

FLEET PASSES IN REVIEW

A BRILLIANT NAVAL SPECTACLE

After Encircling the World in a Cruise of Over Forty Thousand Miles, the Atlantic Fleet Combined Squadrons, Seven Miles Long, Pass in Review Before the President's Yacht—Each Ship's Guns Boom a Salute Which is Answered by the Great Gun of the Notable Event—The President Visits the Flagships and Warmly Welcomes the Returning Men.

Fort Monroe, Va., Feb. 22.—Not until some American fleet returns victorious from a great sea battle will there be another such home-coming, another such sight as this. I drink to the American navy.

This was the toast of President Roosevelt to-day as he stood radiantly happy in the cabin of the graceful little cruiser yacht Mayflower at the conclusion of the review and the ceremonies attending the welcome home of the American battleship fleet.

"When the fleet sailed from San Francisco, Mr. President," replied Admiral Charles S. Sperry, "you sent us a message saying that our was a heavy responsibility and a great honor. That we have to-day fulfilled the responsibility makes this the proudest moment of our lives. I say we adventured in speaking of the fleet, for no one man could have done what has been done without the loyal and willing co-operation of every man on the fleet."

THE PRESIDENT ENTHUSIASTIC

Thus briefly the commander-in-chief of the returning ships made his official report to the command-in-chief of the army and the navy. The President was in the same joyous mood as when the ships set sail 14 months ago and to those who had also witnessed that notable departure of the first real battle squadrons ever gathered under the American flag, he constantly expressed his enthusiasm for the safe and triumphant return of the fleet which was despatched under his orders on a cruise which it was too hazardous for any such body of ships to attempt.

TOBACCO BRINGS 60 CENTS

Unusually High Price Paid For Fine Wrappers at Winston-Salem.

Winston-Salem, Feb. 22.—Sixty cents a pound for leaf tobacco is "going some," and that is the record made here by Mr. W. S. Tilly, of the Rock House section. This is the highest price paid on the warehouse floor for many years, and of course it was an exceptionally fine grade of upper leaf tobacco.

NIGHT SESSION OF HOUSE

Spicy Debates on Local Liquor and Fish Bills Keep the Members From Taking Naps.

Raleigh, Feb. 22.—The night session of the House was entered with spicy debates on local fish and liquor questions, with the result that the bill to regulate the placing of stationary nets in Neuse and Trent rivers, Pamlico county, was sent back to the committee, and the Economic bill of Mr. Weaver, tightening the prohibition law in that county with the purpose of preventing the near-beer establishment of Asheville from selling intoxicating liquors under the cover of their legitimate business, was tabled amid applause. The Buncumbe bill called forth a vigorous protest from Mr. Morton on account of the provision allowing search of premises.

A WORD FOR THE CREW

In order to reach the shelf of the Baynet, some five feet above the deck, the President had to step first upon a water hydrant. His foot slipped when he made the initial attempt and he narrowly missed a fall which might have proved serious by the time he had made the gun platform the crew cheered lustily. The President intemperately his prepared remarks freely with asides, and he particularly caught the fancy of the men when he said to them how they were benefited by the gunnery work thus far accomplished.

WINSTON-SALEM MAN ROBBED

Walter Lassiter Victim of Union Square Park New York, Last Night Looting His Watch.

New York, Feb. 22.—Walter Lassiter, who said he was a native of Winston-Salem, a salesman visiting this city on business and was stopping at Hotel Churchill, was robbed of his watch and a chain to-night in Union Square Park. In reporting the robbery to the police, Mr. Lassiter said that the robbery took place in a public comfort station in the park.

Trained Nurse Has Appendicitis

Special to The Observer.

Davidson, Feb. 22.—The many friends of Miss Gattie Booe, who for some time past has been training as a nurse in the Charlotte Sanatorium, will be sorry and yet interested to learn that she is to undergo an operation for appendicitis to-morrow in the Queen City. Mrs. Booe, her mother, went down this afternoon to be with her at the time. Hardly any one here knew that Miss Booe had been suffering from the attack for ten days or more.

New Woodwork Factory at High Point

Special to The Observer.

High Point, Feb. 22.—High Point is to have a new manufacturing plant. E. L. and E. V. Crouch, practical mechanics, are at the head of a new factory to manufacture tables and do special woodwork. All the arrangements have been made, machinery placed and work will begin this week.

BOLD HOLD-UP ATTEMPTED

EFFORT TO ROB EXPRESS CAR

Three Masked Men Enter Express Car on Sanford and Mount Airy Train While It is Taking on Water in Wild and Rugged Section near Mount Airy, but Messenger Tom Hubbard Uses His Gun and the Highwaymen Flee—One of Them Believed to Have Been Wounded—Numbers Shot Exchanged by the Robbers and the Train—Winston-Salem Called on For Bloodhounds, But None Are Available—Sheriff and posse Go in Search of the Bandits.

By Bell Telephone to The Observer. Winston-Salem, Feb. 22, 3 a. m.—Three masked men attempted a bold hold-up of Express Messenger Tom Hubbard, who runs on train No. 731 between Sanford and Mount Airy, last night at 4.59, four miles on this side of Mount Airy, but the bandits were repulsed and fled without securing any booty.

The robbers entered the car while the train was standing at the Ararat tank taking on water. They called on Hubbard to throw up his hands, but instead of doing this he snuffed out the light and reached for his pistol. A number of shots were exchanged by the four men, and it is believed that one of the bandits was wounded. Hubbard was not hit. The robbers became alarmed at the noise made by the firing and fled without securing any booty.

A message was received here asking that bloodhounds be sent to be put on the trail of the highwaymen, but none were to be had. A further message this morning said that Sheriff Haynes and a posse of deputies and citizens were pursuing the three men. At this hour no arrest has been made so far as is learned here.

The place where the hold-up was attempted is a wild and rugged point, with the river running beside the track, and the getting away of the bold trio was an easy matter.

SHARP MIXES TESTIMONY

John Sharp is a man of high temper and Garner soon had him beside himself. He contradicted himself on many minor details but never on the more important particulars.

On cross-examination Sharp said, however, that Carmack turned his head just as the second shot was fired. He did not explain how the Senator could turn his head far enough to permit the ball to enter the median line of the neck on a straight line. The State pushed Sharp hard up to nearly 6 p. m., then asked that a continuance be granted until to-morrow when it was allowed.

ROBIN COOPER UNDER FIRE

Before cross-examination began Robin Cooper testified to his relations with Carmack, which, he said, were limited to a speaking acquaintance.

The cross-examination by Attorney General McCarn then began. "As a matter of fact, you have never occupied a cell have you?" In reply to questions witness said he was a lawyer. "You did a great deal of pardon work?" "Only once. I got a pardon for James Linder."

DR. WILLIAM BULL DEAD

Noted Cancer Specialist Passes Away at Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., Feb. 22.—Dr. William Tillingshull Bull, the cancer specialist, who came here recently from New York, died at Wymberly, his home, at noon to-day. He had been ill for some time and was unconscious at noon yesterday. The following official announcement of his death was made by the attending surgeon, Dr. W. B. Crawford, who was four years residing in New York. "Dr. Bull passed away quietly at 10 o'clock to-day. For the past few days his condition had gradually grown worse."

ENGINEER SCALDED TO DEATH

W. J. O'Neal Loses His Life in Wreck of No. 35 at Harbina, S. C.—Fireman Fatally Injured.

Greenville, S. C., Feb. 22.—In the wreck of Southern Railway, express No. 35 from Washington to Atlanta, at Harbina, a block office 50 miles south of here, early to-day, Engineer W. J. O'Neal was scalded to death and Fireman Joe Clay, who was injured so badly that he will die. Both men were from Atlanta. The engine and baggage car turned completely over and the passenger coaches turned on their side. No passengers were injured. The track was obstructed until late this afternoon and the passengers were transferred around the scene of the derailment. The wreck is a mystery as the switch was properly set.

Another Ransom of Cotton Mill For High Point

Special to The Observer.

High Point, Feb. 22.—High Point strange to say, has never had a cotton factory in late years. It is rumored that some of the leading business men here now have the establishment of such a factory under serious consideration.

New Equipment For the Southern

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 22.—J. S. B. Thompson, assistant to the president of the Southern Railway, announced here to-day that an order had been placed by the Southern road for eighty new passenger, express and dining cars to be delivered within a few weeks.

Attol Wins in Last Round

San Francisco, Feb. 22.—Monte Attol got the decision over Johnny Rezin at the end of a 20-round bout this afternoon.

DEFENSE WELL PLEASED

ROBIN COOPER A GOOD WITNESS

Young Defendant is Subjected to a Bitter Cross-Examination Lasting Nearly Four Hours in Which the State's Efforts to Break Down His Testimony Are in Vain—His Coolness Under Fire Exasperates the Attorney General and Leaves a Good Impression With the Jury—Sharp Also Makes Good Impression, but Loses His Temper While Under Cross-Fire—Tangles Minor Details, But Important Points Are Unshaken—Examination Not Finished.

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 22.—When court adjourned to-night in the midst of the cross-examination of John D. Sharp, the honors were even between the State and the defense in the Cooper sharp trial for the slaying of former United States Senator Edward W. Carmack. Young Robin Cooper, under a bitter cross-examination of nearly four hours, held his own with ease. He was always cool, careful and displayed an inclination to be absolutely fair that evidently impressed the jury and just as evidently exasperated Attorney General McCarn. The next witness and the only other one of the day was John D. Sharp, another of the defendants.

Sharp told his story well under direct examination and made a good impression. But he was turned over to Attorney General McCarn for cross-examination. Mr. Garner has somewhat of a reputation in his own county for clever work but he was an unknown quantity in Nashville. When court adjourned for the day the defense's sharp swore that he saw the killing and that "Carmack fell after Robin Cooper had fired three times."

MR. SEAWELL GOES OVER

Senate Judiciary Committee Agrees That Federal Judges Appointments Should Stand Without Confirmation and No Nominations Will Be Considered This Time.

Washington, Feb. 22.—The confirmation of H. B. Seawell goes over. The Senate Judiciary committee met this morning and agreed that the five appointments of Federal judges should stand without confirmation. No nominations will be considered this time. Senator Fulton, of Oregon, asked that an exception be made in the case of Seawell. Mr. Overman said that he would like for the North Carolinian to have a hearing. Senator Simmons expressed a desire to be heard before any action was taken, but other members of the committee argued that it would be best to let important appointments alone until next session, and their wishes prevailed.

BLACK-HAND LETTERS SENT IN SPIRIT OF FUN

Prisoner Declares—Is Still Being Held For Trial, However.

Special to The Observer. Goldsboro, Feb. 22.—Charlie Wilkins, the white man who was arrested Sunday afternoon upon the charge of trying to secure money from Mr. J. W. Cole, a merchant of this city, by sending him black-mail letters, made a statement to-day saying it was all a joke and it was his purpose to take the money back to Mr. Cole and tell him it was only a joke. Though the affair is couched under the pseudonym of the "Black Hand," there is no one who seriously believes that there is an organized band of this character in the community; but, on the contrary, it is believed that the apprehended culprit is falling for reasons and in hope of more effectually intimidating his intended victim.

WAS ONLY JOKE, SAYS WILKINS

Black-Hand Letters Sent in Spirit of Fun, Prisoner Declares—Is Still Being Held For Trial, However.

Washington, Feb. 22.—Asserting that his recent speech in the House relative to the purchase by the United States government of the Panama canal had brought upon himself vilification, misrepresentation and abuse almost without a parallel in the history of that body, Representative Rainey, of Illinois, delivered to-day in the House a lengthy and somewhat lengthy speech in reply to the charges that the information upon which his remarks were based was obtained from "ex-convicts and blackmailers," this accusation being the subject of a resolution introduced by Representative Lovering, of Massachusetts. "True loyalty to this great enterprise," Representative Rainey said, "means that you must stand in connection with it in order to avoid the pitfalls into which the French companies fell, and I propose to do this whether it meets with the approval of the next session or not. I am not here to say to all those who are spending so much time abusing me that I have not yet commenced this fight. I have only trained my guns on some of the more prominent features in connection with Panama matters."

FOX HELD WITHOUT BAIL

Murder in the First Degree is the Charge Against the Alleged Slayer of Steve Watson—Preliminary Examination Held Yesterday at Wadesboro.

Wadesboro, Feb. 22.—Justices Little and Rogers, sitting together, heard testimony in the preliminary trial of J. L. Fox, charged with the murder of Steve Watson, here to-day. The hearing occupied the entire day and throughout the time the court house was crowded. The entire town is wrought up over the case. The State did not put the negro woman, who is supposed to have been an eye-witness to the tragedy, on the stand.

RAINEY AND BURTON CLASH

LIVELY SCENES IN THE HOUSE.

Smarting Under the Criticisms That Have Been Heaped Upon Him For His Recent Speech on the Canal, Mr. Rainey Tonight Takes the Floor and Declares That Only the "Least Objectionable Features" Have Been Attacked—Again Denounces Cromwell and the Tafts—Mr. Burton Replies to the Charges, Bitterly Assailing Mr. Rainey and Concluding With Blatant and Falseness That Demands Proof of the Charges.

SENATE SUMMARY

For two hours and a half yesterday the Senate discussed the postal savings bank proposal but an attempt to reach an agreement as to a day for voting on the measure that Senator Carter, of Montana, is urging, failed. The reading by Senator McLaughlin of Washington's farewell address consumed the first hour of the session. Senator Aldrich obtained the consent of the Senate to a resolution continuing the committee of the Senate on the Illinois Revenue Bill. The agricultural appropriation bill was taken up. The Senate adjourned at 4:40 p. m.

HOUSE SUMMARY

A second speech by Mr. Rainey, of Illinois, reiterating his former statements in regard to the Panama canal and a bitter arraignment of Mr. Rainey by Mr. Burton, of Ohio, furnished the principal incidents in the House of Representatives yesterday. After the Illinois member had spoken for an hour in further denunciation of the William New River canal, Mr. Burton took the floor to make reply. He vigorously defended Mr. Cromwell, Charles P. Taft, President-elect Taft and others whom Mr. Rainey on a former occasion had made objects of his attack. Mr. Rainey retorted and furnished no proofs of wrong-doing in connection with the purchase of the Panama canal franchise, but instead had conjured up wrongs and buttressed them with slander and falsehood, after placing himself on a level with "the security politician." He challenged Mr. Rainey to get from behind the protection afforded him by the constitution of the United States and rules of the House, and make his charges in the open.

REVENUE ACT CONSIDERED

The House made a start in the consideration of the revenue bill in committee of the whole. Amendments in the interest of the old soldiers were offered from the pensions committee for increasing the ad valorem tax from 4 to 7 cents for this purpose and the poll tax from \$1.25 to \$1.38. Action on this was left open. The provision for secrecy as to lists of income taxes was stricken from the bill after a lengthy discussion. Section 25 was amended so as to carry taxes for moving picture shows, the amounts ranging from \$5 for towns of 2,500 to \$50 for those in towns of 10,000 or more population. A proposition for the purpose to collect as much as one-third caused the section to be passed over for the present.

FAVORABLE REPORT FOR EDUCATION BILL

The joint committee on education decided unanimously to report favorably bills of Senator Blow, chairman of the Senate committee on education, for a more equitable apportionment of the second \$100,000, and amending the act of 1907, and the act of 1908, and the act of 1909, and the act of 1910, and the act of 1911, and the act of 1912, and the act of 1913, and the act of 1914, and the act of 1915, and the act of 1916, and the act of 1917, and the act of 1918, and the act of 1919, and the act of 1920, and the act of 1921, and the act of 1922, and the act of 1923, and the act of 1924, and the act of 1925, and the act of 1926, and the act of 1927, and the act of 1928, and the act of 1929, and the act of 1930, and the act of 1931, and the act of 1932, and the act of 1933, and the act of 1934, and the act of 1935, and the act of 1936, and the act of 1937, and the act of 1938, and the act of 1939, and the act of 1940, and the act of 1941, and the act of 1942, and the act of 1943, and the act of 1944, and the act of 1945, and the act of 1946, and the act of 1947, and the act of 1948, and the act of 1949, and the act of 1950, and the act of 1951, and the act of 1952, and the act of 1953, and the act of 1954, and the act of 1955, and the act of 1956, and the act of 1957, and the act of 1958, and the act of 1959, and the act of 1960, and the act of 1961, and the act of 1962, and the act of 1963, and the act of 1964, and the act of 1965, and the act of 1966, and the act of 1967, and the act of 1968, and the act of 1969, and the act of 1970, and the act of 1971, and the act of 1972, and the act of 1973, and the act of 1974, and the act of 1975, and the act of 1976, and the act of 1977, and the act of 1978, and the act of 1979, and the act of 1980, and the act of 1981, and the act of 1982, and the act of 1983, and the act of 1984, and the act of 1985, and the act of 1986, and the act of 1987, and the act of 1988, and the act of 1989, and the act of 1990, and the act of 1991, and the act of 1992, and the act of 1993, and the act of 1994, and the act of 1995, and the act of 1996, and the act of 1997, and the act of 1998, and the act of 1999, and the act of 2000, and the act of 2001, and the act of 2002, and the act of 2003, and the act of 2004, and the act of 2005, and the act of 2006, and the act of 2007, and the act of 2008, and the act of 2009, and the act of 2010, and the act of 2011, and the act of 2012, and the act of 2013, and the act of 2014, and the act of 2015, and the act of 2016, and the act of 2017, and the act of 2018, and the act of 2019, and the act of 2020, and the act of 2021, and the act of 2022, and the act of 2023, and the act of 2024, and the act of 2025, and the act of 2026, and the act of 2027, and the act of 2028, and the act of 2029, and the act of 2030, and the act of 2031, and the act of 2032, and the act of 2033, and the act of 2034, and the act of 2035, and the act of 2036, and the act of 2037, and the act of 2038, and the act of 2039, and the act of 2040, and the act of 2041, and the act of 2042, and the act of 2043, and the act of 2044, and the act of 2045, and the act of 2046, and the act of 2047, and the act of 2048, and the act of 2049, and the act of 2050, and the act of 2051, and the act of 2052, and the act of 2053, and the act of 2054, and the act of 2055, and the act of 2056, and the act of 2057, and the act of 2058, and the act of 2059, and the act of 2060, and the act of 2061, and the act of 2062, and the act of 2063, and the act of 2064, and the act of 2065, and the act of 2066, and the act of 2067, and the act of 2068, and the act of 2069, and the act of 2070, and the act of 2071, and the act of 2072, and the act of 2073, and the act of 2074, and the act of 2075, and the act of 2076, and the act of 2077, and the act of 2078, and the act of 2079, and the act of 2080, and the act of 2081, and the act of 2082, and the act of 2083, and the act of 2084, and the act of 2085, and the act of 2086, and the act of 2087, and the act of 2088, and the act of 2089, and the act of 2090, and the act of 2091, and the act of 2092, and the act of 2093, and the act of 2094, and the act of 2095, and the act of 2096, and the act of 2097, and the act of 2098, and the act of 2099, and the act of 2100, and the act of 2101, and the act of 2102, and the act of 2103, and the act of 2104, and the act of 2105, and the act of 2106, and the act of 2107, and the act of 2108, and the act of 2109, and the act of 2110, and the act of 2111, and the act of 2112, and the act of 2113, and the act of 2114, and the act of 2115, and the act of 2116, and the act of 2117, and the act of 2118, and the act of 2119, and the act of 2120, and the act of 2121, and the act of 2122, and the act of 2123, and the act of 2124, and the act of 2125, and the act of 2126, and the act of 2127, and the act of 2128, and the act of 2129, and the act of 2130, and the act of 2131, and the act of 2132, and the act of 2133, and the act of 2134, and the act of 2135, and the act of 2136, and the act of 2137, and the act of 2138, and the act of 2139, and the act of 2140, and the act of 2141, and the act of 2142, and the act of 2143, and the act of 2144, and the act of 2145, and the act of 2146, and the act of 2147, and the act of 2148, and the act of 2149, and the act of 2150, and the act of 2151, and the act of 2152, and the act of 2153, and the act of 2154, and the act of 2155, and the act of 2156, and the act of 2157, and the act of 2158, and the act of 2159, and the act of 2160, and the act of 2161, and the act of 2162, and the act of 2163, and the act of 2164, and the act of 2165, and the act of 2166, and the act of 2167, and the act of 2168, and the act of 2169, and the act of 2170, and the act of 2171, and the act of 2172, and the act of 2173, and the act of 2174, and the act of 2175, and the act of 2176, and the act of 2177, and the act of 2178, and the act of 2179, and the act of 2180, and the act of 2181, and the act of 2182, and the act of 2183, and the act of 2184, and the act of 2185, and the act of 2186, and the act of 2187, and the act of 2188, and the act of 2189, and the act of 2190, and the act of 2191, and the act of 2192, and the act of 2193, and the act of 2194, and the act of 2195, and the act of 2196, and the act of 2197, and the act of 2198, and the act of 2199, and the act of 2200, and the act of 2201, and the act of 2202, and the act of 2203, and the act of 2204, and the act of 2205, and the act of 2206, and the act of 2207, and the act of 2208, and the act of 2209, and the act of 2210, and the act of 2211, and the act of 2212, and the act of 2213, and the act of 2214, and the act of 2215, and the act of 2216, and the act of 2217, and the act of 2218, and the act of 2219, and the act of 2220, and the act of 2221, and the act of 2222, and the act of 2223, and the act of 2224, and the act of 2225, and the act of 2226, and the act of 2227, and the act of 2228, and the act of 2229, and the act of 2230, and the act of 2231, and the act of 2232, and the act of 2233, and the act of 2234, and the act of 2235, and the act of 2236, and the act of 2237, and the act of 2238, and the act of 2239, and the act of 2240, and the act of 2241, and the act of 2242, and the act of 2243, and the act of 2244, and the act of 2245, and the act of 2246, and the act of 2247, and the act of 2248, and the act of 2249, and the act of 2250, and the act of 2251, and the act of 2252, and the act of 2253, and the act of 2254, and the act of 2255, and the act of 2256, and the act of 2257, and the act of 2258, and the act of 2259, and the act of 2260, and the act of 2261, and the act of 2262, and the act of 2263, and the act of 2264, and the act of 2265, and the act of 2266, and the act of 2267, and the act of 2268, and the act of 2269, and the act of 2270, and the act of 2271, and the act of 2272, and the act of 2273, and the act of 2274, and the act of 2275, and the act of 2276, and the act of 2277, and the act of 2278, and the act of 2279, and the act of 2280, and the act of 2281, and the act of 2282, and the act of 2283, and the act of 2284, and the act of 2285, and the act of 2286, and the act of 2287, and the act of 2288, and the act of 2289, and the act of 2290, and the act of 2291, and the act of 2292, and the act of 2293, and the act of 2294, and the act of 2295, and the act of 2296, and the act of 2297, and the act of 2298, and the act of 2299, and the act of 2300, and the act of 2301, and the act of 2302, and the act of 2303, and the act of 2304, and the act of 2305, and the act of 2306, and the act of 2307, and the act of 2308, and the act of 2309, and the act of 2310, and the act of 2311, and the act of 2312, and the act of 2313, and the act of 2314, and the act of 2315, and the act of 2316, and the act of 2317, and the act of 2318, and the act of 2319, and the act of 2320, and the act of 2321, and the act of 2322, and the act of 2323, and the act of 2324, and the act of 2325, and the act of 2326, and the act of 2327, and the act of 2328, and the act of 2329, and the act of 2330, and the act of 2331, and the act of 2332, and the act of 2333, and the act of 2334, and the act of 2335, and the act of 2336, and the act of 2337, and the act of 2338, and the act of 2339, and the act of 2340, and the act of 2341, and the act of 2342, and the act of 2343, and the act of 2344, and the act of 2345, and the act of 2346, and the act of 2347, and the act of 2348, and the act of 2349, and the act of 2350, and the act of 2351, and the act of 2352, and the act of 2353, and the act of 2354, and the act of 2355, and the act of 2356, and the act of 2357, and the act of 2358, and the act of 2359, and the act of 2360, and the act of 2361, and the act of 2362, and the act of 2363, and the act of 2364, and the act of 2365, and the act of 2366, and the act of 2367, and the act of 2368, and the act of 2369, and the act of 2370, and the act of 2371, and the act of 2372, and the act of 2373, and the act of 2374, and the act of 2375, and the act of 2376, and the act of 2377, and the act of 2378, and the act of 2379, and the act of 2380, and the act of 2381, and the act of 2382, and the act of 2383, and the act of 2384, and the act of 2385, and the act of 2386, and the act of 2387, and the act of 2388, and the act of 2389, and the act of 2390, and the act of 2391, and the act of 2392, and the act of 2393, and the act of 2394, and the act of 2395, and the act of 2396, and the act of 2397, and the act of 2398, and the act of 2399, and the act of 2400, and the act of 2401, and the act of 2402, and the act of 2403, and the act of 2404, and the act of 2405, and the act of 2406, and the act of 2407, and the act of 2408, and the act of 2409, and the act of 2410, and the act of 2411, and the act of 2412, and the act of 2413, and the act of 2414, and the act of 2415, and the act of 2416, and the act of 2417, and the act of 2418, and the act of 2419, and the act of 2420, and the act of 2421, and the act of 2422, and the act of 2423, and the act of 2424, and the act of 2425, and the act of 2426, and the act of 2427, and the act of 2428, and the act of 2429, and the act of 2430, and the act of 2431, and the act of 2432, and the act of 2433, and the act of 2434, and the act of 2435, and the act of 2436, and the act of 2437, and the act of 2438, and the act of 2439, and the act of 2440, and the act of 2441, and the act of 2442, and the act of 2443, and the act of 2444, and the act of 2445, and the act of 2446, and the act of 2447, and the act of 2448, and the act of 2449, and the act of 2450, and the act of 2451, and the act of 2452, and the act of 2453, and the act of 2454, and the act of 2455, and the act of 2456, and the act of 2457, and the act of 2458, and the act of 2459, and the act of 2460, and the act of 2461, and the act of 2462, and the act of 2463, and the act of 2464, and the act of 2465, and the act of 2466, and the act of 2467, and the act of 2468, and the act of 2469, and the act of 2470, and the act of 2471, and the act of 2472, and the act of 2473, and the act of 2474, and the act of