

Whig gain in 34 towns 3455. We may add 400 for Lowell, where we learn there was a Whig majority of 360 when the Rail Road cars came away, the polls not being then closed.

We have not room to give to-day the names of Representatives chosen, or the Senatorial votes, as far as received. The Whig tickets for Senators and Representatives in this County are chosen by large majorities. Whig Representatives are chosen in Charlestown, Lynn, &c. There is little doubt that the Whig Senatorial tickets have succeeded in Middlesex, Norfolk and Bristol.

From the Norfolk Herald.

VAN BUREN AND JACKSON.

The New York American says: "The city of New York, the great commercial heart of the empire State, the city of Albany, its capital, and long the residence of Mr. Van Buren, the county of Columbia, his birth place, and the universal State of which he has been denominated 'the favorite son,' have, in tones of indignant and irresistible condemnation, pronounced him unworthy of support." It is part of Mr. Van Buren's political creed, or was so, that a public man who could not carry his own State with him, should retire. Does Mr. Van Buren still hold to that creed?

Another case in point.—The city of Nashville, the head quarters of Gen. Jackson—the theatre of his fight with Benton and many other of his "frays"—the Hermitage district, and the whole State of Tennessee—have, also, in tones of indignant and irresistible condemnation, pronounced him and his successor, who servilely "reads in his footsteps," as unworthy of support. Look at Van Buren and Jackson now in their own States—overwhelmed with defeat. How are the mighty fallen!

—We hope, however, that Mr. Van Buren will not take the hint dropped to him by the New York American; for although we could without much reluctance see him retire from a station which it is certain he never cut out for, the Lord forbid that it should ever be occupied by the gentleman who must necessarily succeed him!—We cannot, therefore, consent to Mr. Van Buren's abdication upon any other condition than that his Vice shall "walk in his footsteps."

From the N. Y. Evening Star.

HOW DO WE STAND!

It is only necessary to look at the political condition of every State in the Union, to arrive at a fair estimate of which party is the party of the people, the "Democracy of Numbers," Whig or Tory—Mr. Van Buren was sworn in as President eight months ago, and in consequence of his adopting and recommending ruinous measures, and placing himself under the control of Kendall and Blair, he has forfeited the confidence of nearly every State in the Union.

MAINE

Has changed entirely; from being Van Buren by 10,000 majority, it has now a Whig majority of 13 on joint ballot.

In NEW HAMPSHIRE, an immense change is taking place.

VERMONT

Unchangeably Whig.

MASSACHUSETTS

Altogether Whig.

RHODE ISLAND

1000 Whig majority. Senators and Representatives in Congress Whig.

CONNECTICUT

Is nearly a tie, and will be Whig at the ensuing election.

NEW YORK.

The great Empire State—seventy Whig members of Assembly and a Whig majority in joint ballot, it is confidently anticipated will be the result of the present election. At all events, taking the votes of the Whig and Tory Senate ticket, more than 10,000 Whig majority may be looked for.

NEW JERSEY.

Honest New Jersey—all Whig; both Houses showing a Whig majority of about thirty.

PENNSYLVANIA.

At the last election, showed a Whig gain; the administration party is on its last legs in the Keystone State.

DELAWARE.

Like Rhode Island, entirely Whig.

MARYLAND.

Nearly thirty Whig majority on joint ballot.

VIRGINIA.

Shaking in the wind, sick of Loco Focism and the destruction of the credit system; cannot hold much longer.

NORTH CAROLINA

Decidedly Whig—a small majority on joint ballot. Dudley, the Whig Governor, elected by nearly 6000 majority.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

Anti-Van Buren to the backbone. Cannot be made over under any circumstances.

GEORGIA

Has just elected a Whig Governor.

TENNESSEE.

The head quarters of General Jackson, Whig by 21,000 majority.

KENTUCKY.

No Van Bureanism in this State.

INDIANA

Firmly and unalterably Whig. Only one solitary Van Buren man in Congress from this State, and he only squeezed in by about five majority.

OHIO

Has just concluded her elections, and has a Whig majority in both houses.

ILLINOIS

Is Whig beyond doubt. We set it down as such.

In short, we state unhesitatingly that Martin Van Buren at this day has not seven States out of twenty-six which he can call favorable to his administration.

Republicans of '98, I ask you to ponder and reflect on this position of affairs. Is there any hope for Van Buren? Can he make up his case in any way for reelection? What States can he hope to change in his favor? You must be satisfied that he cannot sustain himself any longer—why throw away your votes on him? Come out then for your country, abandon the sinking ship which is not worth saving, and by one great and decided blow restore peace and prosperity to the Union.

We are informed by the Chicago American, that Egyptian wheat was recently introduced into Wisconsin Territory in the following curious manner:

"We have received a specimen of Egyptian wheat, raised this season on Rock River. The seed was taken by our informant from the crop of a bird of passage, and this is the second season in which he has cultivated it. Four or five seeds were all that he put in the ground the first season, and this year he has a spot full of it. It has three pronged stems, and is a beautiful and superior production."

The Columbus Journal states that in the prosecution of a geological survey of Jackson county, Ohio, the bones of an animal of extraordinary size were discovered. A tusk measured ten feet nine inches in length, and twenty-three inches in circumference at the largest part, and weighed, when taken from the earth 180 lbs. The largest tooth weighed 80 lbs. 4 ounces, and the other bones were of corresponding proportion!

The Fredrick (Maryland) Herald states that "there has been discovered about 8 miles from Fredrick, between New Market and Liberty, on the land of Mr. Wm. Hobbs, a vein of the ore of the carbonate of copper, which is about to be worked by Mr. Tyson of Baltimore. The commencement of the work, we are told, gave indications of a profitable business, the ore proving very rich, and having for the few days which it has been in operation, made a most excellent return."

Utility of Geological Surveys.—

Professor Ducatel, the Maryland State Geologist, has just returned from a tour of examination, and has found in Montgomery county, within twelve miles of the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road, an inexhaustible supply of Chrome ore, (the material of Chrome yellow paint,) which is pronounced to be of the best quality.—Hitherto the inhabitants of the district in which this mineral has been found, totally unaware of its value, have thought it entirely worthless.—It is worth \$20 the ton for exportation to Europe.

Three Brothers.—

The Bridgport Farmer states that of the lipes of six packets (bags) between Charleston, S. C. and New York, three of them, the Diamond, Cordelia, and Franklin, are commanded by three brothers, born at one birth, at Cumpo, in that vicinity, named Frederick, Francis, and Franklin Sherwood. They so much resemble each other, that it is difficult for those acquainted with them to distinguish one from the other.

The Crops.—

The Limestone Register, published at Athens, Alabama, of the 20th October, states the crops through that part of the country are good; the cotton crop is much better than was anticipated, and thus far the season for gathering has been all that could be wished for.

Apprehension of evil is oftimes worse than the evil itself.

Counterfeit Money.—

We were yesterday shown a counterfeit 100 dollar bill, on the bank of the State of South Carolina, which was sent to one of our merchants from the interior, and we notice it to put our country friends on their guard. The bill originally was a one dollar bill and is very badly altered to a one hundred, but as most people look at the signature, nine out of ten may be deceived, as both signatures are genuine. The bill is made payable to Richard Yeardon, and can easily be detected by examining the left hand margin, which reads "one hund." instead of one hundred. In the alterations the color of the ink is also lighter than the original bill.—Constitutionalist.

To the Poles! People of Mississippi!—

You who would redeem the character of our State, from the wound inflicted on it by Claiborne and Gholson—who would preserve the right of suffrage inviolate—tear the mask from the political usurpers who would deprive the People of the privilege of voting for members of Congress at the approaching election. Remember the 1st Monday of November next! Claiborne and Gholson say they do not want your votes, go then to the poles and rebuke the traitors by voting for Prentiss and Word!—Vicksburg paper.

Prayer at the close of Congress.

If the Chaplains of the two Houses of Congress did their duty when called on to close the business of the late extra session by prayer, they certainly laid deep emphasis on the words which we have been often constrained to repeat in our young days, at the family altar.

"Lord we have done the things we ought not to have done: We have left undone the things we ought to have done—and there is no virtue in us."

A Good Train.—

A man and his wife, now living in Kentucky, have eighteen children, all settled immediately round them; among them are 82 grand children, so that the united household is 120. They certainly must be as "goodly trees" planted by "rivers of water."

Population of Boston.—

According to an official report made to the Common Council of Boston, the total number of inhabitants amounts to 80,803.

PAYETTEVILLE MARKET.			
Brandy, peach,	35 a 90	Molasses,	35 a 40
Do, apple,	30	Sugar, cut,	71 a 0
Bacon,	13 a 00	Do, brown,	71 a 11
Honey,	22	Do, lump,	16
Coffee,	12 a 13	Loaf,	18 a 20
Cotton,	7 a 9	Salt,	31 a 00
Cotton Yarn,	20 a 30	sack,	32 a 30
Corn,	55 a 60	Tobacco, leaf,	2 a 3
Candles, F. F.	17 a 20	Cotton Bagg,	16 a 25
Flaxseed,	1,45 a	Bole Rope,	8 a 12
Flour,	7 a 8	Wheat, new	11 a 10 00
Feathers,	45 a 00	Whiskey,	60 a 65
Iron,	5 a 6	Wool,	20 a 25

PROSPECTUS
OF
THE CAROLINA PATRIOT,
A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,
Published in the town of Greensboro', N. C.
On a large imperial sheet,
DEVOTED TO
Agriculture, Politics, Miscellaneous,
Morality, Foreign and Domestic News.

THE late "Telescope" office having undergone a partial change of hands, the present proprietors, in expedient to present to the reading public a short synopsis of the principles upon which they intend to act, and by which they expect to be guided, in the attempt (at least) to discharge the responsible duties which they, in common with all other conductors of newspapers, owe to the community; duties rendered doubly arduous by the awful suspense which seems to pervade the moral and political aspect of (we much fear) "the in-holding times," upon which we are fallen.

Their prime object, then shall be, (so far as in them lies) to present their numerous readers with such expositions of the nature and tenor of the National Government as they may deem most congenial with the letter and spirit of our glorious Constitution, best calcu-

lated to strike the public mind with force—to enlist all its affections on the side of those institutions under which we have so long enjoyed the sweetest of rational liberty—in direct all its energies to some certain point, and thereby to impart to it some fixedness of purpose which shall effectually prevent any further tendency towards that torpid indifference or that political scepticism which seems to sit like an incubus upon its hitherto dormant, but now suddenly excited powers, and which, if persisted in, may at no distant period, become an instrument in the hands of designing and ambitious men, wherewith to fetter those immortal faculties which the author of our being hath made susceptible of the highest possible cultivation, and whose progressive expansion constitutes the only safe guaranty against the delusive promptings of natural or contracted prejudice,—the well-laid schemes of ambition, the blinded zeal of superstition,—the recklessness of infatigable party spirit;—and, of course, the only sure foundation upon which a government like ours can long withstand the rude shocks of political adversity.—Indeed, there is but one step between scepticism and a total abandonment of all principle, whether in morals or in politics,—may, at a crisis in the affairs of a nation, which seems to threaten its very existence, how easy is the transition from a State of General indifference and torpid security, till then unconscious of danger, to a willing submission to the dictates of any man however contemptible, provided he have the firmness of nerve to assume the office of Despot.

While, therefore, we shall expose to public censure the faithless representatives who, practising upon the honest prejudices of an unsuspecting people, shall aim solely at his own aggrandizement or the promotion of some ambitious aspirant to office, misleading and abusing for this unhallowed purpose, the public mind—it shall be our supreme pleasure to award the meed of praise to that public Ruler—who, exalted by the people, to the throne of Government, established on the base of justice, liberty, and equal rights, shall on his brow express a Nation's majesty, and who in his walk reflects a meekness and humility, which "bespoke the fear of God," and which by a certain innate force, must forever command obedience to the "Law which in him reigns supreme," prompting him to dispense rewards where most deserved, and to mete, with edge vindictive, now light, now heavily, according to the stature of the crime.

Nor shall we pass unnoticed the Statesman who dares be honest, and who in the hall of legislation, "watchful, unbribed and uncorrupt, and party only to the common weal, in virtue's awful rage, shall plead for right, with truth so clear, with arguments so strong, with action so sincere and tone "so loud and deep" as makes the cringing demagogue blush for shame, and the despot to retreat in confusion behind his adamantine gates.

In regard to the principles of the past and present Administration, candor and patriotism alike admonish us to interpose our humble efforts to arrest the progress of executive usurpation, and to check that proneness to man-worship which has been too prevalent for the last eight years, and which (we believe) is about to be succeeded by a spirit of independent inquiry among the people, who alone can apply the only corrective remedy against the abuses that have crept into the practice of the government.

We shall avail ourselves of the best publications in Literature, Morality, Agriculture, the Mechanic Arts and Miscellaneous,—to procure which we shall spare no pains,—being determined to render the PATRIOT a welcome weekly visitant to all its readers: We also invite men of leisure and

The PATRIOT is printed on a large Extra Imperial Sheet, of purest white, with new materials, and will be furnished at the low rate of \$2.50, in advance, or \$3 if not paid within three months after the receipt of the first number.

JOHN D. CLANCY,
G. N. B. EVANS,
Greensboro', N. C., Nov., 1837.

Editors with whom we exchange will oblige us by giving the above a few insertions—the favor will be reciprocated.

JOB PRINTING
Done cheap, with neatness and despatch, at
THIS OFFICE.

Pulling Mill,

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber, not having sufficient force of hands, cannot carry on the PULLING BUSINESS, to an extent proportioned to the demand, offers his establishment, (a valuable one) for sale on accommodating terms. He will either sell the machinery, tools, apparatus &c. to themselves, and let them be removed, or dispose of the seat also, as the purchaser may choose. His location is near the mouth of Polecat creek, four miles above the Godar Falls Cotton Factory, in Randolph County, between Ashboro' and New Salem, where he has excellent water-power.

Dec. 24 1837.—48-St.
N. B. The Subscriber may be addressed at New Salem, Randolph County N. C.

NEW GOODS AT THE OLD STAND.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and former customers, that he has just received from the North, an assortment of

NEW GOODS,

selected with care, and adapted to the wants and taste of this section of country. The Goods were bought cheap and will be sold cheap. As the times are hard, a short credit will be given to those who are prompt pay. None other need ask for credit, for they will not get it. He is to be found at his old stand, West of the Court house.

A. H. MARSH.
Ashboro' N. C. Dec. 1, 1837. 48-11

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER having resolved on closing his business for the present, respectfully invites those indebted to him to come forward as soon as convenient and settle their accounts. He is aware of the scarcity of money, and desirous of extending the most ample indulgence, those who have not the money can close their accounts by note.

W. B. LAINE.
Ashboro', Dec. 1, 1837. 48-11

Fall & Winter GOODS.

THE UNDERSIGNED has just received, and has for sale a

New and Fresh Supply of Desirable Fall & Winter Goods.

Consisting, in part, of the following articles, viz: Cloths, Casimers, Stinets, Merinos, Cerciasons, Vestings, Gloves, Silk & Cotton Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Domestic, Leached & unbleached, Calicoes, Colored Cambrics, Prussian Shawls & Handkerchiefs, Bombazine & Satin Stocks, White & Colored Spool Thread, Skirts & Patent Do. Cotton Balls, Cap Wires, Hooks and Eyes, English Patent & German Pins, Elastic Suspenders, Worsted & Cotton Nette do. Silk & Cotton Velvet, Rattinet, Plain & Figured Bobinet, Gimp & Cotton Edgings, Lincings, Foundation Musins, Red Padding, Canvas, Plain & Figured Swiss Musins, Mull do. Book do. Bishop Laws, Jaconet & Cambrie Musins, Meringe Shirts, Red & Green Flannel, Gilt & Fancy Buttons, Ladies' Cloth, Kim, and Morocco, Shoes, Bonnets, Silk and Fur Hats, Hair and Fur Caps, Purse, Guards, Perfumery, Hair Brushes, Ladies' & Gentlemen's Clocks.

Besides a variety of HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

—Also—
Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Dye-stuffs, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Iron, Steel, Castings, Cheese, &c. &c.

All of which have been selected with economy and taste, and will be sold very low for cash—call and examine—and be your own judges.—Terms six months—five per cent. discount for cash.

JAMES M. A. DRAKE,
Ashboro', N. C. Dec. 1, 1837.—48-11

STATE'S DAY.

THE citizens of Randolph County will take notice, that heretofore, in the Superior Court of said County, the State Docket is taken up on Monday of each term, and witnesses &c. attend accordingly.

Dec. 1st 1837.
J. M. A. DRAKE.

double rid-
—made at the factory of Sandridge, Ashboro'.
Apply soon at

Nov. 28, 1837. THIS OFFICE.

CIDER.
FIRST RATE CRAB CIDER can be had by the quantity at 12 1-2 cts. per gallon, (casks found by the purchaser,) from

ALEX. GRAY.
Nov. 18th, 1837. 47-4

TEMPERANCE ALMANACKS
For the year 1838, containing 49 pages.) Just received and for sale low by the hundred, dozen, or single.

WESLEY D. WILSON,
New Salem N. C. Oct. 15, 1837. 49