# the Charlotte Observer.

# EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR

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## PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT

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Advertising rates are furnished on application. Advertisers may feel sure that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Charlotte and a portion of the best people in this State and upper South Carolina.

This paper gives correspondents as wide latitude as it thinks public polyopermits, but it is in no case tesponsible for their views. It is much preferred that correspondents sign their names to their articles, especialpossible for their views. It is much referred that correspondents sign heir names to their articles, especially in cases where they attack persons rinstitutions, though this is not denamed. The editor reserves the right is give the names of correspondents then they are demanded for the pursons of personal satisfaction. To resive consideration a communication must be accompanied by the true same of the correspondent.

#### THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1908.

#### HOW TO MANDLE A MOB.

Colonel Brock, of the regular army, who was in command of the troops protecting the Spartanburg jail when It was threatened by a mob, has some clear-cut and eminently sound views on lynch law and how to deal with the spirit. "My experience at Spartanburg," said he, as quoted by our Columbia correspondent, "demonstrates strikingly that all that is needed in this part of the country to check meb violence is a firm, determined stand by the authorities, with a sheriff of grit and manhood like Sheriff Nichols to hold the fort till the militia. can be brought into play." And again: "This speech-making to mobs gives me a tired feeling, and I think it should not be indulged in, at least so far as making the mob promises and concessions. The mob needs to learn, possibly by bitter experience, that it is outside of law, is violator of the law and will be given no consideration. An effort was made to have Sheriff Nichols make a speech to the mob. He declined, as did Governon Apsel. I also declined."

That is the doctrine. What is need-

ed on occasions of this kind is not talking but shooting. There is no sense in lynch law when the criminal is a negro and a white woman the victim of his lust. If he can be identified there is no difficulty about hanging him by process of law; if he cannot be identified he ought not be hanged. In some cases it is necessary to teach this lesson to those who would constitute themselves judge, jury and executioner, by powder and ball, but wherever necessary this effective method of instruction should be unhesitatingly employed.

## THE INDIFFERENT VOTER

Though, to all appearances, one of the closest on record, this presidential campaign will by no means rank among the most exciting. Party workers find voters provokingly indifferent. From all over the country come stories of light or slow registration. For the four days in New York City registration fell slightly behind 1904, although the growth of population should have made it 50,000 larger. According to The New York Evening Post, The New York Herald and other newspapers, the strong Democratic districts showed a falling off, while such increases as there were took place in Republican districts. The belief of many is that recently added registration requirements, by discouraging illiterates, contributed largely to this result. We should find it easier to believe that, in the presence of indifference among the voting masses and with the Tammany organization not especially enthusiastic, the weight of the Republican campaign fund told heavily. If, indeed, Democrats have lost ground in the New York City registration, it behooves them to contest the remaining New York ground so much the harder, and the Democrats of onesided States should not let the national organization lack needed funds for work in New York or elsewhere. Organized effort to get out indifferent voters costs money. Here lies what is perhaps the chief Republican advantage. Democrats should beware lest, in the close contest expected, this advantage may prove decisive.

Special attention is directed to the set that Schator Simmons will speak n Charlotte to-morrow night. Those who hear him will certainly be reall for their attendance. He is a erful speaker, one who deals enly with facts and argument and o to thoroughly informed upon state and national. He will e Republicans who hear him ocon to pause and think and give

of a Demograt be strongly sus-

PINELY SPELL SUCCESS?

ly casual glance at recent election converts. Such is the conclusion substantial agreement that the open-4.00 ing of the presidential year 1908 found the country with decidedly more Republicans than Democrats. But this view gains no support from The Philadelphia Record. Answering an assertion of The New York Times that the Democratic ticket can be elected only on the apparently im-Republicans who voted for McKinley

in 1990 and Roosevelt in 1904, The Record contends guite otherwise. It if only Democrats bring out their full the Oklahoma State constitution, our work and Republicans come no nearer memory faffeth us. It is up to the getting out their full vote than in gives some reasons worth consider-While Penublicans show less inter-

est in Taft than they did in Roosevelt and McKinley and hence will probably poll no larger percentage of be expected to improve upon the record they made when divided. How increasing its vote appears from the fact that no full presidential vote has years. Upon the basis of six and a not counting the Palmer and Buckner vote, a full Democratic vote in 1908 should be well over eight millions. This presupposes, what our contemporary takes to be a fact that share of the votes resulting from increased population. In 1896 the Republican vote was 7,111,607, in 1900 it was 7,220,077, and in 1904 it was 7.620.337. There was a clear failure to keep up with the growth of population-a failure attributable in part. but in very small part, to suppression of the negro Republican vote at the South. States like New York, Wisconsin, Iowa and Illinois show the same thing. Even the Roosevelt landslide registered a vote increase over McKinley in the country of only 1-2 per cent., when the growth of population should have made it eight per cent. In the four States mentioned McKinley in 1900 barely held his own as compared with 1896, falling behind in Illinois and Wisconsin. Roosevelt's vote showed material gains over 1900 in New York and Illinois, but still not what population increase called for. A final interpretation of the analysis is that the prestige of a successful foreign war did not give McKinley a perceptibly larger vote in 1900 than in 1896, and that all Mr. Roosevelt's popularity did not give his party the increased

vote to which population entitled it.

Our contemporary's figures make it

Republican pluralities of the last

been due to Republican strength half

so much as to Democratic division. When Mr. Bryan ran in 1896 and 1900 one wing of the party gave him only partial support, and when Judge Parker ran the other wing dealt with him likewise. The two wings simply could not be made to flap tegether. Mr. Roosevelt's plurality was huge solely because numbers of Bryan Democrats stayed away from the polls or scratched the man who had been nominated in Mr. Bryan's stead. There is no reason to believe that a united Democracy would not have stood at least an equal chance of winning any of the elections beginning with 1896. Contrary to a very natural supposition on the part of many, the young men coming of age within recent years have not, so far as an analysis of the vote can show. been identifying themselves more with the Republican party than with the Democracy. The Republican party has been united and has won; the Democratic party has been disunited and has lost. Now the Demoeratic ranks have closed up and dissension is found chiefly on the other side. We agree with The Record far enough to say that, even without many converted Republicans, Democratic victory does not seem at all beyond the bounds of possibility. And that several large elements which have been voting mainly or entirely Republican will divide their vote this year in favor of the Democratic ticket is a known and virtually admitted fact. Prospects for Mr. Bryan's election, good last week, are better still this week. A united Democratic party, plus recruits from Republicans

place him ahead. We are proud of the Democratic party's virtue, but we lament its poverty. The campaign fund of the national Democratic congressional committee is the utterly pitiful sum of \$8,000-little more than the year's salary and mileage allowance of dozens of Democratic Congressmen whose election or re-election will not cont

and independents, has placed him

scarcely at all short of even in the

race and before election day may well

Judge Parker, it will be observed. is again having some things to say about the Republican campaign of 1904. The difference this time is that the very he nuw has evidence which was un-of the bar- fortunately not available four years litical ac- ago and that Mr. Robsevelt, bustend practical of heated denials, maintains a dead

figures that Bryan and Kern cannot the Royal Arcanumites of Norfolk be elected without many Republican have voted affirmatively on the proposition to tax old bachelors for the generally drawn by Democrats, as support of old maids." It merely prowell as Republicans. There has been poses, by way of amendment, that "at least those single men should be mate without success; and just as certainly no passee virgin should be entitled to a pension who has refused eligible offers."

This question of taxing bachelors is a standing one, but how it ever came to be raised in Norfolk at the prespossible condition that Mr. Bryan's ent time we cannot imagine. If there arguments work astonishing reversal is one word on the subject in the of sentiment among great numbers of platform of the Demogratic, Republican, Populist, Prohibitionist, Socialist, Independence, Socialist Labor or Liberal party, or in the contreversial believes Democratio victory assured literature of the campaign, or even in Norfolk Royal Arganumites and their 1900 and 1904. And for this faith it debate organ, The Virginian-Pilot, to explain.

It was stated at the national Democratic committee headquarters in New York Monday night through John J. Gordon, assistant and acting chief of their vote, Democrats appear united the press bureau, that President and enthusiastic and may reasonably Roosevelt and Daniel J. Keefe, president of the International Association of Longshoremen, were closeted tomuch room there is for a major party gether for several hours October 3d. and that by the offer to him of the office of Commissioner General of been cast by the country in a dozen Immigration the support of Keefe was transferred from Bryan to Taft. half million votes for Bryan in 1896. Of course there is but one reply to this charge. According to the Rooseveltian code Gordon is a liar.

We hate to think what the British press would have said about the sufthe Democratic party has enfoyed its fragette performances which London and the House of Commons witnessed vesterday if they had taken place in this country.

> Greensboro should remember that centenarians are wont to tell all about their habits. We know, for one thing, that Greensboro has been "wet." 'dry" and dispensary. A frank statement is in order.

Thanks to the weather man and looray for the dirgus.

CONVENTION OF U. D. C.'S.

Twelfth Annual Meeting Being Held th Goldsboro, Whose Welcome is Full and Gracious—Proposed Me-morial Arch Abandoned.

pecial to The Observer. Goldsboro, Oct. 14 .- The twelfth annual convention of the North Car olina Division, U. D. C., met here towith a full attendance. boro has received the delegates with open hands and is entertaining them royally. A handsome luncheon was given to-day by the board of alder-men. The convention opened at 10 with Miss Sue Collier, president of the Thomas Ruffin Chapter the hostess of the year, in the chair Addresses of welcome were made by George C. Royall on behalf of the city and Col. A. C. Davis for the en-tertaining chapter. Mrs. I. W. Fai-son, of Charlotte, State president, repiled. Music was furnished by a choir of ladies and gentlemen singing three presidential "elections have not

Confederate songs. The convention was then called to order by the State president, who gave an excellent report of the work of the year and also gave a special vote of thanks to all State newspapers for kindly publishing notices. The granite gate presented last year to the division was turned over to the Raleigh chapter and the memorial arch was abandoned and a motion made to place the money in a home made to place the money in a home for veterans' wives and widows at the Soldiers' Home, Raleigh. Telegrams were sent to the Virginia division now in session; also to Mrs. Stonewall Jackson. Handsome 'portraits of Gen. Robert Ransom, Col. S. M. D. Tate and Capt. John Phifer Young are on exhibition and are fine likenesses.

# MR. MURPHY AT ROXBORO. Democratic Elector-at-Large Speaks in Mr. Kitchin's Home Town and Has an Attentive Audience.

ecial to The Observer. Roxboro, Oct. 14.—Mr. Walter Murphy, one of the Democratin electors-at-large for the State at large, spoke to a large and attentive audience in the court house here to-day. Mr. Murphy was introduced by Mr. S. G. Winatead, who spoke of Mr. Murphy's loyalty to the Democratic party and his long and distinguished services. Mr. Murphy spoke of the promising cutlook to elect Mr. Bryan party and his long and distinguished services. Mr. Murphy spoke of the promising outlook to elect Mr. Bryan and the Democratic ticket, both in our State and nation. Mr. Bryan, he declared, was "unlike the Republican nominee for President, because Mr. Bryan received his numination at the hands of the people, whereas Mr. Taft was the creature of Mr. Roosevelt." He discussed the tariff in a masterly manner and made it clear to his hearers that there should be a fair and just revision of the tariff made by Congress at its coming session. Mr. Murphy also spoke in eloquent terms and praise of our just, fair and upright government under Democratic rule and contrasted it with that of the Republican party, when the negro was placed in power, the writ of habeas corpus denied and riot and misrule were the order of the day.

Street Car and Curriage Collide.
Correspondence of The Observer.

Ashaville, Oct. 18.—Mrs. Mary E. Hunter of this city was painfully injured last night about 10:18 o'clock as a result of a collision between a street par and a carriage in which Mrs. Hunter was riding. The driver sent his horses across the car track directly in front of a moving car. The motorman was unable to briog the car to a stop in time to prevent a collision and the carriage was hit broadside. Mrs. Hunter was cut about the face and bruised but otherwise galinjured. A companion escap-

brandy. I pity the fellow who has never felt the delightful glow pro-duced by a good drink of pure brandy and whiskey. Anacreon, one of the greatest of the amient poets, was inspired with poetry when under the influence of wine. He said:

spired with poetry when under the influence of wine. He said:

"If with water you fill up your glasses You'll never write anything wise;
For wine is the horse of Parnassus. Which hurries a tard to the skies."

After having whetted the appetite like Cleero did when he visited Caesar we repaired to the dining room, where there was an abundance of the most substantial viands. It reminded me of the wedding suppers of ante-bellum times when there was a plenty of comsthing to eat raised on the old plantation, and unlike the table of these modern days that has nothing on it but a little salad, olives and a few crackers. The occasion was enlivened by the most delightful music remdered by a band from Raieigh. No man can be old, whose heart cantlove, Pontanus, an arcient poet, in writing of old age and love, says;

"Why do you scorn my want of youts,"

"Why so you scorn my want of you And with a smile my brow behold? Lady dear, believe this truth. That he who loves cannot be old." May this aged couple, though old

in years yet young in love, celebrate their diamond wedding!

C. S. WOOTEN.

LaGrange, N. C.

WEDDED IN PROVIDENCE.

McGinn were married yesterday af-ternoon at 6:30 o'clock at the frome of the parents of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. William Patterson, in Providence

of the parents of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. William Patterson, in Providence township. Rev. Mr. Parker, pastor of Providence Presbyterian church, was the officiating minister. Immediately after the ceremony, accompanied by a number of Charlotte friends who attended the wedding, Mr. and Mrs. McGinn came to Charlotte, where they are at home at the residence of the bridegroom's father. Mr. I. H. McGinn, No. 18 South Church street.

The wedding was an exceedingly pretty one. There were no attendants, the entire affair being characterised throughout by simplicity and a tasteful absence of estentation. Gathered at the home were numerous friends and relatives, most of whom had known and admired the young lady from earliest childhood. Priends in common most were of bride and groom, especially the Charlotteans who were acquainted with the mutual worth of each and bestewed on both sincers congratulations and good wishes. Aftractive, accomplished, possessing the peculiar gifts of mind and heart that make up the charm of womanhood, she has a host of friends. Mr. McGinn has been for about four years connected with the D. A. Tompkins Company as book-keeper and is a young man of ability and character.

Socret Political Societies?

Secret Political Societies?

Statesville Landmark.

The Landmark is informed that agents of the national Republican committee are organising Republican heagues in western North Carolina and that the organizers have been quite active in Wilkes and other counties in this vicinity. Those who join the leagues sign a pledge to support all the Republican nominees.

So far so good, but the meetings of the leagues, we are informed, are searet. This is a sort of Gideon's band idea which the Populists tried ineffectively, and doubtless similar to the Red Strings, an organization which existed in North Carolina early after the civil war. As a resuit of the operations of the last named and similar societies, when the State constitution was amended a clapse was inserted prohibiting secret political societies.

A searet political organization therefore, is contrary to law and has never mut popular favor in North Carolina. If the Republican leagues are accret societies, as we are informed, honest men of all parties would do well to keep out of them. If their purpose is proper they need not need to be secret.

one Asistocracy—Plenty of Old.
Time Things to Dai and to Drink.
Witten for The Observer.

Mis and Mrs. John W. Sutton, of
Lagrange, cuisbrate their golden
wedding on the evening of the 5th of
October, at their home, which is the
handsomest in this 'town. During
the last summer Mr. Sutton gave
dinner on the 70th anniversary of his
birth. His wife is 28 years old and
looks as young as many woman do
that old pre are among the last cothat made the old Soath amount of
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## THIS FROM REAL LIFE.

Statesville Mother Who Caught U With Her Son on Bible Reading. Statesville Landmark.

"Son, did you read your Bible while you were away?"
"Oh, yes, mamma," replied the boy,
"I read it most every night before
soing to bed."
"Well, isn't it a little strange, son,"

continued the mother, as she opened the Bible and exhibited the bill, "that you didn't happen to open it at this

place?"
"Good Lord!" said the boy as he reached for the bill, "if I had known reached for the bill, "if I had known to the bill the boy as he reached for the bill. Miss Mary Patterson and Mr. Fred
McGinn Made One at the Home of
the Bride's Parents.

Miss Mary Patterson and Mr. Fred
McGinn were married yesterday alternoon at 6:10 o'clock at the Home

Permanent Organization Formed. Lynchburg, Va., Oct. 14.—The con-ference of the laymen's missionary movement of the Virginia Synod of the Presbyterian Church, representthe Presbyterian Church, representing Maryland, the Virginss and the District of Columbia, perfected a permanent organization to-night and adjourned after three long sessions during the day. Dr. James Lewis Howe, of Lexington, Va., was elected chairman and R. M. Friend, of Petersburg, Va., was made secretary. The next annual meeting will be provided for by the executive committee. The attendance to-day was about four hundred from the bounds of the Synod. The afternoon session heard a number of addresses and there was a prolonged discussion as to the resolutions, the conference finally deciding upon a permanent organization and pledging itself for larger offerings for missions.

Foreign Delegates Address Surgeons.
Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 14.—Addresses by the foreign delegates, Col. Jose Batboso Leso. of Portugal; Lieut Col. M. W. M. Russell, of England, and Maj. E. L. Label, of Canada, was this principal feature of to-day's session of the convention of the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States. Major Label asked that the convention be held in Canada next year and that the association be made international.
A committee to nominate officers for the ensuing year was appointed as the morning session.

That Crowd at the Academy.

Three score, or perchance by reaso of extra faith, four score people wer present last night when the custain rose on "The Girl From Missouri" at the Academy of Music, but when fell its last fall there had been scattering even of the few. The show was notable for its failure to appea effectually to that class that calordinarily stand almost anything it the way of melodramatic stimus.



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