

## PEANUT CROP IS 3 MILLIONS SHORT

Meeting of Growers in Carolina and Virginia Held at Suffolk

## BIG SLUMP NOTED IN PRESENT PRICES

Peanut growers from the leading producing counties of North Carolina and Virginia met at Suffolk, Va., last Saturday and heard reports of cost of production, and crop and market conditions from the representatives of the Federal Bureau of Crop Estimates, office of farm management, and bureau of markets. It appeared that the present crop is larger than last year's. According to the last report of the Bureau of Crop Estimates the crop for the United States is about three and a half million bushels less than for last year.

The opinion was expressed, reports Mr. W. R. Camp, Chief of the North Carolina marketing work, that last year's crop was scraped clean. In fact that buyers were looking in vain for peanuts, but now when the season has only begun jobbers and consumers of peanuts have very largely ceased to place orders with the cleaners. Prices have slumped from ten to five and seven cents a pound, with no market at all in many places. With all Europe, with the exception of Denmark, South Russia and Hungary, under the necessity to import food, and with a special need for fats, and with prices of food products generally remaining about the same, there appears no reason for there being a slump in the price of peanuts alone.—News and Observer.

## RESTRICTIONS ON LIME REMOVED

Raleigh, N. C., Nov.—On account of favorable war development Henry M. Camp of the War Service Committee on Lime, stating that lime may now be sold and delivered in connection with any building project for which no permit or license is required, under circular No. 21, Priorities Division as revised, or in connection with another project authorized by permits or licenses issued in pursuance of said circular. ALL LIMITATIONS UPON THE PRODUCTION OR USE OF LIME OR CRUSHED OR PULVERIZED LIME-STONE IN ANY FORM FOR AGRICULTURAL USE ARE HEREBY REMOVED.

This order, of course, restores the sale of lime for agricultural purposes to a normal basis, and it may now be purchased from and after November 12 without the necessity of complying with any regulations heretofore required to be prescribed by the Director of the Extension Service. County agents and others interested in this matter have been specifically directed by Mr. Kilgore to notify the farmers in regard to this action.

Lime is one of the first commodities to receive favorable consideration by the Government under the after war program, and it is hoped by the officials that this recognition will cause it to be used to a greater extent than heretofore in the maintenance and improvement of soil fertility incident to increased crop production which is so very necessary at the present time. Mr. Kilgore expects many farmers to take advantage of this removal of restrictions and get in their purchases of lime at once.

There is a special need for this material in the eastern part of the State where the men in District Agent McCrary's district are making special efforts to induce their co-operating farmers to use lime to a greater extent than heretofore.

**Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days**  
Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure itching, blind, bleeding or protruding Piles, instantly relieves itching Piles, and you can get restful sleep after the first application. Price 50c.

## HUNGER DRAWS THE MAP



A food map of Europe today shows not a single country in which the future does not hold threat of serious difficulties and only a small part which is not rapidly approaching the famine point. With the exception of the Ukraine only those countries which have maintained marine commerce have sufficient food supplies to meet actual needs until next harvest, and even in the Ukraine, with stores accumulated on the farms, there is famine in the large centers of population.

Belgium and northern France, as well as Serbia, appear on the hunger map distinct from the rest of Europe because they stand in a different relation from the other nations to the people of the United States. America has for four years maintained the small war rations of Belgium and northern France and is already making special efforts to care for their increased after-the-war needs, which, with those of Serbia, must be included in this plan, are urgent in the extreme and must have immediate relief.

The gratitude of the Belgian nation for the help America has extended to her during the war constitutes the strongest appeal for us to continue our work there. The moment the German armies withdrew from her soil and she was established once more in her own

seat of government the little nation's first thought was to express her gratitude to the Commission for Relief in Belgium for preserving the lives of millions of her citizens.

Germany, on the other hand, need not figure in such a map for Americans because there is no present indication that we shall be called on at all to take thought for the food needs of Germany. Germany probably can care for her own food problem if she is given access to shipping and is enabled to distribute food to the cities with dense populations, which are the trouble centers.

England, France, the Netherlands and Portugal, all of which have been maintained from American supplies, have sufficient food to meet immediate needs, but their future presents serious difficulties. The same is true of Spain and the northern neutral countries—Norway, Sweden and Denmark—whose ports have been open and who have been able to draw to some degree upon foreign supplies.

Most of Russia is already in the throes of famine, and 40,000,000 people there are beyond the possibility of help. Before another spring thousands of them inevitably must die. This applies as well to Poland and practically throughout the Baltic re-

gions, with conditions most serious in Finland.

Bohemia, Serbia, Roumania and Montenegro have already reached famine point and are suffering a hea toll of death. The Armenian population is falling each week as hun takes its toll, and in Greece, Albania and Roumania so serious are the shortages that famine is near, though starvation is not yet imminent. Italy, Switzerland, Bulgaria and Turkey are in the throes of serious stragencies.

In order to fulfill America's pledge in world relief we will have to exp every ton of food which can be h dled through our ports. This means the very least a minimum of 20,000,000 tons compared with 6,000,000 tons p war exports and 11,820,000 tons ported last year, when we were bou by the ties of war to the Europea allies.

If we fail to lighten the black sp on the hunger map or if we allow a portions to become darker the ve peace for which we fought and bl will be threatened. Revolt and anarc inevitably follow famine. Should t happen we will see in other parts Europe a repetition of the Russian bacle and our fight for world pee will have been in vain.

## POWELLSVILLE NEWS

Mr. John Askew, Jr., of Harrellsville, spent a short while in town Sunday.

Private Byrom Keeter, of Grover N. C., now stationed at Camp Jackson, spent from Friday until Monday in the home of Mr. J. J. Alston.

Miss Hattie Tayloe is spending the holidays at home.

We are glad to see so many of our "khaki clads" coming home. We hope to see some from France soon.

Dr. J. B. Ruffin spent several days in Norfolk last week.

We are sorry to report that the "Flu" has taken a new hold. Right many new cases in and around the country, but not so many in town.

Misses Ruth Norwood and Mattie L. Barwick left Saturday to spend their holidays at their homes in Fort Brownell and Stovall, N. C.

Mr. J. A. Fley was in town Monday having East Powellsville for the electric light.

Misses Erma and Willie Mizelle left Friday for Windsor to spend Christmas.

Misses Hattie Tayloe and Mary Alston, and Mr. Will Wiggins spent Monday in Ahoskie shopping.

Little Miss Evelyn Phelps is visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Tayloe.

Mrs. C. T. Wynne is spending Christmas with her mother, Mrs. Harden, of Indian Woods.

Mr. Lloyd Baker, of Wilson, spent the week end with his father, Mr. George Baker of the Oakland Farm.

## RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY PEANUT GROWERS.

WHEREAS; From the best obtainable data, peanuts are now selling at a price below the cost of production, a price much lower than that received for the same measure of food value of other products, and

WHEREAS; The present crop was produced under war conditions when the prices of labor and materials were abnormal, and

WHEREAS; There is practically no market for peanuts at present prices; and farmers would not be justified in selling if there were a market at such prices, and

WHEREAS; The United States Food Administration and the United States Department of Agriculture, in the Spring of 1918, urgently requested the increased production of those crops rich in proteins and fats as a patriotic duty.

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED:

- 1st. That there be a canvass made of each county to determine the number of farmers who are able and willing to hold their crop, how long they can hold it and how many they control.
- 2nd. That landlords be influenced to assist their tenants in every possible way holding their crop.
- 3rd. That a meeting of representatives of the farming, banking and local warehouse interests be held to determine a basis for the extension of credit of the crop on hand.
- 4th. That these interests be requested to co-operate in establishing an economic growing, handling, cleaning and marketing future crop.
- 5th. That the Food Administration and War Trade Boards be requested to use all their powers toward stabilizing prices, and continuing the embargo on imported nuts.
- 6th. That these resolutions be given as much publicity as possible in the peanut growing sections.
- 7th. That the results of the canvasses be made known to Mr. W. R. Chief, Division of Markets, West Raleigh, N. C.

## PEANUT GROWERS OF THIS COUNTY TO MEET

Farmers, Banker and Merchants Will Meet in Ahoskie Saturday, January 4

At a meeting of the peanut growers, county Demonstration agents and representatives of the State Department of Agriculture held at Tarboro on December 1st., it was shown that it cost the farmers of Eastern North Carolina around 7 1-2 cents per pound to raise this year's crop. The present price being around 5 1-2 cents per pound, not being sufficient to pay the cost of production, is obviously too low.

There appears to be no justification for the low price, since there is only a small increase comparatively in the crop harvested, notwithstanding the fact that there has been an increased acreage planted. There has been a large part of this crop hogged off and the poor stand this year will no doubt make the available crop for marketing as cleaners very little if any larger than last year's crop.

The Japanese crop is very small and even if the embargo should be lifted it should pay a very small part in lowering the price of the American crop.

Should there be a very considerable part of the present crop marketed at the present price it will tend to suppress the market and keep the prices below the cost of production for some time to come.

Therefore, every farmer is urged to hold his crop until a favorable market is established. This can only be done by the co-operation of the farmers, merchants and banks with the assistance of those having local warehouse facilities.

For the purpose of arranging a definite program and the discussion of plans, a meeting will be held in Ahoskie Saturday, January 4, 1919, in the Board of Trade rooms just above the postoffice.

All farmers, merchants, warehousemen and bankers who are interested in the securing of fair prices for this year's peanut crop are asked to be present and offer any plans or suggestions that they may have to present.

E. W. Gaither, County Demonstration Agent.

## BUY W. S. S. GREETINGS!

To the farmers and others who have supported the work of your County Farm Demonstration Agent during the past year and assisted him so well in making his work a success.

He takes this means of expressing his keen appreciation of the work of the farmers, Boys' and Girl's Club Members and the banks of the County in their efforts to increase the food production, the sale of War Savings Stamps, Liberty Bonds, Red Cross funds and the many other things done to contribute something toward winning the war.

This great task has been finished; "The world is a decent place to live in", and we must keep it so.

There is now before us a task that is not spectacular but which will show whether we are sincere. That task is to help feed the rest of the world.

Hoping that your County Agent will be able to help you in this work and continue to receive the hearty support that he has received this year he extends to everyone a sincere wish for a prosperous and happy New Year.

E. W. Gaither, County Agent.

## LAND SALE!

By virtue of the power and authority vested in me by a certain mortgage, executed by E. C. Hobbs and wife, Maggie Hobbs, to D. T. Doughtie which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for County of Hertford, in book 54 page 87 the following property will be sold at public auction, viz:

The house and lot on McGlohon Street owned by Mrs. Maggie Hobbs bounded on the north by Z. V. Bellamy lot, on the east by E. Hayes lot, on the south by Mrs. Jacob White, on the west by McGlohon Street, containing 75 feet by 150 feet deep.

Place of Sale: at postoffice building in Ahoskie, N. C.  
Time of sale: December 28, 1918 at 12 o'clock M.  
Terms of sale—Cash.

This 11th day of December, 1918  
D. T. Doughtie, Mortgagee.  
W. W. Rogers, Attorney.

**WE BUY OLD FALSE TEETH**  
We pay from \$2.00 to \$85.00 per set (broken or not.) We also pay actual value for Diamonds, old Gold, Silver and Bridge work. Send at once by parcel by parcel post and receive cash by return mail.

**MAZER'S TOOTH SPECIALTY**  
Dept. X, 2007 So. 5th St. Philadelphia, Pa.

## No. 366

This is a prescription prepared especially for RHEUMATISM, GOUT, GRAVEL, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, BRUISES, AND IT TAKES THEM AS A TONIC THE FASTER WILL NOT RETURN. It acts on the liver better than Colocyn and does not grip or sicken. 25c

**SUBSCRIBE TO THE HERALD**

## IN MEMORIAM

In memory of my husband, John W. Adkins, who died Dec. 24, 1917 by his sad and lonely wife.

One long, long year ago today dear John  
Since the gates of Heaven opened wide,  
And Angels took thy spirit  
Safely to the other side.

You suffered long; you murmured not—  
I watched you day by day,  
Until at last, with broken heart,  
I saw you pass away.

We have missed you, sadly missed you—  
Missed the love so kind and true;  
But God saw fit to take you  
Up with Him beyond the blue.

You have left us sad and lonely,  
Home will never be the same;  
'Tis God's will, and His will only,  
He who doeth all things well.

We shall never cease to miss you,  
Until on the Golden Shore  
We shall meet and live for ever,  
Where life's partings come no more.

## NOTICE OF SALE!

On Tuesday, December 31, the undersigned will sell at Public Auction near Ahoskie, N. C., 1 horse, 1 cow, a lot of corn and fodder, cart and wheels, buggy and harness, farm implements, household and kitchen furniture, etc.

Time of Sale: 11 o'clock A. M.  
W. Clyde Ward.

## Buy War Stamps December.

The bankers of the State are calling to the attention of the public the fact that War Savings Stamps purchased in December at \$4.23 will pay the investor over 4.55 per cent interest, which is the highest rate of interest received on any security yet issued by the Government. For the reason that the Stamps mature in four years, January 1, 1923, and give both the large and small investor an opportunity not only to invest his money in safety on an unusually attractive basis, but an opportunity to render his Government assistance in paying the enormous war debt, the Stamp is the most attractive investment that is before the public at this time.

Persons who are contemplating buying Stamps of the 1919 issue, and those who are asking for an opportunity to redeem their War Savings pledges in 1919 Stamps, will do well to consider what is to be gained by buying Stamps in December of 1918. Stamps bought in December of this year bear 4.55 per cent interest against a rate of 4.20 per cent interest if bought in January or in February of next year. In addition to this, Stamps bought this year mature one year earlier than those bought next year.

**Colds Cause Grip and Influenza**  
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 50c.