

PEPPER'S COLUMN

All advertisements inserted in this column at rate of ten cents per line of six words. No ad taken for less than 30 cents. Cash in advance.

WANTED-Teachers for N. C. schools and colleges. Many splendid openings. If unemployed, write for special guaranteed offer. Sheridan's Agency, Greensboro, N. C.

WANTED-Matron to take charge of high school boarding hall for ensuing year. Give references. C. E. McIntosh, Denver, N. C.

WANTED-School and college officials to report openings in their schools. We have large enrollment of thoroughly competent teachers. No charges. Instructions checked. Finest service. Sheridan's Agency, Greensboro, N. C.

WANTED-Position as drug clerk, four years' experience. Good references. "O. O." care Observer.

WANTED-Position as stenographer by young lady. Address O. 215 East 5th street.

WANTED-To make contracts with cotton mills to take their output of old kettles and iron. Address A. H. Boykin, Jr., Boykin, S. C.

WANTED-Architects, contractors and plasterers to know that "Acme Plaster" sells at a price of from 12 to 15 per ton higher than all other brands. It is made in N. C. at this difference, much cheaper and more satisfactory. Carolina Portland Cement Company, Southern Distributors, Charlotte, S. C.

WANTED-Stenographer and assistant book-keeper. Must be over 21 and have "B" care Observer.

WANTED-To sell a well established business or partner to take charge of same. Large profits. Good reason for selling. Address J. B. care General Delivery, Charlotte, N. C.

WANTED-Merry-go-round, Ferris wheel, animal show, street men, etc. for 4th of July. 20,000 people with money to spend. Write to W. J. Shuford, chairman amusement committee, Hickory, N. C.

WANTED-Salesman already traveling to sell insurance in every town in the South. Liberal. Address Box 627, Richmond, Va.

WANTED-Position, by salesman of ten years' experience in clothing, shoes and men's furnishings. Can give best of reference. Address "Clodius" care Observer.

WANTED-At once, a second-hand Corlies engine, 30-H-P. Write full particulars and best price. Hannah Pickett Mills, Rockingham, N. C.

WANTED-Those seeking health, rest or recuperation to spend the summer at Barium Springs, N. C. The water is unequalled for rheumatism, eczema, kidney and stomach trouble. Write for terms. Barium Springs Company.

WANTED-At Asheville, a reliable, neat, trustworthy colored girl as chambermaid and waitress in small family. She must be steady, respectful and familiar with such duties in good families. Address "Ash," care Observer.

WANTED-Men to learn barber trade, will equip shop for you or furnish tools; few weeks complete; constant practice, careful instructions; tool given; Saturday wages; diploma granted. Write for catalogue. Moler Barber College, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED-Physician. A small country town of about 1000 people in need of a good physician to take the practice of the town and surrounding country within a radius of five miles. Good class of people, good facilities, splendid location for a young doctor, or man of small family. Address all communications to Doctor, care Charlotte Observer.

WANTED-For U. S. Army, able-bodied, unmarried men, between ages of 18 and 35, citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. Men wanted now for service in Cuba and the Philippines. For information apply to Recruiting Office, 15 West Trade St., Charlotte, N. C.; 401 South Central St., Asheville, N. C.; 311 South Main St., Salisbury, N. C.; Kendall Building, Columbia, S. C.; or Glenn Building, Spartanburg, S. C.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT-New six-room house, modern. East 4th St. between Brevard and Caldwell streets; \$20. The Charlotte Trust & Realty Co.

FOR RENT-Two apartments in Norman Hotel and cold water. Apply to Chas. W. Norman, at Stone & Barringer Co.

FOR RENT-We will rent the manufacturing building known as our "city shop." The building is 40 feet wide, 15 feet long, four stories high, with concrete sprinkled, heated, lighted and electric power is available. Would hold a spinning mill equipment of 3000 spindles or would make fine factory for knit goods, shoes, overalls, trousers or other similar manufacturing. The D. A. Tomkins Co.

LOST

LOST-Large gold locket at ball grounds. Picture in locket. Reward for return to Observer.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROLLER FLOUR mill for sale. Three stories and basement. 20x50, 50-barrel capacity, corn mill, 50-H-P engine, automatic cutter, roller mill, etc. Fact complete mill, 1/2 acre of land on Southern Railway, siding at door. Owner has good reason for selling. Price and terms reasonable. This is a rare opportunity. Alliance Insurance & Real Estate Company, Burlington, N. C.

NOTICE-Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the N. C. Railroad Company will be held in the city of Greensboro, N. C. at 12 o'clock M. Thursday, July 23rd, 1908, and notice is also given that the stock certificate books will be closed for 30 days next preceding said meeting. A. H. Eller, Sec. & Treas. N. C. Railroad Company. June 15th, 1908.

EXPERIENCED stenographer and book-keeper, young man with college education, wants position. Best reference. Address Stenographer, care Observer.

WE OFFER-Subject to prior sale, 1000, 000 Southern Potato slips at \$1.50 per thousand, f. o. b. Hickory. Hickory Seed Co., Hickory, N. C.

AN OPPORTUNITY to learn Spanish. Call at First Campbell's, Queen City Hotel, Charlotte, N. C.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERK-Career examinations coming. Preparation free. Franklin Institute, Rochester, N. Y.

YOUR PIANO tuned, repaired, repositioned. James F. Gallery, care Parker-Gardner Co., Charlotte. Phone 8.

PANAMA-AIS cleaned and shined in to the latest style. Michael Kirchbaum, The Matter. Established 1883. Charlotte, N. C.

RECEIVERS-SALE-Bargains in all kinds of electrical supplies, electric and combination fixtures, art glass goods, etc. You can save money by buying now. Terms cash. Jno. W. care Receiver for Smith Electric & Mfg. Co.

NEW STRAM OUTFIT, 12 by 14 Liddell Chambers, room 4, by 14 return tubular hair arch front Nagle boiler with all fits and fixtures. Will sell at great price. New Chamber. New Chamber. Weber Gas Producer plant. Address W. T. Irvin, Box 1, Smithfield, N. C.

kinley, in 1896, the people of this country have felt anew the wisdom of instituting the Republican party, through decisive majorities, the congressional direction of national legislation. The many wise and progressive measures adopted by recent sessions of Congress have demonstrated the patriotic resolve of Republican leadership in the legislative department to keep step in the forward march toward better government.

Only the obstruction and filibustering of a Democratic minority in the last House of Congress prevented the enactment of a number of measures of great public benefit, the consideration of which can only be entrusted to another Republican majority. But many wholesome and progressive laws were enacted, and we especially commend the passage of the emergency currency bill, the appointment of the national monetary commission, the employers and government liability laws, the measures for the greater efficiency of the army and navy, the widow pension bill, the model child labor law for the District of Columbia, designed for emulation by the States, the new statutes for the safety of railroad engineers and firemen, and many acts conserving the public welfare.

TARIFF REVISION. The Republican party declares unequivocally for a revision of the tariff of the United States, immediately following the inauguration of the next President, and commends the steps already taken to this end in the work assigned to the appropriate committees of the two Houses, which are now investigating the operation and effect of existing schedules.

In all tariff legislation the true principle of protection is best maintained by the imposition of such duties as will equal the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad together with a reasonable profit to the American manufacturer and the benefits that follow are best secured by the establishment of maximum and minimum rates to be administered by the President, under limitations as to tariff-making powers to be available to meet discriminations by foreign countries against American goods entering their markets, and the minimum to represent the normal rate of protection at home; the aim and purpose of the Republican policy being to preserve, without excessive duties that security against foreign competition which American manufacturers, farmers and producers are entitled, but also to maintain the high standard of living of the wage earners of this country, who are the most direct beneficiaries of the protective system.

Between the United States and the Philippines we believe in a free interchange of products, with such limitations as to sugar and tobacco as will avoid injury to domestic interests.

EMERGENCY CURRENCY LAW. We approve the emergency measure adopted by the government during the recent financial disturbance and especially commend the passage by the last session of Congress of the temporary emergency designations to protect the country from a repetition of such stringency only until there can be established a permanent currency system that will avoid all emergency measures.

The present currency laws have fully justified their adoption but an expanding commerce, a marvelous growth in wealth and population, increasing the demand for the movement of crops in the West and South, and entailing periodic changes in monetary conditions, disclose the need of a more elastic and adaptable system. Such a system must meet the requirements of agriculturists, manufacturers, merchants and the general public.

Automatic in operation, minimizing the fluctuations in interest rates, and above all, it must be in harmony with the Republican doctrine, which insists upon redeemable in and as good as gold.

BANKING AND CURRENCY. In line with the purpose here declared to secure by every wise means greater safety and stability in the banking and currency system, we favor the establishment of postal savings banks for the people upon principles embodied in the measure now pending in Congress and set for vote on December 14th next.

The Sherman anti-trust law over Democratic opposition, and enforced it after Democratic rejection. It has been a wholesome instrument for good in the hands of a wise and fearless administration, and its real object better obtained, by such amendments as will give to the Federal government greater supervision and control over, and secure greater publicity in the management of that class of inter-State corporations having power and opportunity to effect monopolies, and in the same time will interfere with the operation of such associations among business men, farmers and wage earners as result in a positive benefit to the public.

RAILROAD LEGISLATION. We approve the enactment of the railroad rate law and the vigorous enforcement by the present administration of the statutes against rebates and discriminations, as the result of which the advantages formerly possessed by the large shippers over the small shippers have substantially disappeared. In this connection, we commend the appropriation of \$250,000 by the present Congress in order to enable the inter-State commerce commission thoroughly to investigate and to give publicity to the accounts of inter-State railroads. We believe, however, that the inter-State commerce law should be further amended so as to give railroads the right to make and publish traffic agreements subject to the approval of the commission, but maintaining always the principle of competition between naturally competing lines and avoiding the common control of such lines by any means whatsoever, especially favoring the enactment of such legislation as will prevent by Federal regulation the future overuse of stocks and bonds by inter-State carriers.

EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY LAW. The enactment in constitutional form by the present session of Congress of the employers' liability law; the passage of laws for the safety of appliances, as well as the additional protection received for engineers and firemen, the reduction in the hours of laborers, trainmen and railroad telegraphers, the successful exercise of the powers of mediation and arbitration between inter-State railroads and their employees, and the law making a beginning in the policy of compensation for injured employees of the government are among the most commendable accomplishments of the present administration. But there is further to be done and the Republican party pledges its devotion to every cause that makes for safety and betterment of conditions among those who labor for the support of the country. The same wise policy which has induced the Republican party to maintain protection of the American laborer to the last day of the public work, to increase the list of employees who shall have preferred claims for wages under the bankruptcy laws, to adopt an adequate child labor statute for the District of Columbia, to direct an investigation into the conditions of working women and child labor, to protect employees of telephone and telegraph companies engaged in inter-State business to appropriate \$150,000 at the recent session of Congress in order to conduct a thorough inquiry into the causes of catastrophes and loss of life in the mines, and to amend and strengthen the law prohibiting the importation of contract labor will be every legitimate direction within Federal authority to lighten the burdens and increase the opportunity for happiness and advancement of all who toil. The Republican party recognizes the special needs of wage workers generally for their well being means the well being of all. But more important than all other considerations is good citizenship and we especially stand for the needs of every American, whatever his occupation, in his capacity as a self-respecting citizen.

AGRICULTURE. Among those whose welfare is as vital to the welfare of the whole country as is that of the wage earner, is the American farmer. The prosperity of the whole country rests peculiarly upon the prosperity of agriculture. The Republican party during the last twelve years has accomplished extraordinary work in bringing the resources of the national government to the aid of the farmer. Not only in advancing the cause of agriculture but in increasing the conveniences of rural life in order to attract farmers and their families toward their farms, the energy of the administration has been expended.

Free rural mail delivery was established over earnest Democratic opposition; it now reaches millions of our citizens, and extends its benefits until every community in the land receives the full benefits of the postal service. We recognize the social and economic advantages of good citizenship, and we are committed to a permanent system, responding to our best needs and in line in all respects with the most progressive nations of the world, in the appointment of a monetary commission by the present Congress, which will impartially investigate all proposed methods, insure the early realization of this purpose.

We declare for such amendments of the statutes of procedure in the Federal courts with respect to the use of the writ of injunction as will on the one hand prevent the summary issues of such orders without proper consideration, and on the other hand preserve undiminished the power of the courts to enforce their process, to the end that justice may be done at all times and to all parties.

THE NEGRO QUESTION. The Republican party has been for more than 50 years the consistent friend of the negro, and has secured him freedom and citizenship. It wrote into the organic law of the land the declarations that proclaim his civil and political rights, and it believes to-day that his noteworthy progress in intelligence, industry and good citizenship has earned the respect and encouragement of the nation. We demand equal justice in the matter of regard to race or color. We approve the efforts of President Roosevelt and the Republican majority in Congress, over a solid Democratic opposition, to secure equal accommodations on railroads and other public carriers for all citizens, whether white or black. We declare once more and without reservation for the enforcement in spirit and letter of those amendments to the constitution which were designed for the protection and advancement of the negro, and we condemn all attempts to nullify the so-called "grandfather" clause that have for their real aim his disfranchisement for reasons of color alone, as unfair, and un-American, and repugnant to the supreme law of the land.

We reaffirm former declarations that the civil service laws, enacted, extended and enforced by the Republican party, shall continue to be maintained and obeyed.

We endorse the movement inaugurated by the President for the cooperative conservation of natural resources; we favor the preservation of the White Mountain and Appalachian forests; we approve all measures to prevent the waste of timber, and commend the policy of setting aside for the reclamation of arid lands. No obligation of the future is more insistent and none will result in greater blessings to posterity. In line with this splendid policy, we urge the further duty, equally imperative, to enter upon a systematic improvement upon a large and comprehensive plan, just to all portions of the country, of the waterways, rivers and great lakes whose natural adaptability to the increasing traffic of the land is one of the greatest gifts of a benign Providence.

ARMY AND NAVY. The Sixtieth Congress passed many commendable acts increasing the efficiency of the army and navy, making the militia of the States an integral part of the national establishment; authorizing the construction of a shipyard and militia; fortifying new naval bases, and completing the construction of coal stations; instituting a female nurse corps for naval hospitals and ships; and authorizing two new battleships, 10 torpedo boat destroyers, three steam colliers and eight submarines to the strength of the army. Although at peace with the world, and secure in the Republic, we believe that the American people do not desire and will not provoke a war with any other country, we nevertheless declare our unflinching devotion to a policy that will keep this Republic ready at all times to defend her traditional doctrines, protect her citizens at home and abroad and assure her an appropriate part in promoting permanent tranquility among the nations.

The conspicuous contributions of American statesmanship to the great cause of international peace so significantly advocated in The Hague conference, are an occasion for just pride. Have you tried the new Coal?

and gratification. At the last session of the Senate of the United States, eleven Hague conventions were ratified, establishing the rights of neutrals, laws of war on land, restriction of submarine mines, limiting the laws for collection of contractual debts, governing the opening of hostilities, extending the application of Geneva principles and in many ways lessening the evils of war and promoting the peaceful settlement of international controversies. At the same session twelve arbitration conventions with great nations were confirmed, and extradition, boundary and naturalization treaties of supreme importance were ratified. We endorse such achievements as the supremest duty of a nation can perform and proclaim the obligation of further strengthening the bond of friendship and good will with all the nations of the world.

MERCHANT MARINE. We adhere to the Republican doctrine of encouragement to American shipping, and urge such legislation as will revive the merchant marine prestige of the country, so essential to national defense, the enlargement of foreign trade and the industrial prosperity of our own people.

We endorse the movement designed to secure the organization of all existing national public health agencies into a single national health department and favor such legislation as will effect this purpose.

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Lincoln Lithia Club. Stockholders Met Yesterday and Elected Officers and Lots Were Drawn-Kitchin Speaks at Lincoln-ton. Special to The Observer.

Lincolnton, June 16.—The stockholders of the Lincoln Lithia Club met at the Springs to-day at 12:30 with a good attendance. Mr. F. B. McDowell, of Charlotte, presided. The directors who were elected are mostly from Charlotte and Lincolnton. The grounds have been surveyed by a landscape architect and 200 lots laid off, 150 of which were allotted to the stockholders. A committee composed of Mr. W. R. Burwell, Mr. R. S. Reinhardt and Mr. F. H. Busbee supervised the drawing. It is believed that quite a number of stockholders will erect cottages. The meeting closed after an excellent dinner at the club house.

Hon. W. W. Kitchin spoke in the court house here this afternoon to about 150 men and half a dozen ladies.

Democracy and Republicanism is that the one stood for accession, the other for the union; the one for slavery, the other for freedom; the one for a debased currency, the other for a pure currency; the one for free silver, the other for sound money; the one for free trade, the other for protection; the one for the contraction of American influence, the other for its expansion; the one has been forced to abandon every position taken on the great questions before the people, the other has held and vindicated all.

In experience, the difference between Democracy and Republicanism is that one means adversity, while the other means prosperity; one means low wages, the other means high; one means debt, the other means confidence and thrift.

PARTIES COMPARED. In principle, the difference between Democracy and Republicanism is that one stands for vacillation and timidity in government, the other for strength and purpose; one stands for obstruction, the other for construction; one promises, the other reforms; one finds fault, the other finds work.

The present tendencies of the two parties are even more marked by their inherent differences. The trend of Democracy is toward socialism, while the Republican party stands for a wise and regulated individualism. Socialism would give to each an equal right to take, Republicanism would give to each an equal right to earn. Socialism would offer equality of possession, in line with its tendency the Democratic party believes in government ownership, while the Republican party believes in government regulation.

Individualism would give the nation own the people, while Republicanism would have the people own the nation.

Upon this platform of principles and purposes, the difference between Democracy and Republicanism is that one stands for the support not only of those who have acted with us heretofore, but of all our fellow citizens who, regardless of past political differences, unite in the desire to maintain the policies, perpetuate the blessings and make secure the achievements of a greater America.

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Lincolnton, June 16.—The stockholders of the Lincoln Lithia Club met at the Springs to-day at 12:30 with a good attendance. Mr. F. B. McDowell, of Charlotte, presided. The directors who were elected are mostly from Charlotte and Lincolnton. The grounds have been surveyed by a landscape architect and 200 lots laid off, 150 of which were allotted to the stockholders. A committee composed of Mr. W. R. Burwell, Mr. R. S. Reinhardt and Mr. F. H. Busbee supervised the drawing. It is believed that quite a number of stockholders will erect cottages. The meeting closed after an excellent dinner at the club house.

Hon. W. W. Kitchin spoke in the court house here this afternoon to about 150 men and half a dozen ladies.

Democracy and Republicanism is that the one stood for accession, the other for the union; the one for slavery, the other for freedom; the one for a debased currency, the other for a pure currency; the one for free silver, the other for sound money; the one for free trade, the other for protection; the one for the contraction of American influence, the other for its expansion; the one has been forced to abandon every position taken on the great questions before the people, the other has held and vindicated all.

In experience, the difference between Democracy and Republicanism is that one means adversity, while the other means prosperity; one means low wages, the other means high; one means debt, the other means confidence and thrift.

PARTIES COMPARED. In principle, the difference between Democracy and Republicanism is that one stands for vacillation and timidity in government, the other for strength and purpose; one stands for obstruction, the other for construction; one promises, the other reforms; one finds fault, the other finds work.

The present tendencies of the two parties are even more marked by their inherent differences. The trend of Democracy is toward socialism, while the Republican party stands for a wise and regulated individualism. Socialism would give to each an equal right to take, Republicanism would give to each an equal right to earn. Socialism would offer equality of possession, in line with its tendency the Democratic party believes in government ownership, while the Republican party believes in government regulation.

Individualism would give the nation own the people, while Republicanism would have the