

THE ASHEBORO COURIER.

Issued Weekly.

PRINCIPLES, NOT MEN.

\$1.00 Per Year

18.

ASHEBORO, N. C., THURSDAY OCTOBER 29, 1903.

S. Bryant, President J. B. Cole, Cashier

Bank of Randleman, Randleman NC

Capital paid in, \$20,000
Protection to depositors, \$0,000

DIRECTORS:—S. G. Newlin, A. N. Bull, W. T. Bryant, C. L. Lindsey, N. N. Newlin, J. H. Cole, S. Bryant, H. O. Barker and W. K. Hartzell.

BRITAIN & GREGSON, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Asheboro, - North Carolina.

PRACTICE in the courts of Randolph and adjoining counties, in State and Federal Courts. Prompt attention to business of all kinds.

Wm. C. Hamner, J. A. Spencer (Civil practice only).

HAMMER & SPENCE, Attorneys - at - Law

PRACTICE in all the Courts, North in Court House, Asheboro, N. C.

E. MOFFITT, Attorney - at - Law, ASHEBORO, N. C.

PRACTICE in all the Courts. Special attention given to settlement of estates. Office near Court House. Phone 32.

D. L. SAPP, Attorney-at-Law.

Practice in State and Federal Courts. Corporation, Commercial and Probate Law. All business promptly attended to.

THE BEST Children's Shoes

On Earth for the Money, made by The H. C. GOODMAN SHOE CO., will keep the Little ones' feet Dry and Save Many a Doctor Bill.

Yours,
W. D. STEDMAN & CO
Dealers in Good Shoes.

Drugs And Drug Sundries, Stationery, Etc.

We have a complete line and would like to have a call from you when in need of such.

We handle Dr. King's Family Medicine which has been used and endorsed for the past 25 years, and which we positively GUARANTEE TO CURE, or the money Refunded.

Lee's Headache Remedy, Brame's Magic Liniment, Wearn's Dyspepsia Cure, and Chill Pills, and Flynn's Pine Tar Balm, will not fool you. Also a complete and well selected stock of Staple Drugs, Diamond Dyes, Toilet Food, Toilet Soaps, Toilet Powder, Tooth Brushes and Tooth Powder, Shaving Soap, Perfumery, Shaving Brushes, Combs and Brushes, Pipes, fine Cigars and Tobacco, etc.

We cordially invite everyone especially the students to take a look at our line of Stationery and School Supplies before buying. The most up to date line in town.

Yours for business,
J. F. HEITMAN,
Main St. Trinity, N. C.

NEW THINGS IN CLOTHING!



These cuts represent some of the new things that we are now opening up direct from the manufacturers. Call in and see the latest and best in men's wearables.

THE MERITT-JOHNSON CO.
308 S. Elm St. Greensboro, N. C.

ECZEMA Old Sores, Itching Pains, Skin Diseases, ABSOLUTELY CURED. **HERMIT SALVE.**

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Why the Republicans Fear to Legislate on Certain Matters.

Washington, D. C., October 26th. The coming Fall elections are important as showing the drift of public opinion on political issues, and especially how the voters of the states in which elections are held view the erratic course of the Republican Administration. If the Republicans hold their own, it must be taken for granted that the majority of the voters of the United States are satisfied to continue the extension of the trusts through the protective tariff and the continued high prices of the cost of living. By endorsing the Republicans, the voters will sanction the program that the leaders of their party have agreed upon, of allowing Congress to take no action other than to pass the appropriation bills and adjourn at the earliest day practicable.

That would mean the transcontinental railroads have sufficient influence with the Republican leaders to prevent the building of the Panama or Nicaragua Canal; That no action will be taken upon treaties which President McKinley so ardently wished to see ratified to ward off the inevitable reform of the tariff which he foresaw must come unless some relief from monopoly was granted; That the much-sought labor legislation is again to be postponed, and that the promises made in the Republican platform are again to be broken; That no investigation of the frauds in the departments is to be undertaken; That the financial legislation that has been declared so necessary to prevent a panic will not be attempted, and that Secretary Shaw can continue to loan the surplus, without interest, to favored banks and continue to disobey the law for the protection of the United States by receiving doubtful security in place of United States bonds, which the law plainly commands.

Why is this Republican Administration afraid to legislate on these and other matters? Being in league with the trusts and combines, they dare not legislate against them. They fear the people. If the Democrats show gains in the elections this Fall, it will indicate that the voters are determined to turn out the Republicans, with their numerous scandals, and inaugurate the reform that is so necessary for the public welfare. "Equal rights to all and special privileges to none" is the Democratic slogan, and as the voters are beginning to see that trust property means the piling up of millions in the pockets of the favored few and no fair share to the many, it is only reasonable to expect the voters will demand a change in political conditions. That the Republican leaders are frightened to the point of desperation is plain enough, or President Roosevelt would not have authorized the speaking members of his Cabinet to take the stump for Hanna in Ohio and to bolster up the rotten Lodge machine in Massachusetts, and to aid the disreputable crew in Kentucky that call themselves the Republican party in that state.

The disagreement between Russia and Japan and the utter breakdown of the much-heralded "open door" in Manchuria has alarmed the export merchant of the United States, and they have sounded a note of warning to President Roosevelt and the Republican leaders, that instead of aiding the enlargement of our business in Asia, they have virtually closed the door that was at least partly open. That Russia will never withdraw from Manchuria is not within the realm of probability; she owns the railroads and the banks there; the Chinese authorities are subservient to the Russian representatives; in a word, Manchuria is Russianized. The boast of the Administration that the treaty just concluded with China gives us two open ports in that country is, therefore, worthless, unless Russia opens her doors, for she has the key to both of them. Even if these two ports were open, are they of value? Mukden, one of the two, is on a small river a hundred miles from the sea, accessible by a scow, and Nin Chwang, at the mouth of the stream, is occupied by the Russians. The other is a harbor, and so is the offering that no man-of-war could approach within twenty miles. The merchant who tries to get any trade through these "open doors" will not bless John Hay and the Republican party.

The Sugar Trust, having bought a controlling interest in its competitor, the Beet Sugar Trust, the fight so long waged between the Republican factions over Cuban reciprocity will probably cease. The reduction in duty on sugar for which Cuban reciprocity provides, will give the combined trust an enormous bonus, amounting to millions of dollars on all the raw sugar imported from Cuba, and, under the ordinary laws of trade, the price of refined sugar should decline at the same ratio. But the trust is so fully protected by the duty of about one and one-quarter cents a pound on refined sugar that the foreign article can hardly be imported here to compete with the trust. Freight, tariff duty and other charges make the cost of importing foreign refined sugar about equal to the trust price. If raw and refined sugar paid the same duty, the trust would have to reduce its price accordingly and the consumers of the United States would buy their sugar at retail for at least one cent a pound less than they now pay for it. That is the reason, the Democrats in the last Congress proposed and passed

through the House of Representatives the amendment to the Cuban Reciprocity Bill abolishing the extra tariff duty on refined sugar, which is technically called the discriminatory duty. When the Cuban reciprocity measure comes up at the coming session of Congress, the Democrats will offer the same amendments. How many Republicans will be found voting with them? The issue will be a plain one—the trust or the people.

CHARLES A. EDWARDS.

The Prevailing Mode.

I never gave much attention to la mode, not even when I was in the mood for such things; and now at this period of my earthly career I rarely ever take time to consider the eternal stress or usefulness of dress, if it conforms to all with anything human not to say anything of civilization. But I have been letting my eyes rest rather longer than necessary of late upon the shirt waist of the ultra-fashionable girl of the period. There is surely something wrong in the prevailing shirt waist or the way in which it is worn. It is certainly fortunate for us that it was "not reached at a single bound." It broke upon our sight slowly but surely.

At first it was just a little fluff in front, and tilted just the least little bit at the south, but lo! It now breaks upon us in all of its smartness. Falling in a great chevron, defrises of goods in front, and pulled down in the back, until the daintiest little figure looks like some deformed savage from some distant land. In fact the figure assumes a weird two-sided affair, short one way and long the other. Then they have a way of fluffing out the waist until it looks like the parachute of a balloon in full blast. It certainly would not be "Hogarth's line of beauty," nor any one idea of what is becoming.

But let us put on a waist in the old way with back and front standing at equal angles, and we are laughed to scorn; and told that we are not in the fashion at all.

The up-to-date Miss seems to revel in this horrid style, and you can see the school girl and the society woman look proudly down at her lowered sails, and if the waist is not quite low enough she cautiously manipulates it, and finally the effect for which she longs will be attained; and she will after "feeling for her belt at the back," go on rejoicing, with such an exuberance of goods below her belt line in front, that all the rest of her up-to-date friends will envy her.

I think it all right to conform our dress to the times in which we live, so long as that style is at all pleasing to the sight; but the inflated balloon like effect of the present shirt waist is any thing but pretty according to my two eyes. But then the world at large must and does approve of it; and so my like or dislike does not matter, but I shall continue to wear the old way, as it is cheaper at any rate, and suits me a great deal better. When the poet Keats said: "A thing of beauty is a joy forever," he did not have in his mind the up-to-date shirt waist.

Truly, "AUNT ANNIE."

Sanctificationists Again.

The so-called Sanctificationists have made several attempts within the past year to secure a foothold in Lexington, but have met with poor encouragement; in fact the last time they were at the Wenonah mills they were given orders to leave or take the consequences, and they left. Last Sunday a woman preacher of this sect made her appearance here and preached in the court house to a small crowd most of whom were present through curiosity.

The Asheboro papers say a great number of persons in that section have gone crazy over the doctrine of sanctification. Be that true or otherwise we have yet to hear of any good resulting by their presence in a community, and the crowd most certainly should not be allowed the use of the court house in which to dispense their jargon.—Davidson Dispatch.

Four Escape from the Penitentiary.

Four escapes of convicts are reported from the convict camp, near Dunn, by the state penitentiary authorities.

Edgar Richardson, colored, sent from Wake to serve 3 years for larceny, served since January, 1903. He was a cook and went for wood and did not return.

The other three ran from the guard while at work and made their escape. The guard shot at them, but did not succeed in stopping them.

They were Dolph Vinson, a white man, from Rowan; sent here in November, 1901, for three years for secret assault.

Jesse Knott, a negro from Rowan, serving fifteen years for murder in the second degree; sent here in November, 1899.

Harry Franklin, a white man from Halifax; sent here in January, 1901, for five years for larceny.

Sam Jones on Critics.

Critics never jump on a fellow who is doing nothing only to call him a vagabond, but the better and more efficient you work the more they will jump on you. If they can't pick a flaw in your job, they will jump on your methods, etc. I suppose some prefer to be and do nothing so they can slant the shots and tongues of men and devils.

RURAL SCHOOL LIBRARIES IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Just now, when the princely donations of Mr. Andrew Carnegie have given a new stimulus to library building in American cities, it may be well to turn our eyes to the "other half,"—the rural half,—of our population, for although, until quite recently, no one thought of the public library as a possible rural institution, it has now made an auspicious entry into this new field, and is destined to play an important part among the twentieth century forces,—rural mail delivery, good roads, rural telephones, etc.—that make for the uplift of American country life.

The need of the rural library must be apparent to all who are familiar with country school methods. Reading is the magic key to all our storehouses of intellectual wealth; it is the basis of all education. "The true university of these days," says Carlyle, "is a collection of books." And it is here, of all points in its curriculum, that the country school has failed most grievously,—it has not taught the children to read, to use books. Do not understand me to charge that the rural school is literally and avowedly disloyal to the first of the immortal three R's, for it is not. But only in the narrowest sense does it teach reading,—reading as the mere pronunciation of words and the observance of punctuation marks; the unvoluntary, mechanical side of reading. The brighter side of reading the country pupil does not get; the city pupil does. Aided by the prescribed supplemental literature, and guided by the teacher, the child of the townman learns to find joy in reading, learns not only how to read, but actually learns to read, to use books. If you know the country school as the writer does, you know the other side of this picture. You know children who live out a long school career without learning anything of literature beyond the monotonous rehearsal of dry text book matter. Cold, hard facts about the boundaries of foreign states, the dates of ancient battles, the rules of the stock exchange, are regarded as matters of importance, but the teacher does not see that it is better to foster a love of reading than to teach history or geography. Or if he sees the duty, and longs to direct the child to the beauties of literature, he is shackled by the lack of facilities for such work. Year after year, there is the same old drill in the same old readers, no classics are studied, and there is no supplement of choice works of science, travel, nature study, poetry, history, biography and mythology. Even if the child formed the "reading habit" outside the school, it would still be worth while for the state to have these libraries for the sole purpose of turning his new found love of literature into right channels of truth and beauty.

Nor have the boys and girls been the only beneficiaries of the new movement. It has opened up a new world for many of the parents, and has done incalculable good in continuing the education of persons too old or too poor to longer attend school. The superintendent of schools for Durham county says that the books are used almost as much by the parents as by the children. But while these rural libraries contain a few novels the chief efforts is to develop a proper appreciation of choice works of science, travel, nature study, poetry, history, biography and mythology. Even if the child formed the "reading habit" outside the school, it would still be worth while for the state to have these libraries for the sole purpose of turning his new found love of literature into right channels of truth and beauty.

All in all, the North Carolina plan has proved a strikingly successful innovation, and we are moved to wonder that our educational leaders did not long ago perceive the value of rural library work, or realize that it did not think of the ease with which it may be conducted in connection with the public school. We are not far from the time when no home where children meet for study, whether in town or country, will be regarded as even tolerably equipped without a small collection of the best books.—Clarence H. Poe, editor of the Progressive Farmer in Review of Reviews.

Think He is Dead.

A colored man who worked for a white man who believed in faith cure, Christian Science, or whatever it is called, was an hour or so late reporting to work one morning. His employer, upon inquiry, was told that he was detained at home on account of the illness of his brother. The Christian Scientist ridiculed the idea of his brother's illness and said: "Henry, your brother is not sick. He just thinks he is sick. If he will use his mind, exercise his will-power decide that he is not going to be sick, and will have faith in God, he will get right up, and you won't have to use any medicine."

This was all new and strange doctrine to Henry, but he did not think it wise to get into any kind of argument with his boss, so he scratched his head and said nothing.

The third day after this conversation Henry remained away from work the entire day. When he reported for work the next morning his employer said:

"Well, Henry, how is your brother today? Does he still think he is sick?" The colored man replied: "No, sir, he buried him yesterday. I reckon by this time he thinks he's dead."—Greenville Reflector.

HOME TRIED RECEIPTS.

Culinary Hints.

Tomato Pickle with onions.—Chop one peck of green tomatoes, six green peppers and six onions. Let the mixture stand over night with one-half cup of salt sprinkled through it. Drain and add two quarts of vinegar, two cups of brown sugar, one rounding tablespoonful each of cloves, allspice and cinnamon. Cook slowly half an hour.

Apple Custard.—Steam a dozen apples and strain through a sieve. Make a boiled custard with four cups of milk, two level tablespoons of corn starch, three eggs and three-quarters cup of sugar. Pour the custard over the apple, which has been sweetened and flavored to taste, and serve cold.

Celery Soup.—Wash and cut one head of celery into small pieces and cook in two cups of water until very soft. Heat two cups of milk and a rounding tablespoon of chopped onion together, add to the cooked celery and press through a sieve. Melt a rounding tablespoon each of butter and flour together and stir into the hot strained soup. Cook five minutes, adding a level teaspoon of salt and a few dashes of pepper. Serve with crotons.

Jelly Roll Cake.—Beat four eggs well, add one cup of sugar, one cup of flour in which two level teaspoons of baking powder are sifted, a pinch of salt and one teaspoon of lemon flavoring. Bake in a long shallow tin and when done turn on to a cloth sprinkled with sugar, spread with jelly and roll up. Roll the cloth round the cake and pin it. The cake will not break unless it has been baked in too thick a loaf, and it will retain its shape by cooling in the cloth.

Chicken Cream Soup.—Heat one cup of chicken stock in a sauce pan, add one cup of cream and when boiling hot add two level tablespoons of flour moistened well with as much milk and cook one minute after it comes to the boiling point. Add a speck of salt, if needed, and a little white pepper if the stock was not highly seasoned. Serve with small strips of toast.

Potato Soup.—Wash and pare three large potatoes and five small ones, and let them stand in cold water for an hour. Cook in boiling salted water until done, drain and mash. Put three cups of milk in a double boiler with one teaspoon of chopped onion and one stalk of celery. When this is scalded add the potato, season with one-half level teaspoon of salt, a speck of cayenne and one-half teaspoon of celery salt. Rub all through a strainer and turn back to rheat. Melt a level tablespoon of butter in a saucepan add a rounding tablespoon of flour, rub together well, and stir into the boiling soup. Cook five minutes, strain again and serve hot.

Corn Butter Cakes.—Sift two cups of corn meal, one cup of flour and two level teaspoons of baking powder together and mix with two cups of milk, two well beaten eggs, one tablespoon of melted butter, one-half teaspoon of salt and one level teaspoon of molasses. Drop in spoonfuls on a hot griddle.

Fried Tomatoes with Cream.—Cut six tomatoes in halves and set in a pan with the skin side down. Pour in a tablespoon of melted butter and cook slowly until tender. Set the tomatoes on a hot dish and after the butter has browned a little stir in a rounding tablespoon of flour, and when well mixed turn in a cup of hot milk. Cook three minutes, add a half level teaspoon or more of salt and a little pepper. Pour over the tomatoes.

Col. Spencer Threatened with Gout.

Col. O. W. Spencer, who has been confined to his room for the past four days with a slight touch of gout is able to be out again.

"What better advertisement would the Central Hotel desire than the fact that its manager has the gout?" queried the irresponsible Col. F. F. Smith.—Salisbury Sun.

How Old is Ann.

This is the problem: Mary is 24 years old. Mary is twice as old as Ann was when Mary was as old as Ann is now. How old is Ann?

The puzzle has come, been seen and has conquered at Harvard University. It is mightier at tackle than foot ball. It has caught New England in its compelling grasp. Out of the agur that it has evoked in the east the state and local industries are expecting a boom to banish all thoughts of a winter of discontent.

In its simplicity is the alluring strength of this problem. The statement of terms involves perfect frankness and no useless multiplication of words. "Mary is 24 years old," and so forth. "A dorable Mary!" But behold at the finish that leading question: "How old is Ann?" Can you tell?—New York World.

An Exchange Tells of a Man who Mortgage his Farm to Buy his Wife a Pair of Diamond Car-rings.

The wife took in washing to pay the interest on the mortgage, but the first job she lost one of the "Syarks" in the ends, whereupon she tried to hang herself in the barn, but the rope broke and she fell on a Jersey cow worth \$150 and broke its back. Her husband then undertook to shoot the cow to end its misery, but the gun burst and destroyed his eyes and his wife ran away with a lightning rod peddler. The mortgage is still on the farm.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

The Clement Lumber Co., of Martinsville, Va., has been transferred to Greensboro, N. C.

The Masonic Temple to be erected in Raleigh is to cost \$125,000 and will be the handsomest building in the State.

Chatham county has a small man. His name is James Hancock. He is 4 feet 2 inches high and weighs 75 or 80 pounds. His father who is dead weighed 50 pounds. His mother is still living and weighs 250 pounds.

There were three burglaries at Sanford one night last week. The Bank of Sanford, and the store of Smith & Morgan, and the Carter Dry Goods Co., were all entered by thieves who took out window lights to effect an entrance. Little was taken at any of the places. Shelby Moffitt, a fireman on the Atlantic Coast Line was held up on the public highway near Sanford last week and robbed of \$82.

Thos Underwood and son George of Ill. are here visiting relatives. Mr Underwood left North Carolina when a boy and this is his first visit to his relatives, and friends. He talks very favorably of making this State his home.

Robert Snider and Miss Marie Snider, of Fullers, were married Sat. Oct. 10. It was a runaway match, and a great surprise to their many friends. Miss Snider is one of the most charming young ladies, of Fullers. Our best wishes go with this happy couple.—Oak Hill Cor. of Thomesville Times.

Isn't It Strange.

What fancies come to a woman when a good-looking man pays her attention? How many young fellows take beauty in preference to common sense? What old-looking creatures find a way into gentled society? How often a man is mistaken in his estimate of a woman's disposition? What small things will cause a woman's love to grow cold? How little dependence a man places in a woman's accuracy of description? What mean ways some women have of showing dislike? How easily a man can forget a girl he thought he loved?—Chicago Journal.

How Hot Hell is.

A colored preacher recently enlightened his congregation in regard to the condition existing in the infernal regions in the following manner: "Brethren, I has been asked how hot is hell an' I will say, after givin' de subject considerable reflection, dat if you took all de wood in New York state, an' all the coal in Pennsylvania, an' all de oil in de worl' an' set it on fire, an' den took a man out uh hell an' put him in dat burnin' mess, he would freeze to de befo' he han' 't' lit! Dat's how hot is hell.—Free Press.

WOOD'S SEEDS FOR FALL SOWING.

Farmers and Gardeners who desire the latest and fullest information about

Vegetable and Farm Seeds should write for Wood's New Fall Catalogue. It tells all about the fall planting of Lettuce, Cabbage and other Vegetable crops which are proving so profitable to southern growers. Also about **Crimson Clover, Vetches, Grasses and Wheat, Seed Oats, Wheat, Rye, Barley, etc.** Wood's New Fall Catalogue mailed free on request. Write for it.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

NEW GROCERY STORE.

Fancy and Green Groceries, Feed, Etc. Full line of Leggett's Fancy Groceries Always Kept on Hand by

THOMAS E. LASSITER,
Depot Street. Asheboro, N. C.

TRINITY HIGH SCHOOL

Opens Next Term September 2nd. Offers full courses in art, music, typewriting, book-keeping and thorough preparation for college. Faculty of 7 experienced teachers. Large and commodious three-story brick building. Large and attractive campus. Moral community. Healthy location. Individual instruction to each pupil.

J. T. HENRY, Headmaster.
Trinity, N. C.

PLACE YOUR LANDS FOR SALE WITH CORWITH BROS ASHEBORO, N. C. REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

One hundred and eight scholarships. Free tuition to teachers and to sons of ministers. Loans for the needy.

SEE STUDENTS. SEE INSTRUCTORS.

New International Water Works, Central Heating System, Library \$2000 volume. Full term, scientific and professional departments, begins September 7th 1914. A. H. HERRICK, President, 7th Hill, N. C.

The University OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Academic Department, Law, Medicine, Pharmacy.

One hundred and eight scholarships. Free tuition to teachers and to sons of ministers. Loans for the needy.

SEE STUDENTS. SEE INSTRUCTORS.

New International Water Works, Central Heating System, Library \$2000 volume. Full term, scientific and professional departments, begins September 7th 1914. A. H. HERRICK, President, 7th Hill, N. C.

Furniture Store!

E. B. Kearns' Furniture Store is the place to buy furniture, picture frames, rugs, etc. Be sure to see him when in Asheboro.

Undertaker's Supplies

Such as coffins, caskets, etc. always on hand and furnished on short notice at reasonable prices. Good bears at your command.

E. B. Kearns.

CAPUDINE CURES ALL HEADACHES

Also soothes and tranquilizes. Cures neuralgia, toothache, earache, etc. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all kinds of headaches.

WINE OF CARDUI

MRS. L. S. ADAMS.

Of Galveston, Texas.

"Wine of Cardui is indeed a blessing to tired women. Having suffered for seven years with weakness and bearing-down pains, and having tried several doctors and different remedies with no success, your Wine of Cardui was the only thing which helped me, and eventually cured me. It seemed to build up the weak parts, strengthen the system and correct irregularities."

By "tired women" Mrs. Adams means nervous women who have disordered menses, falling of the womb, ovarian troubles or any of these ailments that women have. You can cure yourself at home with this great woman's remedy, Wine of Cardui. Wine of Cardui has cured thousands of cases which doctors have failed to benefit. Why not begin to get well today? All druggists have \$1.00 bottles. For any stomach, liver or bowel disorder, Theodor's Black-Dragee should be used.

For a full description of this medicine, giving symptoms, The Ladies' Medical Depot, 110 Broadway, New York, N. Y., will send you a free copy.

WINE OF CARDUI

Will sell daily, September 15th to November 30th, 1903, Colonial one-way tickets to points in

CALIFORNIA AND THE NORTHWEST.

Birmingham to points in California \$22.50
Birmingham to Portland, Ore., Tacoma and Seattle, Wash. \$44.50
Memphis to points in California \$20.00
Memphis to Portland, Ore., Tacoma and Seattle, Wash. \$37.75
Relatively low rates to intermediate points.

Short line, quick time, no bus transfers, free reclining chair cars. For rates, schedules, maps and full information, write to

F. E. CLARK,
TRAVELING PASSENGER AGENT, ATLANTA, GA.

W. T. SAUNDERS,
GENERAL AGENT, GREENSBORO, N. C.

THE FRISCO SYSTEM

Will sell daily, September 15th to November 30th, 1903, Colonial one-way tickets to points in

CALIFORNIA AND THE NORTHWEST.

Birmingham to points in California \$22.50
Birmingham to Portland, Ore., Tacoma and Seattle, Wash. \$44.50
Memphis to points in California \$20.00
Memphis to Portland, Ore., Tacoma and Seattle, Wash. \$37.75
Relatively low rates to intermediate points.

Short line, quick time, no bus transfers, free reclining chair cars. For rates, schedules, maps and full information, write to

F. E. CLARK,
TRAVELING PASSENGER AGENT, ATLANTA, GA.

W. T. SAUNDERS,
GENERAL AGENT, GREENSBORO, N. C.