THE CURTAIN RUNG DOWN

(Continued From Page One.)

ple to vote on a bond issue for the Bladen & Northern Railway.

President Winston announced the following Senate committees:

To examine the offices of State Treasurer and Auditor—Holt and Turner.

To present the silver service to the cruiser North Carolina—Drealey.

On the reformatory—Redwine and Long.

The bill passed increasing salaries of Supreme and Superior Court judges to $3,250.

The conference committee on the anti-trust bill reported non-agreement. The report and bill went on the calendar by order of President Pro Tem Webb.

The House substitute bill, the anti-trust bill, prohibiting conduct interfering with trade and commerce was taken up. An amendment by Webb was adopted allowing solicitors a fee in case of conviction of a corporation. McLean offered an amendment striking out the Justice amendment. This was adopted 19 to 16. The bill passed second reading, 37 voting for, none against it, and then passed third reading. Holt, Reid and Breese were allowed to file protests regarding adoption of McLean's amendment. Those voting for McLean's amendment were Bellamy, Blair, Burleson, Carter, Dawes, Drewry, Efird, Etheridge, Fleming, Graham, Howard, Long, Lovill, Mason, Mauney, McLean, O'Dell, Perrett and Stubbs. Those against were Aycock, Breese, Burton, Daniel, Grier, Hicks, Holt, Kluttz, McLaughlin, Ormond, Pharr, Redwine, Reid, Webb, Wilson and Wood.

Justice's supplementa lbill to the anti-trust bill was tabled 19 to 18, after several Senators severely arraigned Justice's statement that he intended to call the roll of the Senators at the next Democratic convention.

McLean ridiculed Justice, asking who had made this representation of the case workers and the insurance trusts the guardian of the North Carolina farmers.

Webb very sharply criticised Justice also.

DETAILS OF THE HOUSE.

The House passed the Senate bill regulating salaries of State officers—Governor, $5,000; Secretary of State, Treasurer and insurance commissioner, $3,000; others, $2,000, with assistant attorney general at $1,500, this latter effective at once; also Attorney General's salary. Amendments to pay Supreme Court judges $4,000 and to pay all judges $3,500, were voted down.

The bill passed, exempting New Hanover, Martin and Pitt from the general law prohibiting the sale of liquor within 200 feet of a chuch or school.

The Mouse passed the anti-jug law for Mecklenburg county, and also a bill to prevent railways confiscating coal, allowing them to take only 25 per cent.

Owens and all other Republican members offers a written protest against the bill electing additional commissioners for Sampson to take it out of Republican control, and wanted this spread on the pournal. It was referred to a special committee.

Bills passed:

Allowing Governor Glenn $600 expenses attending to State business outside of the State.

Torequire railways to keep their passenger cars clean and decent.

To appropriate $1,000 to the Elizabeth School at Marion;

To exempt ministers from working on the public roads.

To compel deaf mute children to attend school.

To increase the power of Cherokee Indians to trade and contract.

To prevent public drunkenness on highways and lands of another.

To amend the general insurance law.

To regulate time for filing divorce petitions.

To make election day a total holiday.

To allow judges to send criminals under 16 to a reformatory.

The anti-trust bill was taken up. Justice said the Senate had no right to shirk responsibility on the bill, and it ought to have concurred or nonconcurred in the House bill. He preferred no bill rather than to be driven to this position. He introduced a supplementary bill, so as to put Senators on record on roll call, and that he would have that roll called in the next Democratic State convention. Winborne moved to concur in the Senate amendment. This was adopted and the bill passed and was ordered enrolled. Justice's supplemental bill was adopted, all voting for it except Albright, Morton, Rector and Pugh.

Justice spoke in the House in regard to his statement as to reading the roll of Senators that it was made in the heat of the debate and that he should not have used that language, but only intended to say that he left the matter for the Democratic voters of North Carolina to settle and that he wished to withdraw any apparent reflection upon any Senator.

Silver services were presented to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House.

SHE MAY RECEIVE MILLIONS

Wife of New York Suicide Receives Letter From New Orleans Which May Bear Out Allegations of Letter Left By Deceased.

New York, Mar[illegible] 11.—It was reported to-night that Mrs. [illegible] Preston, widow of the New Orleans man who killed himself by [illegible] in the Hotel Cumberland a few [illegible] ago, received a letter from Lawton Lewis P. Bryant, of New Orleans, inquiring if Preston was a relative of Luther M. Preston, once a resident of [illegible], and later of New Orleans. The communication said it was important that the request be answered at once. At the time of Preston's death it was stated that he had declared he was heir to several millions of dollars but investigation failed to disclose the wealth. The letter from the South, it is believed by the friends of Mrs. Preston, has [illegible] to do with this matter. Mrs. Preston was left penniless.

Body of Unknown Man Found.

Birmingham, Ala., March 11. East City, a suburb of Birmingham, is greatly excited to-night as the result of finding the body of an unknown man on the bank of a pond near the city, wrapped in a blanket. Around the neck was a rope and the wrists were bound and the hands tied behind the body. The man's feet were also bound tightly together. The coroner has taken charge of the body.

The Hannah M. Bell Hard Aground.

Miami, Fla., March 11.—The tramp steamer Hannah M. Bell, of West Hartlepool, Eng., bound for Havana, with a cargo of coal from Philadelphia, is hard aground just off the mouth of the new ship channel. Several vessels have gone to her assistance. A portion of her coal cargo will be transferred to a schooner and it is hoped she will be floated on the next high tide.

TETTER, SALT RHEUM AND ECZEMA.

These are diseases for which Chamberlain's Salve is especially valuable. It quickly allays the itching and smarting and soon effects a cure. Price, 25 cents. For sale by R. H. Jordan & Co.

J. P. MORGAN AT CAPITAL.

New Yrok Financier in Conference With the President for Two Hours in the Interest of Railroad Investments and Construction.

Washington, March 11.—J. Pierpont Morgan, the New York financier, came to Washington, in his private car to-night and went immediately to the White House, where he was in conference with President Roosevelt for more than two hours. The object of Mr. Morgan's visit to urge the President to take some action to "allay the public anxiety now threatening to obstruct railroad investments and construction." Mr. Morgan pointed out to the President that the financial interests of the country are greatly alarmed at the attitude of the administration toward corporations and particularly the railroads.

At Mr. Morgan's earnest request President Roosevelt has agreed to have a conference with four leading railroad presidents, Messrs. McCrea, of the Pennsylvania; Newman, of the New York Central; Mellen, of the New York, New Haven & Hertford, and Hughitt, of the Chicago & Northwestern, to determine if some agreement can be reached as to the relations between the railroads and the administration. It is probable that E. H. Harriman, head of the Harriman lines, may also participate in the conference, which, it is understood, will take place at the White House some time the latter part of this week. After boarding his train shortly after midnight to return to New York, Mr. Morgan dictated to the Associated Press the following statement:

"At the request of many business men, before leaving for Europe I came to Washington to see the President to discuss the present business situation particularly as affecting the railroads. I suggested to the President that it would be greatly in the public interest if he would see Mr. McCrea, Mr. Newman, Mr. Mellen and Mr. Hughitt and confer with them as to what steps might be taken to allay the public anxiety as to the relations between the railroads and the government. The President said he would be glad to see the gentlemen named with this end in view."

FAYETTEVILLE IS DRY.

Many Calls Made For the Inspiring Fluid, One Drug Store Turning Many Prescriptions.

Special to The Observer.

Fayetteville, March 11.—Fayetteville is dry for true to-day, the amendment on the local prohibition law prohibiting druggists from selling liquor on physicians' prescriptions. One drug store up to noon to-day had turned down many prescrptions, and the firms selling liquor are preparing toshipstockback. This is the fag end of prohibition voiced by the member of the House, Dr. McNeill, a physician who stated that he never knew liquor to do any one any good, sick or well. At any rate, the very ill, if life depended on it, can get no liquor now with the present prohibition law. Whether this will close or increase the "blind tigers," the future will decide.

TALK OF THIRD TERM.

Diametrically Opposite Views of Depew and Champ Clark.

Washington Dispatch in N. Y. Tribune.

Senator Depew, of New York, and Representative Champ Clark, of Missouri, offered widely divergent views on the "third-term" question to-day at the White House after they had had talks with the President. Their views, however, they said, were their personal opinions, unbiased by anything they had heard or learned in the President's office.

There is no man in sight but President Roosevelt. He will be nominated by acclamation if he gives the word. He may be compelled to take it, whether he wants it or not.—The gist of Senator Depew's interview.

The President may accept another nomination. If he does he is likely to be defeated. I am his personal friend, and hope he won't try for another term.—Champ Clark's interview boiled down.

Congressman Clark was the first caller at the White House office, and came to say goodbye to the President before leaving town. He will go on a lecture tour in the summer, and expects to meet in joint debate a number of prominent Republicans who are similarly employed in earning a few dollars in the dull season to help pay their Washington expenses next winter. Senator Depew also called to bid the President farewell before going to his home in New York.

"There is no crystallization upon any other man than Roosevelt," said the New York Senator. "He is the strongest man in the country to-day, and were he to indicate that he would take it would get the nomination by acclamation. There are a number of other candidates in the field, all of whom are friends of mine, and I could flee in harmony, peace and affection under any one of them. But I do not see how any one of them can get the nomination if those who will take it. Only twice in my memory have I seen cases where the delegates rebelled to be made up a year in advance of the convention. The first case was that of Grant, the second that of McKinley. In both instances the delegates knew a year ahead who was to be nominated. Now, a year in advance of the campaign year, the country seems to have made up its mind that Roosevelt is the man. I know he has said that he would not take it, and I believe him. I believe in saying so. There are well known instances where a man has declined to take the nomination and yet was, in spite of himself, made President. One such instance was that of Polk, when Mr. Buchanan was [illegible] to take the Vice Presidential nomination.

"He may take the nomination," said Congressman Clark, "and I'll be sorry to see him do so, for no man will ever be elected President for the third time and the Republic is on its last legs and that time is a long way off.

"I believe that the President was honest in his statement the night of the dinner, on Feb. 18, that he would not accept another Presidential nomination, and I do not believe that he could be persuaded, in the ordinary acceptance of the word, persuasion, to accept another nomination, but I do believe if he can be convinced that unless he is nominated some reactionary will be nominated, then he will accept."

NAVAL KIPLING QUITS.

American Jackies Fought Shy of Roosevelt's Friend Connolly.

Washington Dispatch in N. Y. World.

James B. Connolly, the American author who enlisted as a sailor of the United States Navy at the suggestion of President Roosevelt, for the purpose of doing for the American Navy what Rudyard Kipling did for the British Navy, has left the service in disgust. The publicity given the matter caused the sailors to fight shy of him.

Connolly enlisted for two years as a second class yeoman, and his chief duty was to assist the yeoman in writing the log. He shipped on the battleship Alabama at Hampton Roads early in January and made a cruise to the naval station at Guantanamo on the Alabama.

FOUND AT LAST.

J. A. Harmon, of Lizemore, West Va., says: "At last I have found the perfect pill that never disappoints me; and for the benefit of others afflicted with torpid liver and chronic constipation, will say: take Dr. King's New Life Pills." Guaranteed satisfactory. 25c. at all druggists.

Little globules of sunshine that drive the clouds away, DeWitt's Little Early Risers will scatter the gloom of sick-headache and billiousness. They do not gripe or sicken. Recommended and sold here by Hawley's Pharmacy.

ABRAM RUEF ARRAIGNED

WRIT OF PROHIBITION DENIED

Supreme Court Declines to Allow Hold Up of Trial as Well As Writ of Habeas Corpus and Appeal to U. S. Court—Corridors and Court Room Jammed With Curious Spectators—Doors Ordered Locked on Account of Scrimmage and Many Remained Standing During Part of Proceedings—Debate on Law Follows Motion to Quash Indictment.

San Francisco, March 11.—The State Supreme Court to-day denied the application of Abraham Ruef, indicted for extortion, for a writ of prohibition to prevent Judge Dunne from proceeding with the trial of Ruef pending the disposition of the writ of error to the United States Supreme Court granted by Judge Hebbard.

Ruef received a further reverse when Judge De Haven refused to grant him a writ of habeas corpus and also an appeal to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals.

An immense crowd surrounded the Temple when the Schmitz-Ruef proceedings were opened to-day. The corridors and court room were jammed with people and only these armed with authority were able to force a way through the crowd. Mayor Schmitz was admitted through a side entrance when he reached the temple and Ruef was forced through in football fashion by the stalwart form of Elizor Biggy, in whose custody he still remains.

Ruef held a brief conference with Henry Ashe, one of his attorneys, just before entering the court room.

A SCRIMMAGE FOR SEATS.

When the doors were forced open a fierce scrimmage resulted from the attemps of hundreds of persons to get through. For five minutes bailiffs and deputies battled with the mob, perhaps 50 of whom succeeded in getting inside.

Judge Dunne ordered the doors locked, but, until the adjournment of the session, many stood in the corridor hoping vainly for a chance to get into the court room.

Ruef appeared with all of his attorneys, save Samuel M. Shortridge, and took a seat near the counsel table. By him sat Mayor Schmitz, who was accompanied by his special deputy, J. Campbell. Assistant District Attorney Francis J. Henry appeared for the people.

The contest was opened by Mr. Heney, who moved that the court quash the order made by Judge Hebbard in the Superior Court by which Ruef original $50,000 bail was released. Attorney Ach, chief counsel for Ruef, opposed Heney's action.

"In my opinion," said Judge Dunne, "the proceedings in department four (Judge Hebbard's) of the Superior Court were had by means of trickery and deceit and were in their entirety a fraud."

A DEBATE ON THE LAW.

Attorneys Heney and Ach engaged in a long debate on the law appointing to the former's motion to set aside Judge Hebbard's act.

Judge Dunne brought the argument to a close by remarking that no hardship would be worked by deferring the hearing until the Supreme Court was heard from, and adjoined the proceedings until to-morrow morning.

The court remanded Ruef to the custody of Elizor Biggy until that time.

The case of Mayor Schmitz, indicted with Ruef for extortion on five counts was called at once.

Counsel announced that the defendant was ready but, demanded a separate trial. Mayor Schmitz announced his readiness to go to trial to-morrow morning, and Judge Dunne set the case for to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

The case against Chief of Police Dinan, accused of perjury, and the case against Ruef and Dinan, accused of conspiracy wereo continued to March 15.

Acquitted of Peonage Charge.

Knoxville, Tenn., March 11.—In the United States Circuit Court today Judge Clark presiding, Robert B. Oliver and his six foremen were acquitted on the charge of peonage. There were eleven white men and one negro on the jury.

A Hare at Sea.

Country Life.

A coast guard saw a hunted hare, which had been lost by its pursuers, swim in from the sea, and land.

She appeared to be violently sick, probably from the effects of swallowing salt water; she then cleaned herself thoroughly all over and went quietly on her way, having thus effectually thrown off her hunters.

Two Valuable Recipes

ONE CURES A COLD QUICKLY.

Pimples and Blotches—Dr. E. E. Walker, writing in The Ladies' Home Journal, states that facial blemishes come mostly from improper bowel action. First of all, the cause must be removed by the use of the cathartics and laxatives that the individual has found effective and applying a lotion from the following formula: "Precipitate of sulphur, one dram; tincipate of sulphur, one dram; tincture of camphor, one dram; rosewater, four ounces." Apply several times a day.

To Cure a Cold in 24 Hours or any cough that is curable. Go to any good prescription druggist and get Concentrated oil of pine, one-half ounce; glycerine, two ounces; half-pint of good whiskey; mix and shake thoroughly; use in tablespoon doses every four hours. This formula is given out by the great lung and throat specialist of Philadelphia, and he declares that it has no equal, but warns people against using the ordinary bul kotls of pine and patent medicines sold under the name of "Oil of Pine." These contain much resin and other impurities and are sure to produce nausea and kidney disorders. The real concentrated oil of pine comes put up for medicinal use only in small half-ounce bottles, inclosed in a round screw-top case and sealed. This is to protect it from light, heat and atmospheric changes.

In the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of North Carolina in the matter of Robert Knuckley, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Robert Knuckley, of Charlotte, in the county of Mecklenburg, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that in this matter, on the 12th day of March A. D., 1907, an order was made, requiring the creditors of said estate to show cause why the composition of 35 per cent. offered by the aforesaid bankrupt should not be confirmed; and that a meeting of his creditors will be held at Charlotte, N. C., in the law office of J. B. Spence, on the 22d day of March A. D., 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., at which time and place the said creditors and other persons in interest may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the composition should not be confirmed.

J. B. SPENCE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

March 12th, 1907.

SHORT TALKS BY L. T. COOPER.

NERVOUSNESS.

Nervousness makes people miserable, blue and unhappy. They think something terrible is going to happen. At night they toss and worry and are not rested. They tire easily and haven't much energy. They think many things are the matter with them, Consumption, Kidney trouble, or 20 other diseases. It's just stomach trouble, nothing else in the world. Two bottles of Cooper's New Discovery will put the stomach in shape in three weeks. I know this because I've seen it tried a thousand times. Then all nervousness will disappear. I know this, too, because I've seen it happen a thousand times. Here's a letter I got the other day:

Mrs. W. J. Schaurer.

"My system was badly run down and my stomach and nerves in an awful shape. I could not digest my food, was always tired and would often feel faint and dizzy.

"I had heard so much of your New Discovery medicine that I began taking it. Relief and strength and happiness were found in the very first bottle and the benefit I have received from it has been truly wonderful. I am no longer nervous, my appetite and digestion are good and I eat everything and sleep well.' Mrs. W. J. Schaurer, 220 Guthrie St., Louisville, Ky.

We sell Cooper's New Discovery. It makes tired, worn out, nervous people happy.

TO SUPERINTEND SEARCH.

Uncle of 4-Year-Old Horace Marvin Arrives at Dover, Del., From New York.

New York, March 11.—Miles Standish, brother-in-law of Dr. Horace N. Marvin, came to New York from Dover, Del., to-day to personally supperintend the search here for Dr. Marvin's 4-year-old son, Horace, Jr., who was kidnapped on Tuesday from his father's home, eight miles from Dover.

Mr. Standish acknowledged that the mystery surrounding the disappearance of the boy was as deep as it was a week ago to-morrow, when the child was whisked out of sight within a space of less than five minutes.

"We are as completely in the dark now as we were then," said Mr. Standish. "We cannot suggest a person, or a motive excepting expectation of ransom, for the kidnapping."

DETECTIVES NOT SATISFIED.

Officers Will Make Thorough Search of Farm for Body of Missing Son of Dr. Marvin.

Dover, Del., March 11.—Private detectives who have taken charge of the investigation into the disappearance of 4-year-old Horace N. Marvin, Jr., from his home at Kitts Hammock, last Monday, are not entirely satisfied that he was kidnapped and they will make a thorough search of Dr. Marvin's farm and the surrounding territory to-morrow. They were to have made a search to-day, but the deep snow made it impossible for them to do so. Dr. Marvin, the child's father, is inclined to the opinion that the child may be secreted in some of the vacant summer cottages near Kitts Hammock and to-day requested Sheriff Hartnett, of Kent county, to issue a sweeping search warrant for the houses near the farm. This the sheriff refused to do.

The Cypress Selling Co. Organized.

New Orleans, March 11.—The organization of the Cypress Selling Company with a capital of $1,000,000 was announced to-day. This reorganization makes the company, which is composed of more than 20 cypress firms one of the largest lumber organizations in the South.

WINTER

is right here. We have a Stove for you that will make your room or your house cozy and comfortable. A new arrival of Brooklyn Oil Heaters.

J. N. McCausland & Co.
Stove Dealers and Roofing Contractors,
221 S. Tryon Street.

Wall Decorations for Easter

and the coming spring and summer are here in profusion. Don't decide on a pattern until you have seen our stock.

WALL PAPER STYLES

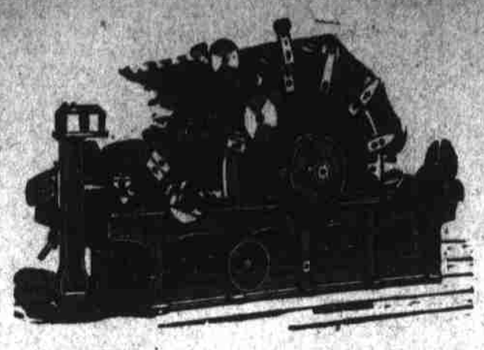
change frequently, and if you are not posted you are liable to get something old.

We carry a complete stock, and are exclusive agents of leading factories. Our workmen are competent, and our personal supervision guarantees satisfactory results.

Let us figure with you before you place your order. We do it when promised and as promised.

Torrence Paint Co.,
10 N. Tryon. 'Phone 178.

SACO AND PETTEE MACHINE SHOPS
COTTON MACHINERY



Pickers, Revolving Flat Cards, Railway Heads and Drawing Frames
Slubbing, Intermediate and Roving Frames, Spinning Frames, Spoolers and Reels

A. H. WASHBURN, Southern Agent
CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT

Executive Says Action of San Francisco Legislature Will Have Unfortunate Effect on His Efforts to Secure Exclusion of Jap Labor.

Sacramento, Cal., March 11.—Governor Gillette sent to the General Assembly to-day a message from President Roosevelt complaining that the recent action of the Legislature would have a most unfortunate effect upon the President's efforts to secure exclusion of Japanese laborers by friendly agreement. The President asked the Governor to secure suspenusion of further action until receipt of a letter from the President. The Governor asked that the Assembly give the matter very careful consideration.

Tokio, March 11.—A question has arisen regarding the last clause of article second of the treaty between Japan and the United States which has been cited by the government at Washington as authority for the statement that the Japanese hitherto have been issuing passports limiting the destination of immigrants. The passports simply certify to the nationality of their holders, and the placing of a restriction on them by an administrative measure is declared here to be unauthorized by law and an infringement of the personal right to travel, guaranteed by the constitution.

In view, however, of the attitude of the American government in not calling for the enforcement of the clause mentioned it is thought that the limitation so placed will be left unquestioned.

Administrative action and litigation since the San Francisco school trouble have brought the clause into prominence and Japan has begun to smart under the alleged humiliation. It would be no surprise should pressure be brought on the government to have it abstain from issuing passports limiting the destination of their bearers.

No Spot Pig Iron to Be Had.

Birmingham, Ala., March 11.—Furnace shippers in this district today declined to make quotations on spot pig iron. This signifies that no spot pig iron is to be had, the present situation following closely upon the announcement last Friday that No. 2 foundry iron for spot delivery had advanced to $24 per ton.

No Sponsor or Maids of Honor to Be Appointed.

Jackson, Miss., March 11.—General Stephen D. Lee, commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans, has announced that he will not appoint a sponsor and maids of honor for the reunion to be held at Richmond next June. This determination is in accordance with the wish of the United Daughters of the Confederacy as expressed at their last general convention.

Georgia Entitled to $29,382.

Washington, March 11. — The Comptroller of the Treasury to-day decided that the State of Georgia is entitled to $29,382, as pay for the services of the Georgia volunteers in the war with Spain. The State authorities presented a bill for $62,824 and were allowed $10,470. They appealed to Comptroller Tracewell, who decided that they were entitled to $18,912 additional.

CATARRH AND CATARRHAL HEADACHES

are quickly relieved by Nosena. It soothes the congested membranes, allays inflammations and thoroughly heals and cleanses. It keeps moist all the passages whose tendency is to thicken and become dry. Cures colds, throat troubles, hoarseness, hay fever, "stopped-up" nose, breathing through mouth while sleeping, offensive breath, etc. It is antiseptic and contains no chemicals or drugs having a narcotic effect, or that can cause the "drug habit." W. L. Hand & Co. and Jno. M. Scott & Co.

WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

J. A. Brogdon, of the National Sign Co., Dayton, Ohio, writes under date of Oct. 12, 1906: "Nosena is the only preparation I have ever used that relieves my affection so speedily and pleasantly. I am getting the first real pleasure out of breathing that I have experienced since I contracted catarrh six years ago. Money would not buy my tube of Nosena if I could not get another."

Buy Nosena from W. L. Hand, Jno. M. Scott & Co.; get your money back if not satisfied. Sample tube and booklet by mail 10 cents.

BROWN MANUFACTURING CO., St. Louis, Mo., and Greenville, Tenn.

Go To The Odeon
Meet Me at The RINK
P. M. 2.30 to 5—Evening 8 to 10.30
LOOK OUT FOR RING-A-RING

Machinery for Farm and Factory.

Engines, Three kinds, from 12 to 150 H. P.

Boilers, Return Tubular and Portable on skids, from 12 to 150 H. P.

Improved Gin Machinery, Single Gins and Presses, and complete outfits of capacity of 100 bales per day and over.

Saw Mills, Four or five kinds, all sizes in use in the South.

Pulleys and Shafting, All sizes from the smallest to complete cotton mill outfits.

LIDDELL COMPANY,
Charlotte, N. C.

Marks of Distinction

What the Victoria Cross is to the British soldiers, the "Triangle A" is to cigars—the mark of highest merit.

Only soldiers of proven merit wear the cross.

Only the best cigars on earth bear the "▲" (Triangle A).

You record an emphatic protest against low-quality high-profit cigars every time you demand the "Triangle A" brands.

When you buy cigars get your money's worth and be sure of it!

Choose your cigars from boxes bearing the "Triangle A" mark of merit—then you know you're getting greater value than your money can buy any other way.

The "Triangle A" identifies the product of the American Cigar Company—the only complete organization with the only "stemmeries" equipment for scientifically developing the ripest fragrance of the best tobacco, for making a smooth, uniform blend, and for delivering the cigars to you in their best smoking condition.

The "Triangle A" on a cigar box guarantees full value, cleanliness, and unvarying quality.

The New CREMO

represents the best quality that can be produced and sold for five cents—it *proves* every claim we make for cigars sold under the "Triangle A."

Every box is extra-wrapped in glassine paper, sealed at each end with the "Triangle A" in red, to maintain perfect smoking condition and cleanliness until the box is opened.

AMERICAN CIGAR COMPANY
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The Engraved Work of the Observer Printing House is Holding the Attention of The Most Select. Try

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HOOK AND ROGERS
—ARCHITECTS—
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—ARCHITECTS—
Second Floor 4C's Building,
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—ARCHITECT—
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