

We acknowledge thanks to the Hon. Mr. Rencher, for the receipt of the Treasury Report. Favours of this kind from members of Congress are very acceptable.

On Wednesday the 11th inst. JAMES L. WATTS was elected Judge of the Superior Court, vice Judge Donnell resigned. The first ballot was on Monday—for Bally 63, George Heath 60, Wright C. Stanley 24. On Tuesday, another ballot took place [Stanley withdrawn,]—for Bally 73, Heath 72, scattering 7. On Wednesday Mr. Heath's name was withdrawn, and that of Edward Hall added to the nomination, when two ballots took place; the last of which resulted as follows:—Bally 80, Hall 53, and scattering 13.

24th CONGRESS—2nd Session.

On the authority of the Congressional Globe, we state in a condensed view, the most important items of the proceedings of Congress. Resolutions have been introduced into the Senate, by Mr. Benton, instructing the judiciary committee to inquire into the expediency of abolishing the copper coin of the United States, and substituting in its place, a mixed metal, compounded of silver and copper, called in the French mint Billon. Also that the committee inquire into the expediency of instituting a gold coin of the value of one dollar, to be coined at the mint of the United States. Mr. Hard has presented to the House of Representatives, sundry petitions for making a Ship Channel round the falls of Niagara. Mr. Childs moved that the use of the Hall of the House of Representatives, be granted to the Colonization Society, on the evening of the 18th ult. to hold its meeting; and on the question, called for the yeas and nays, but the House refused to vote in that way—the motion however prevailed, 91 to 49. Mr. Fry moved, that a committee inquire into the expediency of immediately abolishing the duty on corn, and all foreign bread-stuffs. Mr. Adams moved an amendment, so as to repeal the duties on foreign coal, salt and iron. Mr. Williams of N. C. moved also to insert sugar.—When, on Mr. Davis' motion, the further consideration of the subject was postponed to Monday, 19th ult.

Mr. Mercer moved a resolution to amend the Deposite Act of last Session, so as to give the share of each State absolutely to the State, without any obligation to return it to the General Government. Mr. Dunlap remarked, among other things, that this must necessarily be a short session, and it ought to be a business session—not spent in political debate; that if debate on this subject were entered into at all, it would last for weeks. He therefore moved to lay the resolution on the table, which passed, 126 to 77. On this question, Messrs. Williams, Deberry, A. B. Shepard and Wm. B. Shepard, of this State, were in the minority. It appears that Mr. Rencher did not vote.

Mr. Williams of N. C. moved to reduce the term of service to 3 months, for which millions of soldiers may draw a pension. Mr. Shields moved to remunerate the troops for their services for losses of homes and other property. Mr. Haves moved to inquire into abuses in the Military Academy, at West Point, and also into the expediency of abolishing that institution altogether. Mr. McNamee offers a joint resolution, to amend to the several States, certain amendments to the Constitution of the United States.

1st. That the President and Vice President shall be elected by the six most populous States.  
2d. That their term of office shall be six years.  
3d. That they shall not be eligible to a second election, after the expiration of the term.  
4th. That either the President or Vice President shall reside in a different State from that which they were elected.  
5th. That no member of Congress (either Senator or Representative) shall be eligible to any office or place of trust or profit, under the authority of the United States, while he continues to be a member, or for three months after his term of service shall be expired.  
6th. It is moved the reference to a committee, of a bill of the President's Message, relative to the conduct of Executive officers, and committee to have power to send for persons, papers, &c. Mr. Foster, of Rhode Island, was willing for the reference to be made, but wished to restrict it to an inquiry into abuses.

Mr. Irving of Ohio, has moved to rescind the Treasury order of last Session requiring specie to be paid in gold.

We give the substance of the bill, which, in its details is nearly similar to the bill that was voted by the President's Message before last. It proposes however, to take effect on the last day of the present year, and continue in operation 4 years, that is, till the 1st of the year 1841. Nothing of importance has, as yet, been finally acted upon; but the prominent subjects of discussion are—the Land bill, the reduction of the Tariff, rescinding the Treasury order, impeding into the conduct of public officers, &c.

INVESTIGATION.

The Whig members of Congress complain very much of the backwardness of the administration members in going into an examination of the conduct of public officers. One political party is loudly complaining, that the other party is shrinking from the scrutiny of investigation. We do not understand it so. It is true, there is great opposition to Mr. Wilm's Resolutions; but the proposition of that gentleman, it will be recollected, was founded on the concluding paragraph of the President's Message; in which he takes a flattering view of the conduct of public officers in general. Now that these encomiums in the message are well founded, we very much doubt; but, to say the least, it was, in courteous, and, by the administration party, it is considered downright affronting, to affect to predicate the proposed inquiry on this part of the Message. We really suspect there are sufficient grounds to justify an investigation. If so, and the proposition should come forward in a legitimate shape for the prudent action of Congress, we, for our own part, have sufficient confidence in the majority of the members, to believe they will act with promptness and integrity. We cannot forbear here expressing a wish, that this proposition, in whatever shape preferred, had emanated from some other source, than the vituperative violence of Mr. Wise.

Extraordinary Phenomenon and extensive calamity at Troy N. York.

Troy, Monday Jan. 2 1837.  
The lower part of our city has become a modern Pompeii. Last evening, about seven o'clock, the hill at the lower part of the city slid down, covering up houses, barns &c. with men, women, and children in them. It has covered up every thing half way to the river, passing over sixth, fifth, and fourth streets, to third street. Never was there greater consternation. The whole city is alive, and on the spot, with thousands from other places, digging out the dead. They have found eight dead bodies, and 19 horses. It is impossible to say how many lives are lost. I have just come from the spot and I saw them dig out two little children, lying in a trundle bed, sleeping the sleep of death, without a bruise upon them, probably smothered. Where fourth street was, the earth is at least sixty feet high. There were not many houses near the spot, but what were, are buried. It is calculated that seven buildings, each occupied by two or three families, are destroyed. There was a house upon the hill which has not been discovered. I was sitting in my house, and heard a rumbling noise, like distant thunder, and went to the door, and saw a light in the South, and a cloud coming over the city, and soon graves fell like hail. Soon the bells commenced ringing, and I went to the spot immediately. The brick kiln was carried a hundred rods, and was on fire. It gave light enough to see the horrible and novel scene. To add to the dreadful calamity, the water came foaming down the hill in a torrent. It is evident that the earth about here is volcanic, or that the water comes from the mountains east of us. The swamp that is not filled up with earth, is filled with water. It is a melancholy day with us.

At Raleigh—This city contains 3,000 inhabitants. During the past year, there were but 29 deaths—23 whites, and 27 blacks, in the city.

JUST RECEIVED I CASK OF FRESH GLOVES for sale by COFFIN & CLARE, New Salem, Jan. 1837.

FOREIGN.

ELEVEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Our pilot boat reached the city late last night, having boarded the packet ship Columbus, Captain Depeyster, which sailed from Liverpool the 20th November. By her the editors of the New York Daily Express are placed in possession of copious files of Liverpool papers to the 20th. London of the 18th, which contain eleven days later news from the continent.

The news is of unusual interest. Charles X. ex-king of France, died at Goriz on the 13th Nov., aged 78. The nephew of the Duke of Angouleme was proclaimed King of France by the family.

Cotton market flat—prices of all kinds, except choice American, a 1/4 lower. Sales of the week 14,360, of which 4220 were Boweds, at 7 1/2 a 11—3420 New Orleans, at 7 1/2 a 11 1/2—2120 Alabama 7 a 12d.

The money market in London was still agitated from day to day. Stocks had however recovered a little, and money was, at the latest dates, a little more easy. There had been some mercantile failures.

Produce was generally on the decline, except grain and bread stuffs, which had advanced rapidly. There had been a great run on the Dublin Banks, but they stood their ground well.

Foster & Co.'s Bank at Carlisle had failed.

Young Prince Louis Bonaparte is to be transported to America.

Queen Hortense, the mother of young Louis Bonaparte, has gone to Switzerland to settle her affairs; after which it is said she will join her son in America. The Journal Du Commerce says, that Prince Louis Napoleon has been required to give his word of honor that he will not leave the United States within the next ten years, and that he at first refused, but yielded, on being told the fate of his accomplices depended upon his compliance.

The affairs of Spain are in the same disordered state.

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET—JANUARY 5th.

Brandy, peach,	65 a 70	Molasses,	43 a 47
Ditto, apple,	55 a 57	Nails cut,	7 1/2 a 8
Bacon,	16 a 17	Sugar brown,	8 a 12
Bee-wax,	24	Lump,	16
Coffee,	1 1/4 a 1 1/2	Loaf,	18 a 20
Cotton, (new)	12 1/2 a 13	Salt,	50 a 90
Cotton Yarn,	50 a 52	Sack,	3,00
Corn,	80 a 85	Tobacco leaf,	3 1/2 a 4 1/2
Candles, F. F.	16 a 17	Cotton Hagg,	19 a 25
Flaxseed,	\$1.50 a 1.60	Ble Hope,	10 a 12
Flour,	68 1/2 a 9 1/2	Wheat,	1.50
Feathers,	45 a 50	Whiskey,	50 a 55
Iron,	3 1/2 a 6	Wool,	25 a 30

MARRIED  
In Chatham County, not long since, Mr. John Ferguson, to Miss Elizabeth Lusterlow.  
Also in the same County, Mr. Oliver McMath to Miss Mary Rogers.

OBITUARY.

Communicated.  
Died in Chatham County, on the 16th inst. Mr. Hiram Vestal.

The grief of our bosom—O! call it not gloom.  
Is not the black Cloud of despair;  
By sorrow revealed; as the Stars by night,  
Far off—a bright vision appears.  
And hope, like the rainbow, a being of light  
Is bright like the rainbow in tears.  
A loved one is departed!—He who was bound to many hearts, by ties of consanguinity and offices of friendship, is no more among the living. The immortal spirit of Hiram Vestal (of Chatham County N. C. near Sandy Grove Post Office,) is freed from its mortal tenement, and translated to the realm of bliss. The deceased was loved and respected by all who knew him. In his death, the Christian Church has lost a useful and beloved member—A faithful companion is bereaved of a dear husband, and his little children are deprived of a protecting father. But—All the pangs that rend the breast,  
And all the joys that die,  
Tell you to seek a heavenly rest,  
And meet him in the sky.

Also in Chatham County recently, Mr. James Hambleton.

NORTH CAROLINA State Lottery

For the benefit of the Salisbury Academy, FIRST CLASS FOR 1837.  
To be drawn at Fayetteville on Saturday, 11th of February. COMBINATION SYSTEM. 75 number Lottery 12 drawn ballots. CAPITAL PRIZE \$43,000.

SPLENDID SCHEME.  
1 Prize of 13,000 Dollars  
1 Prize of 6,000 do.  
1 Prize of 3,000 do.  
1 Prize of 2,400 do.  
1 Prize of 1,500 do.  
1 Prize of 1,100 do.  
20 Prizes of 1,000 do.  
20 do of 500 do.  
20 do of 360 do.  
20 do of 300 do.  
20 do of 200 do.  
30 do of 100 do.  
Besides many of \$80, \$60, \$50, \$40, &c.  
Amounting in all to 253,390 dollars.  
Whole Tickets \$5. Halves \$2 50, Quarters \$1 25.

A certificate for a package of 25 whole Tickets will cost only 74 dollars. Halves and Quarters in the same proportion. To be had in the greatest variety of numbers at STEVENSON & POINTS' OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C.

INGOLE & CO.

TAKE pleasure in announcing to their customers and the public generally, that they still continue the Tailoring Business in New Salem, at their former stand, next door to Jesse Hinshaw's Store; and have made arrangements for a permanent continuance of their establishment. They cannot forbear to express their sincere gratitude for the liberal share of patronage they have received since they commenced business at this place.

They further take the liberty to apprise the public, that all the latest and best fashions are regularly received by them quarterly. And as the surrounding country has already, to a considerable extent, become acquainted with their skill, diligence and promptness in their duty, they deem it superfluous to recommend themselves, further than to assure their fellow citizens that the utmost exertions in their power will be used to give entire satisfaction to all who please to favor them with either personal applications, or orders from a distance.

N. B. Our terms shall be reasonable, and country produce taken at fair prices.  
Those who are indebted to our late firm (which expired on the 25th of December last) will please call and settle.

JOEL INGOLE & CO. January 18th, 1837.

GOODS.

THE UNDERSIGNED having recently purchased the House, and entire stock of GOODS of J. M. Worth in New Salem, would inform their friends and the public, that they intend to carry on the MERCANTILE BUSINESS at the stand formerly occupied by him. They flatter themselves, from the extensive stock which was already on hand, together with a considerable addition of

Fall & Winter Goods

just received, all of which have been carefully selected in New York and Philadelphia expressly for this market,—that they cannot fail to receive a liberal support from the public.—They promise to give strict personal attention to their business; and to use every exertion to make it the interest of their friends and the public generally, to call upon them.

COFFIN & CLARE, New Salem, January 17th, 1837.  
N. B. In connexion with the above named business, will be carried on the Tanning & Harness Making business in all its various branches. C. & C.

State Bank of N. Carolina.

PURSUANT to a Resolution of the Stockholders of this Bank, at their last annual General meeting, all persons having claims on said Bank for Dividends of Capital or Profits—Deposits, or Notes issued by the principle Bank or its Branches, are earnestly desired to present them for payment to the Treasurer of the Bank, on or before the first Monday in November next. Otherwise, they will be barred, as the Stockholders will then make a final dividend of the effects of the Bank.

S. F. PATTERSON, President. Raleigh, Dec. 23, 1836. e—3m.

To be inserted in all the newspapers printed within the State of North Carolina for three months—the bills to be sent to the Treasurer of the Bank who will pay them to order.

PROSPECTUS

For publishing a large paper in Greensborough, N. C. to be called The Southern Telescope.

THE Publishers being desirous of seeing a paper established within the limits of N. Carolina, which will vie in respectability and in size, with any other in the country, propose as soon as proper arrangements can be made, and their patronage is somewhat increased, to enlarge their paper to the size of the large city papers now issued,—printed on an extra quality of paper.

A principle feature in the paper as enlarged will be to give it more of a religious character, and make it what every publication of the kind intended for the benefit of mankind ought to be, commensurate with all their intellectual and moral wants; and promotive of their highest and best interests.

The proposed improvement seems to be called for by the wants as well as by the voice of the public, and in fact is manifestly necessary, if we wish to go pari passu with other parts of our country in the march of improvement. We do not by any means wish to arrogate to ourselves any superiority in the scale of intellectual attainments or purity of motives, but merely to make an humble attempt to meet the wants and wishes, and promote the welfare of our common country, by extending so far as we can, the means of mental and moral improvement.

In proposing to devote a portion of this paper to matter of a religious cast,—to give it more of a religious character—it must not be inferred that it is intended to be a sectarian sheet, or that in our selections in this line, we shall be prejudiced in our preference to such articles which are favorable to one particular sect or denomination.—We shall endeavor to be guided alone by our views of the real worth of articles and of the well-being and moral improvement of our readers.

A certain portion will also be devoted to light reading, such as tales, and articles of a miscellaneous cast, selected with a scrupulous regard to their beneficial and instructive tendency on the mind.

The paper will be apportioned and divided off under separate and distinct heads, so as to enable the publishers in its ample dimensions to present its readers with such a quantity of matter weekly, as cannot fail to give general and entire satisfaction.

Believing that a paper furnishing such a large quantity of matter, as this must necessarily contain on all subjects embraced within its sphere, would certainly meet with the wishes of a great majority of the people of this, and neighboring States, the publishers are buoyed up with such reflections in the hope of the ultimate success of the undertaking, and induced to offer this prospectus to the public, relying upon their generous support for the prosecution of the work.

The publication of the Telescope, as enlarged, will appear as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers can be obtained to warrant the consequent increased expense; and arrangements will be made to have forwarded to us in time for its commencement, all necessary additional materials, whenever appearances indicate a sufficient addition of names.

CONDITIONS.

The paper, as enlarged, printed on a large Extra Imperial Sheet, of purest white, with entire new materials, will be furnished to single subscribers at the low rate of \$2.50—or to clubs of five individuals at \$12.00 per annum—the money invariably to be paid in advance, and such who may subscribe before its appearance, to transmit its postage free, or pay into the hands of some one of our authorized agents the amount due, immediately on the reception of the first number. Subscription to the paper for six months, \$1.50; for a shorter period than which, none will be taken.

SEVELY & EVANS, Jan. 13, 1837.

Editors of whom we exchange are respectively requested to give the above a few insertions, and the favor shall be reciprocated.

N. B.—All names procured by our agents, or others, throughout the country, are requested to be forwarded by the first of March, when will be made known the success of the project.

NEW SALEM, N. C.

1st month 18th 1837. THIS DAY THE CO-PARTNERSHIP OF Jesse Hinshaw & Eli Pugh dissolved by mutual agreement. And the subscriber is now in full possession of the Store, together with the Books, Papers, &c. thereunto belonging, as his own property, and is now receiving fresh supplies of

NEW GOODS.

He expects to continue the business as extensively as it has been done at any time heretofore, to which he will give his own personal and particular attention. He returns his sincere thanks to his customers for their former liberality; and hopes, by renewed diligence and application, to be able to give entire satisfaction for the future in all his dealings.

He wishes not to urge his pretensions by flattering recommendations of his own; but respectfully invites his friends and the public, to call and see for themselves. JESSE HINSHAW.

N. B. All persons indebted to the Store, of long standing, (say one year or more,) are particularly requested to make speedy settlement for the nature of the case requires it. J. HINSHAW, January, 1837.

Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED having qualified as Administrators of Samuel Smitherman, deceased, at the last Term of Randolph County Court, do hereby give notice to the creditors of said deceased, to present their claims, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, otherwise this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. NOAH SMITHERMAN, Adm'r H. SPENCER, Jd. January, 1837.