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THE TREATY WILL GIVE PEOPLE ENTIRE POWER

League Provides for Destruction of Autocratic Power in All Forms," Wilson Tells Minneapolis Crowd.

Declaring that the peace treaty would end the regime of the balance of power, President Wilson told a crowd in Minneapolis Tuesday that a new world order set up would be the advantage of all nations rather than a few of the stronger.

The President's party motored over to St. Paul, where he had spoken in the day. He was escorted through the Minneapolis streets by dense crowds that lined both sides and kept up a wave of cheering. Under the old balance of power, the President, the people no longer "dared speak out," against autocracy or against the burden of armament. But now, he continued, the people were awake and had determined that "if the governments can't together they will destroy the governments."

"The people of the world," said Mr. Wilson, "are tired of every other kind of experiment except the kind we're going to try. The world has turned corner that is not going to turn again."

To destroy autocratic power, Mr. Wilson continued, was the object of the war, yet, he said, an autocratic government as cruel as that of the Kaiser had been set up in Russia and the United States must see to it that there was no similar movement in the United States.

"We will brook the control of no minority in the United States," he added. "I would as leave serve one kind of an autocracy as another."

When Mr. Wilson said another great war would come if there were no concerted movement to preserve peace under American leadership, someone in the gallery shouted "amen."

The President said the league of nations provided for the destruction of autocratic power by admitting only self-governing nations to the league. "Had you ever been told that before," asked the President, and there was a chorus of "noes" and cheers.

For another thing, continued the President, the treaty provided to substitute arbitration and discussion for force, and an "absolute boycott" against covenant breakers. The peace of the world, he said, would thus be secured under constant international supervision.

"The peace of the world is everybody's business," said Mr. Wilson, and this is the first international document that has recognized that fact. "That there should be disarmament and that no nation ever should again attempt annexation were further points in the treaty, continued the President. There were more cheers when he said it was provided further that no secret treaty should be valid. Secret treaties, said the President, were a constant source of embarrassment at Versailles. Yet, he continued, the war had been fought on the principle of the sanctity of treaties and it was impossible to disregard the secret agreements.

Finally, said Mr. Wilson, there was the treaty a great bill of rights for labor, establishing an international labor organization to keep up labor standards.

Of course, the President said, the United States was "at liberty" to stay out of the league, but asked whether it would be better to "go in as trusted partners or stay out and act as suspected rivals."

In referring to the possibilities of revolution over the world, the President made it clear he did not advocate that method of stabilizing conditions.

"I am not speaking for revolution," he said. "I believe that the most distressing thing that can happen to the under man, to the man who is suffering, to the man who has not had his rights, is to destroy public order, for that makes it certain he never can get his rights. I am far from intimating that, but I am intimating that, that the people of the world are tired of every other kind of experiment except the one we are going to try. I have called it an experiment; I frankly admit that it is, but it is a very promising experiment, because there is not a statesman in the world who does not know that his people demand it."

"We've got to be either provincials, or statesmen; we've got to be either striches or eagles," said the President, adding that he meant by ostriches those who submerged their thinking apparatus in the sand.

EX-SHERIFF OF McDOWELL DIED SUDDENLY THURSDAY

A. Laughridge, of Dysartsville, McDowell County, Died at the Age of 62 Years.

Ex-Sheriff J. A. Laughridge, of Dysartsville, McDowell county, died at his home on Thursday night of last week at the age of 62 years. Apparently he was in his usual health when he retired but in a few minutes he complained of not feeling well and soon passed away. As an evidence of the confidence in which he was held by his fellow citizens he served the county officially for 16 years, two years as county commissioner, six as register of deeds and eight years as sheriff of the county.

Mr. Laughridge was well known in Burke county. He was a brother-in-law of Mr. O. G. Daves of Morganton.

GRADED SCHOOL HAS ENROLLMENT OF 845

The Morganton graded school opened Monday with a repetition of the same situation that every opening sees—a crowded school and the largest attendance to date. 845 children started to school Monday. The likelihood, therefore, is that next week will bring the enrollment to at least 900.

Opening exercises, conducted by Rev. C. M. Pickens, were held in the auditorium. Short talks were made by Mr. J. E. Erwin, chairman of the school board, Mr. E. M. Hairfield, Mr. A. C. Kerley and Mr. W. F. Wampler, the new superintendent.

The teachers and their grades are as follows:

First Grade—Miss Cornelia Carter, Miss Mary Starrett, Mrs. R. B. Moore.

Second Grade—Miss Mary Moore, Miss Florence Williams.

Third Grade—Miss Pearl Holloway, Mrs. I. P. Jeter.

Fourth Grade—Miss Sadie Patton, Mrs. W. F. Wampler.

Fifth Grade—Miss Elizabeth Hufford, Miss Wildred White.

Sixth Grade—Mrs. W. R. Marbut, Miss Ava Vaught.

Seventh Grade—Miss Eva Anderson, Miss Margaret Newland.

High School Department—Prof. Chas. Lucas, Miss K. Blett Smith, Miss Eva Bones, Miss Hester.

Voice and Instrumental Teacher—Miss Gladys Delp.

STATE AND COUNTY COUNCIL TO MEET

To Be Held at Chapel Hill Next Week to Be Largely Attended—Program for Meeting

Inquiries and reservations received at the University of North Carolina indicate that the State and County Council, to be held at Chapel Hill September 15-20, Governor Bickett presiding, will be attended by several hundred State and county officials and that wide-spread interest has been aroused among welfare officials by the chance of discussing the new welfare laws with other officials of North Carolina and of other States. From several counties the word has come that the entire county delegation will attend. Preparations have been made by the university to house visiting officials in the most modern of the campus dormitories, and Swain Hall, the university dining hall, will be put in operation for their benefit.

The council will be opened Monday evening, September 15, with addresses by President Chase and Governor Bickett. A complete program has been arranged covering the succeeding five days. The principal addresses will be made by Amos W. Butler, secretary Indiana State Board of Charities and Corrections; Dr. Charles Bullock, of the Department of Economics, Harvard University; Dr. Allen W. Freeman, commissioner of health of Ohio; George Howard, Jr., superintendent Edgemore county schools; R. W. Atkinson, chairman Recreation Association, Sag Harbor, N. Y., and Governor Bickett. Further talks will be made by representatives of the State Boards of Education, Health, Public Welfare, the State Tax and Highway Commissions, and by other State officials. Conferences will follow the addresses, and several social events have been arranged by the university.

REV. W. H. REDDISH DIED SUDDENLY

Death Came Without Warning Last Sunday Morning at His Home in Millen, Ga.

Rev. W. H. Reddish, formerly pastor of the First Baptist church here, died suddenly Sunday morning at 9 o'clock in Millen, Ga., where he had held the pastorate of the Millen Baptist church since last Spring. Mr. and Mrs. Reddish had returned to Millen just last Wednesday, having spent their vacation here with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Huffman. While here Mr. Reddish appeared to be in unusually good spirits and his apparently good health was a source of gratification to his friends and family. The morning of his death he was bright and cheerful, having had breakfast as usual and accompanying Mrs. Reddish to feed some little chickens that had hatched in their absence. Returning to his study he had been in the house just a few minutes when Mrs. Reddish heard him call. Upon reaching his side she found him in a dying condition. Heart disease was the cause of his death.

Mr. Reddish was a native of Wake county. He was educated at Wake Forest and prepared for the ministry at the Baptist Seminary, Louisville, Ky. He came to Morganton as pastor of the First Baptist church in January, 1901, and served this church for three years. Since that time he has held pastorates at Gastonia and Wadesboro, leaving that place last March to go to Millen.

While pastor here he was married in 1903 to Miss Minnie Huffman, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. Huffman. She and his mother, Mrs. Garrett Reddish, of Wake county, and several brothers and sisters survive. Mr. Reddish was 51 years of age.

The body was brought to Morganton, reaching here Monday afternoon, and the funeral was held at the First Baptist church Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. The service was conducted by Rev. Livingstone Johnston, of Raleigh, assisted by Rev. Bruce Benton, of Rockingham, and Rev. F. A. Bowler. (Continued on fifth page.)

WATCH THE CROWS



RED CROSS SERVICE FLAG IS UNIQUE

A Single Star of Blue Marks the Flag That Represents 19,877 Red Cross Nurses.

Among all the service flags flown in America in the past two years, says a special dispatch from Atlanta, Ga., to the Asheville Citizen, one flag is unique. Upon it burns a single star of blue; the others are all gold, 198 of them.

The flag hangs in the marble building of the American Red Cross national headquarters in Washington. The single blue star represents the 19,877 Red Cross nurses in active duty with the army and navy nurse corps and the Red Cross during the war. The gold stars represent the Red Cross dead.

The first two were sewn on the flag in memory of Mrs. Edith B. Ayres and Miss Helen Burnett Wood, of Chicago, both of whom were killed by the explosion of a defective shell on the Steamship Mongol in May 1917, while on their way to France.

The last star on the flag is for Jane A. Delano, the "Florence Nightingale of the war," who directed the American Red Cross nursing service and sleeps today with the American dead in the military cemetery at Savenay, France.

The other 195 stand for nurses who rest today in the soils of many lands—America, England, Belgium, France, even Germany, where a white cross marks the grave of Jessie Baldwin, Summerville, Pa., who was cited for extraordinary heroism when her hospital was shelled and later, going with the army of occupation, died at Coblenz.

Officials at the general hospital at Fort McPherson attribute much of their success in the treatment of psychiatric patients to the gardens maintained by the wounded veterans under Red Cross supervision.

Four o'clock, morning glories, phlox, petunias, daisies and hydrangeas vie with the more stable corn, Irish potato and tomato. Practically every flower and every species of garden truck is grown by the patients, who have manifested the keenest interest in their "farms."

"These gardens have been a pleasant surprise to us in many ways than one," said Leon R. Meadows, hospital service director for the Red Cross, "for not only do the boys shake every vestige of moodiness and depression out in the sunlight but they are able to keep themselves supplied with fresh vegetables that help out appreciably. And, thoughtful—as is their wont—they daily send the Red Cross personnel at the fort a big basket heaped high with good things to eat gathered from the gardens."

SUGAR SHORTAGES CAN'T BE RELIEVED

Sugar shortages now experienced in many parts of the country cannot be relieved for some time to come, Geo. A. Zabriskie, president of the United States Equalization Board, said in a letter received by Senator Hitchcock, Democrat, Nebraska.

"The demand is enormous, and largely in excess of refiners' ability to supply it at this time," said Mr. Zabriskie. "Complaints regarding the sugar shortage come from all sections of the country, and we fear it will be practically impossible to relieve the situation for some time to come."

Sugar from old beet crops, Mr. Zabriskie added, is practically exhausted and shipments from the West Indies have been "seriously embarrassed" by the marine strike.

GERMAN SOLDIERS KILL AN AMERICAN PRIVATE

American Killed While Deer Hunting in Neutral Zone Near Coblenz Bridgehead.

Private Reass Madsen, of Sacramento, Cal., was shot and instantly killed Saturday by German soldiers in the neutral zone about a mile from the boundary of the Coblenz bridgehead.

Madsen and Private Bert Balsinger, of the eighth infantry, who had been on outpost duty, were deer hunting when they encountered a German patrol of 13 soldiers. According to Balsinger, the Germans began firing without asking an explanation as to why the two Americans were in the neutral zone.

Balsinger told the American authorities that when he and Madsen encountered the Germans he was several yards ahead of Madsen. Balsinger said he dropped his rifle as soon as he saw the Germans who a second afterwards began to shoot at Madsen. The Germans contend that Madsen fired at them. Balsinger declared that the Germans fired first and that if Madsen had fired he did not see him shoot or hear the shot.

Balsinger was taken prisoner by the Germans and later turned over to the American provost marshal, Maj. Geo. Cockrell and brought to Coblenz.

DEATH OF MRS. SID THOMAS

Mrs. Sid Thomas passed away last Friday morning at the home of her sister-in-law, Mrs. W. T. Austin, having been brought here several weeks ago from her Black Mountain home when it was realized that her condition was serious and that she could not recover. She had been ill for several months, never having recovered from an attack of influenza last winter.

Mrs. Thomas was before her marriage Miss Lillie Gibbs, a daughter of the late Joshua Gibbs, one of the leading citizens of Linville township in his day, and the family one of the most respected in that section. She was a quiet, home-loving woman, a model housewife and devoted to every duty of home and church.

The funeral service was held at the Austin home Saturday afternoon at one o'clock, conducted by Rev. N. M. Modlin and interment made in Forest Hill cemetery.

ACCEPTS PASTORATE OF PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Rev. John A. McLean, of Maxton, who was recently tendered a call to the First Presbyterian church here, has notified the church that he will accept. He is expected to arrive this week and will occupy his pulpit Sunday.

Mr. McLean comes to Morganton most highly recommended as a preacher and pastor and the Presbyterian people are to be congratulated on his acceptance of the call.

Handsome Gift to Lenoir College.

Announcement has been made by the proper college authorities that Mr. D. E. Rhyne, wealthy manufacturer and philanthropist, of Lincoln, has given to Lenoir College \$100,000 on its \$300,000 endowment fund, on condition that the college authorities and friends of the institution raise \$200,000.

Approximately \$75,000 has been obtained elsewhere by the various teams which are canvassing the different counties of North Carolina and South Carolina. The trustees of Lenoir College pledge as the initial start \$22,000 towards the fund.

THE PEACE TREATY IS SENT TO THE SENATE

The German peace treaty, six months in the making, was returned to the senate yesterday by the foreign relations committee along with a majority report containing amendments to the treaty and reservations to its league of nations covenant.

The treaty goes back to the senate exactly two months to the day from the date it was laid before the body by President Wilson. Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, ranking Democratic member of the committee, will present a minority report within the next two days and general debate will begin Monday to continue almost without interruption until final action is taken.

Pending this move, which will hasten final consideration by the senate of the whole question of peace with Germany, advocates and opponents of the league generally rested in anticipation of the big battle to begin next week. There were several informal conferences at which members endeavored to reach a compromise over the form of reservations, and Senator Spencer, Republican, Missouri, speaking against the league, declared he would be forced to vote to reject the treaty as it now stands.

Senators Johnson, California, Borah, Idaho, McCormick, Illinois, all Republican opponents of league, left yesterday for Chicago on the trail of the President, to speak against it.

STATE WILL HAVE ANOTHER CLEAN-UP

Aid of Citizens Asked to Assist in Work—Dates Week of October 5th to 11th.

Each annual recurrence of spring and fall seasons brings its clean-up campaigns for the State and the Nation, and North Carolina has by her past records of effective observance won an especially high place among the States. This clean-up week falls on October 5-11, with fire prevention day, October 9, and forces are being marshaled by Insurance Commissioner and Fire Marshal James R. Young for a drive for clean-up week observance that will invade not only every county and community in the State, but every home and place of business and manufacturing plant.

In this work, which must be done during the next 30 days to assure this thorough observance of clean-up week, Commissioner Young is to have cooperation of organizations and individuals in every locality. State departments of education, health, and agriculture and others will give aid, county and town authorities will have an active and most responsible part in the work and the schools, safety leagues, the women's clubs, chambers of commerce, Rotary clubs and others are to get in the campaign. Indeed, there are coming from many quarters of the State assurances from ministers and other church workers that the churches will give every possible aid, in many instances pastors appealing to their congregations from the pulpit with special sermons or otherwise to take advantage of this clean-up movement, the old saying, "Cleanliness next to Godliness," being ample warrant for every possible effort in this direction by the religious forces of the State.

PERSHING GIVEN GREAT WELCOME BACK HOME

New York Did the Honors in Great Style—Given Commission As General.

General Pershing, after two years in command of the greatest army America has ever sent to battle, returned to the United States Monday. As he stepped ashore from the huge liner Leviathan he was handed a commission as general, a rank previously held by only three Americans—Grant, Sheridan and Sherman.

The stern-faced soldier was not proof against tributes of praise which he roared from hundreds of thousands of the throats of his fellow citizens.

His voice trembled with emotion as he responded to the greetings extended by Secretary of War Baker in his own behalf and that of the President as well as the welcoming addresses of representatives of the senate and house, the State and city.

As his car passed slowly through the cheering multitude which jammed Broadway from the battery to the city hall, Pershing attempted in vain to maintain his composure. At first he replied to the cheers with the stiff salute which military etiquette demands, but he was soon carried away by the storm of applause which swept in great gusts about him. Rising to his feet he waved his cap about his head with a boyish gesture which told how deeply he was stirred while the grim lines of his bronzed face broke into a smile.

New York did not exhaust its welcome the first day. Wednesday he will ride down Fifth avenue at the head of the First division of the regular army, the first to do and last to leave, victors in the first battle ever fought on European soil by American soldiers.

Surrounded by comrades, humbler in station, but who had offered their aid just as freely in the cause of liberty, General Pershing first reglimped his native land. When the huge Leviathan nosed her way through the mists off the Jersey coast the general stood upon her deck with the famous

(Continued on fourth page)

BRIEF NEWS ITEMS FROM OVER BURKE

Items of Interest Gathered From Different Sections of the County By News-Herald Correspondents

BRIDGEWATER.

The teachers of the Bridgewater graded school will have an ice cream and box supper at the hospitable home of Mrs. J. R. Rust next Saturday night, September 13. A most cordial welcome is extended to all. The proceeds to go for the benefit of the school.

Rev. Drake, of Nebo, filled the pulpit at the Baptist church here Sunday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. He announced that he would hold a revival service there beginning the third Sunday night in this month and continue through the week, and hoped that the people could find it a convenient time to come to church.

We hear quite a number of remarks about those "gullies" that the people are attempting to use for roads out toward Muddy creek. Well, we just hope those people won't get so sick that they will need a doctor very quick. And these "gullies" start right on main street in Bridgewater.

Messrs. E. H. Byrd and Hugh McElrath, of Morganton, were business visitors here last Monday.

Mr. J. M. Tate and family, of Marion, visited at the home of Mr. S. E. Blackburn on Muddy creek Sunday.

Miss Lillian Hunter, who has been teaching at Sugar Hill, in McDowell county, is at home for a few weeks during the farmer's busy season.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sweeney, of Marion Junction, have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Ballew.

Mr. "Bud" Walker and wife, of Marion, spent Sunday with Mr. Walker's sister, Mrs. S. E. Blackburn.

Mr. Tom Ballew, of Burnesville, spent several days during the week with his brother, Mr. John W. Ballew. He was accompanied by his nephew, Mr. Bob Burgin.

Miss Bessie Ballew visited her sister, Mrs. Frank Sweeney, at Marion Junction, the first of the week.

Mrs. T. B. McDaniel, of Construction, visited relatives on Muddy creek the first of the week.

Miss Bonnie Bowman, of New York, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. L. A. Causby, at Bridgewater.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Causby and Miss Bonnie Bowman and Mr. Kin Franklin were on a mountain trip last week to Blowing Rock, Linville City and Linville Falls.

Mr. E. S. Noblitt and family spent Sunday with their old friends, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Causby, at Bridgewater.

Mr. Charlie Conley and family, Mr. Morgan and wife and Mr. Thomas Causby went to a baptizing at Mount Harmony last Sunday.

CHESTERFIELD.

Master Wilson Harbison, of Morganton, was a guest several days during the week of his cousin, Master Charles Hensley.

Mrs. H. M. Conley and Miss Annie May Conley spent a few days on Linville visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. W. McGimsey, and also visited at Construction.

Dr. Albert Houck, of Lenoir, was called to see Mr. John Smith Tuesday at his home on Lower creek. He is improving nicely.

Mrs. E. B. Hood spent Tuesday at Rutherford College. Two of the Chesterfield boys, Messrs. Clarence Hood and Lonnie Hall, are in school there.

Mr. Russel Teague and family and Miss Minnie Rader have been recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Rader.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. James, of Catawba Valley, Mr. S. A. Johnson and Mr. Billie Bristol spent Thursday with Mrs. Elam Hood and family.

Mr. Robert Lynn, of Quaker Meadows, spent Sunday at the home of his uncle, Mr. J. D. Whisenant.

Mr. Van Miller left last week for Akron, Ohio, where he has a position. Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Arney visited relatives near Gamewell recently.

Mr. S. S. Hallyburton spent Monday in Smokey Creek with his sister, Mrs. Mary Clark.

Mr. Earl Hood, of Marysville, Tenn., is spending some time with his family at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hood.

Miss Lexie Duckworth left Monday for Morganton to enter the graded school.

Mrs. S. A. Kincaid and Mrs. E. B. Hood were Sunday visitors at the Conley home.

Mr. Robert Sides and family, of the Antioch section, are visiting Mrs. Sides' parents.

Mesdames John Wilson, Frank (Continued on sixth page.)

THIS STATE HAD THE LARGEST TAX INCREASE

N. C. Paid Largest Amount of Revenue Taxes and Showed the Greatest Increase.

The Southern States east of the Mississippi, including Louisiana, paid slightly more than 7 per cent of the \$3,839,950,612 internal revenue taxes for the fiscal year of 1919 according to statistics issued Tuesday by the treasury department. Those States paid \$279,829,683 in income and profits tax and miscellaneous taxes during the year.

North Carolina paid the largest amount, \$101,278,152, and showed the largest increase over the previous year, the amount being more than \$31,000,000.