

**The Charlotte Observer.**  
J. P. CALDWELL, Publishers.  
D. A. TOMPKINS.

Every Day in the Year.  
Subscription Price:  
Daily  
One year \$3.00  
Six months \$1.80  
Three months \$1.00  
Semi-Weekly  
One year \$1.50  
Six months .90  
Three months .50

**PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.**

No. 31 South Tryon street. Telephone numbers: Business office, Bell phone 224; city editor's office, Bell phone 224; news editor's office, Bell phone 224. A subscriber ordering the address of his paper changed, will please indicate the address to which it is going at the time he asks for his change to be made.  
Advertising rates are furnished on application. Advertisers may feel sure that through the columns of this paper they will reach all Charlotte and a portion of the best people in this and an upper South Carolina.  
This paper gives correspondents as wide latitude as it thinks public policy permits, but it is not responsible for their views. It is much preferred that correspondents sign their names to their articles, especially in cases where they attack persons or institutions, though this is not demanded. The editor reserves the right to give the names of correspondents when they are demanded for the purpose of personal satisfaction or to receive consideration a communication must be accompanied by the true name of the correspondent.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1908.

**JOHN A. JOHNSON.**

We should be now have reproduced this recent statement by Governor Johnson:  
"Great corporations, especially those exercising at least some of the powers of government, must come to the realization that they are amenable to the law of the individual citizen.  
"The true problem is still to be solved; but, while the law is not complete, it is not our business to complete it for them. We can at least withdraw from their grasp the special privileges they have enjoyed under a high protective tariff.  
"It must be apparent that our present tariff, while mainly responsible for the trouble, is in addition a tax upon the masses for the benefit of the few.  
"The framing of taxes in France before the Revolution was no more iniquitous than is our present tariff system. Nineteen hundred and eight will be a memorable year for the struggle of equal rights and American ideas. The year will see tariff reform accomplished or well under way, for, if the present Congress does not at the present session make substantial reductions in the people in November will exact those pledged to do so."  
It is thus evident that Governor Johnson believes the tariff to be the natural and proper issue for the Democratic party in 1908. Who that considers how the Dingley tariff to-day abounds in gross and undeniable abuse which the Republican party persistently refuses to set right can reach any other conclusion? Upon the tariff question, if no other, Democrats of all varieties can unite and never in the party's history has an effective basis of union been more desperately needed. Moreover, a fight along these lines would have the peculiar advantage of not only uniting Democrats but dividing Republicans. States which have been overwhelmingly Republican ever since the Candidate came to the fore, and without which no Democratic President can possibly be elected, might well change sides if approached in this manner. Why not pursue a sane and judicious course instead of nominating yet again a human bundle of facts equally revolutionary and impracticable?  
We find more and more reason for believing that Governor Johnson is the man whom wisdom dictates as the Democratic leader in 1908. Whereas Mr. Bryan's once debatable home State goes further and further into Republicanism, Governor Johnson has twice carried an otherwise rock-ribbed Republican State and greatly impressed the country at large with his ability as a vote-getter. But even this part of his record deserves and is now receiving less attention than the many evidences that in him the party has a very strong and sane man—such a man as the American people have always delighted to honor with the chief magistracy. Governor Johnson, in fact, is a man who can not only be followed with enthusiasm but with entire confidence from the standpoint of patriotism and enlightened civic judgment. He can be elected President by the Democratic party if anybody can, and if elected he would make a good President.

**ITEMS FROM STANLEY.**

Entertainment at Home of Mr. B. F. Carpenter—Rev. J. P. Deul Becomes Pastor of Christ's Lutheran Church.  
Special to The Observer.  
Stanley, Jan. 6.—At the home of Mr. B. F. Carpenter Friday evening the young people of the town were delightfully entertained with guessing contests, games and other amusements. Refreshments were served. Those attending from out of town were: Mr. A. L. Hulwinko, Professor Lindsay, Superintendent of schools, Dallas; Misses Alice Mason and Adele Randeman, of Dallas.  
Rev. J. P. Deul, of Henry, has accepted the call and begun his work as pastor of Christ's E. L. church. He is a young man of ability, and the Lutheran are fortunate in his accepting this call.  
Mr. E. L. Pearson, who for a number of years has been a member of the Thompson & Pearson Co., has disposed of his interests to Mr. A. M. West.  
Mr. John G. Carpenter, a young attorney, of this place, who is practicing law at Dallas, has been quite sick at the home of his father, Mr. B. F. Carpenter, but is improving now.

**A STRANGE MISAPPREHENSION.**

The Edgefield, S. C., News declares to The Observer that "all the men of consequence left the Old North State some years back." How so. At least one of the numerous Presidents who were born and bred in North Carolina never left the State at all—he was simply legislated out. What shall be said of stay-at-homes like James Fredell and Nathaniel Macon, not to mention such men of recent years as Vance and Ransom? It is needless to say that if North Carolina did not to-day abound in stay-at-homes of consequence the great things which the State is doing almost all these would be impossible; moreover, men of consequence have for some time been pouring in from outside points. The News' own town not excepted. Whatever the case during that long period when the Western fever made itself felt throughout the older States, twentieth century North Carolina enjoys a heavily favorable trade balance in desirable citizens. We can't imagine how our South Carolina contemporary ever got the notion which it expresses into its head.

Concerning The Observer's denunciation of the Appomattox sword fake The Petersburg Index-Appel recklessly declares that this "came as near being true as the claim that North Carolina troops did the last fighting at Appomattox Court House, in support of which North Carolina has erected a memorial stone." The Index-Appel and The Charleston News and Courier, which regards North Carolina history in general as pure mythology, ought to get together and organize.

The Baby Advertiser, a neat paper of twelve pages, three columns, issued by The Montgomery Advertiser folks on New Year's Day as their own affair, is distinctly great. It abounds in humor and more than humor. We are impatient for January 1, 1909, to arrive that we may behold it again.

The New York Evening Post comes to us with an annual financial and real estate review, making an excellent showing for its home town. We can easily believe that New York has a bright future ahead and will some day rank among the leading cities of the country.

A great deal is expected of the Seaboard Air Line receivers. We hope that they can and will fulfill all reasonable expectations.

**PERSONAL.**

**The Movements of a Number of People, Visitors and Others.**  
Mr. J. H. Curry, of Florence, Va., who is registered among the guests at the Selwyn yesterday.  
Mr. George D. Terry, president of the Atlantic Interstate Company, Richmond, Va., spent yesterday in the city on business.  
Mr. C. B. Miles, of Charlotte, S. C., was a Charlotte visitor yesterday.  
Mr. Robert Lassiter, of Winston-Salem, was a Charlotte visitor yesterday.  
Mr. W. M. Cook, Jr., of King's Mountain, spent yesterday in the city with relatives.  
Mr. Charles D. Jones, of Lancaster, S. C., spent yesterday in the city with friends.  
Among the visitors in the city yesterday were Messrs. A. S. Lester and J. W. Carrington, of the University of Virginia.  
Mr. L. I. Jenkins, of Gastonia, spent a few hours in the city last night on business.  
Mr. C. M. Hickerson is spending a few days in Asheville on business.  
Mr. H. M. Bryant, of Fort Mill, S. C., spent yesterday in the city on business.  
Mr. James J. Stevens, of Asheville, was registered among the guests at the Central yesterday.  
Mr. E. G. Hight, of Statesville, was a guest in the city yesterday.  
Mr. J. F. Ward, of Lexington, was a visitor in the city yesterday, stopping at the Bedford.  
Mr. W. J. White, of Spartanburg, S. C., was registered among the guests at the Central yesterday.  
Mr. H. H. Hight, of Wadesboro, spent yesterday in the city on business.  
Mr. Frank D. Gartin, of Newton, was a visitor in the city yesterday, stopping at the Bedford.  
Mr. Paul P. Brown returned to his home in Asheville yesterday after spending the day in the city with relatives and friends.  
Mr. Felix Collins, of Shelby, was a Charlotte visitor yesterday.  
Mr. Joseph L. Dunlap, of Wadesboro, was a guest yesterday at the Bedford.  
Mr. E. W. Wooten, of Wilson, was registered among the guests at the Selwyn yesterday.  
Mr. H. P. Hicks, of Greensboro, spent yesterday in the city on business.  
Mr. W. A. Parker, of Raleigh, was a guest in the city yesterday.  
Mr. J. E. Stroup, of Yorkville, S. C., was registered among the guests at the Selwyn yesterday.  
Mr. John P. Armstrong, of Wilmington, was a Charlotte visitor yesterday.  
Mr. Thomas E. Jacobs, of Terrell, spent yesterday in the city, stopping at the Selwyn.  
Mr. William Coleman, of Whiteville, S. C., a prominent cotton mill man, spent last night in the city on business.  
Mr. Thomas Barber, Jr., of Winston-Salem, was registered among the guests at the Selwyn last night.  
Mr. W. C. Hill, of Rutherford College, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon to attend the Children's Convention.  
Prof. Edgar Randolph has returned to Lynchburg after spending several days in the county with relatives.  
Rev. E. A. Hanna will return Thursday to Hillsboro, Va., after spending the holidays in the city with relatives.

**FIRST DAY OF THAW TRIAL**

(Continued from Page One.)

He is bound over to United States Court for Distilling, Bond Being Placed at \$3,500—Every Seat in Court Room Filled—Deputy Collector Wrenn and Deputy Marshal Millikan Testify.  
Special to The Observer.  
Greensboro, Jan. 6.—At a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner J. M. Wolfe this afternoon Oscar Sisk was bound over to the next term of Federal Court here in a \$3,500 bond on the charge of illicit distilling. Sisk is accused of being implicated in the killing of Revenue Officer J. W. Hendricks at Sisk's home at Smithtown, Stokes county, on the morning of December 20th. A reward of \$1,000 was offered for him and he was arrested at Smithtown and brought here last week. A like amount has been offered for Jim Smith. There was a reward of \$500 for John Hill, also of Smithtown, and he was captured at his home last week and is in jail here in default of a \$2,500 bond. Smith has not yet been apprehended.  
The Sisk hearing this afternoon was attended by an immense throng, filling every seat in the United States Court room. The prosecution was conducted by District Attorney A. E. Holton, of Winston-Salem, while Col. John A. Barringer represented Sisk.  
The first witness was Deputy Collector W. A. Stanfill, who testified that he was a member of the raiding party, together with Deputy Marshal J. T. Millikan, Deputy Collector D. C. Downing and Special Government Employee C. P. Blaylock and Deputy Collector E. W. Hendricks, who was the captain. They visited Smithtown about 8 o'clock on the morning of December 20th and when within 400 yards of Sisk's home they saw a man having a gun under his arm coming towards them, but when he saw the officers he turned and disappeared in a clump of bushes. The officers gave chase and became a little separated and the next time witness saw Officer Hendricks he was lying dead about 30 yards from Sisk's house. About 100 yards away he saw a man who destroyed an illicit distillery and poured out a quantity of beer, whiskey, etc. The still appeared to have been in operation recently and evidences were very plain that it had been in use a long time. The still was still when the officers arrived. Witness did not again see this man with the gun.  
Mr. Stanfill was searchingly cross-examined by Colonel Barringer, but his direct testimony was not weakened. Mr. Stanfill's testimony, which belonged to Jim Smith. The officers left Sisk's house about noon, taking with them the body of Mr. Hendricks.  
The next witness was Deputy Marshal J. T. Millikan, who corroborated Mr. Stanfill's testimony, but added that the man he saw with the gun in the path was Sisk and he could easily recognize him in a thousand.

**SECOND JUROR SECURED.**  
It was not until the tenth taleman of the afternoon session had been examined that the second juror sworn was secured. John R. Hatcher, a wholesale cigar dealer, said he had an opinion, but it was not so fixed as to influence his judgment in the consideration of the evidence. He was accepted.  
The fourth tentative juror, Floyd S. Sanford, assistant manager of an uptown bank, was accepted late in the afternoon session. Sanford was quickly passed by the prosecution, but Mr. Littleton, of the defense, questioned him at length. The juror said he had read the reports of the trial, but in his examination, he formed an opinion as to the truth or falsity of the testimony adduced. He insisted that by hearing the witnesses himself he could render a fair verdict.  
The examination of talemen lagged during the late afternoon. A long line of prospective jurors disqualified themselves after tedious examinations.  
James H. Conway, keeper of a small hotel in 11th street, was passed into the jury box a few minutes before the afternoon session ended. He said he had read the reports of the former trial pretty closely, but had formed no particular opinion. In his examination, he was brief. Several talemen who followed were excused because of the strength of their opinions.  
When the evening recess from 6 to 8 o'clock was ordered the five tentative jurors in the box were taken out to dinner in charge of uniformed officers of the court. Cornelius Renner, the last taleman examined, declared that he believed that everybody who killed a person was more or less insane. He was excused by consent.

**EVENING SESSION.**  
Josiah Thaw was the only member of the defendant's family present at the evening session. The unexamined talemen were the sole spectators. Half an hour was consumed in the examination of the first juror, who was called both being eventually excused by consent. They had opinions which they felt would prevent an impartial judgment of the evidence.  
It was not until the seventh taleman of the evening session had been reached that the sixth juror was secured. William E. Bower, a decorator, declared that while he entertained an opinion in the case it was not a strong one. He was accepted.  
The third taleman following Mr. Bower proved acceptable as juror No. 7. He is Arthur R. Naething, a banker, who surprised all of the attorneys by declaring that he had read the reports of the evidence presented at the first trial. He discussed the case at home with members of his family who read the newspapers and gained a more or less definite opinion from them. This could be laid aside, he said, when he took his place in the jury box.  
Maurice Bouvier, vice-president of a large exporting firm, was temporarily passed as juror No. 8 as the evening session drew to a close. There was a strong impression that Mr. Bouvier would not remain on the panel, for he declared that defenses based upon insanity usually aroused suspicion.  
Six talemen were next excused in rapid order and then the ninth chair was filled by the selection of George W. Cary, a dry goods dealer. Mr. Cary said he had an opinion, but it was not a fixed one, and he adjourned at 10:10 p. m. until tomorrow morning.

**PROMINENT GEORGIA PHYSICIAN TO TESTIFY FOR THAW.**  
Americus, Ga., Jan. 6.—Dr. H. S. Crockett, a prominent physician of Americus, and formerly the chief of physicians at the Virginia State Insane Asylum, received a request today from counsel for Harry K. Thaw to come to New York immediately to give testimony in the recent trial of Thaw. It is stated that one of Thaw's family names was confined in the Virginia asylum while Dr. Crockett was there, a fact which his attorneys are desirous of establishing by the physician's testimony in charge.

**TO SELL CHESAPEAKE'S FLAG.**

Will Be Disposed of by Auction in London This Month—Disappearance of Shannon's Bell.  
Halfpast N. S. Dispatch, 5th.—The announcement that the flag of the United States' frigate Chesapeake, the vessel captured off Boston harbor in 1813 by the British warship Shannon, is to be sold at auction in London January 20th, recalls the disappearance of the Shannon's bell, which for many years hung in a church tower at Shediac, N. B., and was used to summon the parishioners to their devotions. This historic bell has been missing for 19 years, but the fact has never been mentioned in the newspapers and little attempt seems to have been made to recover it.  
Many of the fittings of both the Shannon and Chesapeake were taken out of the wreck of the Shannon here, but much of the equipment was sent to England. Very few relics remain.  
The bell of the Shannon was sent to Shediac by the British, and at the request of William Hanington, a retired army officer, who was the first English sailor in that section. The bell weighed about 19 pounds and was in the year 1813 cast in England for the British warship Shannon, and was on that ship until the Helena was dismantled at Portsmouth. Then it was transferred to the Shannon.  
It is said that American patriots will endeavor to purchase the Chesapeake's flag now offered for sale in London.

**NEW YORK LAWYER DIES AT JACKSONVILLE.**

Jacksville, Fla., Jan. 6.—Hon. William H. Newsharfer, 65 years of age, of New York City, died at the Windsor Hotel, this city, at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. Newsharfer was a member of the New York Bar Association and was well known in social circles. The body was sent to New York to-night, accompanied by his wife and daughter.

**RISK GIVEN A HEARING.**

He is Bound Over to United States Court for Distilling, Bond Being Placed at \$3,500—Every Seat in Court Room Filled—Deputy Collector Wrenn and Deputy Marshal Millikan Testify.  
Special to The Observer.  
Greensboro, Jan. 6.—At a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner J. M. Wolfe this afternoon Oscar Sisk was bound over to the next term of Federal Court here in a \$3,500 bond on the charge of illicit distilling. Sisk is accused of being implicated in the killing of Revenue Officer J. W. Hendricks at Sisk's home at Smithtown, Stokes county, on the morning of December 20th. A reward of \$1,000 was offered for him and he was arrested at Smithtown and brought here last week. A like amount has been offered for Jim Smith. There was a reward of \$500 for John Hill, also of Smithtown, and he was captured at his home last week and is in jail here in default of a \$2,500 bond. Smith has not yet been apprehended.  
The Sisk hearing this afternoon was attended by an immense throng, filling every seat in the United States Court room. The prosecution was conducted by District Attorney A. E. Holton, of Winston-Salem, while Col. John A. Barringer represented Sisk.  
The first witness was Deputy Collector W. A. Stanfill, who testified that he was a member of the raiding party, together with Deputy Marshal J. T. Millikan, Deputy Collector D. C. Downing and Special Government Employee C. P. Blaylock and Deputy Collector E. W. Hendricks, who was the captain. They visited Smithtown about 8 o'clock on the morning of December 20th and when within 400 yards of Sisk's home they saw a man having a gun under his arm coming towards them, but when he saw the officers he turned and disappeared in a clump of bushes. The officers gave chase and became a little separated and the next time witness saw Officer Hendricks he was lying dead about 30 yards from Sisk's house. About 100 yards away he saw a man who destroyed an illicit distillery and poured out a quantity of beer, whiskey, etc. The still appeared to have been in operation recently and evidences were very plain that it had been in use a long time. The still was still when the officers arrived. Witness did not again see this man with the gun.  
Mr. Stanfill was searchingly cross-examined by Colonel Barringer, but his direct testimony was not weakened. Mr. Stanfill's testimony, which belonged to Jim Smith. The officers left Sisk's house about noon, taking with them the body of Mr. Hendricks.  
The next witness was Deputy Marshal J. T. Millikan, who corroborated Mr. Stanfill's testimony, but added that the man he saw with the gun in the path was Sisk and he could easily recognize him in a thousand.

**SCHENCK ELECTED MANAGER.**  
Greensboro Man Who Will Take Charge of Fayetteville Insurance and Realty Company—Motor Company Elects Officers—Small News Notes.  
Special to The Observer.  
Greensboro, Jan. 6.—Mr. J. Simpson Schenck has been made manager of the Fayetteville Insurance and Realty Company, and will assume the duties of that position January 15th. The election of Mr. Schenck to this position is a distinct recognition of his efficiency as an insurance manager. The general insurance agency of Mr. Schenck in Greensboro will be continued under the firm name of Wood & Schenck and will be managed by Maj. W. W. Wood, who has resigned his position as traveling insurance agent in Greensboro, but will remain in his financial interest, but will remove his family to Fayetteville. The recently chartered Carolina Motor Company has elected officers as follows: President, A. H. Perkins; vice president, G. W. Painter; secretary and treasurer, Lee A. Folger. These with T. H. Andrews will constitute the board of directors. The company has leased temporary quarters at 107 South Davis street and will deal in new and second-hand automobiles, being agent for central Carolina for the Buick car. They will also conduct a repair shop and install fuel in the city.  
A revival will be started at the First Presbyterian church the latter part of this month.  
Mr. W. E. Lewis has been transferred from the Southern Railway roundhouse here to the company's roundhouse at Asheville.  
A meeting of representatives of the different Knights of Pythias lodges in this district will be held here January 21st, the visiting lodges being entertained by the four local lodges.  
Mr. Edward E. Carlisle will go to Raleigh January 14th to become assistant commander for North Carolina of the Knights of Macabees.

**FACTORIES RESUME WORK.**

Wheels of Industry Hum Again in Lexington—Wet-Diggers Have a Prolific Experience, Falling Into a Well and Being Struck by a Windlass.  
Special to The Observer.  
Lexington, Jan. 6.—This morning at the customary hour—7 o'clock—the whistles of many factories called the workmen from their homes and the machinery which had been idle since before the holidays once more gave forth the noisy sound of industry.  
The resumption of work caused many of the workmen to leave a sigh of relief for the panic had caused uneasiness to fill the hearts of many of them, and what could be worse for the worker than for the source of his livelihood to be cut off?  
Lindsay Smith, whose occupation it is to dig wells, had very unpleasant experience this afternoon. He had dropped a distance of forty-eight feet to the bottom of a well, but, strange to say, he issued forth from the well a little later, without being seriously injured. He had two painful wounds on the back of his head and one knee was hurt, however.  
Smith and another man were cleaning out a well in the country near Lexington and all of the water having been drawn out, Smith got in the bucket with the intention of going to the bottom. His intention was to make the trip slowly, but the fibers of the bucket were so weak that with a sudden crack the windlass tore loose and the frightened well-digger was hurled to the bottom of the dark hole. To make matters worse, the windlass came down on top of him, and it was this that made the wounds on his head. The man who was aiding him endeavored to get to the surface, but his efforts amounted to nothing more than his getting a burned hand.

**TURNING OUT THE WOMEN.**

Republicans About to Put a Man in to Succeed Postmistress at Asheville—Senator Simmons One of a Quartette to Draw Fair Vacant Chairmanship—Mr. Justice Harlan of the Supreme Court, Pays a Big Compliment to Ex-Governor Aycock—Tar Heads in Washington.  
Observer Bureau.  
Congress Hall Hotel.  
Washington, Jan. 6.  
On the eve of a national convention the Republicans are making every effort to count. Where women hold positions they are replacing them with men who can vote. An instance of this is reported from Asheville, Randolph county, where Mrs. E. B. McCain, who has been postmistress for a number of years and is said to be satisfactory to 90 per cent of the people, Democrats and Republicans alike, is about to be put out to make way for a man. The people of Asheville are making a desperate effort to have her re-elected.  
Engineer Earl I. Brown, of the United States army, who investigated the conditions in Hyde county, where Congress had been asked to connect South Carolina with North Carolina by the committee on rivers and harbors.  
The death of Senator Mallory, of Florida, leaves vacant one of the ten seats in the United States Senate, to be filled by the majority. This place will go to one of four men—Senators Simmons, McLaughlin, Foster or Bailey—as these honors are awarded by the Senate. The four Senators mentioned will draw for the place. North Carolinians are wishing for Simmons.  
Senator Chauncey M. Depew, of New York, has written over to Senator Overman, of North Carolina, today and asked him to tell him something about ex-Gov. Charles B. Aycock, who made an argument in the North Carolina railroad case in the Supreme Court in a long time. Senator Depew said that Mr. Harlan was very complimentary to the North Carolina lawyer. The conversation took place at a Christmas banquet.  
Most of the 750 Foot Congressmen answered to the roll call this morning. Mr. Pize was accompanied by Washington by his family. Mrs. W. W. Kitchin and Mrs. H. L. Godwin will arrive within a few weeks. Mrs. J. S. Overman is expected soon. Col. and Mrs. A. B. Andrews, of Raleigh; Mrs. Julius R. Mallory, of Wilmington; Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Beard, of Salisbury; Mr. and Mrs. Z. L. Long, of Statesville; Justice James P. Byrd, of Greensboro; and Mr. Clement Manly, of Winston-Salem, are in the city.  
H. E. C. B.

**CLERK'S AND SHERIFF'S SALES.**

Many People Attend These at Gaffney and Much Real Estate is Sold.  
Special to The Observer.  
Gaffney, S. C., Jan. 6.—Quite a large crowd of people from over Cherokee county and elsewhere assembled in Gaffney today to be present at the public sales for the month of January to-day, the first Monday being the day of sale. Both clerk's sales and sheriff's sales were held at the county court house. Much interest was attached to both and the bidding was lively, at times waxing unusually warm and spirited. The following property was sold by the clerk: One hundred and sixty-six acres of land at the suit of the Gaffney Savings Bank, bought by Dr. Charles A. Jefferies for \$1,100; a small house and lot in town, bought by A. L. Peeler for \$500; the J. I. Sarritt residence, bought by Edward Watson for \$2,300; the J. L. Sarritt storehouse and lot, bought by Nathan Lipcomb for \$1,325; the Andy Champion property, consisting of four lots and three houses, bought by T. H. Lockhart and Edward Stacy for \$1,011; one lot and two houses, bought by John S. Brunner for \$400. The sheriff's sale resulted in the sale of the Tipple lands, consisting of 144 acres, which were bought by William Phillips for \$1,500. This sale came as the result of the fact that the purchaser who bought the property at the public sale in November failed to comply with the terms of the sale, and thus causing the property to be re-sold. At the November sale the price it brought was \$1,900.

**Views of an Opponent of North Carolina History.**

Charleston News and Courier.  
The Petersburg Index-Appel, moved by the comments of The Charlotte Observer on the apple-tree story about Appomattox, remarks: "The sword fake is as near being true as the claim that North Carolina troops did the last fighting at Appomattox Court House, in support of which North Carolina has erected a memorial stone. Of course, neither is true." But our Petersburg contemporary does not know the North Carolina habit. Has not a "memorial stone" also been erected in Union county, N. C., to mark the place of Andrew Jackson's birth? There is no question that North Carolina fought well during the revolutionary war and that it drove mightily for the success of the Confederate arms, but that is no reason why North Carolina should claim for any of its achievements in the forum or the field credit to which it is not justly entitled. In view of the statement of our Petersburg contemporary, however, it is now incumbent upon The Charlotte Observer to prove that North Carolina troops really fought last at Appomattox.

**Two Reconciled Contemporaries.**

Norfolk Landmark.  
In congratulating Governor Glenn upon his success in getting the Navy Department to consent to the presentation of the silver service from North Carolina to the battleship of that name off the coast of the bestowing State, The Charlotte Observer says that "Norfolk will consequently be disappointed, as Charleston would have been in any event."  
Here! Here! This confirms our suspicion that North Carolina troops did the last fighting at Appomattox Court House, in support of which North Carolina has erected a memorial stone. Of course, neither is true. But our Petersburg contemporary does not know the North Carolina habit. Has not a "memorial stone" also been erected in Union county, N. C., to mark the place of Andrew Jackson's birth? There is no question that North Carolina fought well during the revolutionary war and that it drove mightily for the success of the Confederate arms, but that is no reason why North Carolina should claim for any of its achievements in the forum or the field credit to which it is not justly entitled. In view of the statement of our Petersburg contemporary, however, it is now incumbent upon The Charlotte Observer to prove that North Carolina troops really fought last at Appomattox.

**Three Years.**

Wall Street Journal.  
1906—Expansion; dancer signals disregarded.  
1907—Panic; fear triumphant.  
1908—Recovery; gradual return of confidence.  
She was the pride of the country round. Envied by other girls was she; In beauty and health she stood alone; By taking Rocky Mountain Tea, R. W. Jordan & Co.

**The Little-Long Co.**  
DEPARTMENT STORES, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

**9:30 O'clock To-day**  
**Begins a Rushing Sale of**  
**Muslin Underwear and White Goods**

Why make garments, when the cost of the ready-made garment is no more than the material? You save time, worry and the buttons and thread. This sale includes all kinds for women, Misses and children's garments from 9c to \$1.09

**The White Goods Sale**  
Thousands of yards of fresh white goods in cotton, mercerized and wool fabrics, which our buyer bought special for this annual White Sale will be on display

**At 9:30 O'clock**  
Make for the second floor of the Trade Street Store  
**Don't Go Round the Corner**  
While the old building is being torn down, but pass right through our stores from Tryon to Trade Street

- Lot No. 1 at 9c. per garment, consists of corset covers, children's drawers and waists
- Lot No. 2 at 19c. per garment consists of corset covers, drawers, skirts and bodies
- Lot No. 3 at 29c. per garment consists of ladies' skirts, chemise, drawers, corset covers and children's gowns, skirts, drawers and bodies
- Lot No. 4 at 59c. consists of ladies' gowns, skirts, drawers, chemise and corset covers
- Lot No. 5 at 79c. consists of a beautiful selection of gowns, skirts, shemise, drawers and corset covers
- Lot No. 6 at \$1.09 consists of beautifully made gowns, corset covers, skirts and chemise

Also, the more beautifully trimmed garments and bridal sets  
All on sale Tuesday morning at 9:30.

**The Little-Long Co.**  
DEPARTMENT STORES, CHARLOTTE, N. C.