

Bring Your
JOB PRINTING
-TO-
The News-Herald Office.
FIRST-CLASS WORK AT
LOWEST PRICES.

THE NEWS-HERALD.

T. G. COBB, Publisher.

THE BURKE COUNTY NEWS
THE MORGANTON HERALD
Consolidated Nov. 29, 1901

Subscription Price, \$1 Per Year In Advance

VOL. XXIV.

MORGANTON, N. C., APRIL 30, 1908.

No. 4.

The News-Herald
-IS THE-
Best Advertising
Medium
-IN THE-
PIEDMONT SECTION

CONGRESSMAN WEBB ON PROHIBITION.

In the House of Representatives recently Congressman Webb, of this, the 9th, North Carolina district, made a telling speech, from which we give our readers some extracts, as follows:

The problem of the regulation of the whiskey traffic and its absolute prohibition has agitated the minds of the people of the United States for the last fifteen years more than any other question. No careful observer of the times will deny that public sentiment against the whiskey traffic is growing stronger and stronger every day. Only a few years ago bar rooms were maintained in this capitol building. Now not a drop of whiskey is, allowed to be sold anywhere within its mighty confines. The Congress took this step against the traffic.

A few years ago the army canteen flourished among our soldier boys, but not so now. This Congress has forbidden it. In 1906 Congress passed a law requiring the collectors of internal revenue to place conspicuously in their office for public inspection a list of all persons who have paid a special license tax in his district, and they shall furnish a copy of such list of persons to any prosecuting officer of any State, county, or municipality upon demand by such officer.

The Hepburn-Dolliver bill passed this House by almost a unanimous vote on January 27th, 1903, and died in the Senate. I verily believe, sir, that if a vote can be secured on that measure by the present membership of this House, it will pass again by a practically unanimous vote; and if it does so pass, it will not die so easily at the other end of the capitol.

The courts of the United States, almost universally, have condemned the whiskey traffic. I have only time to quote from one judicial tribunal, and that is the Supreme court of the United States, the greatest law body on earth.

"We cannot shut out of view the fact, within the knowledge of all, that the public health, the public morals and the public safety is endangered by the general use of intoxicating liquors; nor the fact established by statistics accessible to every one, that the idleness, disorder, pauperism and crime existing in the country are largely traceable to this evil."

Let it be understood that no man has the inherent or natural right to sell whiskey. The right to sell it depends upon the will of the people, for the United States Supreme court in the case of *Crowley vs. Christensen*, 136 U. S. 83, has declared:

"There is no inherent right in a citizen to thus sell intoxicating liquors by retail; it is not a privilege of a citizen of a State or of the United States."

Therefore, no barkeeper can cry that he is deprived of any inherent or natural right when the people, by their vote, tell him that he must not and shall not sell whiskey within the borders of a county or State.

I believe that the number of cotton mill owners who favor the liquor traffic in the great State from which I come—and it has more cotton mills than any other State in the Union—can be counted on the fingers of one hand. I am equally sincere in the belief that less than five per cent. of honest, industrious, home-building cotton mill operatives in North Carolina are in favor of the liquor traffic. It is the one great curse among them and they are using their best efforts to stamp it out of existence.

The famous labor leader in England, John Burns, member of parliament, recently declared to a great audience of working men in London, in discussing the liquor question:

"I deem it my duty to say that but for drink and its concomitant evils our problem would be smaller and our remedies more effective."

No one knows better than the laboring man the blighting, desolating effects of whiskey or to what depths of misery and shame it will drag him.

The merchant opposes the whiskey traffic not only on moral grounds, but because he has learned that the saloon is an inveterate foe to thrift and industry and lessens the capacity of his debtor to meet his obligations.

The farmer is opposed to the liquor traffic. He takes the high moral ground that he has no right to license a system whose chief business is to destroy character, increase crime, enlarge the pauper class and darken homes. He opposes it on another ground—out in the rural districts, far from the protecting hand of policeman and sheriff he knows the danger of his wife and daughter from the drunken negro whose blood is heated and whose brain is unbalanced by the use of bad liquor. The negro seems to have inherited an appetite for intoxicants, and, like the tiger when he tastes blood, the negro likewise when he becomes intoxicated, becomes enraged.

Let the farmers consult their wives and daughters as to whether or not the open saloon should exist in any country district of our fair State. For that matter, if you will leave the vote to the women of our State as to whether or not the saloon should exist in town or country, I guarantee the whiskey traffic would not have one ballot in its favor.

More than one-half of this great republic of eighty millions of people has already adopted prohibition laws. The following commonwealths, aggregating a population of more than nine millions of people, have adopted absolute State prohibition, to-wit: Alabama, Georgia, Kansas, Maine, North Dakota and Oklahoma.

The people of the United States are waking up to the fact that the whiskey traffic is the most ruthless and wreckless destroyer of property, character and life that exists in our midst. Hon. Carroll D. Wright, while United States Commissioner of Labor, said:

"I have looked into a thousand homes of the working people of Europe; I do not know how many in this country. I have tried to find the best and the worst; and while, as I say, the worst exists, and as bad as under any system, or as bad as in any age, I have never had to look beyond the inmates to find the cause; and in every case, so far as my observation goes, drunkenness was at the bottom of the misery, and not the industrial system or the industrial conditions surrounding the men and their families."

Intoxicating liquors each year cost the people of the United States more than the price of their annual product of wheat, cotton, gold, silver, lead and precious stones. The tariff taxes

collected by the United States government for a whole year would scarcely pay the liquor bills of our people for sixty days.

From high testimonials, he continued, we can easily gather that prohibition is a blessing and a benefit morally and industrially to those States that have adopted it. Then why should not the voters and citizens who love peace, rever the law, hate crime and weep over sorrow, unite in one grand phalanx and on May 26th drive the saloon forever from the borders of our beloved and fair Carolina?

Washington Political Gossip.
Mr. Thos. J. Pence writing to the News and Observer from Washington furnishes the following interesting political gossip:

The opposition to the nomination of Secretary of War Taft has faded in, and it is only a question of days when public acknowledgement of this statement will be made. While it is true that the various headquarters of the allied Republican candidates are still in operation, they will cease to exist as soon as a graceful retreat can be made. This is the situation with regard to Republican national politics, and it was brought about during the past two weeks.

Financial interests in the East have made certain the nomination of Mr. Taft. These interests started out to force the nomination of one of the allied candidates. There was a liberal expenditure of money in promoting the candidates of those opposed to the candidate who had the O. K. of the author of "my policies."

During the past ten days the great moneyed interests, according to a very high authority here, came to a realization of the fact that the fight against the nomination of Mr. Taft was a hopeless one. Also fearful lest Mr. Roosevelt should jump in and take the nomination himself, this element decided to get aboard the Taft band-wagon.

As between Taft and Roosevelt there was no hesitation in making a choice.

According to my informant, who is one of the best posted men in the nation on matters political, this was only a preliminary move in a game that has for its object the selection of the man who will be the next president. The great financial interests have figured that it would be easier to sway the action of the nominating conventions than to influence the election. These interests, after a careful observation of recent political history, came to the conclusion that Roosevelt could defeat any man who might be nominated for the presidency.

Roosevelt was the one Republican whom they did not want, so they decided to get behind Taft and make certain his nomination. In this calculation William Jennings Bryan figures. The interests, according to the gentleman who vouches for this information, believe that Bryan could defeat Mr. Taft, and for this reason have decided to make the fight against the nomination of the Nebraskan at Denver. In other words, the Secretary of War is the most acceptable man in sight to the element mentioned, and rather than fight him for the nomination with the chance of losing, it has been decided to transfer the warfare against Mr. Bryan. The financial interests are of the opinion that Taft can defeat Johnson or any other democrat whose nomination has been suggested in place of Mr. Bryan.

"These people are afraid of both Bryan and Roosevelt. They think they have eliminated T. R. by flocking to the support of Taft, and they hope to eliminate Bryan at Denver. There is a great deal in this story, which comes from a former democrat, now affiliated with the Republican party. I happened to know that redoubled efforts are now being made to prevent Mr. Bryan from securing two-thirds of the delegates at Denver. This plan of campaign, which has been carried on in the east, is now being extended to the south. There is much evidence here that a fight is going to be made at the North Carolina state convention to send an uninstruted delegation to the national convention.

PLENTY OF TROUBLE
Is caused by stagnation of the liver and bowels, to get rid of it and headache and biliousness and the poison that brings jaundice, take Dr. King's New Life Pills, the reliable purifiers that do the work without grating or griping. 25c. at W. A. Leslie's drug store.

Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea never fails to tone the stomach, purify the blood, regulate the kidneys, liver and bowels. The greatest spring tonic, males and keeps you well. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. W. A. Leslie.

RUTHERFORD COLLEGE NOTES.

Debate Between Rutherford College and Mars Hill College in Which Rutherford Wins—R. C. Commencement May 9-13-Baseball.

Rutherford College Correspondence, 25th.

On Friday night, April 24th, at 8 o'clock, there was held in the college chapel a debate between representatives from Mars Hill College and Rutherford College. The query for discussion was "Resolved, That aggregated wealth in the hands of corporations is proving detrimental to the welfare of the people of the United States."

Mars Hill, having the affirmative, was represented by Messrs. J. B. Eller and J. S. Battle, while Messrs. W. F. Starnes and J. F. Moser represented Rutherford and defended the negative. It was a very spirited contest, the discussion being both entertaining and instructive. These young men all acquitted themselves with great credit. The committee, composed of Prof. Anderson Weaver, of Davenport College; Professor Avent, superintendent of the Morganton graded school, and Mr. Roberts, an attorney of Asheville, decided that Rutherford won in the contest by a very small margin. It is to be hoped that an annual debate between these two institutions can be arranged. Nothing can speak more convincingly of the high grade of work done at these institutions of learning than the able way in which the question was discussed last night.

Invitations to the commencement exercises of Rutherford College are being but in the mail. They read as follows: "The faculty and students of Rutherford College request you to be present at the commencement exercises May ninth to thirteenth, nineteen hundred and eight, college auditorium." Programme—Saturday, May 9th, 8 p. m., exercises by Newtonian Literary Society; Sunday, May 10th, 8 p. m., Y. M. C. A. sermon by Rev. J. H. Weaver, D. D., of Hickory; Monday, May 11th, 8 p. m., exercises by Platonic Literary Society; Tuesday, May 12th, 11 a. m., the annual sermon by Rev. E. K. McLarty, of Salisbury; 8 p. m., exercises by Victorian Literary Society; Wednesday, May 13th, 11 a. m., literary address by Rev. J. W. Daniel, D. D., of Columbia, S. C.; 3 p. m., alumni address by Rev. J. W. Jones, of Mooresville; 8 p. m., dramatic play by college dramatic club.

Professor McKay has returned from Chattanooga, Tenn., where he attended the laymen's meeting. He reports a pleasant stay at Chattanooga and an enthusiastic meeting.

The baseball team returned from Asheville Friday evening, having played two games with Asheville School, losing the first and winning the second.

Mr. Karl Jansen, the Swedish lecturer and impersonator, gave an entertainment at Rutherford College Thursday night. His impersonation of King Richard III was without doubt the best piece of acting it has ever been the privilege of the students here to witness.

Berry Shipments.
Wilmington Dispatch, 22nd.

One hundred solid car-loads of strawberries were handled from the trucking belt yesterday through the junction office at South Rocky Mount, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, and Buffalo, having received the bulk of the consignments. More than a hundred cars are being loaded in the belt for shipment to-day and the report from Rocky Mount to-morrow is expected to show almost a record breaker in volume of traffic. Chadbourne is the centre of industry just at present and hundreds of representatives of the produce commission houses of the country are now there looking after the shipments.

A COMMON MISTAKE.
Many women mistake kidney and bladder troubles for some irregularity peculiar to the sex. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects irregularities and makes women well. Miss Carrie Harden, Bowling Green, Ky., writes: "I suffered much pain from kidney and bladder trouble until I started to use Foley's Kidney Remedy. The first bottle gave me great relief, and after taking the second bottle I was entirely well." W. A. Leslie.

It provides baby with the necessary fat and mineral food for healthy growth.

ALL DRUGGISTS, 50c. AND \$1.00.

THE FOREST QUESTION.

Meaning of the Appalachian Reserve Misunderstood by Many, and It is Therefore Clearly Set Forth.

"Forest" in Charlotte Observer.

Many have misunderstood the meaning of the Appalachian forest question. False and misleading statements have been scattered broadcast. It has been said that the government would drive the people from their homes. Nothing could be more untrue. The government plans to buy timberland of those who wish to sell at a fair price. Instead of destroying homes and turning the region into a wilderness, it will bring business into the section. It will encourage the farming of land more suited to farming than other uses. It will permit grazing so long as this does not hurt the range and the forests. It will permit the cutting of timber where that does not damage the forests. It will permit mining, where minerals exist, as it does in the Western national forests. The government will help pay the local taxes, 10 per cent. of the gross receipts from timber sales and other forest uses going to the county. The government will protect the forests against fire. It will check the approach of the timber famine. It will make floods less common and dangerous. In selling timber the government will give the preference to people living in and near the woods rather than to outsiders. Good roads will be built into the woods and these will be open to the public. More or less work with wages will be furnished in building roads, getting out timber and protecting the forests. Some will be needed to help in planting trees like poplar and oak, which are growing scarce. The measure will aid directly the interests of the local community, the State, the section and the nation. It is a part of a great movement which seeks to conserve, for the highest use of all the people, our great natural resources and to prevent the turning of the country into a desert, as has already been done in large sections of the old world.

Weak women get prompt and lasting help by using Dr. Shoop's Night Cure. This soothing, healing, antiseptic suppository, with full information how to proceed are interestingly told in my book "No. 4 for Women". The book and strictly confidential medical advice is entirely free. Simply write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis., for my book No. 4. Sold by Burke Drug Co.

Monument to Murdered Youth.
Oak Ridge, Va., Dispatch, 22nd.

The first anniversary of the death of Theodore Estes, who was shot and killed by Judge William G. Loving for alleged betrayal of his daughter, was observed to-day by the unveiling of a handsome monument erected in memory of the young man. The fund for the monument was raised by an association formed for the purpose, composed almost exclusively of ladies who believe that young Estes was innocent of the offence charged against him.

The killing of young Estes by Judge Loving occurred at Oak Ridge station, April 22, 1907. Judge Loving was at the time manager of the Oak Ridge estate of Thomas F. Ryan, the New York millionaire. According to the testimony at the trial Judge Loving's young daughter had told her father that young Estes had drugged and wronged her while out driving. The father immediately hunted up Estes and without asking for an explanation shot an instantly killed him. On the strength of his daughter's testimony he was acquitted of the charge of murder.

Monument to Murdered Youth.
Oak Ridge, Va., Dispatch, 22nd.

The first anniversary of the death of Theodore Estes, who was shot and killed by Judge William G. Loving for alleged betrayal of his daughter, was observed to-day by the unveiling of a handsome monument erected in memory of the young man. The fund for the monument was raised by an association formed for the purpose, composed almost exclusively of ladies who believe that young Estes was innocent of the offence charged against him.

The killing of young Estes by Judge Loving occurred at Oak Ridge station, April 22, 1907. Judge Loving was at the time manager of the Oak Ridge estate of Thomas F. Ryan, the New York millionaire. According to the testimony at the trial Judge Loving's young daughter had told her father that young Estes had drugged and wronged her while out driving. The father immediately hunted up Estes and without asking for an explanation shot an instantly killed him. On the strength of his daughter's testimony he was acquitted of the charge of murder.

Monument to Murdered Youth.
Oak Ridge, Va., Dispatch, 22nd.

The first anniversary of the death of Theodore Estes, who was shot and killed by Judge William G. Loving for alleged betrayal of his daughter, was observed to-day by the unveiling of a handsome monument erected in memory of the young man. The fund for the monument was raised by an association formed for the purpose, composed almost exclusively of ladies who believe that young Estes was innocent of the offence charged against him.

The killing of young Estes by Judge Loving occurred at Oak Ridge station, April 22, 1907. Judge Loving was at the time manager of the Oak Ridge estate of Thomas F. Ryan, the New York millionaire. According to the testimony at the trial Judge Loving's young daughter had told her father that young Estes had drugged and wronged her while out driving. The father immediately hunted up Estes and without asking for an explanation shot an instantly killed him. On the strength of his daughter's testimony he was acquitted of the charge of murder.

Monument to Murdered Youth.
Oak Ridge, Va., Dispatch, 22nd.

The first anniversary of the death of Theodore Estes, who was shot and killed by Judge William G. Loving for alleged betrayal of his daughter, was observed to-day by the unveiling of a handsome monument erected in memory of the young man. The fund for the monument was raised by an association formed for the purpose, composed almost exclusively of ladies who believe that young Estes was innocent of the offence charged against him.

The killing of young Estes by Judge Loving occurred at Oak Ridge station, April 22, 1907. Judge Loving was at the time manager of the Oak Ridge estate of Thomas F. Ryan, the New York millionaire. According to the testimony at the trial Judge Loving's young daughter had told her father that young Estes had drugged and wronged her while out driving. The father immediately hunted up Estes and without asking for an explanation shot an instantly killed him. On the strength of his daughter's testimony he was acquitted of the charge of murder.

Monument to Murdered Youth.
Oak Ridge, Va., Dispatch, 22nd.

The first anniversary of the death of Theodore Estes, who was shot and killed by Judge William G. Loving for alleged betrayal of his daughter, was observed to-day by the unveiling of a handsome monument erected in memory of the young man. The fund for the monument was raised by an association formed for the purpose, composed almost exclusively of ladies who believe that young Estes was innocent of the offence charged against him.

The killing of young Estes by Judge Loving occurred at Oak Ridge station, April 22, 1907. Judge Loving was at the time manager of the Oak Ridge estate of Thomas F. Ryan, the New York millionaire. According to the testimony at the trial Judge Loving's young daughter had told her father that young Estes had drugged and wronged her while out driving. The father immediately hunted up Estes and without asking for an explanation shot an instantly killed him. On the strength of his daughter's testimony he was acquitted of the charge of murder.

Monument to Murdered Youth.
Oak Ridge, Va., Dispatch, 22nd.

The first anniversary of the death of Theodore Estes, who was shot and killed by Judge William G. Loving for alleged betrayal of his daughter, was observed to-day by the unveiling of a handsome monument erected in memory of the young man. The fund for the monument was raised by an association formed for the purpose, composed almost exclusively of ladies who believe that young Estes was innocent of the offence charged against him.

The killing of young Estes by Judge Loving occurred at Oak Ridge station, April 22, 1907. Judge Loving was at the time manager of the Oak Ridge estate of Thomas F. Ryan, the New York millionaire. According to the testimony at the trial Judge Loving's young daughter had told her father that young Estes had drugged and wronged her while out driving. The father immediately hunted up Estes and without asking for an explanation shot an instantly killed him. On the strength of his daughter's testimony he was acquitted of the charge of murder.

Where the finest biscuit, cake, hot-breads, crusts or puddings are required Royal is indispensable.

ROYAL
Baking Powder
Absolutely Pure

Not only for rich or fine food or for special times or service. Royal is equally valuable in the preparation of plain, substantial, every-day foods, for all occasions. It makes the food more tasty, nutritious and wholesome.

Got Answers Mixed.
Two correspondents wrote to a country editor to know respectively the best way of assisting twins through the teething period and how to rid an orchard of grasshoppers. The editor answered both faithfully but unfortunately got the answers mixed, so that the fond father of the teething twins was thunderstruck by the following advice:

"If you are so unfortunate as to be plagued by these unwelcome little pests, the quickest way of settling them is to cover them with straw and set the straw on fire."

The man who was bothered with grasshoppers was equally amazed to read:

"The best treatment is to give them each a warm bath twice a day and rub their gums with bonese."

DEATH WAS ON HIS HEELS.
Jesse P. Morris, of Skippers, Va., had a close call in the spring of 1906. He says: "An attack of pneumonia left me so weak and with such a fearful cough that my friends declared consumption had me, and death was on my heels. Then I was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery. It helped me immediately, and after taking two and a half bottles I was a well man again. I found out that New Discovery is the best remedy for coughs and lung disease in all the world." Sold under guarantee at W. A. Leslie's drug store. 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

HE GOT WHAT HE NEEDED.
"Nine years ago it looked as if my time had come," says Mr. C. Farthing, of Mill Creek, Ind. "I was so run down that life hung on a very slender thread. It was then my druggist recommended Electric Bitters. I bought a bottle and I got what I needed—strength. I had one foot in the grave, but Electric Bitters put it back on the turf again, and I've been well ever since." Sold under guarantee at W. A. Leslie's drug store. 50c.

The Morganton Grocery Company has passed through the experimental stages and is ready to serve its patrons with the best goods of the market at prices that are in line with all the best goods of the market at prices that are in line with all legitimate competition.

WE STAND BEHIND EVERY GUARANTEE WE MAKE

On these terms we solicit your business. Shall we come for your order, or will you send it to us? We wish to thank all our friends who have stood by us in making Morganton a leading wholesale market.

Respectfully,

MORGANTON GROCERY CO.,
Wholesale Distributors

FARMS FOR SALE!

1 Farm, 163 acres, 3 miles from Morganton. \$15 per acre.

1 Farm, 100 acres, 4 miles from Morganton. \$10 per acre.

1 Farm, 101 acres, 4 miles from Morganton. \$10 per acre.

1 Farm, 90 acres, 4 1/2 miles from Morganton. \$10 per acre.

1 Farm, 100 acres, 4 miles from Morganton. \$15 per acre.

1 Farm, 3 1/2 miles from Morganton, 150 acres. \$15 per acre.

300 acres, 25 bottom, 75 acres cultivated; 8 miles from Morganton, 3 miles from Glen Alpine; 250,000 feet merchantable timber, 4-room house, barn, crib, &c. Easy terms.

1 Farm, 80 acres, 2 miles from Glen Alpine.

1 Farm, 100 acres, 2 1/2 miles from Morganton. \$37.50 per acre.

1 Farm, 318 acres, 8 miles from Morganton, good dwelling and mill on premises. \$3,750.

Also some nice town property—houses and lots and building lots.

These are bargains, and will be sold on easy terms.

MANLY McDOWELL,
MORGANTON, N. C.

BRONCHITIS.
I have suffered from this disease for many years. I tried many remedies, but nothing gave me relief until I used Dr. Shoop's Restorative. It cured me completely. I feel like a new man now.

TRADE MARKS.
COPYRIGHTS & C.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.
Largest circulation of any journal.

STEAM DYEING AND CLEANING WORKS.
Ladies' and Children's.

ROSKOPF'S.
GIVES QUICK RELIEF.

PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

STOMACH TABLETS.
SPEPSIA DIGESTION.

