MISS SHONTS' MARRIAGE.

Daughter of Former Chairman of Isthmian Canal Commission Weds Frenchman in New York—Groom a Member of One of the Most Aristocratic Families of French Nobility.

New York, Feb. 15.—Miss Theo- Duc de Chauiness of Paris. The wed- Shonts, formerly chairman of the Isthmian canal commission, was married at noon to-day to Emanuel Theodoric Bernard d'Albert de Luynes, Duc de Crauiness of Paris. The wedding took place at the home of the bride's father at 123 East Thirty-fifth street, the ceremony being performed by Monsignor M. J. Lavelle, rector of St. Patrick's cathedral. Notable among the guests was the Duchess d'Uzes, a sister of the Duc de Chauiness, and a member of one of the most aristocratic families of Paris; the Baron Louis de Conde, of Paris, a friend of the Duke, and several representatives of the French embassy at Washington, including the counsellor of the embassy, Mr. des Portes de La Fosse, Madame des Portes and their daughter, the latter a personal friend of the bride, and Lieutenant Commander de Blanpre, of the French naval attache, and Madame Blanpre.

Miss Marguerite Shonts, sister of the bride, was her only attendant, and the Prince Andre Galitzine, the Duke's uncle, was best man.

The Shonts' home was decorated with American beauty roses, lilies of the valley and smilax. The bride wore a gown of Duchess satin with court train bordered with orange blossoms.

The Duc de Chauiness is 29 years old and a member of one of the most aristocratic families of the French nobility. He has a house in Paris and an hereditary castle in one of the French provinces.

Theodore P. Shonts, the bride's father, is now president of the Interborough-Metropolitan Company which operates the New York elevated railroads and subways.

BIG TIMBER DEAL MADE.

Interests Costing About $10,000 Secured by a Durham Man in Property South of That City—Some Fine Hardwoods in the Tracts.

Special to The Observer.

Durham, Feb. 15.—At various times for several months the Real Estate Exchange and Trust Company, of this city, has been purchasing timbered interests in property from eight to ten miles south of Durham. Now all these have been sold to Mr. R. J. Teague, who it is said will at once install plants, build necessary tram roads and cut off this timber. The work is to begin, so rumor has it, although Mr. Teague could not be seen to-day, in the near future.

In transferring this property to Mr. Teague the Real Estate Exchange and Trust Company made two deeds, one for timber interests on 74 acres of land and the other for about 67 acres in three parts. In each deed the purchase price is made out for "$100 and other valuable considerations," this being done by direction of the purchaser, who did not care for it to be known just what was the purchase price. It is learned from an outside source, however, that the amount of money that changed hands was considerably more than $10,000.

This land is in a section where there is a great deal of fine hardwood timber, this in addition to the fine pine and other wood that is useful in the lumber business. Most of the timber is original growth, and among the lumber that is to be taken off there is a considerable quantity of curley maple. The deeds call for all timber that is as much as eight inches in diameter, six inches from the ground, and the purchaser has six years in which to clear it off. Two railroads pass close by the property—the Durham & Southern and the Durham & South Carolina. While the entire matter has been handled very quietly it means that there is now to be cut from that section and placed on the market many million feet of fine lumber.

Runaway Accident in Polk.

Polk County News.

An unfortunate accident befell Mr. F. L. Weaver, of Tryon, and a traveling salesman representing the National Biscuit Company Wednesday afternoon, they were coming to Columbus from Tryon. Just in front of the Presbyterian church, the brest yoke broke, and the horses being unable to guide the buggy, hit a tree and throwing the occupants out, cutting a gash on Mr. Weaver's face, one of the horses kicked the other gentleman, who's name we were unable to find, on the jaw which immediately gave him a bad looking face. Both were more or less injured tho' not seriously. Fulton went to their assistance and the two gentlemen were immediately carried to Tryon and placed in the care of Dr. E.M.Salley, fortunately nobones were broken.

Committee Reports Child Labor Bill.

Washington, Feb. 15.—The Gallinger child labor bill, which applies only to the District of Columbia, today was ordered favorably reported by the Senate committee on education and labor. The bill prohibits children under the age of 14 years from being employed in factories, etc. It prohibits further that no child under 14 years shall be employed in any work performed for wages or other compensation during school hours or before 6 o'clock in the morning or after 7 o'clock in the evening.

Count and Countess Szechenyi Sail For Europe.

New York, Feb. 15.—The Count and Countess Laszle Szechenyi sailed for Europe to-day on the steamer Kaiserin Auguste Victoria. They were accompanied to the steamer by Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney. The Countess, who was formerly Miss Gladys Vanderbilt, said that the Count and she would stop in London en route to Hungary.

Prohibitionists Before Senate Committee.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Matthew O'Brien, representing the National Prohibition Committee and Rev. L. L. Abbot, of Waco, Tex., general missionary in church temperance work, were heard briefly to-day by the Senate committee on the judiciary in support of bills to prohibit the shipment of liquors to States which prohibit the sale of intoxicants.

Injunction Against "Jim Crow" Law.

Guthrie, Okla., Feb. 15.—Suit was filed in the United States Circuit Court late to-night asking for an injunction against the railroad companies to restrain them from carrying into effect the "Jim Crow" law. The petition states that it is in violation with the enabling act which provides that there shall be no distinction in the States on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

The North Carolina's Third Trial.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 15.—The United States armored cruiser North Carolina left Hampton Roads late this afternoon to undertake her third trial trip off the Virginia Capes following certain changes in valve adjustments which her builders believe will assure a successful outcome.

The North Carolina had not returned to the roads at a late hour to-night.

CONQUERING TUBERCULOSIS.

Ravages of the White Plague Appear to Be Greatly Diminished.

New York Sun.

The very important report just issued by the medical department of the English local government board on certain aspects of the tuberculosis question is the outcome of investigations prosecuted during the last five years under the supervision of Dr. T. Bulstrode, one of Great Britain's medical inspectors. The statistics collected show an extraordinary decrease in the number of deaths in England and Wales from tuberculosis or consumption and render it possible that three decades hence the disease will be as extinct there as leprosy or typhus fever now is.

There is no doubt that in the first half of the last century the mortality from consumption in England and Wales had acquired alarming proportions. In 1838 this malady destroyed 59,625 lives, a number equivalent to 39.9 for each 10,000 persons living. In 1906, on the other hand, although the population had greatly increased, tuberculosis destroyed only 39,746 lives, a mortality equal to only 11.5 for each 10,000 persons then in existence. As the mortality resulting from consumption in 1906 was about equal to the decrease observed in the preceding thirty years it follows that the disease will disapear totally thirty years hence, provided the decrease in the number of deaths shall continue at the same rate. Such continuance, of course, cannot be assumed. Between 1905 and 1906 there was no change in the mortality resulting from tuberculosis.

What is the cause of the diminished ravages of consumption? It cannot be ascribed entirely, or even mainly, to the discovery of the tubercle bacillus and the subsequent legislation intended to prevent the sale of meat and milk derived from tuberculous cattle. Dr. Koch's discovery was not made until 1882 and had no effect upon legislation until some years afterward. Yet in 1885 the mortality from consumption had shrunk to about one-half of what it had been in 1838, namely, from 39.9 for each 10,000 persons living to 18. Neither can the lessened deadliness of the disease be attributed to the establishment of sanatoria, for few if any of these were operative in 1885, and even as regards those which have since been opened Dr. Bulstrode has been unable to find that they have produced any perceptible effect upon the rate of decline of consumption mortality either in England and Wales generally or in counties possessing such institutions as compared with those which are destitute of them.

That seems to have happened in the case of tuberculosis which is known to have occurred in the case of other germ diseases, to wit, a gradual weakening of the virulent power of the hostile bacillus, coupled with a simultaneous increase in the power of resistance evinced by the phagocytes, or friendly microbes which constitute the garrison of the human body. It has been proved by post-mortem examinations conducted in many parts of the civilized world that consumption is now far less fatal than it used to be and that great numbers of persons dying from other maladies present unmistakable traces of having been infected by tuberculosis at some earlier period and of having overcome the tendency of the infected portion of lung to soften and disintegrate. The inference is that the bacillus of consumption, whether it reaches the lungs through the respiratory passages or finds its way thither from the tuberculous meat or milk, may either lapse into a passive state for a long time or permanently or be roused into activity by external circumstances adverse to health.

WASHINGTON'S ANCESTRY.

Royal Blood in Veins of Father of Our Country.

Caroline Tickner, in Harper's Weekly.

"Let no man fancy he knows sport," said the late Moncure D. Conway, "unless he has family-treed an ancestor of George Washington." Yet, despite the many clever scholars and antiquarians of America who have tried their hands at this "sport," it has remained for a fellow of the Royal Historical Society of England, Rev. Frederick W. Ragg, to convey to us the latest interesting revelation regarding the ancestry of our first President.

Barring those that champion the truly democratic standpoint, less prevalent to-day than it was in 1620, which scorns to connect itself with Old World titles and abhors royalty, there remain many liberal souls among us who do not grudge to one who was acknowledged first in war and first in peace a share in the homage accorded the first family of England.

Edward I was himself a mighty warrior, and first in many wars; his prowess was early exercised on the Turks, during that last crusade ever embarked on by England's kings, and when the throne became his own he successfully carried out his project of uniting England, Scotland and Wales. He brought the famous Stone of Scone to Westminster Abbey, and under him England became a mighty nation. He was a monarch wise and great, even though he had little leaning toward democratic government and did not display special fondness for Magna Charta. Edward Longshanks was not an ancestor to be despised by his descendant George, of kingly bearing and equally long legs.

That this direct line of descent has not until now been established may seem a bit surprising in view of the exhaustive research that has been devoted to the Washington ancestry. The reason is, however, not difficult to understand when one reflects that such research has been concerned exclusively with the male line, while this royal blood is introduced into the family by Margaret Butler, who married Laurence Washington in 1588.

DRUGGIST'S RASH ACT.

Shoots Wife in Leg and Barricades Himself in Upper Room of Residence—Wounds Physician, But Finally Surrenders.

Des Moines, Iowa, Feb. 15.—H. E. Davis, a druggist, to-night attempted to shoot his wife in the leg and later probably fatally shot City Physician James E. Miller, who went with the police to the Davis home to attend the injured woman. Mrs. Davis' wound is not serious. Dr. Miller was shot with a rifle through the lungs.

Davis, who had been drinking, attacked his wife with a rifle. A neighbor woman who was present, knocked the weapon downward so that the ball struck Mrs. Davis in the leg. Davis then retired to an upper room and barricaded himself there, while the neighbor called the police.

As Dr. Miller and several police stepped into the yard of the Davis home a single shot was fired, by Davis from an upstairs window, the bullet hitting Dr. Miller in the breast and plowing its way through his lung. For a time Davis defended himself in his barricaded room, but he finally surrendered.

Six Coal Barges Sink.

New Haven Conn., Feb. 15.—Six coal barges, belonging to the New England Transportation Company and in tow of the tug Frederick E. Ives, while attempting to make New Haven harbor in the storm to-day, struck the breakwater in the fog and sunk. On board the barges were six men. Four women and two children were rescued by the tug. The barges were the Fannie Preston, H. W. Sommers, J. W. Drayton, T. M. Righter, H. R. Cullen and Ellen F. Cullen.

The total loss will be about $50,000 as a big quantity of coal was lost.

CALDWELL GOES TO ASYLUM.

Witness in Famous Druce Case Will Be Taken to Manhattan State Hospital To-Day—Lawyer Stole a March on British Government—Caldwell Confined to His Bed.

New York, Feb. 15.—Robert Caldwell, the American witness in the famous Druce case in London, will be taken to the Manhattan State Hospital for the Insane on Wards Island to-morrow. He was committed to that institution to-day by Judge Lester W. Clark, of the Supreme Court in Richmond county.

In obtaining the commitment of Caldwell, his lawyer stole a march on the British government, which is endeavoring to have Caldwell extradited to answer to the charge of perjury.

Caldwell's commitment was obtained on the petition of his daughter, Miss Georgine M. W. Caldwell, supported by the certificates of two examiners in lunacy, who declared him a helpless paranoiac.

Miss Caldwell's petition contained some startling revelations of her father's mental condition and convinced the court that his testimony in the Druce trial was believed by him, owing to his insanity, to be perfectly true, notwithstanding overwhelming proof to the contrary.

Both experts certified to long examinations of Caldwell, in which he showed marked loss of memory and that he was subject to hallucinations of a fanatic and terrifying character. They concurred in their opinion of his mental condition, and his daughter's petition described his hallucinations at length.

Miss Caldwell stated that in the last few years her father continually talked about distinguished men whom he said he had known and his connection with important cases and great mysteries.

Judge Clark said he was convinced that Caldwell was hopelessly insane.

Caldwell is still confined to his bed.

Dinner Complimentary to President of Peace Society.

Special to The Observer.

Wilmington, Feb. 15.—A number of prominent Wilmington people were entertained at dinner at the Orton this evening by the Wilmington branch of the North Carolina Peace Society complimentary to President Hayne Davis, of New York, who is here to assist the local society in the arrangements for the forthcoming North Carolina arbitration and peace Congress May 4th-10th. The dinner was an elegant affair and the guests included both ladies and gentlemen. President Davis discussed with enthusiasm the prospects for the proposed Congress here and brought assurances from many of the leading men and women of the country that they will be here for the North Carolina meeting. Mr. Davis is being shown much social attention while here.

Bad Weather Hard on Mountain Railroads.

Special to The Observer.

Asheville, Feb. 15.— The Asheville division of the Southern Railway had trouble to-day on both the Transylvanian lines between Lake Toxaway and Brevard and also near Rhodo, on the Murphy division. Wires are down on the Transylvania and reports were received over long distance telephone. The report was to the effect that the trestle had washed away either at Rosman or Quebec on the Transylvania and that the passenger train had been annulled. On the Murhpy near Rhodo a freight train was derailed and a number of cars turned over, the accident due to spreading rails or sinking of track as a result of the softening of earth from melting snows and recent heavy rains.

House Committee Will Report Appropriation Bill.

Washington, Feb. 15.—The House committee on military affairs to-day agreed to report the army appropriation bill having completed its amendment increasing the pay of enlisted men of the various grades of service. The bill as it will be reported to the House will carry $85,255,066, which is $9,413,081 less than the estimates submitted. The amendment increasing the pay of enlisted men is intended to place the army service on a footing comparable to the naval service.

Bryan Must Be Cut Out.

To the Editor of The Observer:

I fully agree with Mr. Clyde R. Hoey's letter in to-day's issue, excepting that Bryan should not be nominated, as he has wrecked our party before, and will have to be re-organized. He has too many wheels in his head. Those who vote for Bryan if he should be nominated will do so under protest, and the thousands of good Democrats will not support him. He must be "cut out." Let us have Johnson, of Minnesota.

HUGH G. MILLER.

Shelby, Feb. 15th.

RANDLEMAN'S NEW STORE.

Young Business Men to Open a Drug Store—Mr. Charles Brown Critically Ill With Pneumonia.

Special to The Observer.

Randleman, Feb. 15.—The Randleman Drug Company is the name of a new enterprise that will open its doors in the near future. The officers of the company are some of the town's best business young men, and the outlook is encouraging for a good and profitable career. The officers are as follows: P. A. Hayes, president; John Walker, vice president; Ernest Redding, secretary and treasurer, and manager. They will occupy the store building on Main street, now occupied by W. A. Underwood, as a drug store. Mr. Underwood will consolidate his two drug stores in this place, this giving the people of this thriving little city exceedingly good facilities in the drug ling.

Mr. Charles Brown, the popular salesman in one of Mr. W. A. Underwood's drug stores, in this city, is critically ill at the home of his mother on North Main street. He is suffering from an attack of pneumonia, and his life is almost despaired of. Mr. Brown is a popular young man and much sympathy is expressed by his friends.

J. E. Hart, foreman in the Central North Carolina office in this place, will spend Sunday with his family in Kernersville.

Ex-Congressman Gudger's Condition Very Hopeful.

Special to The Observer.

Asheville, Feb. 15.—The many friends in the tenth district and other parts of North Carolina of former Congressman J. M. Gudger, Jr., of Asheville, will learn with pleasure that the operation performed on Mr. Gudger at Rochester, Minn., this week was entirely successful, and that information received here is to the effect that he is doing well. Mr. Gudger left Asheville several weeks ago a very sick man and subsequently it was determined that an operation was necessary. His ultimate recovery is looked for.

In South Carolina Also.

Lancaster News.

This being leap year, The Memphis Commercial-Appeal asks have the girls a right to kiss anybody they want to. We can't answer for Tennessee or any other State, but they enjoy that right at all times in North Carolina, no law ever having been passed to the contrary.—Charlotte Observer.

The fair creatures also have carte-blanche to do the kissing stunt in the Palmetto State, not even married men being excepted—in fact, they are easier to run down and smack than some of these wild-eyed old bachelors.

Items From Thomasville.

Special to The Observer.

Thomasville, Feb. 15.—Miss Carrie Medlin, of Weldon, a graduate of King's Business College, of Raleigh, has accepted a position as stenographer in the office of the Thomasville Chair Company.

Mr. D. Thomas Briles, of this place, who has been employed in the cashier's department of the Southern Railway at Greensboro, has been promoted to a more lucrative position as clerk in the freight claim department in Goldsboro. He has entered upon the work of his new position.

Regular Wild West Exhibition on Spartanburg Streets.

Special to The Observer.

Spartanburg, S. C., Feb. 15.—Charles Paten, a white man, gave a wild West exhibition here to-day that cost him a $100 fine or sixty days on the gang. He ran amuck on South Liberty street, shot at a colored woman and smashed out the panes of glass in J. H. McAlister's store. After being arrested he tried to clear the police station of officers, fighting them furiously.

Barber Buggy Company Financially Embarrassed.

Special to The Observer.

Salisbury, Feb. 15.—To-day the Barber Buggy and Wagon Company closed its doors. Financial depression and slowness of collections are given as the reason. It is expected that application for the appointment of a receiver will be made Monday. Several Salisbury people are interested in the enterprise and it is hoped the embarrassment will be but temporary.

Spartan City Visited by Terrific Windstorm.

Special to The Observer.

Spartanburg, S. C., Feb. 15.—This city was visited by a wind storm at 2 o'clock this morning and tops of chimneys and telephone poles were blown down; wires were broken and twisted and window panes in residences and office buildings were smashed. The wind attained a velocity of probably 35 miles an hour.

THE DEATH RECORD.

Mrs. M. E. Baynes, of Spencer.

Special to The Observer.

Spencer, Feb. 14.—Mrs. M. E. Baynes, aged about 55 years, one of Spencer's best-known women, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. G. R. Davis, here last night. She had been sick but a few days and her death was a great surprise. She was much liked by all who knew her. The interment was held here this afternoon. Mrs. Baynes formerly lived in Danville.

Mrs. W. A. Fowler, of Salisbury.

Special to The Observer.

Salisbury, Feb. 15.—This morning Mrs. W. A. Fowler, wife of the superintendent of the Salisbury Cotton Mills, died at her residence, 630 South Main street. Deceased was attacked by pneumonia some days ago and a fatal termination was the result. Mrs. Fowler leaves eight children surviving, and the greatest sympathy is felt for them and the bereaved husband in their awful affliction. Mrs. Fowler was a most popular woman and her loss will be greatly felt in Salisbury.

Miss Maggie Feltz, of Monbo.

Special to The Observer.

Salisbury, Feb. 15.—Miss Maggie Feltz, of Monbo, Catawba county, died at the residence of her sister, Mrs. A. P. Harthine, this morning. The deceased, who was only 20 years old, came to Salisbury two weeks ago to consult an eye specialist. She had been here but a few days when she contracted grip, which on last Tuesday developed into pneumonia. Not until last evening did her relatives despair, but then it became apparent that the end was near and the soul left the body at 8:30 a. m. to-day. Her mother, four sisters and a brother survive.

The body will be shipped to Miss Feltz's home on No. 11, leaving Salisbury at 9:55 a. m. to-morrow.

Mrs. John W. Marsh, of Thomasville.

Special to The Observer.

Thomasville, Feb. 15.—The sad news of the death of Mrs. John W. Marsh, which occurred in the hospital in Salisbury Friday morning about 9 o'clock, came as a great shock to the entire town. She had been sick almost a month and about a week ago her physicians saw that an operation was the only chance for recovery, and she was carried to the hospital, where she was operated on for appendicitis and other troubles. The operation was successful, but she did not possess the vitality to withstand the shock, and the end came Friday morning. Her remains were brought to Thomasville Friday night. Mrs. Marsh was formerly Miss Bessie Hoskins, of High Point. She was happily married to Mr. John W. Marsh about ten years ago, and at her death was 33 years old. She was a faithful member of the Methodist church here and was one of the church's best workers. She was an active member in the missionary and ladies' aid societies, was a devoted wife and a true Christian woman. Her death breaks up a happy home and is a great blow to her husband, who has been so devoted and who had recently built a pretty home and they together were enjoying a devoted happy life. The funeral service will be conducted Sunday morning at 11 o'clock at the residence by her former pastor, Rev. C. M. Campbell, and her present pastor, Rev. Parker Holmes. Immediately after the service the body will be carried to High Point on No. 36, where it will be buried immediately after arrival in the family plot in the High Point Cemetery. Her death will be mourned by a large circle of relatives and friends.

REAPING BENEFIT

From the Experience of Charlotte People.

We are fortunate indeed to be able to profit by the experience of our neighbors. The public utterances of Charlotte residents on the following subject will interest and benefit thousands of our readers. Read this statement. 'Tis emphatic and convincing. No better proof can be had.

Mrs. S. W. Beattie, living at 412 North McDowell street, Charlotte, N. C., says: "I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills for what they did for me. I used them for backache, from which I suffered for years and could find nothing to give me relief. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and got my husband to go to R. H. Jordan & Co.'s drug store and get me a box. I used them and they cured my backache entirely. You are welcome to the use of my name."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

WHAT DOES "FOR GAIN" MEAN?

First Section of the Prohibition Bill a Little Obscure—Raises Point as to Whether One Can Make Whiskey For His Own Use.

Special to The Observer.

Lexington, Feb. 15.—"What do the two little words 'for gain' mean in the prohibition bill?" is a question that has been asked by several here during the past few days. The first part of the first section reads as follows, and this is really the most important part of the bill: "Section 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation to manufacture or in any manner make, or sell, or otherwise dispose of, for gain, any spirituous, vinous, fermented or malt liquors or intoxicating bitters within the State of North Carolina."

It will be seen that the words "for gain" are preceded and also followed by a comma, which makes the words apply to all of the section that precedes the words. Some are of the belief that it was not meant for the comma to appear before the words, which would have made them apply as follows: "Or otherwise dispose of for gain." But in the official bill as sent out from the office of the Secretary of State the comma appears between the words "of" and "for." It is argued that if this is the case such a thing as a community distillery would be possible for a number of men could get United States license and make their own whiskey. The two little words have puzzled all who have read the bill closely and several lawyers have been heard to discuss the probable meaning of the first section.

Last night Lexington was visited by a severe wind and rain storm, but no damage was done.

Mr. H. Cam Heitman, a young man of this place, has applied to the United States patent office for a patent on an automatic spring arc light. Mr. Heitman is of the opinion that he has found a device that will bring him in a nice sum of money. Prior to this Mr. Heitman has secured several patents.

Get It At Hawley's

You Don't Have to

Take your prescription to the druggist whose name is printed on the blank. Take it to any drug store—the best drug store. Bring it direct to us.

Hawley's Pharmacy

Graduates in Pharmacy,

Charlotte, N. C.

DON'T WAIT

until you are dying with Pneumonia. Cure the Cold and Croup now with Turkesine.

ENGLISH-McLARTY CO.

Valentine Party at Hamlet.

Special to The Observer.

Hamlet, Feb. 15.—Yesterday afternoon between the hours of 3:30 and 5:30 Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Goodwin gave a valentine party at their home to their little nieces, Gertrude and Rose Pleasants. They had invited forty of their little girl friends and spent the hours in playing and singing and having a good time in general. Mrs. Goodwin served her little guests with ice cream, cake and fruits. She was assisted by Mesdames Pegram, Bradshaw and Geiger. The following were present: Gertrude and Rose Pleasants, Ruby Medlin, Valira Thomas, Beatrice and Grace Gregson, Mabel Haines, Maria Cowan, Edith Roberts, Maude Roberts, Janie McColeman, Helen Haines, Nellie Medlin, Mary McDonald, Lillian Curtis, Elizabeth Brown, Mildred Bauersfelt, Jennie Bishop, Mamie O'Brien, Madge Pegram, Ida Bertha Bauersfelt, Irene McColeman, Ruby Jordan, Lillian Snell, Edith Thomas, May Shortridge, Ida May Mears, Mary Gordon, Anna O'Brien, Thelma Pegram, Lillian Shortridge, Alma Parham, Pearl Thompson, Irene McDonald, Aletha Hancock, Annette Gordon, Ivel Jordan and John Harry Sikes.

A CARD

This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Foley's Honey and Tar fails to cure your cough or cold. It stops the cough, heals the lungs and prevents serious results from a cold. Cures la grippe cough and prevents pneumonia and consumption. Contains no opiates. The genuine is in a yellow package. Refuse substitutes. R. H. Jordan & Co. and W. L. Hand & Co.

ALAGA

Ribbon Cane

Syrup

If you want to begin the day right insist on having this wholesome delicacy, ALAGA, for your breakfast. It anticipates and delays muscular w riness. It's easily digested—it aids digestion. Supplies energy and heat to the body to start the day's work.

All the delicious properties of the famous *Alabama-Georgia Ribbon Cane* are preserved in this Syrup. Put in cans direct from the evaporator and hermetically sealed, which guarantees that it will keep indefinitely in any climate.

All the leading grocers sell it. Don't take any other kind. If your grocer doesn't have it, write to us.

Alabama-Georgia Syrup Company

Montgomery, Ala.

Plain Facts About the Hair

It is the duty of every one who is interested in hair preservation to learn enough about the subject to tell whether an advertisement for a hair remedy is reasonable or unreasonable. In this connection, the United States Post Office department has begun a much needed campaign against false and misleading statements in advertisements in general. While this work is highly commendable and should be greatly extended, still at the same time it tends to paternalism rather than to personal self-reliance. If YOU know that the claims for a hair remedy are unreasonable and untrue, that knowledge will save you money and prevent disappointment.

The trouble lies, in the fact that certain over ambitious proprietors employ advertising writers who do not know the composition of the remedies they write about, and even if they did, they are not expected to know the therapeutic action of the various ingredients. Two very familiar and oft repeated statements are, that the hair must be watered and fed just like a plant, and that the color of the hair, once destroyed, can be restored by natural process. While both of these statements are false in every particular, it requires some little knowledge of the hair follicle to understand why the statements are false.

The hair follicle is a pear shaped sack in the scalp that holds the hair root. At the bottom of the hair follicle and extending up into it for a short distance, is a nipple shaped projection that remains in the scalp when a hair root is forcibly pulled out. This projection is the hair papilla from which the hair "root" grows. The continuous addition to the bottom of the hair root forces the hair proper out through the scalp.

The hair papilla is surrounded by the hair root, which thus takes a bulbous form. Above the hair root or bulb—which occupies about three-fourths of the entire follicle—is the neck of the hair follicle, below which the most penetrating fluids known to Medical Science cannot penetrate. Therefore, the story of feeding the starved and impoverished hair roots with an external application is all a myth.

The short portion of the hair follicle above its neck opens somewhat like a funnel and is filled with the other scalp skin. Opening into this outer portion are the highly important oil or sebaceous glands which, from their location, are most exposed to disease. When these oil glands become infected with a certain microbic growth (the cause of dandruff) there is hair disease and finally hair death. Fortunately this outer portion of the hair follicle can be treated by carefully rubbing into the scalp a suitable remedy. What remedy should be used? Manifestly one that will destroy the growth that causes dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair.

Newbro's Herpicide is the first remedy that was prepared for the particular purpose of destroying this invisible vegetable growth. In fact, it is called the "ORIGINAL remedy that kills the dandruff germ." Newbro's Herpicide was not made until after Prof. Unna, of Hamburg, Germany, (ask your Doctor about him) discovered that dandruff is a highly contagious disease caused by a microbe. The almost marvelous success of Newbro's Herpicide has caused advertising writers to claim germicidal properties for other hair remedies, many of which were on the market years before Prof. Unna's discovery.

Do you think that this new claim for old remedies is a reasonable one? Remember, that the hair gets its life, color and strength direct from the blood, and that good blood, deep breathing and sun-light favor hair development. Out-door exercise, to insure free circulation in the scalp, also scalp massaging for the same purpose, are very helpful. Worry, indigestion and sedentary habits oppose hair growth, while the dandruff germ will actually destroy the hair, unless it is eradicated and kept out of the scalp with Newbro's Herpicide.

Herpicide is delightfully cool and refreshing to the scalp, and almost marvelous results sometimes follow its continued use. It stops itching of the scalp almost instantly.

Two sizes, 50c. and $1.00, at drug stores. Send 10c. in stamps to The Herpicide Company, Department N, Detroit, Michigan, for a sample. Guaranteed under the Food and Drugs Act June 30, 1906, Serial No. 915. BE SURE YOU GET HERPICIDE.

R. H. JORDAN & CO., Special Agents.

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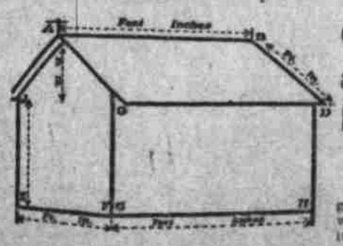

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