

PEOPLE'S COLUMN

All advertisements inserted in this column at rate of ten cents per line of 36 words. No ad taken for less than 20 cents. Cash in advance.

WANTED.

WANTED—Every good dresser to join Kirschbaum's Steam Cleaning & Pressing Club.

WANTED—Standard Mutual Life Insurance Company of Durham, N. C., is prepared to make better contracts with successful industrial men than any other company. Policies on plans not offered before to the people of North Carolina. Get in line before too late. Insure while people only. Address Standard Mutual Life Insurance Co., Durham, N. C.

WANTED—To rent my new European Hotel, 23 rooms, 200 feet from depot. J. C. Bishop, Greensboro, N. C.

WANTED—First-class lady cook and housekeeper. Give references. Good location for lady. L. R. English, Archdale, N. C.

WANTED—Carpenters at Swift & Company Refinery.

WANTED—Twenty-five check boys this afternoon at 2 o'clock. E. H. R.

WANTED—Teachers N. C. schools, principals, assistants and rural schools. Steady demand, good salaries, long terms. Sheridan's Agency, Greenwood, S. C.

WANTED—Laundry agents in all towns where we are not already represented. Sanitary Steam Laundry, Charlotte, N. C.

WANTED—Salesman already traveling to sell as side line linseed oil and paints. Commission exceedingly liberal. Address Box 67, Richmond, Va.

WANTED—Cotton mill office man now employed wishes to change. Familiar with all details of mill office including pay rolls, cost systems, etc. Address "Mill Office Man," care Observer.

WANTED—100 Men's suits to clean. Get the dirt out. Queen City Dyeing & Cleaning Works, "Phone 246.

WANTED—Second-hand corn mill in good order. Box 144, Maxton, N. C.

WANTED—An Eastman College book-keeper wants position in Charlotte. Best reference. Address "Eastman," care Observer.

WANTED—Stock salesman. We want a few good men to sell life insurance stock. References required. Citizens Life Insurance Co., Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—Good hardware traveling salesman. Address Hardware, P. O. Box 60, Charlotte, N. C.

WANTED—By young couple, unfurnished rooms in private family for light housekeeping; must be close in and have modern conveniences. Address "W. E. L.," care The Observer.

WANTED—A loan of \$1,000 for twelve months on Charlotte real estate. D. O. care Observer.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Lot, Elizabeth Heights, on car line, 18x135. A bargain. P. O. Box 814.

FOR SALE—Soda fountain, Lippincott's make, 10 syrops, excellent condition and lever draft, has white enamel top and side mirrors and is in good condition; original cost \$1,000; will sell cheap as party has no time to spare. Answer "X," care this office.

FOR SALE—The best and busiest cigar store in one of the best and busiest cities in North Carolina. Other business interests demanding our time only reason for selling. Don't waste a stamp unless you mean business. Address "Busy Store," care Observer.

FOR SALE—1915 H. P. Liddell Tompkins engine, in excellent condition and running order. Address Greensboro Supply Co., Greensboro, N. C. Write us for any machinery you need.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Ten-room house, modern conveniences. Apply at 13 West Vance.

FOR RENT—Large furnished room in private family, all modern conveniences, five minutes' walk of square. References required. Address "B. H.," care Observer.

FOR RENT—The residence of the late J. M. Morrow, 607 N. College St. in good condition with modern conveniences. Apply at Morrow Grocery Co., corner College and Third Sts.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MASQUERADE SKATING Thursday night. Preparations being made for a large crowd. Everybody invited. Brown's Rink, Latta Park.

WE MAKE automobile coats. Charlotte Duck Clo. Co.

WOULD like to hear of good mining or other stock for sale, which would be a safe, profitable investment; no wild-cat fakes, considering. Daryshire, Box 130, Rochester, N. Y.

AUTOMOBILE FOR SALE—Dodge-Hartford, model B, 4-passenger car, detachable tonneau, lamps, horn and other extras; fine built car, good running order throughout; cost \$1,250 without extra. Will sacrifice for \$800 to a quick buyer. J. T. Britt, Oxford, N. C.

200 HIGH GRADE second-hand typewriters, all makes, taken at part pay for the L. C. Smith machine at very low prices. Send for list. J. E. Crayton & Co., 217 S. Tryon.

A YOUNG MAN who has served his time as a machinist, desires to borrow the money to spend two years at the A. & C. College. Address Student, care Observer office.

INSURE IN The Mutual Life-North Carolina agency 406-411 Trust Building, E. R. Ferguson, Manager.

LOST.

LOST—Gold 16 N. Tryon, set with diamond, between 410 N. Tryon, Gem Hotel, or in the Selwyn Hotel. Reward if left at Observer.

LOST—Gold beauty pin set with diamond, between 410 N. Tryon, Gem Hotel, or in the Selwyn Hotel. Reward if left at Observer.

LOST—At Southern depot, first bench facing telephone office, Sept. 23d, about 7:30 p. m., box of rubber toys. Rewards if returned to A. P. Harrison, operator W. U. T. office Southern depot.

LOST—Two setter dogs, black, white and tan. Name on collar. Reward. W. R. Burwell.

WILL SUE COMMISSIONERS.

State Treasurer likely to Resort to Courts to Collect Monies Alleged to Be Due From County.

It is almost certain that State Treasurer B. R. Lacy will bring suit against the commissioners of Mecklenburg county for the State's share of the back-taxes which the State's Severs and Mr. Alfred Brown recently collected and concerning which there has been considerable dispute for some time. It will be recalled that Mr. W. P. Moody, who is connected with the State Treasurer's office, recently spent several days in the city in an effort to secure a settlement of this matter. His mission resulted in failure, the county claiming that no part of the back-taxes collected was due the State. The State, however, claims about \$5,000 of the \$12,000 secured. No settlement having been made, and nothing being in sight, it is practically assured that a suit will follow.

THE POSTMASTERS DEPART

MR. H. HATHAWAY SPEAKS.

Second Joint Session of Two Great Organizations of Postmasters in North Carolina Commenced at 2 P. M. After a Profitable Stay of Two Days in the Queen City—Mr. E. H. Hathaway, of the Washington Postoffice Department, Speaks on Postal Savings Banks, Parcel Post and Good Roads, Elaborating Each of The Departments in Detail.

At the closing session of the postmasters of the fourth class held yesterday afternoon in the Federal Building at 2:30 o'clock, the following officers were elected for the present year: president, J. J. Fitzgerald, of Pelham; vice president, T. E. Harwell, of Raleigh; secretary and treasurer, J. O. Jones, of Manteo; delegate to the national convention, October 8th, at Des Moines, Ia., J. J. Fitzgerald; alternate, J. O. Jones.

The following resolutions were adopted: "Resolved, That we, the postmasters of the State League of North Carolina fourth-class offices, go on record as being in favor of classified service, the parcel post, postal savings banks and the upbuilding of the service in its various forms.

"Resolved, That in the absence of our elected and energetic secretary, Mr. J. O. Jones of Manteo, on account of his recent misfortune by fire which burned out his place, we extend our sympathy to him and here express our regret that he could not be present.

"R. L. BLALOCK, President.

"T. E. HARWELL, Secretary and Treasurer.

Earlier in the day the Association of North Carolina Postmasters held its final session, electing officers as follows: president, Mr. Willis G. Briggs, of Raleigh; first vice president, Mr. C. A. Reynolds, of Winston-Salem; second vice president, Mr. D. C. Pearson, of Morganton; third vice president, Mr. E. S. Snow, of High Point; secretary, Mr. J. R. Joyner, of Salisbury; fourth vice president, Mr. J. J. Fitzgerald, of Pelham. The time and place of the next meeting was left with the executive committee.

RESOLUTIONS.

The committee on resolutions made the following report:

"1. Be it resolved, That the Postmasters' Association of North Carolina endorses the plan of the Postmaster General, viz: By General Circulars in 1871-72, General Maynard in 1880; General James in 1881; General Howe in 1882; General Wainwright in 1883-84. The same method of doing business, containing hundreds of thousands of signatures, have been presented, advocating and praying for its establishment; but no action has resulted.

"2. Be it further resolved, That the Postmaster General be allowed to withdraw the whole or any portion of the funds standing to their credit, with accrued interest, after complying with such regulations as may be adopted by the department; but withdrawals must be made in even dollars unless the account is to be closed.

"3. That this association extends its thanks to the postoffice department for sending to us two such able representatives as Charles F. Trotter, of the division of salaries and allowances, and E. H. Hathaway, postoffice inspector, and to Mr. Higgins our local inspector, for the cordial and friendly presence here has placed us in closer and more sympathetic touch with the department and their instructions to us have been invaluable.

"4. That it is the sense of this association that the department should cause a placard to be placed in every postoffice informing the public that the department assumes no risk of money or other articles of value sent in unregistered or special delivery letters or packages and that a copy of this resolution be sent to the honorable Postmaster General.

"5. That we extend to the families of those worthy postmasters who have been gathered to their Father since we last met to enter a higher service, our heartfelt sympathy and regret.

"6. Be it further resolved, That we extend to Postmaster Spence and to the people of Charlotte, the clubs, press and other bodies our hearty appreciation of the courtesy and hospitality extended to us during our stay in their city; and to Postmaster Briggs, our president, during the last year, we also owe thanks and wish him Godspeed in all his undertakings.

OTHER RESOLUTIONS.

Postmaster Hamrick, of Hickory, offered the following, which was passed:

"Resolved, That this association recommend that the Legislature of North Carolina enact such laws as will make all existing rural free delivery routes public roads, and that a copy of this resolution be furnished the president of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, at its next session.

Mr. Briggs introduced the following resolutions relating to the free county circulation of daily newspapers which were passed without a dissenting vote:

"Whereas paragraph (3) Section 455, Postal Laws and Regulations, is often violated, either intentionally or unintentionally, in that publications of the second class are sent at the one-cent-a-pound rate to persons other than bona fide subscribers and there is usually no means whereby the postoffice of mailing can detect such violations.

"Therefore, be it resolved, That this association respectfully suggests to the department the advisability of instructing all postmasters that when publication comes to a list of patrons or others and it appears that the addresses or some of them have not subscribed or that some of the postoffices that the postmasters at destination promptly report the facts to the department for speedy investigation.

THE MORNING SESSION.

The chief event of the morning joint session of the two organizations of postmasters was the delivering by Mr. E. H. Hathaway, of the Postoffice Department, in Washington, of addresses on "The Parcel Post," "The Postal Savings Banks," and "Good Roads." His address or addresses were largely elucidative. The parcels post, declared Mr. Hathaway, will not in its operation, operate against the interests of the merchants of the country, as so many of them fear.

The money order system and second-class matter formed subjects for discussion, and were discussed by Mr. Briggs, of Raleigh; Douglas, of Greensboro, and Reynolds, of Winston-Salem, took prominent parts in the discussion of these subjects.

The remarks of Mr. Hathaway on postal savings banks are summarized herewith. He emphasized the commercial great importance of the commercial welfare of the country and the interest of every citizen it is that the habit of thrift and saving be cultivated in every grade of citizenship. Better banking facilities are needed.

In the entire country the total amount of deposit in savings institutions is \$2,500,000,000—of which 25 per cent is in the banks of New York State alone, and 25 per cent is in New England.

In New England, if you add Pennsylvania, Illinois, Iowa and California, you have 93 per cent of the three billions and a half, leaving eight per cent for the balance of the country, and showing conclusively that not as much attention has been given there to encourage and facilitate the making of savings deposits as has been the case in the States first mentioned.

EARNINGS OF MASSIES.

It is evident that there is needed in this country some sort of institution for the safeguarding of the earnings of the masses, which shall furnish absolute protection for savings, such protection as will not allow a doubt in the mind of those who are unable to protect themselves, and one which will pay a small rate of interest for deposits.

Our energetic and far-sighted Postmaster General, Mr. Meyer, has recently brought to public attention, in an impressive and forcible manner, the need of such an institution for the establishment of a postal savings depository system in connection with the operation of the postal service. This has for many years been in operation in foreign countries, Great Britain, Austria, Belgium, France, Hungary, Canada, India, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands, New South Wales, New Zealand, Russia, South Australia, Sweden and Japan, with pronounced success and immense advantage to the people.

Postal savings banks have been in successful operation in Great Britain since 1861, 47 years ago. In that country, exclusive of Scotland and Ireland, a year ago, there was on deposit in postal savings banks, about \$56,000,000—amounting to more than eight million pounds.

In 19 countries, by latest returns, the total amount on deposit in these banks was \$2,189,314,748—the average amount to the credit of each individual being \$45.53. In Canada, postal savings banks have been operated since 1867, and with success, more than \$50,000,000 being on deposit there.

NOT NEW TO THIS COUNTRY.

The project is not new to this country. The establishment of these depositories in connection with the operation of postoffices has been advocated for many years and many different bills have been introduced in Congress for accomplishing the end sought for. Recommendations for the introduction of this system have been made by various Postmaster Generals, viz: By General Greenleaf in 1871-72, General Maynard in 1880; General James in 1881; General Howe in 1882; General Wainwright in 1883-84. The same method of doing business, containing hundreds of thousands of signatures, have been presented, advocating and praying for its establishment; but no action has resulted.

Depositors to be allowed to withdraw the whole or any portion of the funds standing to their credit, with accrued interest, after complying with such regulations as may be adopted by the department; but withdrawals must be made in even dollars unless the account is to be closed.

Postal depositories funds will be declared public funds, subject to the safeguards and preferences provided by statute, and shall be exempt from demand, seizure, garnishment, execution, attachment or detention by any creditor.

Number Average Routes Length of each

MARYLAND 416 22.61

450 miles macadamized

NORTH CAROLINA 1,241 22.39

709 miles macadamized

VIRGINIA 941 22.54

23 miles macadamized

TENNESSEE 1,469 21.88

507 miles macadamized

SOUTH CAROLINA 684 23.69

67 miles macadamized

WEST VIRGINIA 42 miles macadamized

NEW JERSEY 314 24.00

974 miles macadamized

NEW YORK 1,810 23.32

1,628 miles macadamized

INDIANA 2,367 24.25

1,624 miles macadamized

Average per voter \$17.05

Average per mile \$3.14

LEGAL PROCESS AGAINST THE DEPOSITOR.

and will not be subject to taxation by the United States, or by any State.

It is proposed that the Postmaster General shall deposit the depository funds in national banks to be designated by him, after careful examination has been made to determine their stability, and that such deposits shall be made in national banks in the cities and counties, as far as practicable, where the depository postoffices are located. In case of insolvency of such bank, the depository funds will be prior lien upon the assets, and shall be first paid, to the exclusion of all other indebtedness of any nature.

Postmasters at fourth-class offices designated as depositories, will receive as compensation for their work involved, 1-4 of one per cent. of the face value of deposits. Postal postmasters to receive no additional compensation.

WILL BE SELF-SUPPORTING.

It is the calculation that the system would be entirely self-supporting. The expense of handling the business, in connection with the money order service, seems to be very small, but what the national banks constituted for and delegated to act as depositories for the receipt of savings funds from postoffices would be willing to allow interest on such funds at 2-1-2 per cent per annum. In view of the fact that savings accounts of this nature would be likely to be the reverse of temporary in nature, in that the depositors would be desirous of maintaining and increasing their balances, rather than drawing them out on every little pretext.

It is believed by persons experienced in such matters that in the way indicated through the adoption of the postal savings system, the five hundred millions of dollars will be added to the money in circulation in the United States.

The amount of money in the United States is estimated to be \$100,000,000,000 of which \$18,000,000,000 is now on deposit in banks and the United States Treasury, leaving more than \$82,000,000,000 unaccounted for. That money is either in hiding in the drawer or pocket. If each individual in this country has \$10 in his possession we have about \$50,000,000,000 accounted for.

The reason the limitations of \$1,000 as the aggregate amount possible for one depositor to maintain to his credit, and only \$500 is to draw interest is, that the system recommended is not so much intended to benefit those with large amounts of money as it is to benefit the masses of the people with small amounts of money.

Many of the people of this country with \$1,000 available can use it to buy property or in investments; sums in excess of \$500 are not likely to be left on deposit if interest is not allowed on all over that amount.

In North Carolina are some 900 money order postoffices widely distributed throughout the State, which will give every inhabitant a savings bank near his residence, whereas, at present, there are only 22 in the entire State. Every postmaster who would himself and use his influence to advance the people in his vicinity up to the proper stage where they will demand action by Congress.

Mr. Hathaway gave the following interesting figures regarding good roads:

Total Am't to improve Distance to be improved

9,405 \$542,762.00 \$60.15 123.84

26,501 1,563,887.00 57.10 124.04

21,210 718,674.00 34.04 7.60

34,264 1,749,156.00 51.04 11.91

16,607 441,032.00 26.56 6.45

70,324 245,867.00 34.91 7.85

6,302 1,120,145.00 177.74 32.70

42,309 5,173,065.00 122.55 24.00

51,386 9,463,010.00 184.15 37.10

Min. Max. \$17.05 \$64.37

\$3.14 25.56 184.15

BITULITHIC FOR DILWORTH.

Committee of Citizens Meeting With Success in Effort to Enlist Aid of Property Owners of Popular Suburb For Better Streets.

The committee, composed of R. G. Brice, P. C. Whitlock, W. G. Rogers, L. W. Porter, W. F. Dowd and C. B. Bryant, appointed at a recent meeting of the citizens of Dilworth to secure signatures to petitions to the city for bitulithic paving on East Morehead street and the South and East Boulevards, is meeting with great success and indications now point to the presentation of strong petitions at an early meeting of the board of aldermen.

The residents of these streets are planning a 20-foot strip of bitulithic on each side of the street next to the curb and a line of trees and grass from 8 to 10 feet wide on each side of the car tracks.

The scheme is being pushed on a business basis by the Dilworth citizens and it is needless to say their petitions will receive very favorable consideration on the part of the city fathers who are wide-awake to the demands for street improvements and realize the increasing necessity for permanently paved street and also the utter failure of macadam for city streets.

The movement in Dilworth is, no doubt, only a beginning of paving in the residence districts, which in a few years will all be paved in some permanent way.

The cost of this bitulithic per running foot 10 feet wide will be about \$3 to the property owner.

OPTION ON FINE PROPERTY.

Southern Real Estate Loan & Trust Company Seeks Option on Presbyterian Hospital For \$50,000.

The Southern Real Estate Loan & Trust Company, of which Mr. W. S. Alexander is president and Mr. A. Dunn, vice president and Mr. A. McDonald, secretary and treasurer, yesterday secured from Mr. W. F. Buchanan, for approximately \$50,000, an option to what is known as the Presbyterian Hospital property, situated at the corner of Trade and Mint streets. This property does not embrace the vacant lot in the rear of the hospital building nor the dwelling fronting on Mint street, both of which belong to Mr. Buchanan. It faces 100 feet on Trade and extends back 40 feet on Mint. On it now stands the three-story building occupied by the Presbyterian Hospital. It is one of the most advantageously located pieces of property in the city. The option which the Southern Real Estate Loan and Trust Company has is for two weeks. It is practically certain that it will be taken up.

Another Suit Against Southern.

Mr. Thomas J. Lingle, formerly a fireman on the Southern Railway, has instituted suit against the corporation for \$10,000 for injuries alleged to have been received while an employee of the company. He struck his leg against a loose step on an engine about a year ago since which he has been suffering a great deal since. Messrs. Stewart and McRae are his attorneys.

OUR INVITATION TO YOU

Kindly allow us to give you this personal invitation to come to our drug store and make it your place for buying drug store articles, including medicines.

We take great pleasure in waiting on you promptly and courteously. We will take great pains to give you every advantage that we can at any time. We try to make our drug store the most pleasant place to trade, pleasant because completely stocked with thoroughly desirable goods in every department; pleasant because our prices are always reasonable whenever there is a chance for variation in price, and pleasant because we are always willing and eager to do all we can to please and accommodate our customers. Please accept this as our personal invitation to you to come here and trade. Children are given the clearest and best. They do not have to stand around at

For a good many years I suffered from INDIGESTION, from which nothing relieved me, until two years ago I commenced to use MRS. JOE PERSON'S REMEDY. I cannot say too much in its praise, for I can eat about everything I want and things I never expected to be able to eat.

It has strengthened my system and built up my general health until I can do a great many things I never expected to be able to do. I find it a fine family medicine to keep in the house for complaints the children are subject to.

MRS. ED. REINHARDT.

Iron Station, N. C., Sept. 18, 1907.

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