

HOSTILE AIRCRAFT ANNOYS ENGLAND

GERMANS MAKE THREE ZEPPELIN RAIDS WITHIN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS.

NO LOSE OF LIFE OR DAMAGE

At Least 50 Bombs are Sent Down—Raiders Keep Away From All Large Cities.

London.—England experienced its third hostile air raid within 48 hours, but the last, like the others resulted in no loss of life and no serious damage to property.

Taking advantage of fine weather which enabled Zeppelins to visit the vicinity of the Tyne and the coasts of Suffolk and Essex early, a German aeroplane flew over the county of Kent, dropping bombs. In all, four missiles were dropped in the vicinity of the towns of Faversham and Sittingbourne, the latter just across the Bugle from the Isle of Sheppey, which is the birthplace of the British Royal Naval Flying Corps.

All the bombs fell in fields. From Sittingbourne the aeroplane flew over the Isle of Sheppey and it is thought probable the raider mistook the towns attacked for Sheerness, the British naval base, which is on the other side of the island. On his way the airman passed over Canterbury and other towns in Kent but did not drop any explosives upon or near them.

Zeppelins, for it is believed two visited East Anglia during the early hours dropped some 25 incendiary and explosive bombs on Lowestoft, Southwold, Maldon, Burnham-on-the-Crouch, Heybridge and Tillingham, but like the raid of the previous night on the Tynesmouth district, there was only slight damage, although many persons had narrow escapes. In Lowestoft a bomb dropped in a garden, shattered a row of small houses and persons sleeping in them were cut by broken glass.

During the three raids at least 50 bombs were sent down by the Germans. The raiders kept away from the larger towns. There they might have been discovered by searchlights and come under fire from the land.

GOVERNMENT WILL ANSWER.

Date for Hearing in the Riggs Bank Case Set for May 12.

Washington.—With almost a month in which to prepare for the next appearance in court, counsel for the government in the injunction proceedings against treasury officials brought by the Riggs National Bank laid plans to make full answer to all charges set forth in the complaint.

Justice McCoy in the District of Columbia Supreme Court set May 12 as the date when the government must answer charges that Secretary McAdoo and Comptroller of the Currency Williams have conspired to wreck the bank. Counsel for the government asked for a postponement and counsel for the bank said they were ready to proceed at any time.

Gorgas Can't Go.

Washington.—Secretary Garrison made it plain he would oppose Major General Gorgas going to Serbia for the Rockefeller Foundation to fight the typhus scourge unless the surgeon general resigns his commission in the army.

Mr. Garrison takes the position that should General Gorgas go to Serbia as a retired officer in which capacity he still would be under the jurisdiction of the war department, a situation would be created which easily might lead to trouble.

Villa Troops Leave Matamoros.

Brownsville, Texas.—A report that the 5,000 Villa troops which have been besieging Matamoros for more than two weeks had started for Celaya to assist General Villa in his campaign against General Obregon was received by Major General Frederic Funston in command of the United States troops here.

Army Wants Prohibition.

Washington.—A delegation from the anti-saloon league called on Secretary Garrison, causing comment which increased when he declined to make public the reason for the call. The Secretary afterwards explained however, that the delegation had not even in its own judgment sufficiently established the facts it wished to present. Rumor had it that there was an effort to introduce in the army regulations similar to those which Secretary Danford has applied to the Navy.

New Officers Are Elected.

Atlanta, Ga.—J. C. Belding of Augusta, Ga., was elected president of the Southern Supply & Machinery Dealers' Association at the closing session of its annual convention here. Other officers elected included: First vice president, Ernest Howall, Charleston, W. Va.; second vice president, George H. Manning, Knoxville, Tenn.; secretary and treasurer, Alvin M. Smith, Richmond, Va.; W. H. Banks, Huntington, W. Va., and W. A. Ray, Pensacola, Fla., were elected to the executive committee.

Stock Exchange Booms.

New York.—For the fourth consecutive day this week the session on the stock exchange resulted in an overture well in excess of 1,000,000 shares. Much of the activity centered around securities of industrial and equipment companies which have benefited through war orders. Chief among stocks in the new high movement were American locomotive, New York Air Brakes, Westinghouse and 10 of the smaller iron and steel manufacturing concerns.



RODNEY S. DURKEE Mr. Durkee is controller of the Panama-Pacific exposition and in that capacity has supervision over the financial details of the big fair.

UZSOK STOPS RUSSIANS

AUSTRIANS GREATLY CHEERED BY NUMBER OF GERMAN REINFORCEMENTS.

French Are Satisfied With Successes in West Between Muse and Lorraine Frontier.

London.—Two gateways into Hungary still remain barred, despite the tremendous Russian hammering and as the Beskid Pass is the least important of the two strategically, a further advance into Hungary hangs on the possession of Uzso Pass, where the invaders are meeting with stubborn opposition. Several days ago the Russians captured a position which gave them command of a road leading to the rear of Uzso Pass, but since then the Teutonic Allies have checked the movement. The importance of the Carpathian operations is indicated by the half-hearted actions along the rest of the long eastern front.

The people of the Dual Monarchy are said to be greatly cheered by the number of German reinforcements passing through Budapest on the way to the Carpathian front to take part in the operations, which are now believed to be in charge of the German General Staff.

The whole situation in the East pivots on Uzso Pass where the Austro-German forces are in such great strength that the efforts of the Russians to reach the Hungarian Plains are likely to be prolonged.

In the west the French apparently are satisfied with their recent successes between the Meuse and the Lorraine frontier and claim only to have come in contact with the German entanglements in this region. Official German reports assert that determined attacks by the French reports assert that determined attacks by the French have been repulsed along this section.

Probably no session of the British Parliament since the opening of the war has been awaited with keener interest than the sitting which will begin soon.

GOVERNMENT BACKS OFFICIALS.

Department of Justice Will Aid Williams and McAdoo.

Washington.—Developments indicated that the Government intends to do its utmost to back up Secretary McAdoo of the Treasury, and Comptroller of the Currency Williams in the legal fight precipitated by the Riggs National Bank, complainant in equity proceedings to enjoin these officials from alleged attempts to drive that institution out of business through systematic and long-continued persecution.

Attorney General Gregory announced that the Department of Justice had employed Louis D. Brandeis of Boston, to defend Messrs. Williams and McAdoo in the injunction proceedings. He declared his department and the treasury were cooperating in these proceedings. It became known also that Jesse C. Adkins, former Assistant Attorney General also had been retained in the case.

Governor Fielder Vetoes Bills.

Trenton, N. J.—Governor Fielder vetoed bills to amend seven sister anti-trust laws. The Governor said the amendments would take the teeth out of the incorporation laws of the state that were put in by the seven sister measure.

Carranza Garrison Licks Villa.

Brownsville, Texas.—In a sortie the Carranza garrison defending Matamoros inflicted a heavy blow upon the Villa army besieging the town. General Sauro Navarre, second in command of the Villa troops, was brought to Brownsville dangerously wounded and the Carranza consulate here claimed the Villa dead numbered 300. The sortie drew from the Villa forces their long-promised shelling of Matamoros but the shelling stopped when the Carranza division returned to the trench.

IRON A FACTOR IN HEALTH

Science Has Proved That It Is Highly Necessary in the Production of Red Blood.

Iron should play an important part in preparing meals. It is essential in the making of red corpuscles of the blood and is directly concerned with the processes of oxidation and reproduction. The iron of the food enters the circulation and is deposited mainly in

SAYS MEXICO CAN NOT BE CONQUERED

SIXTEEN MILLION WILL HAVE TO BE KILLED BEFORE MEXICO COULD BE INVADED.

VIEW OF GENERAL HUERTA

He Declares the Heads of Washington Administration Have Not Been Fair to Mexico.

New York.—Asserting that he had nothing to do with the death of Francisco Madero, General Victoriano Huerta, former Provisional President issued a lengthy signed statement relating to the question.

General Huerta declared he knew who was responsible for Madero's death, but that he was keeping it as "a professional secret."

General Huerta's statement reviewed the history of the Madero revolution, his own accession to the Provisional Presidency and concluded with the assertion that "my country can not be conquered."

Sixteen millions of men, women and children would have to be killed before Mexico would submit to an invader, Huerta asserted.

The heads of the Washington Administration, Huerta declared, had not been fair to Mexico, had been misled by false statements and if they had been in Mexico for thirty days "they would have changed their theoretical, erroneous ideas." Had it not been for the embargo on the exportation of arms from this country General Huerta indicated that his army would have prevailed over those opposed to it.

The former Provisional President reiterated the assertion made when he left Mexico last year that he had resigned from his position only because he hoped to bring peace to his country. He pointed out that in the eight months elapsed since that date the situation in Mexico had become "too sad for me to analyze deeply."

"Anarchy is too soft a word to call it," he said. Mexico eventually would be saved, but by a Mexican, he said. Who that would be he did not know.

Huerta declined to give an inkling as to his future movements. He denied that he would go to San Antonio, Texas, or any other point near the Mexican border. Discussing the death of Madero, he said:

"That is a professional secret. Lawyers have secrets, doctors have secrets—I am a soldier—why should not a soldier have secrets? It is not through friendship for any one that I am withholding the information. The time will soon come when my name will be vindicated and, as General Lee said of General Jackson, the world will say of me, I stood like a stone wall submitting to the ignominy and the insults heaped upon me."

NETHERLANDS STEAMER SUNK.

Anchored Off Her Home Coasts She Is Torpedoed.

London.—The Netherlands steamer Katwijk, Baltimore for Rotterdam, was torpedoed while anchored seven miles west of the Hinder Lightship in the North Sea.

The crew of 23 was saved and taken to Flushing, according to a Reuter dispatch. The dispatch quotes the men as saying that as they rowed away they saw the periscope of a submarine, which quickly disappeared.

The Katwijk sank 15 minutes after the explosion. Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent says the Katwijk had been lying at anchor for 15 minutes when torpedoed. The correspondent says a message from the Hook of Holland declares that all the ship's lights were burning at the time of the attack.

Zeppelins Visit England.

London.—Two Zeppelin airships visited the east coast of England, dropping bombs on several towns and doing considerable damage to property. As far as has been ascertained, only one person, a woman, was injured. It is said she was only slightly hurt.

Taft Speaks to Legislature.

Harrisburg.—William H. Taft told Pennsylvania legislators to conserve the people's money and not to spend it before they know how much the state has to spend. "The growing danger in this country," Mr. Taft said, "is the waste of the people's money." The former president declared the government should not go into business in competition with private enterprise. "The people's money should not be put into private business where private enterprise can do the work better," Mr. Taft said.

Britain Apologizes to Chile.

London.—Great Britain has offered a "full and ample apology" to the Chilean government for the sinking March 14 in Chilean territorial waters of the German cruiser Dresden, the interment of which already has been ordered by the maritime governor of Cumberland Bay when the British squadron attacked and sank the German. This fact was made public in a White Paper giving the texts of the Chilean note protesting against the sinking of the Dresden and the British reply.

Warship Des Moines Is Sent.

Washington.—The cruiser Des Moines will be the only additional warship sent to Dominican waters until further details of differences between President Jimenez and his congress are received here. The Des Moines was ordered from Progresso to Santo Domingo City. It was assumed that Minister Sullivan in asking for an additional warship feared the dispute might easily be fanned into another revolution. The Nashville already is at Santo Domingo City and the gunboat Wheeling could be sent over.

teen milligrams of iron per day. The average woman is supposed to require about eight-tenths as much food as a man and the same proportion of iron will suffice. A child that needs half as much food requires the same proportion of iron.



JOSEPH LEITER The man who lost millions in an attempt to corner wheat several years ago was a star witness at the recent inquiry in New York into the increased cost of bread. Mr. Leiter told why, in his opinion, the cost of wheat had risen since the war began.

CHARGE IS CONSPIRACY

SECRETARY OF TREASURY McADOO AND COMPTROLLER MADE DEFENDANTS.

Riggs National Bank Seeks in Court to Stop Combined Demands of Treasury Officials.

Washington.—Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo and Comptroller of the Currency Williams were made defendants in proceedings begun in the District of Columbia Supreme Court by the Riggs National Bank of Washington, D. C., which alleges that these officials have combined and conspired to wreck the bank.

Temporary and permanent injunctions to halt the alleged conspiracy, and to prevent the Comptroller from making what the bank charges are unlawful demands for special reports of various kinds, are sought from the court.

One portion of the prayer seeks to restrain John Burke, treasurer of the United States from payment into the treasury of \$5,000 declared to be due the bank as interest on \$1,000,000 of United States bonds deposited with the Comptroller against its note circulation. This interest was withheld to cover penalties of \$100 a day for the bank's failure to make certain reports.

Once paid into the treasury, only an act of Congress could get the \$5,000 out, and Justice McCoy granted a temporary injunction on this phase of the case.

The bank's bill of complaint contains 37 specific allegations designed to show that the Comptroller has adopted unusual and legally questionable tactics in dealing with the institution. It recites that evidence of an unusual desire for information concerning the bank was shown by Mr. Williams shortly after he assumed the office of Comptroller more than a year ago, and has continued ever since. Prior to that time, in December, 1913, it says Mr. McAdoo charged officers of the bank of responsibility for publications regarding the official conduct of the defendant Williams as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury. When this charge was denied, the bill asserts, Secretary McAdoo cursed Milton E. Allen, a vice president of the bank, and said to C. C. Glover, its president: "Mr. Glover, you know what this means to the Riggs National Bank."

SHIP BADLY NEEDS REPAIRS.

Kronprinz Wilhelm Must Make Formal Requests.

Newport News, Va.—The German merchant raider Kronprinz Wilhelm, under orders from the Washington government, will not be permitted to go into dry dock at the shipyard here until Captain Thierfelder, commander of the ship, has made formal request in writing of the repairs he wishes to make to render his vessel seaworthy and for supplies necessary to take him to the nearest port.

Vice President Slightly Ill.

Globe, Ariz.—A slight illness, it is announced prevented Vice President Marshall participating in the celebration to mark the first filling of the great Roosevelt irrigation reservoir in the Superstition mountains.

Gen. Funston at Brownsville.

Brownsville, Texas.—Major General Frederick Funston, who has just arrived here from San Antonio to take charge of the border situation created by the siege of Matamoros, said his coming was due to reports that the Villa artillery was advancing and that the fighting might be expected to reach a climax soon. The day passed, however, with no bombardment of Matamoros, the only fighting reported being heard from the Brulay plantation, about eight miles down the Rio Grande from Matamoros.

SCOTT MAXWELL IS ELECTED PRESIDENT

NEW LEADER NAMED BY COTTON MANUFACTURERS' ASSOCIATION AT MEMPHIS.

PALMER CHILD LABOR LAW

Protest Against Operation of Bill—Favors Merchant Marines—Want "Open Door."

Memphis, Tenn.—Endorsement was given proposals to establish an American merchant marine by Government subsidy and protest made against the operation of the Palmer child labor law and legislation pending in Congress to require the branding of goods, in a resolution adopted by the American Cotton Manufacturers' Association, which concluded its annual convention here. Other resolutions adopted asked that the United States Government require a new statement of the "right of equal opportunity" to trade in the markets of the world, particularly in China and that the principles of the "open door" be reasserted.

Scott Maxwell of Cordova, Ala., was elected president of the association, John A. Law, Spartanburg, S. C., vice president and Caesar Cone, Greensboro, N. C., chairman of the board of governors. Other members of the board of governors elected were J. J. Bradley, Huntsville, Ala.; Eugene Holt, Burlington, N. C.; George E. Spofford, Augusta, Ga.; Paul J. Marrs, Henderson, Ky., and Craig S. Mitchell, Philadelphia.

C. B. Bryant, Charlotte, N. C., was re-elected secretary-treasurer.

Several speakers urged that the Government immediately adopt measures to prevent the introduction of the Egyptian boll weevil in this country. Expungation of all Egyptian cotton at ports of receipt in the United States and requirements that mills receiving such cotton burn all waste were suggested.

"If the Egyptian boll weevil ever gets a foothold in the cotton fields of the South, the ravages of the Mexican boll weevil will be insignificant in comparison," declared J. H. Seapark, chairman of the committee which presented a report on the importation of foreign cotton.

No action was taken on the so-called Duke warehouse plan.

FIFTEEN KILLED IN COLLISION.

Street Car and Freight Train Collide in Detroit.

Detroit, Mich.—Fifteen persons were killed and about 20 injured in a collision between a Detroit city street car and a string of freight cars pushed by a switch engine on the Detroit, Toledo & Ironport Railroad.

Most of the dead lived in Detroit's foreign quarter. Four are women.

The street car, crowded with passengers, stopped as it approached the railroad crossing and the conductor ran ahead to see if the track was clear. He signalled the motorman to wait, but apparently the latter misunderstood his meaning. He applied the power and the car ran rapidly down an incline and onto the railroad tracks.

The freight cars pushed by the engine struck the street car fairly in the middle. The wreckage was pushed along 100 feet, several of the dead and injured dropping along the street before the train was stopped. Others were crushed in the splintered mass of steel and wood and it was several hours before they could be extricated.

Kaiser Visits in Italy.

Geneva, via Paris.—Information reaching Geneva tends to confirm the reports that Emperor William visited Emperor Francis Joseph last month. According to this information Emperor William determined to see Emperor Francis Joseph after receiving from Prince von Buelow, German ambassador to Italy, a message that negotiations concerning territorial concessions by Austria as the price of Italy's neutrality had failed.

May Soon Get Dye-stuff.

Washington.—State department officials were prepared to take up with the German government the last step necessary to supply American textile mills with two cargoes of German dye-stuffs bought before March 1. The way was cleared by the announcement that Great Britain had agreed to permit these cargoes under certain conditions to come through from Rotterdam. The position previously taken by the German government has been that it would permit dye shipments in exchange for cotton or copper.

COMMENCEMENTS INCREASE

Estimated That Over 100,000 Children Will Have Participated at the End of All Sessions.

Raleigh.—When all the reports are turned in to the state department of education between sixty and seventy counties of the state will have had county commencements this year. This is the estimate of Mr. C. L. Brodgen, state agent for rural schools, who has been attending county commencement all over the state.

Last year county commencements were held in forty-one counties of the state, and practically 75,000 school children participated in parades, contests, school exhibits and exercises. Already county after county has lined up this year for a county commencement for the first time, and without an exception they have been held or will be held in all those counties which last year saw the good effects of the educational demonstration.

Recently Mr. Brodgen has attended county commencements in four counties, Granville, Forsyth, Surry, and McDowell and in these counties he gave certificates of graduation or diplomas to an aggregate of two hundred and ninety children.

Charlotte Nominates Kirkpatrick.

Charlotte.—After one of the most closely contested political campaigns in the history of Charlotte, Col. T. L. Kirkpatrick, who has been a member of the board of aldermen and mayor, pro tem for some time, was nominated for mayor over his opponent, F. R. McNinch, by a majority of 58 votes. Mr. McNinch entered the race only five days ago, after Captain William Anderson, who had been a candidate for some time, withdrew from the race. The primary also resulted in the change of many members of the board of aldermen and the board of school commissioners. The election will be held on May 5, but the primary nomination is equal to election.

Land Reclamation Lecture.

Wilmington.—F. H. Newell, chief of the land reclamation bureau of the Department of the Interior, who has been spending several days in the city and vicinity studying the colonization work that has been done in this section, delivered a lecture at the Hemenway schools. The address was illustrated with numerous colored slides, showing scenes in the West, where the Government has reclaimed and made productive thousands of acres of arid and desert lands.

Mr. Newell has been in the reclamation service of the Government for the last 18 years and under his supervision over \$80,000,000 has been spent in irrigation work.

Makes Record Trip.

Asheville.—Dr. E. G. Gardner, in a new automobile, broke speed records between Charlotte and Asheville when he made the trip by way of Spartanburg, Campobello, Gaffney, Saluda and Hendersonville in five hours and 12 minutes. His speedometer, at the close of the run, showed that he had covered 166 miles. Doctor Gardner found the road in excellent condition and stated that he made the entire trip in high gear.

MARKET REPORTS.

Cotton, Cotton Seed and Meal Prices in the Markets of North Carolina For the Past Week.

As reported to the Division of Markets, North Carolina Agricultural Experiment Station and Department of Agriculture, Raleigh.

Table with columns: Town, Price of bale (cotton), Price of cotton seed, Price of meal, etc.

PRICES PAID FOR GRAIN, BUTTER AND EGGS DURING PAST WEEK

Table with columns: Location, Price of grain, Price of butter, Price of eggs, etc.

TAR HEEL BREVITIES.

More than 200 people have been booked for the California Tours by the Gattis Touring Agency. The famous springs around Catherine Lake, Jones County, are to be made the center of a popular resort if the aims of the Comfort and Richards people are carried out. There are a cluster of lakes with the springs about in the center, and the location is almost ideal, save for the fact that they are not now easy of access.

TWO WILSON GIRLS WIN STATE DEBATE

MISS LALLA FLEMING AND MISS ETHEL GARDNER VICTORIOUS AT CHAPEL HILL.

DEBATE ON MARINE SUBSIDY

They Uphold Negative Against Stewart Cowles and Cowles Bristol of Statesville.

Chapel Hill.—Misses Lalla Fleming and Ethel Gardner, 16 and 17 years old respectively heaped undying glory on the Wilson High School and inscribed their names upon the Aycock memorial cup as the champions of 1915 in the High School Debating Union of North Carolina. The final triumphant victory in the mammoth contest was won from Statesville High School, represented by Stewart Cowles and Cowles Bristol. The winning team championed the negative side of the query: "Resolved: That the United States should adopt the policy of subsidizing its merchant marine engaged in foreign trade."

The third annual debate was held in Memorial Hall, attended by 2,000 visitors, school principals, superintendents, citizens of the village, students and members of the University faculty. Concentrated and vitalizing interest from 91 North Carolina counties, 250 high schools and interested audiences of 50,000 citizens of the Commonwealth centered on the final outcome of the comprehensive State-wide debate. The winners triumphed over 998 other debaters in 91 counties and over 250 schools.

The winning debate of the championship series which had its origin back in March in the preliminaries held over the state began at 8 o'clock. President Edward K. Graham presided over the finals and E. R. Rankin was secretary. The presentation of the Aycock cup was made by C. E. McIntosh of the State Department of Education. The judges of the contest were Prof. H. H. Williams, L. P. McGehee, W. S. Bernard, and E. A. Crenshaw and V. P. Graham. The judges rendered a unanimous decision in favor of the Wilson.

Go to Mount Mitchell May 4.

Asheville.—T. E. Blackstock, of this city, who was named as chairman at a meeting of the commissioners at Burnsville recently, said that the members will go to the summit of the peak May 4th. They will meet there with a surveyor who is to be employed by the commission, and work will be started at once, looking to the purchase of the highest peak east of the Rocky Mountains by the state of North Carolina for a park.

The commission is authorized to spend the sum of \$20,000 in the acquisition of the mountain, and it is empowered to secure the tracts either by purchase or condemnation. Chairman Blackstock says that the commissioners are determined to make the deal as soon as possible, believing that nothing is to be gained by postponement.

State Editors Go to Montreal

Salisbury.—The North Carolina Press Association will meet at Montreal July 1 and 2. This was decided by the executive committee which met in Salisbury.

Montreal and Black Mountain combined in the invitation. Other places bidding for the meeting were Brevard, Lake Toxaway, Lake Kanuga.

Present at this meeting were President W. C. Hammer, J. B. Sherrell, J. H. Caine, H. B. Varner, R. R. Clark.

Jumps From Buggy, Breaks Ankles.

Cherryville.—Mrs. William Ford of Waco met with a serious accident; while returning to her home from Cherryville. Meeting an automobile in a narrow road she attempted to turn her horse around to avoid it, then seeing that she could not turn in the space she had, jumped from her buggy, breaking an ankle and sustaining several slight bruises.

Community Road Improvement.

Newton.—Following the opening of the new East road leading into the southeastern part of the county, toward Charlotte, a movement has sprung up in Caldwell township, to improve the mainline of this route, and the necessary work is to be done by a big gathering of farmers. Men from town have also volunteered to help or to send a man of team. The road will be straightened in a half-mile cut-off; cleared of timber, graded, top-soiled and completed in a single day.

Studies For Vance Statue

Asheville.—Gutson Borglum, the sculptor who will furnish the statue of Zebulon Baird Vance, which is to be placed in Statuary Hall Washington, spent the week-end here in conference with members of the commission. He came to Asheville with a view to further familiarize himself with his subject. Mr. Borglum is making a study of the life of Vance, expressing a desire to become familiar with his characteristics, the country in which he resided and the surroundings among which he was reared.

Gulifford Votes on June 1.

Greensboro.—June 1 was set for an election on \$250,000 bonds of the county of Gulifford to build a new court house by the county commissioners in extraordinary meeting here. The last Legislature passed an enabling bill in the matter, subjecting the final issue to a vote of the people. There is an almost unanimous sentiment in the county. It is believed favorable to the erection of a handsome, adequate court house, but there is a decided division as to the kind of building.