

THE FIGHT ISN'T OVER

Republicans At Greensboro Are Up To Some Foxy Tricks

SIGNIFICANT VISIT MADE

While Not A Great Deal Is Said Work Among The Factions Goes Merely On

Special to The Observer.

Greensboro, Dec. 13.—That the members of the two factions of the Republican party in the State have a strenuous winter before them is apparent. Mention was made in this correspondence about ten days ago of the division in the party ranks and of the offices over which there would be contests between the leaders of the Morehead-Butler-Holton faction and the Adams, Duncan et al. party. It brings forth new evidence of the fight and the increasing magnitude of it.

MR. SHARPE AFTER POSTOFFICE

Mr. Benjamin C. Sharpe, who is always in politics, in season and out of season, and who was one of State Chairman Morehead's chief lieutenants during the campaign this summer, has just returned from a trip to Washington. It is said he went in the interest of District Attorney Holton, but no doubt in the interest of his own candidacy for the Greensboro postoffice. Incidentally, though the term of Postmaster Douglas will not expire for some time.

District Attorney Holton's term of office expired several months ago, but he is still going right on with his work, and if President Taft means to give the postoffice to Judge Adams, it is evident that he is in no hurry to do so.

Mr. Holton "stands in" with the Department of Justice, and deservedly so. There is not a more active, vigorous or painstaking prosecuting officer to be found in the land. Apparently he loves the work, for he takes a great interest in it and makes no effort to build up any outside practice. Judge Adams would probably make just as good an officer, and it has never been intimated that he would be brought in to take his place. It is known in the Department of Justice, and he is said to have Attorney General Wickersham squarely at his back in his candidacy for reappointment.

WAS HE BUT A MESSENGER?

There are those who say that Mr. Sharpe did not go to Washington in the interest of Judge Holton; that he merely went to carry certain important messages and information to Chairman Morehead and ex-Senator Butler.

As has been pointed out, the appointment of Mr. J. E. Brice to be Third Assistant Postmaster General, Briggs as postmaster at Raleigh, together with other reappointments of Adams men for postmasters in smaller towns of the State, make it look favorable for the Adams-Duncan folks.

It is true that the Adams-Duncan men in the Senate and may or may not be confirmed, but in the meantime Mr. Briggs is postmaster at Raleigh and President Taft can keep him in for some time if he cares to.

A "PREMATURE" ANNOUNCEMENT.

Mr. Hiram Worth, chairman of the Guilford county Republican executive committee, who was mentioned in this correspondence as a candidate for the Greensboro postoffice, feels that the announcement of his candidacy was "premature," but he has not been heard to deny that he will want the place.

Greensboro is a Republican center and during terms of Federal court many of them come here as officers of the court, attorneys or defendants. They have been here this week, but they keep their confidences a secret from other folks, especially Democrats and the opposite faction.

THREE SUICIDES AT PITTSBURG.

Two Men and One Woman Shuffle Off the Mortal Coil in One Day.

Pittsburg, Pa., Dec. 13.—Three persons ended their lives in Pittsburg today, one woman and two men. An unknown man, who had been on the Glenwood bridge, across the Monongahela river with the grace and ease of a trained swimmer. His body has not been recovered.

Dr. Francis Vincent Ely, a well-known physician, made a few professional calls early in the day and returning home, kissed his wife and two sons and then shot himself. Before his distracted wife had called another physician, Dr. Ely was dead. He had been ill for some time.

HUSTON AND LEWIS GUILTY.

Former Treasurer of the United States and Companion in National Trust Company Case Convicted by Jury at Washington—Trial Lasted Five Weeks, But Jury Was Out Only a Few Hours.

Washington, Dec. 13.—James N. Huston, Treasurer of the United States from 1889 to 1891, was convicted tonight, together with Harvey M. Lewis of Cincinnati, O., and Everett Dufour of this city, by jury in the criminal court on indictments charging the use of the mails to defraud in connection with the operation of National Trust Company and other concerns.

The trial lasted five weeks but the jury was out only a few hours. The maximum penalty for the offense is 2 years imprisonment and a fine of \$10,000. The three men indicted, however, were allowed to remain at liberty tonight on their bonds pending the hearing of a motion for a new trial which will be made within a few days.

GOV-ELECT BALDWIN NOT AT THE ROOSEVELT BANQUET

The Former President Greeted by a Distinguished Gathering at New Haven But the Absence of Official Representatives of the State Was a Noticeable Feature of the Occasion.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 13.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt, as the guest of the chamber of commerce at its annual banquet tonight, made his first public address since the recent elections. He was cordially greeted by a gathering of upwards of six hundred men, representatives of the business and commercial interests and the professions of the State.

The banquet had more than ordinary significance through the presence of the chief guest, who so recently was in controversy with the former chief justice of the supreme court of errors, Judge Simeon E. Baldwin, who as the Democratic nominee for Governor, overturned the political complexion of the State and Governor-elect had through invited to attend. Judge Baldwin was not present and the place assigned to him at the guest's table bore mute evidence of his absence.

Colonel Roosevelt was escorted from New York by a committee of the chamber and upon his arrival here a very large and enthusiastic crowd was in waiting.

Colonel Roosevelt was driven to the home of Colonel I. M. Ullman, president of the chamber of commerce, where a small number of friends were waiting to greet him.

Later Colonel Roosevelt and President Ullman went to Wolsey hall, where a brief reception was held for the benefit of the members.

The coming here of Colonel Roosevelt had given rise to speculation as to whether Judge Baldwin, following his statement during the election campaign that a suit would be brought against the Colonel having for its basis criticism contained in Colonel Roosevelt's Concord speech, would attempt to serve papers in the action while Colonel Roosevelt was in this State. At Judge Baldwin's earlier in the day, it was said there was no reason to believe that any such step would be taken by Judge Baldwin.

It was a noticeable fact that Governor Weeks was not present to represent the State, nor was any member of the congressional delegation present; but their absence was due to other engagements. The Governor was attending a reception at Meriden to the late estate of Rufus B. Brown of the Grand Army of the Republic, John E. Gilman.

NORTH CAROLINA CLAIMS.

Many Tar Heels Are Beneficiaries In Omnibus Claims Bill Recently Put Before the Senate, Which is Supposed to be Passed Immediately.

Observer Bureau, Washington, Dec. 13.—Following are the North Carolina items in the omnibus claims bill now pending before the Senate and which is expected to be passed immediately: First Baptist church, Newbern, \$1,200; Bushrod W. Nash for Union Baptist Association of Wayne county, \$450; Hardy A. Brevington, administrator of the estate of Rufus B. Brown, Sampson county, \$530; William H. Bucklin, Craven county, \$390; Lucy A. Dibble, administratrix of the estate of Sylvester Dibble, Beaufort county, \$705; J. W. Howett, administrator for William Howett, Tyrrell county, \$1,480; Mary Lee Dennis, executrix of the estate of Rufus B. Brown, Carter county, \$1,182; H. Perry, administrator of the estate of George W. Perry, deceased, Craven county, \$4,250; Presbyterian church of Lumberton, \$1,800; Methodist Episcopal church, South, of Morehead city, \$400; Diocese of East Carolina of the Protestant Episcopal Church, for church at Nags Head, \$855.

Negro Confesses Guilt in Barn Burning Case.

Special to The Observer.

Anderson, S. C., Dec. 13.—Ben Bibb, confessed, about 21 years old, today confessed that he set fire to the barn of W. H. Martin, near Suptus, Friday morning which, with its contents, was burned to the ground, entailing a loss of \$3,000. The negro said he set the barn afire because a son of Mr. Martin beat him. The barn was about the largest in the county and cost \$2,500. It contained considerable feedstuff. Bibb has waived preliminary examination and was lodged in jail to await trial.

PROPOSES BIG MERGER

Mr. Lewis W. Parker Talks Of Cotton Mill Combination

IT WILL NOT BE A TRUST

To Consolidate Nine Concerns Representing 360,000 Spindles—Capital To Be \$10,000,000

Special to The Observer.

Charleston, S. C., Dec. 13.—Mr. Lewis W. Parker of Greenville was in Charleston yesterday and while here announced a scheme to form the largest cotton mill merger ever attempted in the South. Mr. Parker is at the head of or is interested in nine big cotton mills in this State and his visit to Charleston was made for the purpose of presenting to the Charleston stockholders of these mills a proposition to merge them all into one company under one executive management. The Greenville was made and the plan explained at a meeting of the local stockholders held at the Commercial Club.

TO COMBINE NINE MILLS.

Mr. Parker contemplates the combination of the nine mills in which he is interested into a single company, believing that such a scheme would benefit all parties concerned, the farmer, as well as the holder of cotton mill stock. The mills to be included in the merger are the following: Olympia mills, Columbia, 100,000 spindles; Granby mills, Columbia, 57,000 spindles; Capital City mills, Columbia, 15,000 spindles; Richland mills, Columbia, 26,000 spindles; Beaver Dam mills, Edgefield, 10,000 spindles; Victor Manufacturing Company, Greer, 40,000 spindles; Appalache mills, Greenville, 60,000 spindles; Greer Manufacturing Company, Greer, 10,000 spindles. The total number of spindles in the mills to be included in the proposed merger is approximately 360,000.

CANNOT BE CALLED A TRUST.

Mr. Parker stated yesterday that the proposed merger will not result in the formation of a trust. The merger of the nine mills that have been mentioned will not result in a monopoly, since only one-tenth of the total number of spindles now in operation in this State will be included.

The capitalization of the big corporation to include all the mills named above is to be approximately \$10,000,000.

THE PROPOSED MANAGEMENT.

The following is the proposed executive management of the corporation:

President, Thomas F. Parker, president of the Monaghan mills; vice presidents, M. L. Marchant of Greer, J. H. M. Beatty of Columbia, David Jennings of Greenville. Treasurer, Lewis W. Parker of Columbia; secretary, F. J. Inglesby of the Appalache mills at Greer.

The duties of all these officials are to be so divided as to departmentize the work of all of them.

Youthful Bandit Pleads Guilty to Charge of Highway Robbery.

New Orleans, Dec. 13.—William Jackson, Jr., the youthful New Jersey street car bandit, who was arrested last night after a successful attempt to rob the conductor of a street car almost in the heart of the business section of the city, pleaded guilty today to charges of highway robbery. He was remanded to the parish prison to await formal trial Friday.

Jackson, who gives his age as 19, admitted that he was wanted in Chicago for robbery. A telegram from Trenton, N. J., stated that Jackson's father was in the drug business there and that the young man was under indictment there. Jackson said he had been in New Orleans five days and had held up five cars.

Prominent Southern Universalist Preacher and Editor Passes.

Notasuga, Ala., Dec. 13.—Rev. John C. Bushrod, well known throughout the South, died here yesterday afternoon. For forty years he was editor of The Universalist here and published in Montgomery and Notasuga. He was the recognized head of the Universalist denomination in the South, preaching in all the Southern States from Maryland to Texas, and was pastor of the Universalist church here for more than 50 years and until his death.

Alabama Youth Shoots Uncle Who Interferes in Quarrel.

Enterprise, Ala., Dec. 13.—Late this afternoon Barry Carraway, who lived near this place, was shot and killed by his nephew, Henry Carraway, aged 18. The boy and his sister were engaged in a quarrel and the elder Carraway, seeking to settle the trouble and separate them, took the side of the girl in the quarrel. Upon his interference the young man drew his pistol and shot him in the head, inflicting a fatal wound. Carraway was arrested.

Forsyth Completes Census of School Children.

Special to The Observer.

Winston-Salem, Dec. 13.—The census of school children in Forsyth county between 6 and 21 years of age shows that there are 9,389, exclusive of those in Winston-Salem and Kernersville. Of the number there are 7,463 white children. The prospects are that this will prove to be the best year known in the county schools, from every standpoint.

SALISBURY NEWS NOTES.

Child is Fearfully Burned But Saved From Probable Death by Prompt Action of Her Mother—Desperate Negro Caught—Other Evidences of Crime.

Observer Bureau, 421 North Main Street, Salisbury, Dec. 13.

Julia, the four-year-old daughter of Mrs. William Johnston, was fearfully burned from the waist down at the home of her mother on North Main street at noon today. Coming in contact with a stove her dress caught fire and but for the presence of the mother in the room the little girl would probably have burned to death. Johnston grabbed her a comfort which she quickly wrapped around the burning child. The injuries will not prove fatal. The child is a grand-daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John A. Sims of Cabarrus and a niece of Mrs. J. N. Sloan and P. W. Williams.

Mr. James Ketchie with a force of hands is busy tonight moving his barber shop from East Innis street to the handsome tonorial parlors recently fitted up near the First National bank on North Main street. Charles Ketchie, a desperate young negro who has been terrorizing the colored settlements around Barber for some days, has been arrested by Deputy Sheriff Kimball and Thompson as a murder suspect of Chesterfield county, South Carolina, and is now in the Salisbury jail awaiting the arrival of a South Carolina officer.

Word was received here today of the death in a Philadelphia hospital of Mrs. Derrell, who with her husband appeared here at the Grand inquest of the late Mrs. Derrell. She deceased was a native of Greensboro, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Woodward of that city, and was a grand-daughter of the late Fletcher Pace, who for years was captain of the Salisbury police force.

JUDGE BOND'S CHARGE TO THE JURY FAVORS HATTIE LE BLANC

Effort to Put Crime of Murdering Glover on the Widow is Shown in Every Move of the Defense—Judge's Charge Will Be Completed This Morning.

Cambridge, Mass., Dec. 13.—The fate of Hattie LeBlanc, the Cape Breton girl, who is charged with the murder of Clarence F. Glover, will be in the hands of the jury tomorrow. Judge Bond, in the morning, will complete his charge begun today, and after the girl has mounted the stand and declared her innocence, the jury will take charge of the case. The jurymen listened today to earnest appeals by Melvin M. Johnson, senior counsel for the defendant, and District Attorney John J. Higgins. Mr. Johnson made an impassioned plea for the acquittal of the girl, while District Attorney Higgins asked for conviction.

Judge Bond then began his charge and much of what he said was considered to be distinctly favorable to the defendant. Especially so were his words bearing on the question whether the girl had the courage and the ability to use for the first time a revolver that required the grasp of a good-sized hand, and the knowledge how to release a safety attachment. He said the government had not shown that Hattie LeBlanc had ever used such a weapon, while on the other hand the girl, the widow, did know how to use one.

Judge Bond called particular attention to what he said was very important testimony given by Hattie LeBlanc, in which she said she heard what she thought was another person in the laundry when she was there with Glover. He said the jury must determine whether there was any one else there who might have had the opportunity to shoot Glover.

He charged that the jury should exclude altogether from the case any reference to an alleged dying statement by Glover.

He said the girl being found in hiding under the bed in the Glover house, Judge Bond said the jury was asked to decide whether Hattie hid herself voluntarily or was assisted in hiding by some one else.

"It has been shown from the defendant's own testimony," said Judge Bond, "that she was in the laundry. Mrs. Glover said that she was at her home reading a paper and using a telephone. There is testimony showing that Mrs. Glover was on the street that evening and it is with the jury whether she had opportunity of being in the laundry. It has been shown that Mrs. Glover was familiar with pistols and their use." He was urging the jury to give the girl the benefit of any reasonable doubt when he decided to conclude his remarks tomorrow morning.

MRS. SHONTS MUST PAY.

Collector Loeb Assesses New York Woman Duty Nearly Equal to Value of Her Jewelry.

New York, Dec. 13.—Collector Loeb disposed of the case of Mrs. Theodore P. Shonts, wife of the head of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, today by assessing \$18,000, the usual sixty per cent duty on jewelry appraised at \$30,000, which was taken from Mrs. Shonts when she arrived from Europe last week.

Mrs. Shonts did not declare the jewelry because she was under the impression that it was not dutiable inasmuch as she had obtained it in Paris in exchange for jewelry upon which she had already paid duty in this country.

An investigation of the surveyor into the facts showed that there was no concealment of the jewelry and that the failure of Mrs. Shonts to declare it was not willful.

REBEL FORCE DEFEATED

Mexican Troops Slay Seventy in Engagement in Chihuahua

FEDERAL FORCES LOSE 14 MEN

Insurrectos Flee Toward Guerrero And Further Engagement Expected—News Sent To Washington

Laredo, Tex., Dec. 13.—Seventy Mexican revolutionists were killed and a small number wounded in a battle this afternoon with Federal troops in Cerrero Prieto, State of Chihuahua, according to a telegram received tonight by Miguel E. Diebold, Mexican consul stationed at Nueva Laredo, from Enrique Creel, Mexican Minister of Foreign Relations.

Cerrero Prieto is a small station on the line of the Mexican Northwestern Railroad, between the town of Concepcion on the west and Cosahuatlas on the northwest.

Commenting on the situation Colonel Diebold says: "For some time past a small body of alleged revolutionists have been operating in the Chihuahua district. They have caused the government no alarm, however, and today's advice received from an official source in the capital in all probability means that the government was suppressing the roving bands which have been causing minor disturbances."

Mexico City, Dec. 13.—News of an encounter between Federal forces under General Navarro and the revolutionists at Cerrero Prieto, near the city of Guerrero, Chihuahua, was received at the Department of War here today. Seventy of the rebels were reported killed and many others wounded and captured. The Federal forces are said to have lost fourteen men, including two officers.

The fight, which occurred on Sunday, lasted five hours and ended in the rout of the insurrectos, who fled toward Guerrero. The latter humbled, according to the estimate of General Navarro, from 400 to 500. They were entrenched on the mountains. The Federal forces, which numbered about 1,000 infantry, cavalry and artillery, made a series of strategic movements intended to draw the enemy into the open.

Immediately after the battle between Navarro sent a report of the affair to General Hernandez in Chihuahua, by whom it was officially communicated to the War Department. At that time it was believed that a further encounter would occur near Guerrero.

Washington, Dec. 13.—Senator De La Barra, the Mexican ambassador, received tonight the following dispatch from Enrique Creel, Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs: "General Navarro's forces today defeated the seditionists at Cerrero Prieto, in Chihuahua. The number of killed was sixty and many more are wounded. The remainder of the seditionists are in flight and the Federal troops are pursuing them."

AMERICANS ARE WATCHED.

Honduran Authorities Fear Some Soldier of Fortune May Lark in Bunch of Foreigners—Government Prepared For War.

Puerto Cortez, Honduras, Dec. 13.—A guard of soldiers is placed every night around the local hotel here where foreign visitors and business men stay. Ostensibly this guard is for protection but the real object is to watch the actions of the Americans.

The government fears a revolution and suspects that an American soldier of fortune may be masked behind every Yankee passport presented here. It is reliably reported that the hotel guard is under instructions to see not only that Americans are not permitted to join in any fighting which may start, but that they shall not be allowed to leave the hotel to start trouble on their own account.

The ordinary business of the republic goes on undisturbed but such enterprises as Americans and other foreigners are likely to be interested in are badly hampered.

One feature of the government's military preparations is ominous, namely, the mounting of machine guns and reliable reports that other arms of this type have been purchased.

The Honduran gunboat La Tumbales in the harbor here with steam up day and night. She is equipped with Krupp guns of small caliber and is expected to have one or two expert gunners aboard to handle them.

INSANITY TO BE THE PLEA

Laura Schenk's Lawyers Will Say That She Was Not in Her Right Mind When She Poisoned Her Husband—The Trial Postponed.

Wheeling, W. Va., Dec. 13.—Insanity will be alleged in defense of Laura Farnworth Schenk, who is charged with the attempted murder of her wealthy husband, John O. Schenk, by poison, according to affidavits filed by her lawyers today support of a motion for postponement of her trial. Judge Jordan, of the criminal court, granted the postponement from December 15 to January 9 on the ground that the depositions of witnesses outside this State were wanted to go to prove that the defendant inherited unsoundness of mind.

For another month, until the trial, Mrs. Schenk will remain in the county jail, where she has been since November 9 when she was arrested. In course of the arraignment in court today, Samuel O'Boyle, one of her lawyers was asked why Mrs. Schenk did not furnish bail and said that the reason was "locked within his breast and would not be divulged." Mrs. Schenk was present during the proceedings looking less ruddy than usual, but seemingly cheerful. Her husband is convalescing steadily but was not able to go motoring today, as has been his custom for the past few days.

MOVE TOWARD IMMERSION CREATES ROW IN PRESBYTERY

Effort to Substitute That Method For Sprinkling Brings on Heated Debate at Pittsburg and Resolution is Decried by a Large Majority—One Minister Threatens to Leave the Church.

Pittsburg, Pa., Dec. 13.—A movement to substitute immersionsal baptism for sprinkling method now employed by the Presbyterian church in the United States was approved in the report of a committee to the Pittsburg Presbytery today but after a heated discussion the idea was turned down.

Rev. Dr. D. S. Schaff of the Western Theological Seminary, chairman of the committee on bills and overtures, reported the recommendation that the words "sprinkling and pouring" be stricken from the Book of Discipline and the word "baptism" be substituted. Dr. Schaff pointed out that the word "baptism" was from the Greek meaning "to put under" and said that even in Germany where the Baptists had no following and the question was not an issue the churches agreed on this point.

Rev. Dr. W. L. McEwan, pastor of the Third Presbyterian church, cautioned against hurried action on so important a matter and declared that under the present arrangement a member had the privilege of immersion.

Rev. John Royal Harris of the Shady Avenue church said: "I would not and could not immerse in the name of the Trinity, and I would leave the church first." The Rev. C. S. George suggested that those who desired the radical change should be given a "clean bill of health" and sent over to the Baptist church; others pointed out the expense of installing baptismal pools in the churches. The change was finally defeated by a large majority.

The movement, although a futile one, was regarded as important because of the fact that the Presbyterian headquarters are nominally in Pittsburg.

CANNON OPPOSES NEGRO.

Booker Washington and the Speaker Meet at the White House, the Former to Espouse the Cause of Negro Lawyer and the Latter to Oppose Him, But For Economic Reasons.

Washington, Dec. 13.—President Taft's inclination to appoint William C. Cannon, a negro lawyer of Boston, as Assistant Attorney General is meeting considerable opposition. Booker T. Washington called upon Attorney General Wickersham today to urge it and Speaker Cannon called to oppose it.

Speaker Cannon's opposition, however, is not one of color or race, but of economy. It is now known that the place the President had in mind for Lewis was that of Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Indian department cases. John G. Thompson, of Danville, Ill., speaker of Cannon's home town, now holds that place and intends to resign as soon as his work is done.

Mr. Thompson has reported that he can clear up all the Indian department cases in a few months and Speaker Cannon has indicated that there will be no longer need for an Assistant Attorney General in that office.

There is no vacancy of important rank on Mr. Wickersham's staff.

ANDERSON MAN FOR JUSTICE.

General M. L. Bonham, prominent Attorney and President of South Carolina Bar Association, is endorsed for New Justiceship of State Supreme Court. Special to The Observer.

TARIFF TALK IN SENATE

Easterners Willing To Join Westerners in Piece-Meal Revision

CUMMINGS ATTACKS THE LAW

Right Of Upper House To Interfere With Rules Of Lower Occupies Much Of The Day

Washington, Dec. 13.—Discussion of the tariff in the Senate today precipitated a lively debate in which Senators Cummins, Aldrich, Beveridge and Hale were the principal participants. It was occasioned by Senator Cummins speaking in his resolution to amend the rules of the Senate and House so as to permit revision of the tariff schedule by schedule, and was ended when, on motion of Senator Hale, the resolution was tabled. The Senate confirmed a long list of recess appointments.

In the House the pension appropriation bill, carrying \$18,614,000, was passed. Both houses adjourned to meet at noon tomorrow.

Washington, Dec. 13.—The Senate today listened to the first tariff debate of the session, and while necessarily it served to develop the important fact that some Eastern Senators, among them Messrs. Lodge and Aldrich, are willing to join with Western associates in the piece-meal revision of the tariff. The subject came up on a motion to refer to the committee on rules, the Cummins joint resolution, providing for the limitation of the power to amend the tariff looking to the modification of paragraphs and schedules of the Payne-Aldrich bill.

Mr. Cummins' speech was the first attack of the session on the Payne-Aldrich law, and it received careful attention. Senator Beveridge avowed an intention of looking for a general tariff discussion. He contended that the people generally believed that the law should be amended. Declaring then that under existing parliamentary usage in the House and the Senate the amendment of a tariff law is out of the question, he contended that the first step to be taken was the modification of the rules so as to render it possible to amend an individual provision of the tariff law without taking up the entire tariff question.

THE REAL ISSUE.

"The real issue," he said, "is whether we shall so amend our rules as to permit the amendment of the law schedule by schedule. Senator Lodge declared his willingness to do all in his power to advance legislation for the amendment of the tariff schedules. Mr. Aldrich favored amendment, but said that he would prefer taking up the question by subjects rather than by schedules. He, however, was emphatic in his opposition to the House's method of proceeding, which contemplates the alteration of the rules of both the House and Senate by joint resolution. Senator Hale, who opposes the amendment, did not participate in the debate. It is expected that he will take ground totally antagonistic to the Cummins program.

RIGHTS OF SENATE.

During the day much attention was given to the right of the Senate to interfere in any way in the formation of House rules and of the Senate to amend revenue bills which, under the constitution, must originate in the House. Mr. Aldrich flatly announced his opposition to any course that would circumscribe the House and Mr. Cummins interpreted severely upon the Senate's practice of building up bills to its own liking on measures supplied by the House.

As Mr. Cummins proceeded to develop his opposition to senatorial amendments to tariff bills he was sharply antagonized by Mr. Aldrich, who went so far as to declare the doctrine "revolutionary" favoring the "would 'rob' STATES."

"It absolutely robs the States of their right of equal representation," he declared.

Mr. Cummins contended that unless the rules of the two houses were amended there would be no possibility of amending the tariff, with the consequence that it must remain as is until "the people in their indignation and wrath rise up and compel a general revision."

Amendments to Law Requiring Marking of Confederate Graves.

Washington, Dec. 13.—Amendments are proposed to the law requiring the marking of the graves of Confederate soldiers and soldiers who died in Northern prisons, and were buried nearby. Extension of the time of the commission charged with that work for three years from February 26 next is urged in a report to the House today from the military affairs committee.