EXCHANGES ARE LEGITIMATE.

Cotton Mills, St. Louis, in an Open Letter to Representative Burleson, Explains the Business of Cotton Futures—Business of the Exto Country's Commercial Interests.

To the Editor of The Observer: In view of the fact that so much is being said and written on the subject of cotton futures and so much is being actually done without due investigation, I feel constrained to send you enclosure which is replate wholesome facts and is worthy of the consideration of all thoughtful peo-

Even Sir Isaac Newton ordered the fire moved back as it grew too hot for him in his chair and Congress seemed to be willing to imitate great man-in his moments of inadvertence and absent-mindedness.

I do not want my name connected with this controversy in any way, but while I am a quiet though not an inattentive spectator to present stage settings in Washington, convinced that anything bordering on the sumptuary anti-future laws contemplated by Congress would be dealing a most damaging blow to all cotton manufacturing interests.

The clipping is from The Journal of Commerce of February 22d. Mr. Albert F. Bemis is president of the Home Cotton Mills, St. Louis, Mo. J. W. CANNON. J. W. CANNON. Copcord, March 3d, 1908.

To Hon. A. S. Burleson:

Mr. Albert F. Bemis sends open letter to the Hon, A. S. Byrleon, of the committee of appropriaof Representatives. Washington, D. C .: Yours of February 17th, addressed

to Mr. J. M. Bemis, president of the Heme Cotton Mills Company. St. Louis, Mo., has been sent here for reply. Mr. J. M. Bemis and I have answered the specific questions which you have asked on the form providthe purpose, and return it herewith. In addition to those replies we will say a word on the genral subject of cotton futures, as you

In our opinion the business done in, through and by the different cotton exchanges in this country, as, for instance, those at New York, Memphis and New Orleans, is perfectly egitimate, and regardless of whether such business is beneficial or detrimental to the cotton growers, manufacturers or the public, we feel very strongly that the Federal government has no right and no reason to interfere. It is true that some of operations on the cotton changes mentioned are gambling operations and are conducted with a spirit of gambling which is as injuto cotton futures as it is in the ease of cards or marbles. Quite difhowever, from gambling with cards and marbles, gambling in cotton futures cannot be properly segregated from perfectly legitimate operations. Gambling can be done in cior potatoes, or in bread, but for that reason, in our opinion, the Federal government should not interfere in the purchase and sale of ciit a crime if any individual should speculate in these articles.

the cotton exchanges of the country is wholly legitimate. to only a limited extent does actual cotton pass between those dealing through these exchanges, but there is no reason why it should pass between them in order to fulfill the perfectly legitimate functions which these exchanges perform. Any per-son selling cotton through one of the exchanges can be made to deliver it, and is supposed to leliver it if required, and any person buying cutton in one of these exchanges will get just what he buys if he wants it. There is almost no business done in the country that is done on a more definite basis regarding the quality of what is bought and sold and the requirements of fulfilling contracts

than that done on these exchanges.

A large portion of the business transacted on the cotton exchanges is not only perfectly legitimate, but very valuable to the commercial interests of the country, those of the cotton growers as well as those of the cotton manufacturers. To the extent that these exchanges are used legitimately, they actually lessen the amount of gambling that is necessary or would be necessary in the marketing of the cotton crop and manufacturing of the goods. For in-stance, a large part of the transac-tions on these futures exchanges is made up of hedges. These hedges are made by manufacturers, cotton brokers and cotton planters. For in-stance, a manufacturer will be called upon to sell a lot of goods for future delivery. He will base his price on the current cotton market, and if he makes a sale of goods he will or may cover the sale by buying either cotker, or it may be the farmer, in ceased was 68 years old. cotton for future delivery at a defi-nite price will probably, in order to protect himself, buy futures. Now there would be no intention on the part of any of these persons to take the actual cotton from one of these exchanges on these hedges, although he could do it if desired, and yet if it were not for the facilities thus afforded by these "future" exchanges the manufacturer would not be able to hedge his sale of goods or the broker would not be able to hedge his sale of cotton for future delivery to the manufacturer, or perhaps the planter would not be able to hedge his sale to the broker or the manufacturer. By a lack of opportunity hedge, in order to cover the addi-tional risk of loss by an advance in the market before the cotton should be needed, or to cover the cost of interest, storage and insurance be-tween the time of cale and the requirement for the cotton, it certainly would be necessary either to increase the price fixed for the cotton or the goods, or to take a greater risk in making the transaction, which sim-ply means an increase in the gamling element of it. It is a very se-ious question, therefore, entirely side from the question whether the Federal government should attempt to prevent sambling operations of the kind referred to whether, should your bill become a law, it would not as a matter of fact actually increase gambling in cotton, and not only that, but force the gambling upon the legitimate handler or user of cotton instead of leaving it as it is to-day to be carried on by those who go into it as a matter of choice and not a matter of necessity.

In our opinion this country is suffering from too much legislation in-mend of too little; and, moreover, it

is suffering from legislation that is based upon insufficient investigation and insufficient cause. Not only does there seem to be a desire or attempt to regulate everything, but to regulate everything without exhaustive inquiry as to the fundamental facts and as to the desirability of such regulation. Now, to be perfectly frank, we look upon your bill as fall-ing within this category of ill-advised or unnecessary legislation. We are

very glad to know that you are tak-ing means to get the opinion of the public regarding it, which we trust will result in a conclusion to drop it; but if it does not result in that way. we can but urge a most serious con-sideration of the bill before it be given favorable report by the honor-able committee on agriculture. Yours

ALBERT F. BEMIS. FIGURES ON COTTON.

ol. S. A. Ashe Believes Mills Will Have to Shut Down One Month Be-fore September 1st For Lack of Raw Material.

To the Editor of The Observer: All sorts of figuring is done on cotton. I see in The Textile Manufac-turing Journal of February 29th that Fall River expects cotton to fall to 8 cents within the next two weeks. This is the way it seems to me: On August 31st, 1907, there were

mill stocks and other stocks held in Europe, 2,100,000 bales; Europe has since taken 5,500,000 hales; European supply to date is, 7,900,000 bales; European consumption is just about that, being last year 7,300,000 bales. For mill stocks and other stocks, there will be received for Europe from this to September 1st 1,000,000

The American mills have taken 2 600,000 bales; normally they will need 2,500,000 bales before September 1st, their consumption being 425,000 bales a month. In addition, there will be needed for stocks 200,000 bales.

So the future needs are: For Europe, 1.000,000 bales; American mills, 2,500,000; stocks, 2,000,000; total 3,-700.000 bales. We have stocks, 1,100,000 bales. If

the crop is only 11,300,000 bales, as appears about the figure, given 9,-164,000 bales have already come into sight, only 2,136,000 remain on the farm, making the entire supply 3,-136,000 bales, while 3,700,000 The difference is rather more than what the American mills would use in one month. So it seems me that our American mills will have to stop one full month between this and September 1st for the want of raw material. ceeds 11,300,000 bales, the situation

would be easier. ASHE. Raleigh, March 2d, 1908.

ex- Textile Schools and the State Massachusetts. Fibre and Fabric.

In eleven years the Lowell Textile School has received from State \$410,583.68. In ten years the New Bedford School nas received \$182,000, while in seven years the Fall River Textile School has received \$166,000. In orner words, State has given to the cause of textile education over \$750,000.

We will not discuss here the question as to whether the returns have been commensurate with this outlay, to say nothing of the sums which have been given by the three cities in which these schools are located, mak-To a large extent the business done ing a total expenditure of considerably over \$1,000,000. That is a ques-tion which can be left for time to

determine. There is one thing, however, which may be reasonably insisted upon. with due regard to he interests of That is, in view of the large cost to the State involved in the mainteagement than it now has through the limited number of trustees appointed | Hedrick has in hand.

by the Governor. We are glad to see that this recommendation is embodied in the report of the State industrial commis-sion on textile schools, which suggests that the trustees should recommend such appropriations for each school as seem best; that they should report to the Legislature and not transfer funds from the account for which they were originally appropriated by the State to any other

account. State is now contributing much more than half the mainte-nance cost of the three textile schools, and it is no three than reasonable that it should exercise more thorough supervision over the operations of these institutions; and we hope that the recommendations of the commission will be enacted into law.

### THE DEATH RECORD.

Mrs. Calvin Johnson, of High Point. Special to The Observer.
High Point, March 3.-Mrs. Calvin

Johnson died Saturday evening and the funeral services were held at ton futures or actual cotton for fu-ture delivery. If the latter, the bro- ed by Rev. Thomas Anderson. De-

Miss Lizzie Bundy, of Guilford County. Special to The Observer.

High Point, March 3 .- Miss Lizzte Bundy died at her home yesterday near this city. She was a daughter of the late Joe Bundy and had a large number of relatives and friends. The funeral services were held to-day at Springfield Quaker church.

An Ashe County Man Dies Suddenly at Lenoir. Special to The Observer.

Lenoir, March 3 .- James Latham, a prominent citizen of Ashe county, died suddenly on the street here today about noon as he was coming out of the city restaurant. He was stricken with paralysis, resulting in instant death. He had been visiting his daughter. Mrs. J. C. Seehorn. He was a loyal member of the Methodist Church. The funeral will be at his home in Ashe county to-morrow.

Rev. C. A. Pickens, of High Point. Special to The Observer.

High Point, March 3.—Rev. C. A. Pickens, for fifty years a minister in the Methodist Protestant Conference, died at the home of his on, Mr. R. T. Pickens, here this evening at 5 clock. Death was due to failure. This morning ne went to visit Rev. J. H. Morton, a brother minister, in Mechanicsville, a suburb, when he was taken 'll. being brought home in a buggy and expiring in

thirty minutes.

He was 79 years of age and is survived by only a son. He was known all over North Carolins, being & prominent preacher. The burial will take place at Shiloh, near Lexington, Thursday at 11 o'clock, being conducted by Rev. J. D. Williams, of the M. P. church of this city.

The Lucky Quarter.

SUNBRIGHT A NEW TOWN.

Health and Community Company Developing Tract of Land Near Pine-hurst—Big Educational Rally to Be Helth—Amusing Accident to Linotype Operator. Special to The Observer.

High Point, March 4 .- A company has been formed for the development of a large tract of land near Pinehurst to be known as the Health and Community Company. The officers elected are as follows: R. A. Wheeler president and general manager; George W. Montcastle, vice president; W. O. Burgin, secretary. These with Messrs. J. N. and W. H. Mendenhall constitute the board of directors. The ompany has bought from Mr. Page 3,600 acres just south of Pinehurst, it being the remainder of the large Page tract of which Pinehurst is part. A railroad station will be built on the A. & A. Railroad midway between Pinehurst and Aberdeen, which is in the centre of the tract. The purpose of the company is to establish a town or rather a village of winter homes and small fruit, truck and poultry farms, which is being laid out and avenues opened, the sites being from one-half to ten acres, the smaller tracts immediately surrounding the station. In the tracts are ad avenues, parks, springs of cold The villa is to be christened a very pretty name-Sun

The First National Bank, the North Carolina Fire Insurance Company, the Mechanics' Building and Loan Association and the insurance business of Armfield & Armfield are now occupy-ing new quarters in the North Carolina Savings Bank and Trust Company

A hig educational rally is to be held at Springfield schoolhouse April 3d, and the people are making great pre-parations for it. There will be an old-fashioned rally and picnic and it s expected that several hundred people will be present. Among the speakers will be Supt. J. Y. Joyner. The Springfield people have one the best rural public schools any-

Yesterday Deputy Sheriff Parrish carried to the county home Mr. A. P. Chapin, who has been in bad health for quite awhile. He is 50 years of age and for some time followed the business of house and sign painting. He is addicted to the cigarette habit and was smoking one of the "coffin tacks" when he left here.

A rather amusing as well as pe-culiar accident occurred here yesterday morning when Mr. J. P. Booker, linotype operator on The Enterprise, had the misfortune to break his left leg in two-but it was a wooden leg and caused no pain. A cabinet maker was called and carried off the artificial limb to the repair shop, where he will undertake to "set" the limb and restore it to Mr. Booker so that he can navigate without the use of The artificial limb was so much like a real leg that it excited no little curiosity as it was car-ried down the street to the repair

The wife and daughter of Mr. T. E Creelman arrived here yesterday and have rooms at the Elwood, Mr. Creelman is with the D. M. Pollock Lumber Company.—Edward Smith, son of Mr and Mrs. Clarence Smith, who has been very sick with a carbuncle on his face, is reported some better today.-Mr. D. H. Baker has erected & very pretty home just outside the incorporate limits and is now adding a brick fence. He has one of the most desirable suburban homes around here .- Rev. W. M. Bagby, of Elicin, arrived in the city to-day will remain several days looking into business affairs. Mr. Bagby owns some valuable property in High Point, being the block of stores in which the postoffice is located .- Mr. E. T. Helrick, a local contractor, went to Lexnance of these schools, that the State ington yesterday to see about work should have more voice in their management than it now has through the which is to cost \$5,000 and which Mr

Stop that tickling Cough! Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure will surely stop it, and with perfect safety. It is so thoroughly harmiess, that Dr. Shoop tells mothers to use nothing else even with very young hables. The wholesome green leaves and tnder stems of a lung healing mountainous shrub furnish the curative properties to Dr. Shoop's Cough Curs. It calms the cough, and heals the sensitive bronchial membranes. No optium, no chloroform, nothing harsh used to injure or suppress. Demand Dr. Shoop's. Take no other. Mullen's Pharmacy.

ALL UNEASY AT FAIRVIEW.

The Brokaw Affair Still Hanging Fire
—Transfer of Property All a Big ecial to The Observer.

High Point, March 4 .- All is unasiness to-day at Fairview lodge; the employes are much perturbed over the recent developments between their master and mistress, and show arrival of Mr. and Mrs. Brokaw there last September on their bridal trip Valuables were stolen which necessitated an officer there, who course made diligent search and inquiry among the property and employes. However, in two cases missing articles were mysteriously sent back and the matter hushed up. But now there has been another theft, or at least a valuable article of jewelry has been missed

If you speak to one of the employes, he will deny everything and seems to have a cut-and-dried statement, while in other cases the information pulled out is reassuring in the strongest terms of Mr. and Mrs. Brokaw's estrangement and the unhappy domestic wars many tween them. The father of Mrs. Brokaw and her mother and sister The father of Mrs. will remain for several weeks yet until Mr. and Mrs. Brokaw have turned to the lodge. Mr. Blair has done all in his power to reconcile his son-in-law and daughter, if perchance the feat has not been accomplished before. He remarked to-day that it seemed a hard matter to keep anything a secret at Fairview, and he showed plainly the trouble he had gone through the past several weeks. When it comes to banking he is a past master, but to reconcile two human beings whose hearts should beat as one is quite another thing. The To-Night at 8:30, the Musical Event old gentleman and also the employes confidently expect Mr. Brokaw back some time this week, and also Mrs. Brokaw within the next few days. It is believed among the people at Fairview that the transfer of Brokaw lodge to Mr. Gould, an uncle of Mr. Brokaw, was only a bluff, as it has never been recorded in Ran-

Governor to Speak at Burlington. Special to The Observer.

invalid.

dolph county, where the lodge is lo-

cated, and further from the fact that

Mrs. Brokaw evidently never signed

the instrument, therefore making it

Guilford College, March 4 .- Gov. B. Glenn will speak, by invitation of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, at the State Sunday school convention at Burlington April

With health, all things are happi ness, without it, other blessings can't be enjoyed. We make health-for Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea health. Try it; 'twill surely make prices: you well, 35c, Tea or Tablets. R. H. Jordan & Co.

EDENTON PARTY REPRODUCED.

Historic Event Recalled at Waynes-ville by Daughters of American Revolution. Correspondence of The Observ

dence of Dr. J. Howell Way last even-

ing the historic Edenton tea party was reproduced by the members of the local chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution. The house was decorated with the national and State colors, and the daughters were robed in the colonial costumes, Way, the hostess, represented Mrs. Elizabeth King, at whose house the tea party was held over a hundred years ago. Mrs. D. A. Baker, the regent of the chapter, was attrred as Mrs. Penelope Barker: Miss Isabelle Johnson was represented by Miss Elizabeth Cole; Mrs. Hoskins, by Mrs. James Atkins; Mrs. Valentine, by Miss Virginia Jones, and the seven Monroe sisters by Misses Mary Boone, Monroe sisters by Misses Mary Boone, Robena Miller, Georgia Miller, Lusa

lin and Nann Killian. Jack Way Delicious refreshments were served in the dining hall, but tes was es-chewed. Music, both of the old-time variety and the new-fangled kind, was rendered by some of the Daughters and others. It was a most delightful evening, and was highly enjoyed by all present.

Daniel Frohman Presents

The World's Greatest Violinist JAN KUBELIK Mile Bertha Roy, Piano Soloist Herr Ludwig Schwab, Accompanist

Seats on sale at Hawley's. Prices. . . . . 50c, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00

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MINSTRELS

Seats on sale to-day at Hawley's.

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

## BECOMING

women approach with nothing compares with the pain and horror of child-birth. The thought

of the suffering and danger in store for her, robs the expectant mother of all pleasant anticipations of the coming event, and casts over her a shadow of gloom which cannot be shaken off. Thousands of women' have found that the use of Mother's Friend during pregnancy robs confinement of all pain and danger, and insures safety to life of mother and child. This scientific liniment is a god-send to all women at the time of their most critical trial. Not only does Mother's Friend carry women safely through the perils of child-birth, but its use gently prepares the system for the coming event, prevents "morning sickness," and other dis-

comforts of this period.
Sold by all druggists at \$1.00 per bottle. Book containing valuable information free.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

LOUISBURG NEWS ITEMS.

Waynesville, March 3 .- At the rest-

Louisburg, March 3 .- Miss Katheen, aged 13 years, daughter of Mr. F. N. Egerton, fell from the roof of an outhouse yesterday afternoon and broke her left arm and leg. She had

the subject of the talk can be easily guessed. An impartial view of the general opinion would seem to show that the masses in Franklin are opposed to the law. A great many voters, themselves temperance men and believers in local option, are opposed to State prohibition. If the election were held at once, Franklin county would go against prohibition, say those who are good feelers of the public pulse. The incorporated towns, however, are strongly for the that sick ones continue to drug the stomach or stimulate the Heart and Stomach or stim

gets under full swing sentiment may

change.

News of a disastrous fire at Springshope last night reached here this morning. One store belonging to a Mr. Spivey was totally consumed. The buildings and stocks of goods of Brantley-Marahburn Company. Wheeless. Turner, Liebman and others were hadly damaged. The loss is estimated at from \$10.000 to \$15.000.

A telegram was received here this

broke her left arm and leg. She had climbed the roof of the outhouse to hide from some other children and caught holl of a piece of tin gutter which gave way and precipitated her to the ground. She fell on an old iron pump and within a foot of an old well thirty feet deep.

The prohibitien question is beginning to warm up things hereabouts. Last Sunday evening Rev. F. A. Bishop preached a sermon on the subject at the Methodist church, and wherever knots of people are gathered the subject of the talk can be easily guessed. An impartial view of the

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McCarty Whiskey, bottled in bond, 8-yr, old	45 00	S 9 75		
Parents Pare	2 20	4 25	\$2.00	5 75
Bureka Rye	2 66	5 08	2 25	6 45
Grey Goose Rye	2 80	5 35	2 50	7 20
Inspection Rye	4 00	7 75	3 50	10 00
Channel of Pun	4 00	7 75	3 50	10 08
Greenwood Rye	6 00	11 50	5 00	14 00
N. C. Corn Whiskey			2 66	5 75
Vissinia Corn Whishes			2 50	7 30
Virginia Corn Whiskey	3 80	2 35	3 50	18 00
Swan Gin	2 60	5 04	2 25	6 45
Holland Oin	3 40	6 40	3 00	8 79
Amorto Demarker	2 65	5 50	2-50	7 20
Very Old Apple Brandy	3 70	7 25	3 50	10 00
Peach Brandy	3 70	7 25	3 50	10 00

COCKADE WHISKEY. AMULET CORN WHISKEY, Full Qts. Fine Old Copper Distilled, \$2.65 4 Full Quarts Old, Smooth and Mellow, \$3.15

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No. 1 Becon & Rayen piano \$ 25.00	No. 10 Ivers & Pond (refinished) \$250.00
No. 2 Bacon & Raven piano 50.00	No. 11 Lester (rennished)
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No. 4 Mason & Hamlin chapel organ 30.00	No. 13 Gaylord (refinished)
	No. 14 Bell (shop worn) 185.00
No. 6 Golden toned parlor organ (13 stops) 50.00	No. 15 Kohler (slightly used) 200.00
No. 7 Wilcox player organ (12 stops) 105.00	No. 16 Bennett & Bretz (new) 275.00
No. 8 Estev large church organ (14 stops) 105.00	10. 17 Shaw (old seylo)
No. 9 Kranich & Bach piano (refinished) 275.00	I Tro. to butter, now (phonen)

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