, notwithstanding the enormous emigration from the East and Europe to the grain fields of the West. At that time the South had near \$2000 reagnifications, enterprises with

West. At that time the South had nearly 25,000 manufacturing enterprises, with an aggragate capital of over \$176,000,000, It is true that most of these undertakings were comparatively small, but so were those of New England in their early stages. The South's were blotted out of existence by the war; by the same more more an enormous impetus was given to war an enormous impetus was given to the manufacturing interests of New England and the North generally. ADVANCE IN WEALTH.

herever estion is grown of cotton goods re made or sold. Cyrus H. McCormick, a Virginian, rev-

Cyrus H. McCormick, a Virginian, revolutionized agriculture with his reaping machines and made it possible for this equity to work a world-wide economic avelopment by the increased production at wheat.

Matthew F. Maury was, perhaps, the greatest scientist of his day, and the practical application of his science to navigation and in meteorology have been effective for progress in all quarters of the globe.

Forty years before Mergenthaler, James

to to wince at only \$2,000 per capita, it to smould show an aggragate loss of noten-iew in wealth of between \$5,000,000,000 and \$5,000,000,000. For this terrific drain on its very life blood and for the magnificent contribution of 2,500,000 of its people to the development of other sections, the South has never received due credit. Few

In body and mind, the men who were left took up that equally herole struggle of redeeming the South from the thraidom of poverty and reconstruction. They saved the South to Anglo-Saxon civilization; they solved problems such as no other country on earth had ever faced; they gave to the world the final answer as to the stuff of which the people of the Old South were made. It is to them that we should give credit for what has been accomplished. They are the ones who blazed the pathway out of the wilderness; they relit the urages fires of Alabana and Virginia and Tennesses and Kentucky; they commenced the rebuilding of our cotton mill interests, and all that we are doing to-day as not one fittous and the part so difficult as was the work which they wrought.

Strange to say, of recent years there has grown up among our people a class who, instead of holding up to the admiration of the world the wonderful story of the men who made the Old South and the men who made the Old South and the men who made the Old South and the men who, after 1865 remade what for a better name we may call the "New" South, are giving their time to besmirching the country which gave them birth. However much these men may be heard to be books. Raw silk is advancing rapidly The jobbing trade is active.

Todayan Sare preferent of the Control Control

this a piec for outside and and desicration of the terms this a piec for course for any struction no superinfable industry. Action of the work and the work and business ability than many of our own people put forth. If we had the work and business ability than many of our own people put forth. If we had the work as the property of the second prices, but the industrial spirit having of our own people put forth. If we had the work of the leaders in clustering interests. Between 100 and of the terms of our own people put forth. If we had the work of the leaders in clustering and and that decade witnessed a remarkable advance in manufacturing and released as the work of the leaders in clustering in the work of the leaders in clustering in the work of the leaders in clustering in the fact that between 180 and 180 the manufacturing and the work of the leaders in clustering in the fact that between 180 and 180 the manufacturing and the work of the leaders in clustering in the footsteps will be the second of the second in the seco which in proportion to population has robably never been equalled in any other land except Ireland. Since 1855 the South has been drained of about 2,500,000 of its people by emigation. To-day there are living in other sections over 1,500,000 Southern-born whites. Among them are leaders in every line of human endeavor. They are dominant forces in New York and other Northern cities, in the West, and other Northern cities, in the West, and out on the Pacific Coast to the far Northwest. Though other sections were growing in population and in wealth, though they were receiving vast immigration movements from throad, the South was giving its very lifeblood to all to their strength and power. Political economists vary in their estimate of the way from \$1,000 to \$10,000. If we should estimate the loss to the South through the death in war and through the emigration wince at only \$2,000 per capita, it was wall wealth of between \$5,000,000 and \$3,000,000. For this terrific drain on its very life blood and for the magnificent contribution of 2,500,000 of its people to the development of other sections, the South has never received due credit. Few papels seem ever to have received due credit. Few papels seem ever to have received due credit. Few papels seem ever to have received due credit. Few papels seem ever to have received due credit. Few papels seem ever to have received the form the development of other sections, the South has never received due credit. Few papels seem ever to have received due credit. Few papels seem ever to have received the feminate the memory of the Old South.

IN INTEREST OF TRUNK LINE.

Public Service Corporation Representatives Lay Project Before Spar-tanburg People—Mr. Culp a Visit-

Special to The Observer. Spartanburg, S. C., March 7 .- C. R. Vanetten, O. K. Kelsey, of New York, and L. M. Pinckey, of Charles-ton, promoters of the Public Service Corporation of South Carolina, which company proposes building a trolley line connecting the various cities and towns in upper middle and western portions of the State with Charleston, held a conference here to-day with held a conference here to-day with prominent business men. The representatives outlined the general plan of the proposed road, exhibited maps and told of the excellent benefits to be derived from such line. The plan was received with much encouragement and material assistance will be given to the project. encouragement and material assistance will be given to the project. The party left for Charlotte to-night.

J. M. Culp. third, vice president and general transfer manager of the Southern, spent to-day in the city, the object of his visit being to get acquainted with shipping interests in

Spartanburg. TO BE GASTONIA'S MAYOR.

Mr. C. B. Armstrong Receives the Nomination in the Primaries Over Mr. Joseph H. Separk—The Crowd Large and Enthusiastic and Interest Intense.
pectal to The Observer.
Gastonia, March 7.—Mr. Charles B.

Armstrong, ex-sheriff of Gaston county, was to-night nominated for mayor in the primary election. Mr. Armstrong received \$17 votes to the 219 votes of his only opponent, Mr. Joseph H. Separk. Both are among the town's best citizens and either would

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

New York, March 7.—Cotton seed oil was steady for spot but easier for futures.

Prime crude f. o. b. mills 44; prime summer yellow 434; off summer yellow 45 to 454; goed off summer yellow 45 to 454; prime white 55; prime winter yellow 54.

curtailed by a growing scarcity of goods.

Some goods have been withdrawn from sale pending the filling of orders now on the books. Haw silk is advancing rapidly The jobbing trade is active.

Charlotte Cotton. These figures represent the prices quoto wagons: March 7. wagons: Tinges and stains..... Comparative Port Receipts. March 7. Savannah.........

> Interior Receipts. March 7 Year. Day. 6,156

Charleston..

1635 .- First legislative assembly convened in Maryland. 1748 .- The British squadron. Ad-Knowles, attacked and miral carried Port Louis, in San Domingo, which he also destroyed. The French lost about 130 killed; British loss, 20 killed and 50 wounded.

1766 .- The bill repealing the American stamp act received the royal assent and was passed. 775 .- An inhabitant of the town of Bilarcia, Mass., tarred and feathered by the British troops. The British were the first to introduce this practice, which afterwards became a popular mode of punishing Tories.

1815 .- Action between the British ship Wiger, Captain Dacres, and American privateer Leo. seven guns, 93 men, Captain Hemes, which resulted in capture of the latter.

830.-The first regular newsboat to

intercept packet ships for foreign intelligence put in com mission in New York. 1854 .- A commercial treaty with the United States finally concluded

by Japan. 1855.—The first steam fire engine 1855 .- The first stan fire engine built for the city of Boston, ex

hibited at Paltimore. -The buttle of Pea Ridge ended in the total defeat of the Confederate forces. Union loss, 212 killed and 926 wounded. 1864.-General Grant formally presented by 19 . President with his commission at lieutenant general, and on the 12th assigned

the command of the armies of the United States. 1865.—Reports from Washington, D C. stated that 2,000 deserters from the Confederate lines had reported and taken the oath of. within a Forty of these were officers.

1874.-Ex-President Fillmore died. 1898.—Congress appropriated \$50. 000,000 for war purposes 1904.-President Pagevett holding many conferences with political

callers, and general outline of campaign and platform is fairly well understood 1905 .- Congress just ended appropriated \$818,478,914 for year 1905-

1906 .- President Roosevelt directed bureau of corporations to report evidence of violation of law by trusts and railways.

and it will be found to afford a prompt and efficient relief KODOL nearly ap-proximates the digestive juices. It di-gests what you est. It is sold on a gests what you est. It is sold on a guaranteed relief plan. Sold here by Hawley's Pharmacy

a diseased condition of the flesh where the ulcer is located. patiently apply salves, powders, plasters and other external applica-tions, but in spite of all such treatment the place refuses to heal. When-ever a sore or ulcer does not heal readily the blood is at fault; this vital fluid is filled with impurities and poisons which are constantly being discharged into the place, feeding it with noxious matter, which makes it impossible for the sore to heal. Old sores may be the result of an inherited blood taint, or the effects of a long spell of sickness, or again the circulation may be contaminated with the collections of refuse matter which the different members have failed to expel through the channels of

nature. Whatever the cause the blood becomes steeped in poison and a cut, bruise, scratch or other wound often develops into a sore, fed and kept up by these impurities, causing it to eat deeper into the surround ing tissue, inflaming, festering and causing pain. External applications can only

keep the sore clean; they cannot cure the trouble because they do not reach the blood. S. S. S. cures Old Sores by going to the very bottom of the trouble, driving out the impurities and poisons and purifying and building up the entire circulation. When S. S. S. has removed the cause the blood becomes rich and healthy, the sore begins to heal, new flesh is formed, the place scabs over and is soon permanently healed. Book on Sores and Ulcers and any medical advice free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.





Lard is no respecter of stomachs

No one on this green earth can eat nourishing and healthful qualities of which will prove unsusceptible for a time, can eat lard-laden pie? but the hog-fat and its accompanying it is not fit for the human stomach.

Cottolene, on the other hand, is made from pure, refined cotton seed oil-a lengthens your life. product of nature which is thoroughly palatable, digestible and healthful. No few weeks and you'll other shortening contains the digestible, never go back to lard.

lard-soaked food day after day and not Cottolene. Even pie, that nightmare of feel its ill effects eventually. You may dyspeptics, becomes easily digestible when have one of those iron-clad stomachs made with Cottolene. How many people

Ask your regular grocer for a pail of indigestibility will do its work sooner or Cottolene and start tomorrow on the way later. It is an absolute fact that lard— to "lardless cookery." It will insure both simply hog-fat-is indigestible, and that for yourself and your family better food, better digestion and better health.

Cottolene shortens your food and

Try it according to directions for a

COTTOLENE was granted a GRAND PRIZE (highest possible award) over all other cooking fats at the recent Louisiana Purchase Exposition, and food cooked with COTTOLENE another GRAND PRIZE.

"Home Helps" a book of 300 choice recipes, edited by Mrs. Rorer, is yours for a 2 cent stamp, if you address The N. K. Fairbank Company, Chicago.

A NEW FEATURE—The patent air tight top on this pail is for the purpose of keeping COTTOLENE clean, fresh and wholesome; it also prevents it from absorbing all disagreeable odors of the grocery, such as fish, oil, etc.

Nature's Gift from the Sunny South