

some time, too; at first considering it all the while a very foolish trial. (the experiment.) I then went off, rather pleasantly than not, into a kind of swoon, and thought and felt no more; but my greatest pain was the inflating my lungs in order to recover.

## Southern Citizen.



ASHBOROUGH, N. C.

Saturday, Dec. 23, 1837.

**Congress.**—This body it seems, as yet is doing nothing to the purpose. About two thirds of the business so far, as set forth in the *diary* of the Washington papers, consists of private Resolutions and applications of individuals for money. It seems that the Treasury has so long been accessible to the *fingers* of its favorites, and an attempt being now on foot to sanction it by law—that it has at length started up hundreds and thousands to wait round the city of Washington for their respective morsels. The waste of the public money, and consequently the embarrassed condition of the Treasury—seems to have struck with alarm in all quarters, and hurried every idle sycophant to the Metropolis—each to beg for a share while it is going.

We had thought the demands of the country could not fail to rouse our Representatives to a sense of their impious duty; a duty too, which is not to be neglected, under the (awful) penalty of loosing their present stations.

The task which the people *will* have performed, is no less than to institute a sound currency for the United States. And if you (the present members of Congress) intend to perform it, why not go at it at once; and not suffer your time to be so shamefully intruded on by trifles! The people are in expectation and well they may be. If you intend to do nothing for the country under its present pressure, too grievous to be borne, be so good as to give place to those who will. But you are going on as usual, putting off every important measure till the last; then come home and persuade your constituents—that you had not time to do them any good. Again we ask—why stand ye idle all the day? go to work, or you shall hear from us—better yet.

**Rather TOO Much.**—A large reward was once offered for a man who had made his escape, and fled, under a charge of *Bigamy*, having married thirteen different wives—all living at the same time. He happened to drop in at a house where his person was recognised, as one on whom some money might be made. This project was no sooner conceived than commenced. The man of the house stepped off secretly in quest of an officer. On his hasty return, elated with the highest prospects of success in his praiseworthy, and above all, profitable enterprise—Lo! and behold! The man of many wives had made off with his wife.

The State House of Missouri was burnt about the middle of last month—supposed by accident.

Connecticut, like a Van Buren State, is changing like all the rest. The late Election in Hartford, for town officers, gave 40 Van Buren votes and 620 Whigs.

It seems that the Charlotte Journal has lost a subscriber, because the Editors of this state have had the presumption to hold a Convention; the result of which is clearly no less advantagous to the *Press*.

Virginia has fallen in with the plan. The Editors of that State are to hold a Convention at Richmond on the 17th January next.

**Jail Burnt.**—The public Jail of Stokes county at Germanton, was set on fire, on Wednesday night of last week, by the prisoners, who made their escape.

It happened to be a favorable time to prevent the fire from spreading to other buildings, as it was Court week, and in the midst of a heavy fall of snow. We are in possession of no further particulars, except that no other damage was done.

### PORK AND WHEAT.

During the present week a lot of several hundred hogs has been taken by our citizens. The seller has the privilege of demanding his money at any time between this and Christmas and is to get the price which the article may be bringing in the Lynchburg market, at the time he receives payment. It may be quoted at \$5.50. None in market. Since our quotations on the first page, Wheat has got down to \$1 per bushel.

*Danville Reporter.*

**Remarkable Fact.**—As Jerseymen, we feel proud of having the satisfaction to say of New Jersey, what perhaps can scarcely be said of any other State in the Union, viz.—*that not the life of an Indian was destroyed in taking possession of this State, nor an acre of their land possessed except by regular purchase.* Would that the same could truly be said of the other States of the Union—and yet the above fact the Indians still retain, and confirm by their traditions.—[Princeton Whig.]

**Put out all the lights—but one.**—The “Journal of a Bagman” (not the Bag-piper) states that it is the custom in Cowes to put out all the lights at evening meeting except the one used by the minister. On the “Bagman” expressing surprise at the circumstance, he was informed by the Minister’s Warden, a demure old personage that it was a very excellent plan, for it not only *saved candles*, but prevented the gentlemen gazing on the ladies, and the ladies on the gentlemen and on each other’s dresses! This the Bagman thought true enough, and he declares that it also had the effect of fixing all eyes on the parson as he was the only individual distinctly visible in the church.

**Marriage a civil contract.**—We perceive that the last new marriage act has recently come into operation in England. The following is the whole ceremony, which is said to be both short and sweet. The parties appear before the officer called a Registrar, when the bride says: “I call upon these persons here present, to witness that I do take thee as my wedded husband,” the bridegroom repeating the same words, but altering the last word to wife. The registrar then said: “I declare these people to be legally married.”—The parties signed the register, and all was finished in less than three minutes.

**Congress.**—The bill for the relief of distressed navigators on our coast during the winter, received its final reading and passed in the Senate to-day. We trust it may receive the speedy action of the House. The bill to reunit the duties of goods destroyed during the great fire in New York, was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading. It is, in all respects, the same as the bill which passed the Senate during the special session, but which remained among the unfinished business of the House.—*Globe.*

**Pestilence in Europe.**—Three destroying epidemics, at the last dates were ravaging a large portion of Europe; the plague in Constantinople; the yellow fever in Spain, and cholera in Italy, France and Germany. It was reported that the approaching winter would put an end to their prevalence.

A letter from Paulding, Mississippi, says, “Crops of Corn are very abundant with us, and Cotton very good; though this region has sufficient of overland yet to cultivate that article as extensively as other parts of the State. We have had health the past season, almost equal to the Virginia Mountains.”

### FOR SALE

TWO fine rate double side Wheat Flax—made at the factory Thomas J. Sambridge, Ashboro. Apply soon.

THIS OFFICE

### CHICKING RAIL ROAD AGENCY.

From the *Portsmouth Times, Extra*, Monday, Dec. 12.

We regret to state that an unfortunate accident occurred yesterday on the Portsmouth and Roanoke Railroad to the passenger line of cars then on its way to the place, by which from fifteen to eighteen persons were more or less injured.

The iron rails had from time to time become loose, and projected over the timber to which they had been secured though timely precautions were taken against accident from this cause. Wherever a rail had started from its place, measures of security were ordered to be taken. But as if to evince the incompetence of human foresight to guard against danger, a part of the road near Rockwell’s, about forty-four miles from Portsmouth, was, on the approach of the new engine of Morris, discovered, when too late to avoid danger, to have one of its bars loose and elevated above the track. One of the passengers was standing on the engine with the engineer at the moment the rail was discovered, and remarked simultaneously with him, that the track was not at its level. They were then at a distance of less than one hundred yards. On approaching they perceived an alarming elevation, and with the cry the rail has risen, leaped with the engine. The crash was instantaneous. The engine was thrown from the track, its wheels and lower framework broken. The foremost car was crushed, the second car lifted and hurled from the track fifteen feet by the third car running under it, which in its turn was broken by the collision.

There were in those cars from twenty-five to thirty passengers. Among them six or eight were ladies living on the line of the road, who were induced to take an excursion with the view of entering the returning train. Of all these ladies, not one, we hear, escaped without injury.

The second car, being lifted by the third over the rearward car, was hurled away as stated, a considerable distance, but no injury was received by any of its inmates, among whom were Col. Preston, of the United States Senate, and his lady, who escaped unharmed.

Their companions in the first and third cars were not so fortunate.

We have not yet been able to obtain a list of the persons injured. But we have heard that Mrs. Rochelle and Miss Blow, Miss Simmons, of Southampton, Mr. Crocker, of Jackson, N. C. Mr. Roe, of Norfolk; Mr. Mills Lawrence, Col. Rochelle, Nelson Hodges, Mr. Hall, Mr. Owens, Mr. Blocker, and Mr. Blow, the train agent, were among them. Two servants of Col. Preston, and the servant of Col. Downing, of Florida, were wounded. Four or five lines were broken, and several lacerations sustained.

The scene, as described by a gentleman in one of the cars, was distressing. Great difficulties were experienced in extricating the sufferers from the ruins, compressed as they were within fragments of the vehicles, and agonizing under their miseries. So soon as they could be drawn out, they were conveyed to Rochelle’s, where every attention was rendered them that was within the power of the proprietor of the mansion.

Those who escaped unharmed besides Col. Preston and lady were Col. Downing, Mr. Dunham, of Florida, Mrs. and Miss Peal, Mr. Stewart, four children, and servant, and Mr. Banks, of Augusta, Georgia, who was riding on the engine, and jumped off at the moment of the concussion.

P. S. The cars have come in, and announce the death of Mrs. Rochelle and Miss Blow. Miss Simmons and Mr. Crocker alone of the survivors are in danger.

### EDITORS CORRESPONDENCE.

NEW YORK, DEC. 12.

My cornucopia to-day is abounding in news. Toronto, the capital of Upper Canada, is taken by the People in arms against the Government. Sir Francis Head the Governor, is reported to be almost a prisoner in the market-house. Rebellion was running like wildfire on every side. Several lives were lost in the attack on Toronto. The terms proposed to Sir Francis Head are the following:

1st. To dissolve the present Parliament. 2nd. Grant an elective Legislative Council.

3d. That the Governor leave the Province in two weeks.

All this news comes to us three ways, and I see no reason to doubt it as a whole, whatever doubt there may be about the particulars. It comes first by the Buffalo papers; next by the way of Oswego; and the Albany Argus, also has a letter from Lewiston Niagara County.

Lord Gosford has put Montreal and all the disturbed districts under martial law.

This Canada news of course excites the greatest interest in this City.

We have dates from Havre and Liverpool to the 4th of November. All the details of taking Constantine are given. General De Dumremont, Commander in Chief was killed. The city was taken without much slaughter by assault. The news has electrified the French. They are charmed on all sides. The Conservative English papers complain of the Whig Government that permits the French to make these conquests in Africa. We Americans ought to thank them for rooting out this den of pirates.

Money in London was very plenty with the bankers and bill-brokers. There is a redundancy in the market, and it is offered freely at 2½ and 3 per cent. The Cotton market was very favorable. The demand was brisk, and there was a strong tendency to speculation. At Liverpool there has been an advance in price of 10s for ordinary toading.

From Spain there is nothing of importance. The news from Lisbon is to the 24th October. The veto has been granted by the Cortes to the Crown, as well as the right of prolonging or dissolving the Chambers.

The King of Hanover, says *La Presse* has determined to abolish the Constitution. This will make a tremendous noise in all Germany.

The Elections in France are attracting great attention. Mr. David, the sculptor, M. De Toequevilles, De Beaumont, Lafite, and Thiers, and others known to our countrymen, are candidates.

Treasury Drafts are at a discount of per cent. Treasury Notes; discount 1 per cent. Stocks are very dull, and sales small.—*National Intelligencer*

### MARRIED.

In this county, on Thursday Evening last inst. (Snowy time) by H. Julian Esq. Mr. Darius Hinshaw, to Miss Nancy Davis.

### FOR RENT.

FROM the 10th of January 1838, the convenient HOUSE AND LOT that John W. York now occupies as a tailor shop.

R. J. WEST.

Dec. 23, 1837.—51-4

### TAILORING.

A. S. CROWSON informs his friends and the public, that he still continues to carry on the

#### Tailoring Business

At his old stand, opposite the Clerk’s Office, one door North of the Printing Office, where he is ready to make any garment desired at the shortest notice.

ALL work done in this shop,—warranted to be as good as can be done anywhere in this section of country,—both as to FASHIONABLE CUT, and DURABILITY OF MAKE. Latest fashions just received.

A. S. CROWSON.

Ashboro’ N. C., Dec. 1837.—51-3m

N. B.—One or two apprentices will be taken here, provided application be made soon.

A. S. C.

### Fall & Winter GOODS.

THE UNDERSIGNERS has just received  
and has for sale:

### New and Fresh Supply of Desirable Fall & Winter Goods.

Consisting, in part, of the following articles, viz.: Cloths, Cambrics, Satins, Merino, Creations, Vestings, Gloves, Silk & Cotton Handkerchiefs, Hunting, Domestic, Unbleached, Calico, Colored, Cambria, Printed Shawls & Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas & Satin Stockings, White & Colored Spool Thread, Skeins & Patent Do. Cotton Balls, Cap Wire, Books and Eyes, English Patent & German Pins, Elastic suspenders, Webbed & Cotton Net do. Silk & Cotton Velvet, Rattnet, Plain & Figured Calico, Gimp & Cotton Edgings, Insertings, Foundation Muslin, Tulle Padding, Cambric, Plain & Figured Spun Muslin, Multi-colored Block do. Bishop Linen, Jersey & Cambric Muslin, Macine Shirts, Red & Green Flannel, Gilt & Fancy Buttons, Ladies Cloth R. P. and M. E. Shoe Bonnets, Silk and Fox Hats, Hair and Fur Caps, Purse, Guards, Perfumery, Hair Brushes, Labels & Gentleman’s Clocks.

Besides a variety of HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

Also—Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Dyestuffs, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Iron, Steel, Castings, Cheese, &c. &c.

All of which have been selected with economy and taste, and will be sold very low for cash—call and examine—and be your own judges.—Terms six months—five per cent, discount for cash.

JAMES N. A. DRAKE,  
Ashboro’, N. C. Dec. 1, 1837.—48-4

NORTH CAROLINA.

### State Lottery,

For the benefit of the Salisbury Academy.

EXTRA CLIPS F. FOR 1837.

To be drawn at Newbern, Craven County, on Thursday, the 28th of December, 1837.

75 number Lottery 12 drawn ballots.

Lilly & Wheeler, Managers.

Managers.

### SPLENDID SCENE.

1 Prize of 10,000 Dollars.  
1 do. of 4,000 do.  
1 Prize of 8,000 do.  
1 do. of 2,500 do.  
1 do. of 2,000 do.  
1 do. of 1,500 do.

3 Prizes of 1,000 do.  
10 do. of 500 do.  
10 do. of 400 do.

Besides; many of 300, 200, 150, 90, 80, 60, 50, &c. &c.  
Amounting in all to \$247,290.

### Whole Tickets 85

Halves 82 50

Quarters 81 25

A certificate for a package of 25 Whole Tickets in this Lottery will cost 865 50

Half do. 82 75

Quarter do. 16 87 ½

To be had in the greatest variety of numbers, either by the Package or single Ticket, of R. J. WEST, Ashborough N. C.

### NOTICE.

THREE will be sold at the late dwelling house of Phineas Nixon dec. on the 29th of the 12th month 1837. Horses, Cattle, Sheep, a Waggon and gear, Black Smith tools, Farming tools, and many other articles too tedious to mention: the sale to continue from day to day, if necessary. Twelve months credit will be given by the purchaser giving bond with approved security.

NOTICE is further given to those that are indebted to the Estate of the deceased to close the same, either by cash or Bond; and all those that have claims against it are requested to present them properly authenticated in due time for settlement.

On the 4th day of the First Month, (January) 1838 the following Tracts of Land will be offered at public sale, on a credit, if not disposed of before that time privately, viz.—

TWO Tracts on the waters of Taylor’s Creek, adjoining the lands of Robert Walker and Pleasant Winslow.

ONE Tract of Wood Land, on the waters of Waterway, adjoining the lands of Robert Walker and Pleasant Winslow.

ONE Tract on Magee’s Creek, known as the Leek Place.

ALSO—

ONE Tract of Wood Land near Ashboro’. Further particulars will be made known on the day of Sale.

PHINEAS NIXON, Executor.

12th Month, 1837.—50-38

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