The Charlotte Observer.

J. P. CALDWELL, D. A. TOMPKINS, } Publishers.

Every Day in the Year.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE.
DAILY.

One year	$3.00
Six months	4.00
Three months	2.00

SEMI-WEEKLY.

One year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

No. 34 South Tryon street. Telephone numbers: Business office, Bell 'phone 78; city editor's office, Bell 'phone 134; news editor's office, Bell 'phone 234.

Advertising rates are furnished on application. Advertisers may feel sure that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Charlotte and a portion of the best people in this State and upper South Carolina. This paper gives correspondents as wide latitude as it thinks public policy permits, but it is in no case responsible for their views. It is much preferred that correspondents sign their names to their articles, especially in cases where they attack persons or institutions, though this is not demanded. The editor reserves the right to give the names of correspondents when they are demanded for the purpose of personal satisfaction. To receive consideration, a communication must be accompanied by the true name of the correspondent.

SATURDAY, MARCH 9, 1907.

SOLDIERS OF THE COMMON EVIL.

That was an overwhelming rout which overgrown municipal ownership received in London the other day. No longer could the Progressives conceal the fact of dismal failure when it became apparent, in spite of juggled bookkeeping, that during the eighteen years of their rule the debt of London county has nearly doubled and the rates, or taxes, increased fifty-two per cent. Added to this exposure was the undeniable lack of success or total failure which nearly all the county council's schemes have by this time encountered. John Bull did not bother very much, so long as he could be made to believe he was deriving great benefit, about the socialistic nature of these policies, but when he found they bade fair to bankrupt him he called a stern halt. Great is the pocket nerve in England and all other countries. Throughout Great Britain much the same state of affairs obtains, and similar results are expected when next the people get a chance at their alleged benefactors. It is stated that as a result of these socialistic policies the total local debt of England and Wales has been increased within the past thirty years from $472,500,000 to $1,916,800,000, or more than 49 per cent. of the national debt, and of this vast amount 47.5 per cent. was invested in enterprises the profits from which were to have "reduced the burdens of taxation."

Poor "popular-priced magazine" writers! The various socialistic schemes abroad which have supplied them with glowing pictures of a success open likewise to people in this country if we were not so slow are fast melting away. One fertile field is becoming unworkable, but the workers have many resources, and are not graft stories always standard?

ALL IN THE SAME BOAT.

It is not too late to copy and take notice of a recent editorial in The Columbia State, as follows:

"We note that both the Senators from North Carolina voted against Senator Smoot because he is unworthy of a seat in the Senate. It must have been difficult for Senators who wished to act in this matter as responsible men and fair men to find a reason for doing so in Mr. Smoot, and the two Senators from the Old North State have not succeeded in finding such a reason for their action. To expel Senator Smoot would have been a direct blow at the sovereignty of Utah, and a blow at the cooperated principle of State rights, a principle venerated at least in the South and in North Carolina. He is Utah's representative and on a single one of the serious charges made against him was sustained. He is not even a kind of not even a defender of polygamy, not even acquiesce in the old system but actively opposes it. Honest men doubtedly set down the Senators who voted to expel a man who had little been chosen Senator, and who was guiltless of every charge for which against him, as devoid of the [illegible] necessary to recognize the [illegible] right in the face of such an exhibition of popular hysteria.

With the argument of the Columbia contemporary The Observer is in thorough harmony. But The State had surely overlooked the fact that the Senators from its own State, as can be discovered by reference to the Record of February 26, voted against the Smoot case just as the North Carolina Senators did. But The State probably doesn't expect attention of its own folks in the upper house.

The passage through both branches of the Legislature of the reformatory bill is a matter of much congratulation. It is true the appropriation of $5,000 is small, but it is sufficient to lay the foundation of what will undoubtedly be a most useful institution. We had feared that the Legislature would not be able to find the money with which to make a beginning and are glad to be able to congratulate Representative Preston upon the success of his measure.

In the trial of the mill cases at Greensboro Messrs. Tillett and Cansler, of Charlotte, and ex-Judge Bynum, of Greensboro, added much to their already large reputation as lawyers and Judge Boyd did not hesitate to let it be known that he had no sympathy with the prosecution as common criminals of reputable North Carolinians. Another person involved in the case who, as was suggested yesterday, bore himself with credit, is Assistant Attorney General Cooley.

Here's hoping the South Carolina [illegible] will be sent to Sheriff [illegible].

YES, IT WAS LOADED.

From the opinion of Attorney General Bonaparte on, though not in, the South Carolina immigration case, it is to be seen that his view regarding the effect of the new immigration act goes even further than The Observer in disagreement with Senator Simmons and most of the other Southern Senators, believed to be likely. Mr. Bonaparte holds that if this amendment had then been in effect the Wittekind's immigrants could have been excluded, even granting that no contract or agreement of any sort had been made and supposing, contrary to admitted fact, that the State had supplied every penny of the fund used. Under the law as it stood until last Monday he holds that they were properly admitted.

The relation of the acts of 1885 and 1903 to the South Carolina case is reviewed by the Attorney General. The earlier, directed simply against contract labor, did not apply, for the reason that these immigrants were under no enforceable contract. With regard to the later act, Mr. Bonaparte holds that even though it may have been violated by paying the passage of laborers in pursuance of an offer or solicitation of employment, the lack of any provision for excluding aliens so introduced nullifies it in this case. Where Mr. Bonaparte differs most widely from the opinion of Solicitor Earle, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, is upon the extent of the exception made in favor of State-promoted immigration by the act of 1885. The fact that Commissioner Watson was acting under the authority of the State of South Carolina appears immaterial to him. "The only exceptions made in the contract labor act in favor of States," he explicitly says, "is the exception with reference to advertisements by the States published in foreign countries stating the inducements they offer for immigrants, and in the other provisions of the contract labor laws prohibiting all persons from prepaying the passage money or otherwise assisting aliens coming within the inhibitions of the statutes there is no exception made in favor of any individual because he may be acting as the agent of the State." It appears that the new act puts an end to the privileges which, Mr. Bonaparte holds, were common to both States and individuals prior to its enactment, and leaves only the State's privilege of drumming up immigrants but not forwarding them to this country. Any one can see how badly crippled are the South's efforts to get the immigration of which it is in sore need to prevent its industrial development from being halted by lack of labor.

If Mr. Bonaparte is fit to hold his job it is now plain that the seemingly innocent amendment was heavily loaded.

"LET THE SOUTH SPEAK."

We take great pleasure in copying from The Philadelphia Record the following editorial which recently appeared in that paper under the above heading:

"There is no love of electing a Democratic President in Pa. that is not conditioned upon the expectation of solid support from the solid South. For that very sufficient reason the selection of the candidate should be conceded to the South. The warriors who bear the brunt of the battle are entitled to name the commanding general. While it is true that there is a preponderant part of the Democratic vote north of Mason and Dixon's line, it is not a preponderance that counts decisively in the electoral college. It is time that Southern Democrats should take the lead. If there were no other sufficient cause for such a course it would be a wise act of party movement in view of safety predicated on the disposition of Northern and Western Republicans in past campaigns.

"There is no lack of good presidential timber in the South. There never has been lack of capable political generalship. The brainy men of the Southern States have, from the beginning of our republican experiment, devoted themselves to political rather than commercial effort. They have not lost the trick of statecraft in the forty years that have succeeded the ending of the civil war. Now that it is time to consider what is to be done in the far future to safeguard conservative and constitutional control of the Federal administration, it is to be sincerely desired that Southern Democrats shall not hesitate and concentrate behind some strong man. A Southern candidate like Judge Clarke, of Delaware, whose fitness for the highest place in the gift of the nation would be recognized by an insistent Southern support, [illegible] the nomination and [illegible] election. The Democrats of the Union have won a long [illegible] victories following the [illegible] Southern leadership. The [illegible] new [illegible] government [illegible] party."

This is the line upon which The Observer has been hammering long. It is doubtful if the Democratic party elects another candidate for President within the next forty years unless it in the meantime nominates a Southerner. It is but in the matter the Southern [illegible] is effective. The North concedes to Democrats seen in the above quotation, the rights which it does not itself claim. It is high time for it to speak for itself, and in doing this it will be speaking for the best interests of the party. It had no citizen so available as a presidential candidate as Senator Bailey, until he went into eclipse, and though there are yet a number of availables, there is in sight no better timber than Judge Gray.

We are glad to note that the bill transferring Surry county from the eighth to the fifth congressional district passed the House Thursday. If it becomes law a marked decrease of interest in the Republican nomination in the eighth will specially become observable.

After all the happiest result of the Greensboro mill trials was the finding out that our people can go abroad for mill help which they cannot get at home.

The next legislative investigating committee will probably find out what it can pry out of the witnesses before it puts them on the stand.

Three recalcitrants in two days is a new record for a legislative investigating committee.

THE APPEAL OF MRS. DUKE

EVIDENCE WAS MANUFACTURED

Divorced Wife of J. B. Duke Takes the Case to the Court of Errors and Appeals—Her Counsel Charges That the Evidence Which Implicated Mrs. Duke With Major Pontoon Was Not Based Upon Facts—Testimony of Mr. Duke and the Detectives Attacked by Mrs. Duke's Lawyers.

Special to The Observer.

Trenton, N. J., March 8.—The appeal of Mrs. Lillian B. Duke from the decision of the Court of Chancery, by which her husband, James B. Duke, the tobacco king, obtained a divorce, was argued before the Court of Errors and Appeals this afternoon.

The burden of the appellants was that the evidence which implicated Mrs. Duke with Major Frank T. Huntoon was manufactured and not based upon facts. Admitting that any of Mrs. Duke's acts were indecent, her counsel maintained that she had not been guilty of any improper conduct, and that no sufficient evidence to the contrary had been offered. Chauncey G. Parker began the argument and after repeating the allegations upon which the chancery decree was based he proceeded to analyze the testimony, commenting upon the alleged unusual methods resorted to at the trial. Mr. Parker first discussed the testimony of the four detectives employed to shadow Mrs. Duke. Most of their evidence, he said, was from notes and they seemed to have no recollection independent of the notes as to what occurred. This, Mr. Parker argued, made a cross-examination virtually impossible, except upon such minor questions as where the detectives were stationed when they made their observations.

ENTRAPPING OF MRS. DUKE.

Mr. Parker pointed out that the four detectives were all under the guidance of one man, named Wagenfuhr, and hence when they were examined an essential feature was eliminated from consideration, namely, the instructions which Mr. Duke had given concerning the entrapping of his wife. Mr. Duke himself was not sworn, and Mr. Parker remarked that Mr. Wagenfuhr was conveniently absent in Europe when the case was tried. He said it was safe to infer that Wagenfuhr was sent away by Mr. Duke, purposely to prevent any investigation into the plans and plots entered intobetween them. Mr. Parker remarked that the principal function of the detectives was to show at what time Major Huntoon was accustomed to leave Mrs. Duke's house during the period of their greatest intimacy. To show that he was a daily visitor, counsel contended, would be of slight importance. The witnesses, he said, could fix this time to suit themselves, knowing the impossibility of contradicting them. He pointed out that, according to the detectives' testimony, it seemed that whenever Major Huntoon left in a ca rob Major Huntoon left in a cab or conveyance it was at a reasonable hour, but when he left on foot the time was always unseemly.

ONLY SOUGHT DIVERSION.

From this counsel inferred that the purpose was to prove late visits when there was least danger of the evidence being controverted. During the absence of Mr. Duke, Mr. Parker said, it was only natural that his wife, who had been used to a life of luxury and amusement, should seek some form of diversion. Her friendship for Major Huntoon, he said, indicated no impropriety, even though it was admitted that they were together almost daily; that they attended dinner, theatres and other sites of amusement and that they were together in his automobile and made frequent trips. In all the evidence he said there was nothing to show that any endearing epithets passed between the two or that their conduct was such as to indicate any improper relations.

NELLIE SANDS UNRELIABLE

The only testimony to support the charge that Mrs. Duke and Major Huntoon drank heavily was that offered by Nellie Sands, the confidential maid of Mrs. Duke, whose testimony, in the judgment of Mr. Parker, was not to be believed. Counsel outlined the general plan of the prosecution against Mrs. Duke, declaring that the servants who had been in her employ had been induced to leave her and go to Mr. Duke, who paid them liberally for testifying in his behalf. Mr. Parker also attacked the testimony of Caleb C. Dula, vice president of the American Tobacco Company, who watched the house on three occasions for Mr. Duke, and testified to seeing Huntoon leave the house, upon which occasions Mrs. Duke, he said, invariably waved goodbye and Major Huntoon did the same. Mr. Parker described this statement as preposterous and submitted to the court that Mr. Dula had sworn falsely in several matters of detail concerned with his testimony.

LITTLE BOY BLUE.

Eugene Field

The little toy dog is covered with dust,
But sturdy and stanch he stands;
And the little toy soldier is red with rust
And his musket molds in his hands
Time was when the little toy dog was new,
And the soldier was passing fair;
That was the time when Little Boy Blue
Kissed them and put them there.

"Now don't you go till I come," he said,
"And don't you make any noise!"
Then, toddling off to his little bed,
He dreamt of the pretty toys
And as he was dreaming an angel song
Awakened our Little Boy Blue—
Oh, the years are many, the years are long,
But the little toy friends are true!

Aye, faithful to Little Boy Blue they stand
Each in the same old place—
Awaiting the touch of a little hand,
The smile of a little face.
And they wonder as waiting the long years through
In the dust of that little chair,
What has become of our Little Boy Blue
Since he kissed them and put them there.

For the Legislature to sing.

Winston Sentinal.

We would suggest "Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight" as the official anthem for the Legislature.

Your brain goes on a strike when you overload your stomach; both need blood to do business with. Nutrition is what you want and comes by taking Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Tea or Tablets. R. H. Jordan & Co.

Don't consider lightly the evidence of disease in your system. Don't take desperate chances with ordinary medicine. Use Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea, the great specific. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. R. H. Jordan & Co.

KEEN WITS IN THE SENATE

COL. M'LEAN FLOORS MR. REID

Neither an American Tobacco Man Nor a Railroad Employe Who Wrote a Letter Protesting Against Certain Wild Cat Legislation But a Cotton Grower—Col. McLean Cross-Examines Senator Holt, of Guilford—But the Latter Declines Very Kindly to Answer All His Questions—Many Pleasant Little Tilts in the Senate—Many Adroit Men Among its Membership.

Special to The Observer.

Raleigh, March 8—Col. Neal Arch McLean, the able Senator from Robeson, cross-examined Senator J. Allen Holt, of Guilford, in a kind but vigorous way to-day. In the debate on the Reid substitute to the anti-trust bill Senator Holt had said something to this effect: "Yesterday I was walking down the street with a very distinguished judge of North Carolina, when the learned man of law declared that he did not know until this Legislature and the trust matter came up that the American Tobacco Company and the trust interests generally had such hold on the State, and that the situation demanded action."

In his genteel and dignified way Col. McLean asked: "Senator, would you mind giving the name of that judge?"

Senator Holt hesitated, but finally answered that he preferred not to do so.

WERE DISCUSSING TRUSTS.

Col. McLean asked Mr. Holt if he and the able judge were discussing pending legislation, especially as to trusts. The Senator from Guilford evaded, declaring that he and his judicial companion were speaking of trusts in general.

"But were you discussing pending bills?" insisted Col. McLean.

"About trust regulation in a general way and in an incidental way we spoke of pending legislation," declared Mr. Holt.

"Do you think it proper for a judge of the courts of North Carolina to be in consultation with a member of another branch of the State government?" inquired Col. McLean. "I do not care to be cross-examined," answered Mr. Holt.

"Do you think that a judge of the courts of North Carolina should be expressing himself upon pending legislation which might become a law which he might be called upon to construe?"

"I do not care to be cross-examined by the Senator from Robeson who has a State-wide reputation as a cross-examiner," declared Mr. Holt pleasantly.

Col. McLean smiled, bowed gracefully and sat down.

MR. REID FLOORED.

During the same debate Col. McLean floored Mr. Rube Reid, who is a very clever Senator, by a little turn.

It had developed in the discussion that the board of trade, and the Young's Men's Business Club of Reidsville, a town in Mr. Reid's county, had wired Mr. Buxton asking him to block the proposed bill. Mr. Reid had been wired that the American Tobacco Company was getting in its work. A telegram to that effect had been read.

Col McLean rose and said that he, too had something to read, drawing a letter. Among other things, the letter said that some wild-cat measures had been proposed before the Legislature and that if certain bills became laws the cotton growers association and other farmers organizations would be injured if not destroyed. The author of the letter declared that he was of the opinion that certain bills were being supported for the notoriety they would cause.

"Was that an American Tobacco Company man or a railroad employe who wrote that letter?" asked Mr. Reid as he jumped out of his seat.

THE POINT TO THE JOKE.

"Thank you for that question" said Col. McLean. "The author of that letter is a prominent officer of the Southern Cotton Growers' Association."

Mr. Reid dropped like he had been shot.

Those were among the many pleasant little tilts in the Senate to-day. There are many very adroit men in the Senate. North Carolina should be proud of that body. Besides the older men there are a handful or more of the promising young fellows.

Stamps Howard and William Breese are two of the most striking looking Senators. They are old University boys.

H. E. C. BRYANT.

How He Says It and Who He Is.

Greensboro Record.

We do not know who W. D. Adams, The Charlotte Observer's new Raleigh special correspondent is, but he is a peach. He does not say "it is reported," it is said, etc., but wades right in and says is himself and is causing some uneasiness in many quarters. One thing can be said of him—no legislative committee need be appointed to ascertain where he got his information. Reminds us of Mr. Berry Davidson when running for the Legislature. He was and is is honest as the day is long. One day he charged his opponent with a serious crime. The man hopped to his feet and said: "You can't prove that, Mr. Davidson!" "Don't need no proof," said Mr. Davidson; "said it myself!" This ended the controversy. Mr. Adams "says it himself."

(Mr. Adams is an accomplished member of The Observer staff and is fully up to the usual standard as one of the paper's bright young men.—Editor.)

PEOPLE'S COLUMN

The American District Telegraph Company delivers packages, parcels, notes, invitations, furnishes messengers for errand service at a very small cost. The Observer will send our messengers, without charge, to your residence or place of business for advertisements for this column. 'Phone 78. Office with Western Union Telegraph Company. 'Phone 45. All advertisements inserted in this column at rate of ten cents per line of six words. No ad. taken for less than 20 cents. Cash in advance.

WANTED.

WANTED At once, three first-class coat makers and two trouser makers; steady work and best prices. The Tate-Brown Co.

WANTED Cook and butler, must be first-class. Apply at Observer office.

WANTED—Experienced shoe salesman to take charge of shoe department. A good salary and permanent position. Young man single preferred. Address stating [illegible] experience, age and salary expected. "Shoeman," care Charlotte Observer.

WANTED—Registered drug clerk with several years' experience, wants position. Single. Address "Pills," care Observer.

WANTED—A bright young office boy. Must be willing to work. Good chance for promotion. Address in own hand writing "W," care Charlotte Observer.

PEOPLE'S COLUMN

The American District Telegraph Company delivers packages, parcels, notes, invitations, furnishes messengers for errand service at a very small cost. The Observer will send our messengers, without charge, to your residence or place of business for advertisements for this column. 'Phone 78. Office with Western Union Telegraph Company. 'Phone 45. All advertisements inserted in this column at rate of ten cents per line of six words. No ad. taken for less than 20 cents. Cash in advance.

WANTED.

WANTED—D. E. Bookkeeper, of practical experience, young or middle-aged man required. Prefer one who could invest one or two thousand dollars in the business, which is well established, and profitable. Position of responbility, permanent to the right party. F. W. G. Co., care Observer.

WANTED—Motormen and conductors for the Jamestown Exposition. Must be sober, honest and able to furnish first-class references. Write or apply with references to R. A. Shirley, Room 302 Law Bldg., Norfolk, Va.

WANTED—Rooms furnished, suitable for light housekeeping, close in. Address "S," care Observer office.

WANTED—Couple for room and board. Location and fare best. References required. Telephone 2641.

WANTED—Doctor for resident physician in hospital where surgical and other clinical advantages are good, for term of one year; salary reasonable, yet not large. Must be unmarried. Address "K," care Observer.

WANTED—Bright, intelligent boy, 12 to 14 years old, to go with delivery wagon. Efird's Department Store.

WANTED—For U. S. Army, able-bodied, unmarried men, between ages of 21 and 35, citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 15 West Trade St., Charlotte, N. C.; 26½ South Main St., Asheville, N. C.; Bank Building, Hickory, N. C.; 417½ Liberty St., Winston-Salem, N. C.; Glenn Building, Spartanburg, S. C.; Haynsworth and Conyer's Building, Greenville, S. C.; or Kendall Building, Columbia, S. C.

WANTED—A good colored barber, to work in white shop. Will pay a good price. Must be sober and honest. L. W. Colvert, Statesville, N. C.

WANTED immediately, a first-class cotton mill bookkeeper. Address A. C. Phelps, Draper, N. C.

WANTED—A good set of double-entry books to keep; have had a number of years' experience, and am now employed. Can give good reference; married, and will give reason for wishing to make change. Address Jacin, care Observer.

WANTED—2nd-hand water wheel, good condition, 35 to 50-H.-P., under 10-foot head. Give make and age. Double Shoal Cotton Mill, Double Shoals, N. C.

WANTED—Man to run cross compound Corliss engine, 1,000-horse-power, night time. $12.00 for five nights. Only sober man wanted. New mill, fine location, in North Carolina. Address, with references, Z. Y. X.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WALL PAPER at 4c. a roll and up at the receivership sale of the House Furnishing & Decorating Co., 200 N. Tryon.

WE ARE NOW READY to receive work at our new plant, 18 W. Fifth St. Our French process of dyeing and cleaning is the admiration of the most critical dressers. Queen City Dyeing & Cleaning Works.

THE QUEEN City Dyeing & Cleaning Works is the largest plant in the South occupying more floor space than any other. Equipped with all the latest ideas in this line. Same 'phone, 246.

TEACHERS wanted immediately; many splendid fall openings now booked; graded, high schools and colleges. Sheridan's Agency, Greenwood, S. C.

500,000 SECOND-HAND and rebuilt soda fountains at 25 and 50c. on the dollar. Must be sold in next 30 days. Address Manufacturer, care Observer.

THE FINEST Embroideries ever sold in a bargain sale for Monday, at Efird's Department Store.

DON'T FORGET the embroideries Monday, at Efird's Department Store.

YOU CAN FIND the best bath rooms in the city. All the daily papers; good line cigars and superb barber service, at Ford's cigar store and barber shop, 21 South Tryon.

SIX CITY TAX NOTICE.

SORREL MARE, weighs about 1,000 pounds, strayed from our stables Tuesday morning. J. W. Wadsworth's Sons Co.

TEACHERS—Send names and addresses of ten teachers and get free, school song book. Box 194, Greenwood, S. C.

STATIONARY engineer; I am a first-class stationary engineer. I would like to get a place to handle a good-size engine and boiler plant in the South. James L. Smith, 66 West Main street, Chicago Heights, Ill.

SUPERINTENDENT of a mill making yarns and knitting underwear wants position. Understands both yarn making and knitting. Address Superintendent, care Observer.

I HAVE for sale a number of volumes of my book, "Life of Stonewall Jackson, by His Wife." Address Mrs. M. A. Jackson, Charlotte, N. C.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Eleven shares of Mecklenburg County Fair stock. Claude Brown, Hendersonville, N. C.

FOR SALE—10 40-in. revolving flat cards. Platts. 1 Chandler-Taylor engine, 50-H.-P. 1 20-H.-P. return tubular vertical boiler. 9 railway heads. Petee's. 1 railway head, Mason; 4 Lindsay-Hyde reels. All second-hand but in good running order. 4 11-4 broad sheeting looms, Mason (new). 100 dobbles 16 harness, Mason (new). The D. A. Tompkins Co., Charlotte, N. C.

FOR SALE—200,000 standard laths. A. A. James, Laurinburg, N. C.

FOR SALE—50 pairs mated carrier pigeons, best Plymouth Rock strain. Jno. K. Patterson, Concord, N. C.

FOR SALE—Second-hand soda fountain. Terms easy. Good condition, used one season. Fountain, care Observer.

FOR SALE—Veneer machinery. 1 72-inch Titus veneer machine. 1 60-inch Baltimore veneer machine. 1 40-inch Baltimore veneer machine, with attachment for cutting basket stock. 4 Clippers, one 80 inches; one 60 inches; one 40 inches; one 30 inches. Lot of shafting, pulleys and belting. 1 40-H.-P. Erie City engine. 1 40-H.-P. portable boiler with stack. All sizes of forms and fixtures for manufacturing baskets. We offer the above for $3,000.00 f. o. b. cars Richmond, Va. Box 197, Richmond, Va.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Three rooms for light housekeeping; centrally located. 'Phone 1322.

FOR RENT—7-room house, 702 N. College St. All modern conveniences. Apply next door.

LOST.

LOST—Lady's gold watch with silver pin. Reward if returned to Observer.

LOST—Left fountain pen on desk at American Trust Co. Return to J. K. Neely, at Belk Bros.

The Little-Long Co.

It's Here

When you want anything, and are at a loss to know where to get it, you'll near-about find it here. So many people say to us daily, "I didn't know you sold that," and some say, "Well, if I had known you kept this I'd saved something, as I ordered it from New York."

This is often said to us and we can't see why it should be so when our store has always carried things that most big department stores carry.

Here's a Few Articles

Telescope Drinking Cups, **10c.**

"The E. Z. Marks," that new marker and tracer so popular with dressmakers, and the price is **25c.**

Atomizers, that sell at 35 to 50c. Our price is **25c.**

Extracts and Toilet Waters, Massage and Cold Creams, Egg Shampoos, Ammonias, Toilet and Laundry Soaps of the best kinds, **8c.**

Williams' Shaving Soap, **8c.**

Pear's Unscented Soap, **15c.**

"Keen Kutter" Scissors and Shears, **50c. to $1.00.**

4-Foot Folding Rules, **10c.**

Tape Measures, **5c. to 15c.**

Bibles and Testaments, in small or large print, suitable for old folks, at a big saving over that of regular book stores or agents.

French Harps, the best to be had, as we import them. Prices **5c., 10c., 25c. and 50c.**

Pictures and Frames—we sell the picture, frame and all for about half you pay a frame-maker just for the frame.

China Department

Here's a place you'll be surprised to find lots of useful things for dining room and kitchen stocks of these articles go at a song. So when you want anything and don't know just where it's to be found, go to

The Little-Long Co.